for Infants Iorphine nor s substitute Castor Oil. ears' use by Worms and miting Sour toria relieves Flatulency. the Stomach ep. Castoria iend.

oria. Il adapted to children superior to any pre M. D. Brooklyn, N. Y. IRE OF

Charles E. Ray-New York; Canaria nd from St. Lucia for St. John, N. B. Advocate, N.S., for with piling; Lucy hias. Me. Cantain of coal; Abby K. or, Me., with a Bertha E. Glover New York, with of St. George, Me. ro, N. B., for New er, from Gardiner with lumber, and Bath, Capt. Lewis. for New York, are r's cargo is on fire aghore are the fol-C. Mills, Lunt, from ay. Capt. Hamilto New York with awry, St. John to er; Nellie Does ew York with lums l. Capt. Aylward. New York: Edith Capt. Maxwell, ohia to Boston. oners damaged in Georgie, Capt. Mcbarge; E. Waterv. Port Johnson for Delta, Capt. Baxter Cheverie, N. S., in

, which was aftercovered with wreckare watching for

ed fifteen lives. asted schooner is re-arpaulin Cove and ashore at Edgar-

by the great gale ov. 28.—During the chr. Levuka, ownby Capt. Fredternoon at Frost and will probably The Levuka was o for Perry, Me.

r keel and rudder

etely off, and a

Nov. 28.- Nine at West Point. na, of Lockport; and Thrush of ged badly. Slight-

Renfred, loaded isburg for Wine e. She sank in r: nothing saved.

easterly storm here yesterday ned to a blizze and by night all submerged, and it the residents along d the scow. d heavy dam

## THE PEACE TERMS.

Spain Asks for Same Priviliges as Accorded to U. S. Vessels.

Request is Made for Five Years and is Backed Up by Strong Facts.

An Early Completion of the Negotiations is Now Said to be Looked For.

PARIS, Dec. 1.-Anxious as both States and Spanish peace commissioners did not hold a joint session today. Their next meeting will be held at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon. This delay arose from that the fact that the Spanish commissioners at yesterday's session offered several urgent propositions, which called for special de-Riberation upon the part of the Americans. Spain asks the United to grant for a term of five ears to Spanish ships carrying Spaish goods or products to Porto Rico and Cuba the same privileges as American vessels engaged in the same trade may have, and she qualifies this request by a proviso that trade priv-fleges be extended to Cuba as long as the United States government is dom-mant over that island.

In support of this request, the Spa-nish commissioners assent that Spain cannot, without vital harm, immediately abandon or cut the busi-ness relations to long maintained between the mother country and the West Indian territories. They de-clare that family the and social relations, added to affairs of trade maintained through centuries, require gradual dissolution. They invoke the terms of the treaty of 1819 by which the United States took over Florida from Spain and which, in the fifteenth article, granted Spain for twelve years the right to send her goods and products to Florida, in Spanish ships on the same terms as the ships carrying thither goods and products of the United States.

The Spanish commissioners cite further the fact that the treaty of 1803 with France, for the ression of Louisiana, granted Franci and Spanish goods and products the same terms as Americans in New Orleans and other ports in the ceded territory.

Finally Spain points to the American proposed open door bolton in the Philippines, and asks a guarantee of the same advantages in her this

This provision and the arguments by which it was supported are considered strongly stated, while the Ameried strongly stated, while the American commissioners desire time for de-liberation. Thus, though busy until nearly 2 o'clock this afternoon, they were not fully prepared, and Judge Day sent a message to Senor Monterio Rios requesting that the joint session fixed for this afternoon be postponed until tomorrow.

metil temorrow.

Meanwhile the Spanish commissioners had been preparing a list of subjects for negotiation, supplemented by suggestions counter to and and amendatory of the subjects the Americans submitted yesterday. This came to the American commissioners today in Spanish, rendering it even more desirable to postpone the joint session in order to give time for translation and consideration. The translation is teing maie this evening, and the subject will be laid before the American commissioners tomorrow morning. Now that the first gust of grief and chagfin has passed, the Spanish commissioners are meeting the Americans

chagfin has passed, the Spanish commissioners are meeting the Américans
in a frank spirit that is helpful to an
early completion of the negotiations.

MADRID, Dec. 1.—A long cabinet
meeting at which the Queen Regent
presided, was held today and a reply
was framed to Senor Montero Rios,
president of the Spanish commission,
relative to a number of points in the
treaty of peace upon which he had requested instructions. Premier Sagasta
after the council said: "Tomorrow's
meeting of the commissioners will not

CABLED FROM LONDON.

Steamer Lake Huron Leaves Liverpool for Her First Lot of Immigrants.

MONTREAL, Nov. '29.—The Star's London cable says: The steamer Lake Huron left Liverpool vesterday for Batoum, to carry direct to Canada the first batch of those excellent settlers, many with money, of Russian non-conformists, called Doukhobortsi, of whom 7,000 are expected to settle in the Canadian Northwest next summer, their friends, the English Quakers
The Lake Huron leaves Batoum on
Dec. 16th with 1,822 souls, and sails for St. John, N. B., thence the party proceeds to Winnipeg, where arrangements have been made for wintering them. Count Serge Tolstoi, son of the famous Tolstoi, is in charge of the party. The second party, about 2,000, eaves Batoum about ten days later The friends of Canada here regard this as the most promising of all re-cent immigration movements.

Archer Baker, European traffic agent of the Canadian Pacific, is arranging or the Canadian Pacific, is arranging for a series of lectures throughout the British Isles this winter, at which cinematographs will be used to libustrate Northwest life and farming in a realistic series of pictures. The idea is most confially welcomed by schools, colleges and clark-

Albert Knowiton, formerly of Oxford, N. S., was recently killed in a mine at Ymir, B. C.

Mrs. Joshua Ogden, one of the oldest residents of the parish of Hillsbord, died on Friday at the advanced age of 33. The decased lady, who was a native of Steeves Mountain, parish of Moncton leaves a husband, three sons and one daughter. One son, Henry, and the daughter five at home. Another son, David T., lives in Bristol, Connecticut, and the third, R. S., resides in Moncton.

street, whose death is announced, was one of the oldest residents of the north end of the city. He came here from Coleraine, Ireland, 64 years ago, being then 15 years old. For 54 years he has lived in one house, the old home-stead built by his father. He was by trade a baker. For about fifteen years be was night watchman for Price & Andrews and two sons. David and James R., both of this city, survive him. The late Mr. Andrews was an active worker for the temperance cause and in all ways a worthy cit-zen. There were fifteen children in is father's family, but most of them are dead. Mrs. John Littler of this dty, Mrs. Geo. Fought and Mrs. Lav-

James McGowan, aged 28, died at his residence, Main street, on Thurs-day morning, of consumption. He had and H. Gallagher's store, Charlotte street.

An enterprising Texas spookdealer has con-tracted to supply 25,000 head of beef cattle for the American army of occupation in Ouba. The price is such as will enable the contractor to make a handsome steak.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

**GUNS AND SPORTING GOODS** 

Davenport Single Barrel Breech-Loading Guns. Belgian

and English Double Barrel Guns. Winchester and Marlin Rifles Hazard's Celebrated Black Powder. Kley's Job.

Brown, and Green Cartridge Cases. Caps, Wads. Domini-

on Trap Shells. Winchester Blue Rical Shells. Schultze Smokeless Powder. Shot Cartridges of all kinds. Shells

filled to order with Hazard's Celebrated Powders. Gun Tools. McEwan's Scotch Golf Clubs. Silverton Golf Balls.

W. H. THORNE & CO. Limited,

West and the Control of the Control

## ONTARIO AND QUEBEC

Customs Department and the Tea Testing Branch.

Department of Marine Issues the Annual Shipping Report

Nominations for Vacancies in manufacture at Cookshire.

OTTAWA, Nov. 29.-Repre

was fully discussed. Some months ag the department promulgated ten stan-dards based on those in use in the Uni-ted States, but their enforcement was surpended after a conference between certain importers and officers of the department, the understanding being that before anything further was done another conference should be held here this month. It was under this arrange-ment that today's meeting took place.

chiematographs will be used to libus trate Northwest life and farming in a realistic series of pictures. The idea is most contially welcomed by schools, or leges and clubs.

A movement is again being started for a residential Canadhan cum in London, under the highest auspices. The Rari and Countess of Aberdeen dined yesterday and slept at Windson Castle last night. They proceed to Haddo house tomorrow, where their home-coming is hailed with delight by the tenants and neighbors of all classes.

RECENT DEATHS.

John Stumbles, who came from Plymouth, Eng., to Charlottetown fifty-four years ago, died Nov. 25th. He leaves a widow and three daughters. Mrs. (Rev.) R. Moarthur, Mrs. W. C. Turner and Miss Florence Stumbles. John Taylor of Martock, Hants Co., N. S., is dead. He was formerly engaged in Hallfax in the West India trade.

Capt. Hadley, who formerly represented Guyshoro in the Nova Scotial legislature, died Nov. 25.

Albert Knowlton, formerly of Oxford, N. S., was recently killed in a mine at Ymir, B. C.

Mrs. Joshua Ogden, one of the oldest residents of the partial of Hillsbord, died on Friday at the advanced age of 83. The decaded and partial of the partial of Mullebord, died on Friday at the advanced age of 83. The decaded and partial of the partial of Mullebord, died on Friday at the advanced age of 83. The decaded and partial of the partial of Mullebord, died on Friday at the advanced age of 83. The decaded and partial of Monton leaves a bushound, three soms and one daughter. One som Henry, and the daughter in the states.

States.

Prince Hilkoff of Russia, and Aylmer Maude of England, were here to-day to see Hon. Mr. Sifton regarding

batch of 1.500 will sail from Ballotin for Canada on the 15th of December. A sub-committee of council heard argument today in the case of Donnelly v. Nelson, a dispute arising through overlapping mining claims on Dominien Creek, Yukon, owing to the gold commissioner recognizing two discovery claims on the creek. S. H. lilake of Toronto appeared for Dominelly and R. V. Sinclair of Ottawa for Nelson. Decision was reserved.

MONTREAL, Nov. 29.—During the season of payingtion instructed life.

season of navigation just closed, 516 ocean going steamships entered port, as compared with 479 last year. The total tonnage this year was 1,212,747, compared with 1,054,225 last year. Twenty million bushels more grain were shipped this season than last, and 60,000 tons of coal imported more than lest year. The customs revenue shows a gain of over one million.

OTTAWA, Nov. 30.-Remarkable re-OTTAWA, Nov. 50.—Remarkable gov-ults have been achieved by the govent poultry fattening establ ment in Carleton place. In two and one half weeks ordinary fowls, taken from run of farm yards, on rations of fine ground oats and skimmed malk, increased their weight to an average of eight pounds each.

Report nas :t of the discovery of valuable gold mine in Pontiac county. Mr. Pouporc, M. P., and Dennis the millionaire hotelman of St. Paul, are financially interested in the

The department of agricult ire ha ed a valuable bulletin, prepared by John Craig, late horticulturist of the Central Experimental Farm. It contains much information likely to prove useful to peach growers, bearing on preparation of the soil, treating on preparation of the soil, treat-ment of trees, management of the crop, and particular disases and in-sect enemies which attack the tree and fruit. Reference is made to some of the varities of peach which have been found most profitable.

The governor general received many Major General Hutton left for the New Brunswick wilds today on a car taken to investigate Dorchested peni-

tentiary affairs. OTTAWA, Dev. 1.-It is propos by the department of customs to place R. C. Allen ,the present tea expert, in full charge of the tea testing branch. The object of the department in pro-viding for the test of teas is to providing for the test of teas is to pro-tect the consumer against impure or unwholesome teas. At the recent meeting here some importers were anxious to have free trade in tea, but as this might lead trade to trashy

50 YEARS YEARS

low grade tens reached the department. If these had to be analysed it would have taken the departmental staff some weeks to perform the work, whereas by the infusion test the samples were disposed of in one day. As a result of the recent meeting, Canadian wholesters will be able to notify consigners that tens to pass the Canadian test must contain at least 30 per cent extractive matter and not more than six per cent of ash.

The department of marine has published the annual shipping report with the statements of the harbor commissioners of the leading ports. The total number of vessels on the register books of the dominion December 31st last, 5,684, measuring '31,754 tons, register tonnage, being a decrease of 595

hast, 6,684, measuring '31,754 tons, register tonnage, being a decrease of 595 vessels and a decrease of 57,547 tons register, as compared with 1896. The number of steamers on the books was 1.785, with a gross tonnage of 213,846 tons, Assuming the average value to be \$16,902 ton, the value of the registered tonnage of Canada would be \$1,952,20. The number of new vessels built and registered in the dominion that year was 231, measuring 17,094 tons registered tonnage.

The customs revenue for November was \$1,932,993, compared with \$1,698,-

The customs revenue for November was \$1,933,993, compared with \$1,638,-351 for the same month last year, an increase of \$235,642. The interior department claims that 30,000 people settled in Canada this year.

Hon. Mr. Sifton goes west on Satur-

Hon. Mr. Silton goes west on Saturday.

New regulations have been adopted for hydraulic mining in the Yukon. Areas are to be from one to five miles in length and will be granted by public tender. Exception is made, however, in case of parties from the Klondyke who have already applied. They are treated as pioneers and not only get their concession without competition or payment of bonus, but are grammied from dues. These dues are 1100 a year per mile frontage and an the usual royalty will be collected on the output over \$25,000 a year. It is expected this royalty will shortly be reduced to two per cent. The other conditions are that the applicants fur-Nish proof of having resided in the Yukon and file a certificate that he has examined the ground applied for prospected it and ascertained that it is not suitable for mining by ordinary placer methods.

QUEBEC, Dec. 1.—The next session of the Quebec legislature is fixed for January 12th.

January 12th.
TORONTO, Dec. 1.—The nominations for vacancles in the Ontario legislature took place today. In Halten, J. R. Barber, liberal, and W. Ker, conservative, are named, and in West Humon, J. T. Garrow, liberal, and Mayor Beck, concervative. McDiarmid, conservative, for West Eight, resigned today. The seat had been protested.
CORKSHIRE, Dec. 1.—Hon, George E. Foster addressed an organization meeting of the Eastern Townships conservatives here today. He said there could not be an intelligent interest in the politics of the country

terest in the politics of the count unless the people read and studied little and talked with each other good deal. The way to govern t ell in 1896 it fell in pu ciples. The party that was enough and strong enough to go country against great odds and in defence of well known constitutional principles was the party which would not keep down long. It was the party which went down in hope of a giorious resurrection. It was decided to establish reading rooms in centres of population for education of young men in the principles of the liberal conservative party.

PILES CURED WITHOUT THE KNIFE BY DR. A. W. CHASE'S DINTMENT.

Mr. Geo. Browne, painter, of Wood-ville, Ont., Victoria Co., says:-"For thirteen years I was a sufferer from bleeding piles, and the intense agony which I passed through during those years and relief I obtained by Chase's to have an operation, but I felt I could be cured without the knife. Three boxes of Dr. Chase's Ointment stop ped the bleeding and effected a per

WANT PEACE-AND EGYPT.

and purity go together. Samples of when it is a moral certainty that all low priced teas are treated as suspected, and will be tested by infusion as close as possible to correspond with an analytical test. If Mr. Allen's opinion is disputed, then the teas will be tested by chemical analysis to confirm, or otherwise, the expert's opinion. As an instance of the way in which the work of testing is growing, it may be

CIRCUIT ICOURT.

The Libel Case of Nase versus St. John Progress.

E. S. Carter, W. H. T. Fenety, Mrs. Nase and Joseph Hinds on the Witness Stand.

At circuit court Wednesday morning the case of Mrs. Susan Nase, wife of Le-mard T. Nase, of Indiantown, against the Progress Publishing Co., Ltd., was commented. L. A. Currey, Q. C., and A. W. Saird appeared for the plaintiff, and C. N. Skinner, Q. C., and A. W. Macrae for the defendant. The jury consists of Richard Whiteside, R. Ward Thorne, R. Duncan Smith, Charles E. Macnichael, George K. Berton, Harris Allan and Sanford H. Belyen.

In opening the case Mr. Baird said it was an action of libel brought as the result of certain anticles which appeared in Progress from time to time, containing false and malicious statements and tending to defame the character of Mrs. Nase. Four articles in all appeared, the first on December 11, 1897; the second on December 25, 1897; the third on Language 15, 1994 and the libel on Language 15, 1994. the third on January 15, 1898, and the fourth on January 29, 1898. The articles were such as to lower the plaintiff in the estimation of her fellow citizens and of her friends. Not only were these articles published and circulated throughout the country, but posters were stuck up throughout the city on the lay preceding the issues and calling attention to the fact that these articles would annear. Mr. Baird word ing attention to the fact that these articles would appear. Mr. Baird read from the libel act of 1894, which renders it necessary for notice to be given to newspapers that alleged defamatory articles were issued and giving them time for an apology to appear. Mr. Baird claimed that this notice had been given, and he then went on to read the alleged defamatory articles. One of the articles was headed a "Broom and Dust Pan War," and referred to an alleged quarrel between Mrs. Nase and her aumt, Mrs. John Smith, in which "brooms, dust pans, Smith, in which "brooms, dust pans, mats, sticks, mops and other such mats, sticks, mops and other such deadly weapons were juggled until some of the so-called sterner sex interfered." It was further stated that Mr. Nase, the husband of the plaintiff, had paid \$30 for his wife's skill in these weapons. Another article was headed, "Mrs. Nase Finds Friends," and was an account of another incident in which Mrs. Nase again appeared before the public. This time no brooms, dust pare, mats, etc., were used, but only words. The article further refers to a Mrs. Leary who comes forward as a fulend of Mrs. Nase, and of the subsequent proceedings which arose in the police court between these parties and Mrs. Smith tives. The fourth article was entitled by Mrs. Nase against Progress. This article appeared after notice of action was given to the company. Mr. Baird

The whole day was spent in provin practically the formal matters of the suit. E. S. Cryter and W. H. T. Fensuit. E. S. Criter and W. H. T. Fen-ety were examined as to the publica-lion and ownership of Progress. Wm. H. Nase and Joseph Hinds told of the purchasing of copies and Leonard Nase swore to seeing the posters which ad-vertised the editions in which his wife was libelled. The case will be resumed

this morning at 1) o'clock.

In the Nase libel suit against the Progress Publishing Co., Leonard T. Nase, husband of the plaintiff, was on the stand again Thursday morning. To Mr. Currey he said that he did not know of any case against himelf or his wife in any court. um of fifty dollars was paid by him to A. W. Baird to settle his costs for writs issued in the supreme court by Mrs. Matilda Smith and Anabella mith. The matter arose over some Smith. There was no trial in this case: Witness did not pay any \$300. His wife was not served with any papers to go to the police court. He had heard from his wife about some slight difference between her and Mrs. Smith in regard to keeping the back entrance of their house clean. There were no blows struck.

This finished the case for the plain-

suit on the ground that there was no notice of action under the statute. The words used were the Progress Publishing Co. instead of "Progress Printing and Publishipg Co.," under which name the company is incorporated.

Judge McLeod said he would reserve the point, and Mr. Skinner proceeded to open the case for the defence. He said the declaration charged the articles were written falsely and maliciously. He would be able to prove that they were neither false nor malicious. As regards the article stating that Mr. Nase had paid \$300 for the use of his wife's skill in handling. suit on the ground that there was no ount to a libel. Continuing, Mr. Skinner maintained that the plaintiff gave
no evidence as to the untruthfulness of the articles printed. She
claimed the statements are false, but
she has not proved they are. Mr. Skinner held that while Mrs. Nase was not
compelled to go on the stand, she
might have gone on and denied the
statements, but she did not. Continuing, Mr. Skinner asserted that the

defence would be able to prove that hers. Nase assaulted Mrs. Smith, and chased her into her apartments and chased her into her spartments and struck at her with a broom. Taking up the articles one by one, Mr. Skinner maintained that they were no more than fair comments on occurrences that actually took place, and did not attack, the character of Mrs. Nase. The paper did not put the parties in a ridiculous position, but was merely an account of the ridiculous positions they placed themselves in.

Herbert J. Anderson was sworn and testified to articles which appeared in

testified to articles which appeared in the paper he is employed on in refer-ence to an effigy, and which related to

the Nase matter!
Mr. Skinner wanted the paper put in evidence, but Mr. Currey objected, and Judge McLeod stated that it was no justification for one newspaper to publish a libel because another did. He did not know what the articles were about, but he laid that down as

a rule.

Mont. McDonald, barrister at law in the supreme court between Anabella Smith and Leonard T. Nase and Susan Nase, his wife. Another suit was brought by Matilda Smith against Mr. and Mrs. Nase. These cases were not tried. The latter was for assault and battery. The terms of settlement were that the defendants should pay the costs of the suits, which amount-

ed to \$50 .- Adjourned. In the afternoon Alex, Lindsay of the Globe staff was called for the da-fence for the purpose of proving the article written for and published in that paper as to wheat took place the police court. This was ruled i

of whether the defendants had a right to publish what they did:

Mrs. Matida Smith, the aunt of Mrs. Nase, was the next witness. She was asked about the difficulty, which could not be gend into. Their truth was not an element in the case. Under the pleadings the defence must be limited to showing that what they had published was published as a fair and impartial report of proceedings in a court of justice. The witness then

a court of justice. The witness then stood aside.

Robert J. Ritchie, pelice magistrate, was called. He said that most reopie remembered pretty well when he was appointed (Laushter.) In the month of December last his police court book contained only minutes of proceedings on the 3rd and 10th, neither of which related to the Smith-Leary trouble. Matters came up in his court either on sworn information, or informally, by notice to parties to appear. If the matter was trivial it was often discussed without any record. In this patter a couple of witnesses had been sworn. One of the she could not come to court. It was a kind of family matter and atood over for a day or two. Then the court was against Mrs. Nase as well as against some other person, which other person came to court.

Cross-examined—He said Mrs. Nase was not a party to the case which was tried partly. There was no case against her.

Mrs. Smith was then recalled. She

was at the trial; it was the morning of the day after her husband went to the court. The trial was put off to witness. Sing told the magnitude they were using her and her husband so bodly that she could not stand it any

that Nase had assaulted her and used abusive language to her, but did not give the details of either. Proceedings went over to let Mrs. Leary get some witnesses. She attended on the next Monday. They went together and it was settled. Did not know what the terms of the settlement were. They said it was settled and the court adjourned.

James Smith, husband of the last witness, was next recalled. He could not detail the proceedings in the polics court apart from the actual happenings themselves.

C. N. Skinner, Q. C., for the defendants, asked for time until this morning to apply to amend their plea by adding one of the substantial truth of the articles published.

Court adjourned until this morning at 10 o'clock.

RECENT MARRIAGES

On Thursday, Nov. 24th, at the residence of Geo. Bollum, Enmore River, P. E. I., his daughter, Miss Mary E. Bollum, and Jabez Mills of Clermont, were united in marriage, Rev. H. Har-

## ereign and S. A. t, and Mizpah of

country show that