

THE TORY MISSIONARY.

Conservative managers made a curious blunder in bringing a hired tooter in the person of E. King Dods to instruct British Columbians in their political duties.

WHY THEY CHANGE.

The list of conversions from the Tupper party to the opposition side is rapidly growing. There has not been so marked a change of feeling in any political contest since confederation as that which is now indicated by the utterances of prominent men.

STILL MORE CONVERTS.

Four more prominent Conservatives of Nova Scotia have publicly renounced their old party and pledged their support to the Liberal candidates.

speaker of the House of Assembly of Nova Scotia, and now president of the Conservative Association of Cape Breton county. Dr. Smith is acting mayor of Dartmouth.

PREFERENTIAL HUMBBUG.

In their desperation the Tupper party have again taken up the preferential trade cry, which was introduced by the Great Stretcher upon his re-entrance into the political arena, and which was laid away for the time being because of the mirth it created among the intelligent portion of the community.

"It does not require any argument to show the immense advantages which preferential trade would be to the Dominion of Canada. If Canada had what might appear a very small advantage over the foreigner in the British market, the benefit to Canadian farmers, fishermen and lumbermen would be incalculable. It is a benefit well worth working for."

The idea of preferential trade has been "laughed out of court" by British statesmen. Colonial Secretary Chamberlain has emphatically declared that such a proposition could not be accepted by Great Britain.

"It would involve in the case of the United Kingdom a most serious disturbance of our trade; it would be a great change in the principles which for many years past have guided our commercial policy. It involves the imposition of a duty, it may be a small one, but it is a duty, upon food and upon raw material, and whatever may be the result of imposing such a duty, as to which, if I had time, I could discourse for many minutes—whatever may be the actual result—the tendency is to increase the cost of living, which would increase the pressure upon the working classes of this country, and it would have a tendency to increase the cost of production, which would put us, of course, in a worse position than now in competition with foreign countries in neutral markets."

"The percentage, therefore, would be much more in favor of the colonies than that it would be in favor of the United Kingdom. But the second point, which is that our foreign trade is so gigantic in proportion to the foreign trade of the colonies that the burden of an arrangement of this kind would fall much more heavily upon the United Kingdom than upon our fellow subjects in the colonies. I therefore think we may very fairly ask our fellow subjects in the colonies to better their offer if, as I believe, they desire to proceed up those lines, and if those lines do really offer the best direction in which we can proceed."

"But the principle which I claim must be accepted if we are to make any, even the slightest progress, is that within the different parts of the empire protection must disappear, and that the duties must be revenue duties and not protective duties in the sense of protecting the products of the one part of the empire against those of another part."

In the face of the foregoing it is simply rubbish for Tupper candidates and Tupper organs to seriously present such an issue to the electors of Canada.

The Tupper gang are loud in their declarations of loyalty to the motherland and express their anxiety to draw closer the ties that bind the colonies to the empire, yet they ignore entirely Mr. Chamberlain's proposition—free trade within the empire and a moderate customs duty against foreign countries.

My fourth proposition is that a true Zollverein for the empire, that a free trade establishment throughout the empire, although it would involve the imposition of duties against foreign countries, and would be in that respect a derogation from the high principles of free trade and from the practice of much greater weight up to the present time, would still be a proper subject for discussion, and might probably lead to a satisfactory arrangement if the colonies on their part were willing to consider it.

Plainly, this is the only scheme which will be acceptable by the mother country, and is just the scheme which Canadian protectionists and flip loyalists will not accept.

No, the "prince of political crackmen" and his followers will go over the country to the tune of "Rule Britannia," the "old flag" will be waved, and Tupper the younger will shout "Driven from the civilized markets of the world, steadily and every year finding their outputs to those markets decreasing, they spend millions on their navies and millions on their army, to force their goods and their wares and their merchandise into the uncivilized markets of the world."

enough to suit the purposes of Sir Charles Tupper.

A QUEBEC CONSERVATIVE.

At a Liberal meeting in Verchères county, Que., one of the speakers in support of Mr. Geoffrion was Mr. J. P. Cooke, the Conservative M. P. for Drummond. Mr. Cooke said that as Mr. Taillon was seeking again their suffrages it was only right to review what had been done since they had elected him.

"NOT IN IT."

Tupper and the Tupper organs gravely tell the public that the Liberals have no chance of success in the Maritime Provinces. Unfortunately for them, there are a few facts which speak more loudly than all their prattings.

"Political changes are as marked in Westmoreland county as elsewhere. One of the speakers at the Liberal meeting at Buttert Ridge on Friday night was ex-Alderman Harvey Atkinson of Moncton, who stated that up to and including the last general election he had voted Conservative, but the corruption in public administration and accumulating evidence of the failure of the national policy had caused him to adopt the Liberal policy under Laurier's leadership. Mr. Atkinson was the man who successfully organized this end of the county when Joseph Wood, now senator, defeated the late Sir Albert Smith in 1882."

"Ex-Alderman Ayer, for many years past a Conservative, has joined the Liberal party, having no confidence in Tupper. W. B. Fawcett, one of the leading farmers in Sackville parish and a well known writer on agricultural matters, a man who is devoted to a strong Conservative party, and who has never yet cast a Liberal vote, has also publicly joined the Liberal party."

"In the adjoining county of Albert, however, there was a surprise when it was announced last night that Alex. Rogers, who was nominated by the Liberals last night, had declined the nomination in favor of Dr. Lewis, M.P.E., who runs as an independent, but accepts the Liberal platform. Dr. Lewis has hitherto been a strong Conservative but he accepts tariff reform, no coercion of Manitoba, and the prohibition plank of the Liberal policy. His abandonment of the Tory cause is a crushing blow and he is certain to defeat Dr. Weldon, who is now a straight government candidate."

"From Gloucester county it is learned that the Liberal convention on Friday nominated O. Tourgeon, hitherto a Conservative, and that party's strongest speaker in the county. Mr. Tourgeon accepted the Liberal nomination and declared that he could not follow Tupper's policy and would loyally support Laurier. He is confident of carrying the county."

The Halifax Chronicle has had a number of interviews with prominent Nova Scotians who have changed from the Conservative to the Liberal side, and promises several more. The three latest to hand are with Capt. Lewis Anderson, underwriters agent, Col. McShane and Mr. Cossey, of the firm of Northup & Cossey, manufacturers agents. Capt. Anderson, who is a Catholic, said he had decided to support the Liberals this time for several reasons. First, the national policy had proved a failure and a deadly injury to the shipping interests of Halifax, and secondly the shameful manner in which the affairs of the marine department are administered. On this point he says: "Actually, I know of instances where lighthouses were placed in a certain locality, not because it was the proper locality, but because some one with a political pull was interested in selling a piece of land to the government. It is surely not right that the lives and property of citizens should be endangered in order to advance the selfish interests of any person."

And so King went, and I can tell you that his words are deeply printed on my memory, for he's a dead weight guy, and one I'm proud to take advice of. But I'm blamed if I know what I'm going to do. De more I look at de situation de less I like it. Wid one of dese candidates as dead as a makril dot was salted durin' de Civil War, it aint no easy ting paintin' de odier in a halo of superabundant life, an' it's pretty tuff on me, after takin' de management of de Elisee campaign into my own hands, to ave my absest combinations blocked by paritansim or conceit.

Montreal Herald: And if they succeed in passing the remedial bill, what next? Manitobans would be less than men if they did not resist an act intro-

duced to parliament under such auspices and passed by it in defiance of an investigation to determine the facts. In that resistance Manitoba will have the support of an almost united Ontario, for the parliamentary representation of that province in the next parliament will, with less than a dozen exceptions, be pledged to oppose remedial legislation of the Tupper brand.

HOW THEY STAND.

Column after column has been written and speech after speech delivered upon the Manitoba school question. So much has been said that frequently people are met who confess to finding it difficult to ascertain the exact position of the two great parties upon the question and the attitude of the candidates. Below we set forth the declarations of the leaders of the two parties upon the question and the position assumed by the local candidates at the forthcoming election.

WILL USE FORCE.

Question—"If you are returned to power will you re-introduce and carry the remedial bill?" Answer—Sir Charles Tupper—"There is not a shadow of doubt about it. I said so in my election manifesto. I asked the support of the country upon this policy. We have not changed our policy in any respect. The bill will be re-introduced and pressed to a conclusion."

NO COERCION.

"What I contend is that before this remedial order and this legislation, all the facts in connection with the case should be investigated so as to give the government of Canada something to act upon. Until this is done I say the government cannot act without putting themselves in a false position. \* \* \* There is an admission on the part of the Manitoba government themselves that this government has the power to interfere and this parliament has the right to interfere by legislation, but this is a power which should be used only very sparingly and in cases of flagrant wrong-doing. \* \* \* What is the inference to be drawn from this? The inference is that there is implied an engagement on the part of the government of Manitoba that as soon as the grievance has been investigated they are themselves prepared to give the minority the measure of relief to which they are entitled the moment the wrong to which I have alluded has been proved."—Hon. Wilfrid Laurier, House of Commons, March 3rd.

SLAVISH SUPPORT.

"Whatever measure the government bring down I am going to support."—Col. Prior at Esquimaux.

MANLY INDEPENDENCE.

"I will support no government, no party that will attempt to coerce a sister province into accepting separate schools."—William Templeman at Saanichton.

PROVINCIAL RIGHTS.

"We believe in provincial rights, and will oppose coercion in any form towards the provinces of the Dominion in respect to matters upon which they have been entrusted with the powers to legislate."—Messrs. Templeman and Milne in their address to the electors.

BLINKER AND KING DODDS.

"De way dese fellers has of doin' business makes me dead tired," said Blinker, as he fell back upon an easy chair in the Driadr parlor, "an' if it wasn't dat I've giv de Kernel me word to see 'im trow, I wouldn't waste anudder mint' wi' de outfit, no—nor a second. Wot der yer think de latest move is? I gets King Dods down here ter spout, meanin' ter trot 'im out about twice a week an wuns on Sundays, cos King's a dead fly guy, an can talk slicker an' faster dan Dave can wink, and den I've made all arrangements, two or tree de foun-dee goody-goody organizers prods 'em in de back, an trowin' der eyes up to de sky, warns 'im dat it wd be 'ighly improper for King to figger as a Conservativ champion in Victoria, cos he's a hant-temperance man an' goes to hoss races. Wouldn't dat nock yer cold? I suppose dese guys would refuse an introduction to de Prince of Wales, dey're so good, especially if dey thought dey couldn't com 'im into buyin' a few shares in de Up-der-Flume Gold Mine, dat arf a cent more dan dey paid for 'em. Well, de consequences was, dat King figger a few de best arf hour's chin music, an' den packs 'is grip an' skips de trail-a-loo, and one of my brightest inspirations goes up in smoke on de after of intolerance. Afore he went, King an' I had a little confab together."

"Blinker," sed he to me, "You've got yer 'ands full wid dese blokes, an' it strikes me dat you've got a bigger contract in yer nit dan yer can carry trow. Dey're tryin' to make each dere jockeys ride to different horses in de same hurdle race, an' it's not an easy job. Dey've entered Remedial Bill, Sunday School and Goodfellow, an now dat Sunday School's refused de first fence, throwin' Tom out of de race, you'll have ter do sum very careful handlin'. Blinker, ter git de Kernel ter ride Remedial Bill and Goodfellow home in front of de rest of de field. Mind yer, I don't want ter discourage yer, but keep yer weather eye peeled, an put not yer faith in juvenile chromos as imagines dey're noospaper men, as soon as dey gets west of Winnipeg."

And so King went, and I can tell you that his words are deeply printed on my memory, for he's a dead weight guy, and one I'm proud to take advice of. But I'm blamed if I know what I'm going to do. De more I look at de situation de less I like it. Wid one of dese candidates as dead as a makril dot was salted durin' de Civil War, it aint no easy ting paintin' de odier in a halo of superabundant life, an' it's pretty tuff on me, after takin' de management of de Elisee campaign into my own hands, to ave my absest combinations blocked by paritansim or conceit.

Paris, June 1.—The cabinet has decided to submit to the chamber of deputies a resolution proclaiming the isolation of Madagascar to be a French colony. Corinth, Greece, June 1.—Dr. Richardson, of the American school of archeology, who recently discovered the site of the ancient Greek city of Eretria and other important relics, has found remains of an ancient theatre here and the key to the topography of the Corinth of olden times.

London, Jun 1.—The census of London just taken, shows a population of 4,411,271, an increase of 200,528 since 1891.

WESTMINSTER DISTRICT.

The Conservative Candidate Retires on Account of Ill Health. New Westminster, B. C., June 1.—A letter was received from E. Hutcherson to-day announcing his resignation as Conservative candidate in this district. This action is taken on his doctor's advice, who says he must not take any part in the contest. The executive will meet here on Thursday next.

—Mr. James Perdue, an old soldier residing at Monroe, Mich., was severely afflicted with rheumatism, but received prompt relief from pain by using Chamberlain's Pain Balm. He says: "At times my back would ache so badly that I could hardly rise up. If I had not gotten relief I would not be here to write these few lines. Chamberlain's Pain Balm has done me a great deal of good and I feel very thankful for it. For sale by all druggists. Langley & Co., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver."

deed to parliament under such auspices and passed by it in defiance of an investigation to determine the facts. In that resistance Manitoba will have the support of an almost united Ontario, for the parliamentary representation of that province in the next parliament will, with less than a dozen exceptions, be pledged to oppose remedial legislation of the Tupper brand. What would be the outcome of such a struggle between the Federal authorities, backed chiefly by Quebec, and two of the chief provinces of confederation? Who can foresee the end? It would subject confederation to a terrible strain, and even if the union survived, incalculable injury would be done to the country. We are virtually asked to suspend all attempts to develop and consolidate our Dominion for the next ten or twenty years, and embark in a war of creeds and races, because our government at Ottawa is so high and mighty that it rejects all the arts of diplomacy in dealing with Manitoba, and is set upon its humiliation by the passage of a coercion bill.

Mr. Richard Armstrong, who was president of the Young Men's Conservative Association of Toronto in 1892, in his inaugural address paid the following compliment to the N. P.: "The question of how thousands are leaving this country every week and going to the United States should engage our serious attention, and we should try and solve this question, for it is quite evident that the older heads are not going to do so. I am informed by good authority that no fewer than four thousand persons have left this city during the past year. Left all that is near and dear and gone into foreign exile. In short there is no getting over the fact that we are being annexed in job lots every week, and there is not a voice raised against it." At a meeting of the same association during the following month Mr. J. H. McGeer said: "The men who are spangled with knighthood sit talking of loyalty in the midst of ruin and desolation. From our young men they must expect a new order of things." The young Conservatives have so far been unable to enlighten the older heads of the party.

The writer of the colonial topics in the London Times is approvingly quoted by the Colonist this morning. Here is a passage from the same article from which the organ draws comfort: "There is, however, another side to the picture. While the Catholic section of the ministry has been strongly reinforced from Quebec, the Protestant feeling of Ontario has of necessity been somewhat neglected. The ministry is weak in Ontario support. The opposition is proportionately strong. It is announced that Sir Oliver Mowat, the Liberal premier of the provincial legislature of Ontario, is about to follow the example of Mr. Taillon so far as to break up the provincial ministry for the purpose of throwing himself into federal politics, and will range himself behind Mr. Laurier."

PRISONERS ARE FREE.

All the Leader in the Transvaal Raid Released. London, June 1.—The Colonial secretary, Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, has received the following dispatch from the British agent at Pretoria: "All prisoners have been released except the four leaders. Their sentences may be suspended on an agreement by the prisoners that they will not interfere with the politics of the republic."

The Prince of Wales held his final levee of the season this afternoon at St. James' palace. The function was a brilliant one. There was the usual state procession from Marlborough house to the palace. Most of the diplomatic corps, as well as the Marquis of Salisbury and cabinet, attended.

Cairo, June 1.—Serious disturbances have taken place at the Moslem university mosque. Some sanitary officers attempted to visit the school, where a case of cholera had been reported. The students opposed the entry of the officials and the governor of Cairo and other government officers were summoned, but the students stoned the police.

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NANAIMO LIBERALS

Prospects of the Cause in the Coal City are Entirely Satisfactory. A Highly Successful Meeting Held by Mr. McInnes on Saturday Evening.

Nanaimo, June 1.—The Liberal meeting in the opera house on Saturday night was highly successful, and although the house was packed it was the most orderly meeting that had ever been held in Nanaimo. Dr. McKechnie on taking the chair said every man who has a vote should use it, and further he should use it intelligently. He referred to the fact that the Liberal Association and the Conservative candidates had been invited, and would be allowed as much time as they present could have an opportunity of listening to both sides of the question.

Mr. W. W. B. McInnes was received with loud applause, and explained the position he occupied before the electorate. He scored Mr. Haslam severely and backed up his argument by referring to the statements made by the Colonist to the effect that the Conservative choice of candidates was Mr. Haggart, and the meeting approved of his remarks by loud applause. He spoke out before the meeting in all the true facts, and his eloquent delivery trying to coerce the Tory party into trying to mark attention which was only interrupted by bursts of applause as the speaker scored each point. He dealt with the Tory party and some of their intimate transactions, and exposed the manner in which Mr. Haslam had voted with the party. Although he had voted with the party, he had the presumption to ask that his remarks on recent Manitoba school question be placed on record in Hansard, and in it cast reflections on some of the brainiest sons of the Dominion; and this was the kind of man they had sent to Ottawa to represent him. He dealt with Mr. Haggart next, and quoting from that gentleman's published platform, said he was most grievously confused man, and was evidently trying to follow Mr. Haggart in all things to all men. He concluded his lengthy and eloquent address by predicting his election on June 23rd.

The chairman asked that Mr. Haslam be accorded as attentive a hearing as had been given to Mr. McInnes, Mr. Haslam's forte is not the platform, and scarcely had he been speaking five minutes, when the house began to empty, and it was not to be wondered at, for his explanation of the Manitoba school question was not coupled with his usual delivery and monotonous intonation. It had the effect of making a person wish he was at home and in bed. He was accorded a quiet hearing otherwise, although, as stated by himself, it was for the Liberal candidate, and the Conservative, the Liberals will predominate. His arguments were weak in the extreme, and he fell an easy victim to the next speaker. Mr. Cane, who by sound argument piled up a victorious case for the Liberals. Mr. R. Smith spoke briefly, as the hour was very late. All day yesterday and today one could hear nothing but words of praise for the Liberal candidate, and the Conservatives appear to have lost heart entirely.

EXTRA MONTH FOR DURRANT.

The Never Ending Proceedings Put Off Till June 30. San Francisco, June 1.—Judge Murphy has granted Durrant another stay of proceedings until June 30.

Constable Cameron, of the provincial force, has returned from Harrison Hot Springs, much improved in health.

Boils

It is often difficult to convince people that their blood is impure, until they are afflicted with carbuncles, abscesses, boils, scrofula or salt rheum, are painful proof of the fact. It is wisdom now, or whenever there is any indication of

Impure

blood, to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, and prevent such eruptions and suffering. "I had a dreadful carbuncle abscess, red, fiery, fierce and sore. The doctor attended me over seven weeks. When the abscess broke, the pains were terrible, and I thought I should not live through it. I heard and read so much about Hood's Sarsaparilla, that I decided to take it, and my husband, who was suffering with boils, took it also. It soon purified our

Blood

built me up and restored my health so that, although the doctor said I would not be able to work hard, I have since done the work of 20 people. Hood's Sarsaparilla cured my husband of the boils, and we regard it a wonderful medicine. Mrs. ANNA PETERSON, Latimer, Kansas.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists \$1. Hood's Pills easy to take. cure liver ills, easy to take. Hood's Pills easy to operate. 25 cents.

SITUATION IN ST. LOUIS

The Numbers of the Dead Known and Unknown High in Hand Property Loss Will in the Millions—Chances Everywhere

St. Louis, May 30.—The St. Louis this morning, Republican's standpoint, is Louis identified dead, lead, 18; missing, 32; 19; estimated injured hospitals, 1000; property \$20,000,000. East St. lead, 110; unknown deaths, 10; seriously injured hospitals, 200; estimated property loss, \$5,000,000; total 205.

It is expected that electricians, ground men, and workmen in neighboring cities in the course of the storm. The company carries \$1,000,000 in stock, and estimates of phone company's loss 000. The Postal Telegraph may get off with a loss of \$1,000,000. The loss of such a large sum of money is a heavy blow to the city. The wreckage prepared by the storm, the extent of the damage cannot be estimated. The company estimates of phone company's loss 000. The Postal Telegraph may get off with a loss of \$1,000,000. The loss of such a large sum of money is a heavy blow to the city. The wreckage prepared by the storm, the extent of the damage cannot be estimated. The company estimates of phone company's loss 000. The Postal Telegraph may get off with a loss of \$1,000,000. The loss of such a large sum of money is a heavy blow to the city. The wreckage prepared by the storm, the extent of the damage cannot be estimated. The company estimates of phone company's loss 000. 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