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**BOURASSA FEARS
TO MAKE CHARGE****Demand For an Investigation
Based On Idle Gossip.****SCATHING REBUKE BY PREMIER****Resolution To Have House Investigate
Wine, Women and Graft,
Stories Defeated.**

Ottawa, March 26.—The galleries of the House of Commons were thronged this afternoon in a manner which has never been seen before during the present session. The attraction, of course, was the announced intention of Mr. Bourassa to bring before the House the question of the insinuations made by Mr. Fowler against some undefined members of Parliament, and also the report of the insurance commission in its possible bearing on the actions of Messrs. Foster, Lefurgey, Fowler and Bennett. Mr. Bourassa delivered a carefully-prepared speech, occupying fully two hours, and introduced a motion to the effect that these matters should be referred to a special committee for investigation. The Prime Minister, while emphatically stating his intention to maintain the dignity of Parliament, pointed out that it was not in the province of Parliament to inquire into all the little-tattle of the street, and he was surprised that the member for Labelle should have gone to the gutter to dig up scandal. He also made a statement to the House to the effect that on hearing the rumors personally against the Minister of Public Works he had inquired through a mutual friend from Mr. Hyman with regard to them, and received an emphatic denial.

The leader of the Opposition considered that some investigation should be held, and expressed his intention of supporting the resolution. Mr. Foster claimed that under the shadow of a royal commission an attempt had been made to destroy the Conservative party, and promised that in his own time he would make a statement. On the motion going to vote it was defeated by 199 to 55.

The Resolution.

The resolution declares that the insurance commission's report reflects discreditably upon Messrs. Foster, Fowler, Bennett and Lefurgey; further, that references on the subject unfavorable to the gentleman named were made by Messrs. Carvell, Ross and Devlin, and that Mr. Fowler in retort insinuated that some members and ministers were guilty of immoral conduct. The resolution goes on to say that the subject has become one of general commotion, and that an inquiry, close and immediate, is necessary. It declares that "the Government should therefore ask the House to constitute a special committee to conduct a strict and impartial inquiry as to whether any ministers of the crown or members of Parliament have improperly used their positions as such for their private gain, or have otherwise been guilty of personal conduct, or such circumstances, or of such a character as to justify the intervention and censure of this House."

"That any charges that may be preferred against any member of the Government or of the House shall be formulated before that committee, and that members of this House or other persons who have material or data at their disposal with reference thereto shall divulge them to the committee." After a prolonged discussion the House divided upon Mr. Bourassa's resolution, and the same was defeated, Yeas, 56; nays, 109. A party vote, except that Bourassa, Armand, Lavergne and Robitaille (Liberal) voted for the resolution, and Foster and Fowler (Conservative) declined to vote.

Bourassa's Charge.

Mr. Bourassa said he brought up the matter, considering it a public duty. Public opinion he said was clamoring for an investigation. He said the Premier had promised that if the insurance report contained anything reflecting upon the conduct of the members of the cabinet he would have investigated this session. Yet when the matter had come up the Premier said he saw nothing in the report calling for an investigation against anybody. Taking up the commission's report, Mr. Bourassa said that it accused Senator Cox of having for years used the money of the company for private stock speculations. Another deduction from the report was that Senator Cox, as president of the Canada Life, had induced his son-in-law, Mr. Ames, to make a false return of some \$389,000 to the Government. Coming to the I. O. F., Mr. Bourassa said Mr. Foster had not carried out his undertaking to bring those findings of the commission before a higher tribunal.

Gets After Foster.

Mr. Bourassa charged that the insurance report was most damaging in its accusations against Mr. Foster in connection with the Union Trust fund and the western land deals. Continuing, the speaker declared the resolution favored a new off, Senator Cox against Mr. Foster. These gentlemen were accused of serious matters, yet it was claimed it was no business of Parliament to investigate. Before the House proceeded with an insurance measure it should investigate Mr. Foster's standing. As for Messrs. Bennett and Lefurgey they were accused of securing special favors from a railway company with whom Parliament was doing business. This was also a matter for investigation.

Mr. Bourassa said he would not make a charge himself. He said he did not intend to be made a scapegoat by Government and Opposition.

He wanted the Government, through the Department of Justice, to prosecute a

Continued on page nine.

**A CHOICE OF THREE SCHEMES
TO INCREASE THE WATER SUPPLY****A Mail Vote Likely on Komoka,
Maury and Titus
Plans.**

The water commissioners will meet tomorrow afternoon at 5 o'clock to deal with the report of Expert Maury and also the proposition submitted some time ago by Mr. Silas W. Titus, of Brooklyn.

While the board is anxious to dispose of the question of increasing the water supply as rapidly as possible, it has been unable to grapple with it as soon as anticipated. Yesterday, the chairman was called out of the city on private business, and today it was found that the mayor could not attend a meeting, owing to a previous engagement. Tomorrow is, therefore, the earliest date convenient for all the members.

May Present Three Schemes.

Chairman Darch said today that the result of the meeting will probably be the submitting of three schemes to the people for an expression of opinion. The board will not take it upon themselves to settle the question finally, preferring to be guided by the wishes of the ratepayers. A vote by mail will be the means taken to obtain the opinion.

The Three Schemes.

Three schemes will be submitted. One of them will be that recommended by Mr. Maury to adopt a combined spring and river water plant on the north branch of the Thames.

Another will be the Komoka scheme. And the third will be the proposition of Mr. Titus.

The commissioners have been expecting to receive an amended offer from Mr. Titus this week, but no word from the Brooklyn engineer had been obtained up to 3 o'clock this afternoon.

Mr. Darch says that after the feeling of the ratepayers is obtained the commissioners will send on the scheme most in favor to the council with a request to have a bylaw submitted to the people sanctioning whatever issue of debentures is necessary.

BOARD TO ORGANIZE**Court of Revision Holds Inaugural
Meeting of Year Tomorrow.**

The court of revision will meet at 10 o'clock tomorrow afternoon to organize for the year.

The court includes Mr. A. T. McMahon, Sheriff Cameron and Mr. James Egan, and it was stated at the city hall today that Mr. McMahon will in all probability be elected chairman, a position which he occupied last year with the greatest satisfaction.

In addition to organizing for the year, the board will pass upon 90 local improvements which are to be carried out this year.

THE MOROCCAN CRISIS**French Occupation of Oudja To Take
Place at Once.**

Oran, Algeria, March 27.—French occupation of Oudja is probable today or tomorrow, as General Launey, the commander of the column of occupation, has had to consult with General Serviere, commander of the Nineteenth Army Corps, who is in the south of Algeria in order to draw up a plan of action. Telegraphic communication with the south is slow.

The French mission now at Oudja, under Captain Mangin, has been recalled.

Tangier, March 27.—The French armored cruiser Jeanne D'Arc, and the cruiser Blande have arrived here from Toulon. The commander of the Jeanne D'Arc will hand the list of the French claims this afternoon to Mohammed El Torres, representative of the Sultan.

The situation at Morocco city is becoming more serious, according to the reports received here. Hostile crowds are parading the streets and Europeans dare not leave their houses without escort.

RECEIVES SON'S MEDAL**Services of Late Sergt.-Major Little
Recognized by the War Office.**

Mr. John A. Little, of London Junction, this morning received from the British war office, a King's medal, which had been awarded his eldest son, the late Sergt.-Major Ray Little, for service in South Africa.

The medal, which is of silver, has two clasps, one stamped "South Africa, 1901," and the other "South Africa, 1902." Sergt.-Major Little went from London with one of the Canadian mounted contingents, and was with the troops which accompanied Lord Roberts when the British commander marched into Pretoria. For this he received the Pretoria medal. Later Sergt.-Major Little joined the South African constabulary, and while conducting the force, in June, 1905, he received injuries by being thrown from his horse, his death resulting in a short time.

EDITOR ASSASSINATED.

Moscow, March 27.—Dr. Jollos, editor of the Russkii Vedomosti, was assassinated here today by an unknown youth, who shot him with a revolver as the editor was leaving his residence. The murderer escaped.

Dr. Jollos was a member of the Lower House of the first Russian Parliament.

**YOUNG CULPRITS
ON THE INCREASE****Almost Beyond Comprehension'
Says Judge Elliott—Thieves
Sent Down.**

That this locality has produced a large number of criminals between the ages of 13 and 20 cannot be contradicted.

Last year alone 23 youthful culprits were sent from this city to prisons, a number of others finding their way into the reform school and the Children's Aid Shelter.

So far this year there have been six youths before the criminal courts, and if one were to judge by the number that have appeared before Judge Elliott in the course of the criminal court yesterday and today last year's list bids fair to be exceeded.

Yesterday the two boys who stole a sum of money from a Crumlin farmer appeared before his honor, and were remanded until Thursday, when it is very likely they will be allowed to go on suspended sentence, owing to certain extenuating circumstances. The boys are 15 and 16 years old, and both are bright and intelligent.

Today one of the youngest prisoners a county court judge has had to deal with in a long time appeared in the person of Harold Darch, a 12-year-old Strathroy boy, who pleaded guilty to breaking into the Grand Trunk freight house on the 13th of this month and stealing 98 cents in money, 25 cents worth of stamps, 18 or 20 cakes of fancy soap, some lead pencils and other articles. The boy was remanded until Friday, in order to give the authorities an opportunity of looking up his record.

On remanding the boy, his honor said that the number of youths who are becoming criminals nowadays was almost beyond comprehension. The Toronto police officials had informed him that a large percentage of the criminals detected of late were under 20 years of age. In other cities the same rule seemed to apply. His honor further stated that the question was one of the hardest a judge had to handle.

"There are two more to come up, your honor," remarked Deputy Sheriff Waterworth, when his honor had done with Darch.

"Well, I sincerely trust that they are not children," replied the judge. The prisoners turned out to be Wm. Pearce and Henry Reeves, 27 and 23 years of age respectively, who pleaded guilty to purloining numerous articles of clothing from the Asylum for the Insane, including, 14 shirts, 2 towels, 3 overcoats, 2 sweaters and some odd pairs of braces.

Both men had been over from England only about one year and were employees of the institution. Some time ago the articles mentioned were missed and recently a search was made of the suspected men's trunks and the goods recovered.

They received three months at hard labor in the local jail.

**NO DESIRE TO
TALK RECIPROCITY****Secretary Grey Says Neither
U. S. Nor Canada Have
Reopened Question.**

London, March 26.—Replying in the House of Commons today to a question of Mr. Arnold Forster, former war secretary, Foreign Secretary Grey said that the general negotiations respecting commercial reciprocity between the United States and Canada, which had been left unsettled in 1898, had not been reopened in the recent negotiations of Ambassador Bryce, and would form no part of them. Secretary Grey had not heard that Secretary Root proposed the adoption by Canada of the United States tariff against Great Britain and all other countries and then the establishment of free trade between Canada and the United States. Mr. Bryce had been empowered to do his best to settle the outstanding questions between the United States and Canada. Negotiations respecting commercial reciprocity would technically form part of such outstanding questions, but as a matter of fact in the negotiations which have taken place, neither the United States nor Canada, so far as Great Britain was aware, had shown any desire to reopen the matter.

NEW GOLD FIELDS.

Cape Town, March 27.—It was announced yesterday that a proclamation will be issued about the end of April opening the Mafikeng gold fields to public digging. Official assays show an average of over one ounce of pure gold to the ton. This step is considered of great public importance.

DIES FROM BURNS.

Hamilton, March 27.—Saturday last, while playing with matches, Lottie, the 4-year-old daughter of Mr. Frank Barrett, Main street west, started a fire which ignited her clothing. The flames were quickly extinguished but not before the little girl was painfully burned. She suffered considerably until this morning when death relieved her sufferings.

**Commercial
Voting Law**

Toronto, March 27.—With the names of about 2,000 citizens all over Ontario attached thereto, a petition has been presented to the Legislature by Hon. J. S. Hendrie, asking for a commercial voting law. The petition is in the interests of commercial travelers, travelling salesmen and traction railway men. They ask to vote before the county judge, magistrate, or justice of the peace on a Saturday or Monday preceding the election, the voter to take the oath that he is duly entitled to vote and that he cannot get home without losing time or money. The voter is to place his ballot in the box before the judge, and after the election the judge shall open the ballot box and count the ballots before the returning officer.

**IRISH PARLIAMENT
NOT POSSIBLE****Lord Rosebery Says That Great
Britain Would Not
Permit It.**

London, March 27.—Presiding at a meeting of the Council of the Liberal League, held here today, Lord Rosebery said Great Britain would never tolerate a separate Irish Parliament. Such a proposal went far beyond anything the late Mr. Gladstone intended.

"A system suitable for Canada and Australia," Lord Rosebery added, "would be different in a contiguous island which in its public declarations prided itself on its disloyalty."

Continuing, the speaker said that he doubted if the Government's promised measure for Ireland would go to extremes, but it was a pity the Government's principal men were making speeches leading the country to believe that something radical was intended. He (Lord Rosebery) owed no allegiance to the present Government, nevertheless he congratulated it on its success thus far. He feared, however, it was promising too much. If it made any general attack on property, as was threatened, its existence would be speedily ended.

**IROQUOIS, ONT., FIRE SWEEP;
STORES AND HOTELS HIT**

Morrisburg, Ont., March 27.—A disastrous fire to the village of Iroquois broke out at 10 o'clock last night in the store of Assaly & Co., completely destroying the store and contents, as well as J. W. Lowe's general store, lately purchased from C. Miller, the largest and best established business in town. The Powell House and Commercial Hotel and outbuildings were also consumed. The town hall and J. W. Tindale's block were saved, with great difficulty. The estimated total loss is about \$40,000.

EX-LONDONER FOR MAYOR**C. Herbert Moore Nominated by Citizens
of Spokane, Wash.**

A special dispatch to The Advertiser from Spokane, Wash., says: C. Herbert Moore, who was engaged in the hotel business at London, Ont., from 1869 to 1878, has announced his candidacy for the mayoralty of Spokane, in which the direct primary law, recently adopted by the legislature of Washington, will be given its first test, April 23.

Mr. Moore is chairman of the City Beautiful Committee of the 150,000 Club, which has accomplished much in the rebuilding of the chief city of the inland empire, embracing 150,000 square miles in eastern Washington, northern Idaho, northeastern Oregon and southern British Columbia, and as he is of independent means and without entangling alliances, there is every reason to believe he will head the Republican ticket at the municipal election May 10.

MR. ST. JOHN'S CONDITION.

Toronto, March 27.—Hon. J. W. St. John passed a restless night, but was reported somewhat better this morning. He is by no means out of danger.

THE WEATHER.**TOMORROW—FAIR AND COOLER.**

Wednesday, March 27—8 a.m. Clear. Today—Fresh to strong southerly to westerly winds; very mild today, with a few local showers or thunderstorms. Thursday—Mostly fair and cooler.

Stations.	8 a.m.	Min.	Weather.
Calgary	38	35	Clear
Winnipeg	38	35	Snow
Port Arthur	26	20	Cloudy
Parry Sound	40	36	Rain
Ottawa	32	30	Rain
Montreal	30	28	Rain
Quebec	28	26	Cloudy
Father Point	22	18	Cloudy

The first column in the above table records the temperatures at 8 o'clock this morning, while the second column records the minimum temperatures during the 24 hours previous.

WEATHER NOTES.

Numerous thunderstorms have occurred in the lake region and rain has fallen as far as Western Quebec. In the Western Provinces the weather has been cold, attended by moderate snowfalls over Manitoba, and also in the southern portions of Saskatchewan.

**Shops Are To Be Enlarged
and the Staff Increased****LABORER STABBED
DURING QUARREL****Natal Sopa, an Italian, Injured,
But Not Dangerously by
Fellow-Countryman.**

Natal Sopa, an Italian laborer, called at the police station late yesterday afternoon and laid an information against another Italian by the name of Dominica Darchalli, who, he alleged, had wounded him in the side with a knife on Sunday night at the rolling-mills.

According to Sopa's story, a general row was in progress among the Italian laborers, and after a few angry words, Darchalli seized Sopa by the throat and proceeded to strangle him. Sopa resisted, and had almost succeeded in freeing himself, when, he says, Darchalli drew a knife and stabbed him in the side.

The other Italians immediately separated the pair, and after having Sopa's wounds attended by a doctor, tried to have the matter hushed up, so that it would not reach the police court. Darchalli offered to give Sopa \$3 as restitution, but Sopa wanted \$7. At last, Darchalli offered to pay Sopa the \$7 within a few days, but he has since disappeared.

ASKS \$5,000 DAMAGES**Another Suit Against the Street Railway
Company of This City.**

One more jury case was added to the spring assize list yesterday. It is Anderson vs. Street Railway—An action by Miss Jessie Anderson, of this city to recover \$5,000 damages for injuries sustained while alighting from a Dundas street car near the corner of Waterloo street, some time ago. Miss Anderson alleges that although she signalled the conductor to stop, the car was not brought to a complete halt and she attempted to get off, with the result that she was thrown heavily on her back, thereby sustaining permanent injuries. E. T. Essery for plaintiff; Ivey and Dromgoole for defence.

**LABORER STABBED
DURING QUARREL**

Toronto, March 27.—The long lines of small boys which may be seen almost daily in front of the Adelaide street theaters have attracted the attention of the authorities. The police feel convinced most of the young patrons were not old enough to be away from school and the majority of them had not received permission to stay away from the halls of learning. The newsboys' fraternity attend the matinees regularly, but the crowds contained more than the vendors of special editions. Besides which many girls also spend their afternoons witnessing melodramas.

The officials concluded the thrills witnessed by the young people would not prove very beneficial. The stories told last week regarding the effect of those plays on the mind of a young girl who killed herself in the Rose-dale ravine, made it evident that some action must be taken where the law permitted. Since the beginning of the week, Policemen Irwin and Thompson, truant officers, attached to the morality department, have been taking names of boys and girls who frequent the theaters. About 100 names are now on the list. Most children were willing to tell who they were, but several had to be brought to the police department before giving their names and addresses. Staff Inspector Stephen is looking after the work, and will make inquiries to discover how many of the youngsters are truants from school, or whether they have received permission to attend the cheap entertainment amusement resorts.

TORONTO BARS TRUANTS**Child Patrons of Cheap Theaters At-
tract Attention of Police.**

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PRISONERS TORTURED.

Forty peasants were killed March 25 in a hard fight with troops in the Mozard district. The insurgents in the section cut to pieces and burned some of their victims.

A stubborn fight occurred yesterday on a point on the Guilevo road about 60 miles from Bucharest, where 4,000 insurgents met a strong detachment of troops. The latter attacked the rebels peasants with cavalry as well as infantry, but the military commander ultimately was obliged to use artillery before he was able to force the peasants to retreat.

Ruthless Cruelty.

A special dispatch from Sofia, Bulgaria, says that according to some of the Roumanian refugees who have arrived on the Bulgarian side of the Danube, the insurgent peasantry has been guilty of the same ruthless cruelties which usually mark the feuds in the Balkans. Many of the landlords' bodies and limbs to death.

Even children have been seen

**Interesting Report Regarding
Grand Trunk Works in East
London.**

It is reported on very reliable authority that the Grand Trunk will this summer enlarge its shops in East London, and that the staff of men employed will be increased very considerably.

When the present shops were erected some years ago, it was supposed that they would meet the requirements of the company for a long period, but already it is found that they are taxed to the limit. Particularly is this the case in the freight and machine departments.

The constantly-growing traffic on the road has meant a constant growth in the repairing necessary to cars, until now in the freight shop there is not sufficient room. Over one hundred carpenters are at work in the shop, in addition to laborers, and while they are cramped for room, it is found that they cannot turn out the work as rapidly as is desired. Hence the enlargement of the shop.

In the machine shop, about forty men are employed, and they, too, are suffering from insufficient accommodation.

In the passenger shop, it is found that there is ample room, the work in that department being much lighter than in the freight department.

There is plenty of room for an enlargement, and if the rumor comes true, work will be commenced at an early date.

Mr. Thomas Treleven, the master car builder at East London, has been in Montreal for two days, and it is supposed that he has been called to the head offices to discuss the question of extension.

The greater part of the repairing for the middle division is done at the London shops.

**REBEL PEASANTS
WRING REFORMS****Roumanian Government An-
nounces the Suppression of
Crushing Taxes.**

Bucharest, Roumania, March 27.—The measures proposed by the Government to meet the demands of the revolted peasantry, and end the civil war which is devastating Moldavia and Wallachia, were announced in today's issue of the official Gazette, in the shape of a proclamation issued in the name of King Charles. The royal proclamation appeals for the patriotic co-operation of the people to secure the re-establishment of tranquility, and announces that the sovereign has agreed to the immediate suppression of some of the heavy taxes, while hereafter the farm lands will be cultivated by the state or leased direct to the peasants. Not one of the larger syndicates hitherto engaged in farming vast tracts of land will be allowed to hold more than 8,000 acres.

The document gives notice of the introduction of laws to ameliorate the condition of peasantry, facilitating the raising of money to pay rents, reforming the taxation of small holding, and revising the terms of the agricultural agreements which at present practically enslave the peasantry.

The minister of the interior announced today that the situation in Moldavia had improved, but there is not much evidence in support of the statement in the reports of disorders coming in from numerous points. From the districts of Vlaschia, Dambovitza, Tecuci, Buzen, Dolj, Olt and Teleorman come the now familiar stories of incendiarism, pillage and excesses of all kinds. The censorship is strict, with the result that details of the occurrences are lacking.

The workmen in the petroleum districts are also in a state of excitement, but the authorities believe that the measures taken will prevent any disorder among them.

Plenty of troops have been concentrated here to protect the capital and reinforcements speedily are being distributed in the disturbed sections.

The new cabinet ministers propose to make a tour of the country and personally superintend the measures taken, in order to end the agitation.

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HONDURANS RETAKE PORT.

New Orleans, March 27.—A private cablegram received here states that the Hondurans have recaptured the Port of Trujillo. This was the first Caribbean seaport of Honduras taken by the Nicaraguans.

MR. BRYCE AT OTTAWA.

Ottawa, March 27.—Hon. James Bryce, British ambassador at Washington, arrived at 1 o'clock today. The train was over an hour late. He drove straight to Government House.

**THAW MUST FACE
A COMMISSION****Trial Suspended Until His
Sanity Is Established.****EMINENT MEN ON COMMISSION****Former Justice O'Brien Peter B. Olney,
and Dr. Putzel To Determine
Prisoner's Fate.**

New York, March 26.—Harry K. Thaw may never again face the jury empaneled more than nine weeks ago to try him on the charge of murder in the first degree.

Justice Fitzgerald today unexpectedly handed down a decision, ordering a commission in lunacy to inquire into the present state of mind of Stanford White's slayer.

Justice Fitzgerald announced the appointment of the commission privately in his chambers.

Evelyn Nesbit Thaw was there with the lawyers, and it became her task to break the news to her husband in the Tombs. Tearful when she left the judge's rooms in the criminal court building, she was smiling and cheerful when Thaw was brought from his cell to the hospital ward of the prison to meet her. Thaw accepted the court's findings in lunacy, and once more declared he had no doubt the commission would declare him a sane man today.

The personnel of the commission named by Justice Fitzgerald lends a new dimension to this already notable case. The men who will determine Thaw's mental capacity are: Morgan J. O'Brien, former justice of the appellate division of the state supreme court; Peter B. Olney, former district attorney of New York County; and a lawyer of high legal attainments; Dr. Leopold M. Putzel, a practicing physician and authority on mental diseases.

No date had been fixed tonight for the first meeting of the commission. There will probably be some definite announcement on this matter tomorrow, as the law under which the commissioners are appointed directs that they proceed with their inquiry forthwith.

The Thaw lunacy commission will be attended by District Attorney Jerome. The lawyers for the defendant will also be present and the commission may direct and compel the attendance of any witnesses it may desire.

It is probable that Thaw will be asked first of all to submit to a rigid physical examination. Having undergone several of these since his imprisonment, he is somewhat nervous on this subject, but it was said tonight by his counsel that he would do everything in his power to assist the commission with its work, and that he hoped for an early opinion as to his sanity.

Thaw's lawyers and the defendant himself were downcast when they first made acquaintance with Justice Fitzgerald's decision. But all were manifestly pleased when the later announcement as to the personnel of the commission with its work, and that Delmas in particular declared that Justice Fitzgerald could hardly have selected a more generally satisfactory commission, one whose action and command would inspire confidence and respect.

District Attorney Jerome seemed pleased with the result of the dramatic appeal he made last week to the conscience of the court.

New York, March 27.—The Thaw jury was excused today until next Monday, and the court session was adjourned until that time.

ASK FOR ENGLISH PRELATE**Anglo-Saxon Roman Catholics Plac
Claims Before Holy See.**

Rome, March 27.—The prominent Anglo-Saxon prelates now here, have presented to Papal Secretary of State Merry Del Val, a memorandum setting forth the importance of the Anglo-Saxon Catholic world, compared with the remainder of the Catholic world. It was stated in the memorandum that the Catholic world, the United States, Canada, Ireland, Great Britain and the British colonies, numbered in all about 45,000,000, and it was pointed out that no Catholics so vigorously took up the cause of the church in its conflict with the French Government as the Americans, Irish and English, which were also classed as the wealthiest Catholics and those from whom the holy see can expect the greatest amount of support.

The memorandum concluded with asking for better representation of the Anglo-Saxons in the Sacred College. It is believed that the step taken by the Anglo-Saxon prelates has had considerable effect, and it is even hoped that the Pope may reconsider the list of cardinals to be appointed at the consistory of April 15, with the possibility of the inclusion of an Anglo-Saxon prelate who would be created "in pectore," that is to say that his name would not be published for the present, although his elevation to the Sacred College would date from April 15.

BEARUBAM GUILTY.

Stratford, March 27.—Benjamin Bearubam, charged with receiving stolen goods from small boys, was arraigned before Judge Barron this morning, and found guilty. As the