

## The Toronto World

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### THE WORLD OUTSIDE

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### SWIFT CANADIAN JUSTICE.

In conversation with The World yesterday, a well-informed citizen of the United States expressed astonishment at the lightning rapidity with which justice is meted out in the Canadian courts. The case of the counterfeiter, Gentile, dealt with yesterday by Police Magistrate Denison, was in his mind. That a criminal should within 48 hours of his capture have been sentenced to the penitentiary for ten years seemed to fairly fill our visitor with astonishment. He also remarked the sudden fate which overtook the Welland Canal dynamite two or three years ago and said that instances of such swift punishment could not occur in his own country. The bringing to book in the United States of such a criminal as Gentile would easily consume at least two years, and might readily be extended over several years after that, and our informant called our attention to some of the reasons for this seemingly unsatisfactory state of affairs across the line.

In the first place, the United States magistrate or police judge is vested with a much narrower jurisdiction than is the Canadian police magistrate. He may not sit upon cases of felony, his power as trial judge being limited to misdemeanors, and even findings on misdemeanors, slight charges such as those of vagrancy, may be appealed to the District Courts, and even to the Supreme Court of the State. But as far as a person charged with a felony is concerned, he cannot elect as in Canada to be tried by the magistrate. The magistrate, or police judge, can only bind him over to the District Court, and here often comes in a long delay. As the grand jurors usually meet only once a year, the accused may have nearly a twelve-month's grace before he is again brought from jail into court. And when the grand jury has indicted the prisoner, and he has pleaded "not guilty," he cannot be forced to trial during the current court term. So the case goes over to next term, and thereby another respite is secured. In the course of some weeks or months he comes up once more, and his counsel invariably pleads a demurrer; and then, even if the demurrer plea is overruled, the case is set down for trial at the foot of the docket for the next term. An affidavit that a witness for defence is missing procures another postponement, and thus two years are consumed.

Finally the man goes to trial and is convicted, a plea for "arrest of sentence" is filed, and at the next term of the same court a motion for a new trial is argued. This plea is overruled, and when the prisoner is brought up for sentence his counsel files a copy of a notice of appeal to the State Supreme Court, and again the case secures a delay in his journey towards the penitentiary. As the State Supreme Courts are usually from one to three years behind with their dockets, a long period is likely to elapse before the appeal may be argued, and the decision of the lower court sustained. And even then, if it should counsel can raise a question involving a constitutional point, a further appeal may be taken to the United States Court of Appeals, and thence again to the United States Supreme Court. Even if a man be caught red-handed in crime, this long succession of delays may be secured in his behalf, and the taking advantage of all these loopholes is considered strictly legal and proper. And in some states when the accused has got to his last ditch his friends have been known to secure the destruction of the court records of the case, so that the state has had to begin the prosecution all over again from the first. It is this difficulty of securing the conviction and punishment of criminals in many states of the Union that has, according to our informant, in great part led to the practice of mob rule and lynch law in different parts of the country. Perhaps the elective system of filling magistracies and judgeships is more or less at the root of the loose administration of justice in some states. The partisans chosen are often unfit for their posts, and hence the law-makers have been unwilling to entrust final jurisdiction to any of the lower or inferior courts.

### RURAL MAIL DELIVERY.

The demand for rural mail delivery in Canada grows daily. The Guardian of Charlottetown, P.E.I., just to hand, hopes to see the day in the not distant future when every farmer in this country will have his mail matter delivered to him at his door. It endorses the World's stand in favor of the project. The Toronto Globe, however, feels called upon to answer our demand for rural mail delivery, and insists that the time is not ripe for it, that our population should be greatly increased before it is attempted. This is not a sound argument. The rural population of the County of York and of many other counties in this country is as large now as it will be for many years to come, and as a matter of fact, is as large as that of hundreds of counties in the United States where rural mail delivery now prevails. The World trusts that this statement in the Globe is not inspired by Postmaster-General Sir William Mulock, and that that gentleman will in a very short time see his way to recommending the experiment being tried in the County of York, and notably on Yonge street, from Holland Landing right down to the bay front in this city, a distance of between thirty and forty miles. Five or six postmen on a route up Yonge-street would greatly change the character of that street by giving

its numerous inhabitants a daily mail delivery.

Again we say to the farmers of Canada that if they want rural mail delivery all they have got to do is to insist upon it. How any man can profess to represent a county constituency without trying to secure free mail delivery for the rural portions thereof, as well as for the towns and cities, we cannot quite understand.

### THE AMBITIOUS BLUENOSE.

The appointment of Rev. Dr. Gordon of Halifax to the principality of Queen's University serves to once more call attention to the ascendancy of the Bluenose in Canadian affairs. The people of the Maritime Provinces, and particularly of Nova Scotia, have, considering their comparative numerical inferiority, supplied the public life of the Dominion with a remarkably large number of its leading men. Wherever you go throughout Middle and Western Canada you find the migrated "Herring-back" in the van of the fight. In educational affairs, the church, politics, statesmanship, finance, he is to the front. Dr. Gordon's predecessor, the late Principal Grant, hailed from down by the sea, as do other foremost men in the church, such as the Ganders, Rev. W. W. Weeks and Rev. Dr. Wardrop; and, together with the late Principal Grant and Principal Gordon, in the educational field, we have Dr. G. R. Parkin, formerly head of Upper Canada College, and now administrator of Cecil Rhodes' multi-million-dollar bequest for education, and Dr. J. G. Schumann, President of Cornell University, and member of the Philippine Commission. The latter was born in New Brunswick, and the latter, who now lives in Canada, a leader of thought across the line, first saw the light of day in Prince Edward Island. And when we look at the records of Dominion politics, we find that the Far-Eastern Provinces claim as their own the late Prime Minister of Canada, Sir John Thompson; Sir Charles Tupper, Bart., formerly Premier; Sir C. H. Tupper, formerly R. L. Borden, the present leader of the Conservative party. Hon. Mr. Fielding, who, it is said, will succeed Sir Wilfrid Laurier as First Minister, and a number of the other foremost parliamentarians. The transplanted Scotch and United Empire Loyalists, by whom Nova Scotia was in early days chiefly settled, have certainly thriven in the adopted soil.

And, as far as the accession of Dr. Gordon to the headship of Queen's is concerned, there is every reason, judging from his past record, to believe that he will prove a worthy successor to Dr. Grant. As past master, moderator and professor, he has earned the approval of his fellow-men; he must, if reports be true, be a man of scholarly attainments and wide experience, a thoroughgoing Canadian and well posted on Canadian affairs, and, above all, a gentleman possessing a high sense of his responsibility to his fellow-creatures. Queen's is evidently to be congratulated on the acquisition of such a man as its principal.

### "THE DOWN-TRODDEN LAWYER."

Editor World: Some time ago a letter appeared in your paper with the above heading. To some people, no doubt, the heading would appear absurd, but on perusal of the letter the truth of the heading would appear. In addition to the grievances complained of, there are others, but I will content myself at present with one of them. The legal profession are, without remuneration or reward as collectors of fees for the government and its officials. For instance, the law has to be proved in the Surrogate Court, and the fees altogether are, say \$40; out of this sum \$20 will have to be paid to the Clerk of the Court, to be divided between himself and the judge of the court and the government. The solicitor for the executors has to pay this \$20 and collect it from the clients and the people who are tenaciously under the matter, and the lawyer bears the odium. If solicitors are compelled to act as collectors for the government and its officials, surely they should have a salary or commission, and the officials get the fees and the lawyers have to fight the public to get the fees for the officials without any compensation whatever. Nov. 20, 1902.

### POPE AND PRESBYTERIAN.

Editor World: Re the King's toast, I notice in your to-day's issue that Premier Ross is credited with a statement that he was not in the least shocked when the chairman of the evening proposed the health of His Holiness the Pope as the first toast of the evening. I, however, fancy a great many are shocked at a Presbyterian drinking at all to a toast to the Pope.

### AT FIRST GLANCE.

It Would Appear That Local Remedies Would Be Best for Cure of Catarrh.

It would seem at first glance that catarrh, being a disease of the mucous membrane, salves, sprays, etc., being applied directly to the membranes of the nose and throat, would be the most rational treatment, but this has been proven not to be true. The mucous membrane is made and repaired from the blood, and catarrh is a permanent cure must act on the blood, when the blood is purified from catarrhal poison, the cure follows from the mucous membrane will become natural and healthy. In this climate, thousands of people seem scarcely ever free from some form of catarrh; it gets better at times, but each winter becomes gradually deeper and deeper, and after a time the sufferer resigns himself to it as a necessary evil. Catarrhs are almost as numerous as catarrhs, and are nearly all so inconvertible and ineffective as to render their use a nuisance nearly as annoying as catarrh itself. Anyone who has used nasal douches, sprays and powders will bear witness to their inconvenience and failure to really cure.

There are a number of excellent internal remedies for catarrh, but probably the best and certainly the safest is a new remedy, called Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. This remedy is in tablet form, pleasant to the taste, and is used by druggists under the name of "Stuart's Catarrhal Tablets." It is a suffering from catarrh may use these tablets with absolute assurance that they contain no cocaine, opiate nor any other mineral whatever. A leading druggist in Albany, speaking of catarrhs, says: "I have sold various kinds of catarrhal cures, but have never sold any which gave such general satisfaction as Stuart's Catarrhal Tablets. They contain a pleasant, concentrated form of all the best and latest catarrhal remedies, and catarrh sufferers, who have used them, sprays and salves, have been astonished at the quick relief and permanent results obtained after a week's use of Stuart's Catarrhal Tablets." All druggists sell full-sized packages for fifty cents.

### RUST WOULD RATHER DESIGN

Than Recommend Acceptance of a Petition Which Calls for Any Particular Kind of Asphalt.

### MEETING OF WORKS COMMITTEE

Ald. Stewart Disagrees With Controller Crane—Kemp Proposition Endorsed—Will Visit Marsh.

The recommendation of the City Engineer that tenders be asked for the paving of George-street on the initiative, as a local improvement, caused a lengthy discussion on the asphalt question at a meeting of the Committee on Works Friday afternoon. Ex-Ald. Farquhar pointed out to the committee that a fully signed petition of ratepayers on George-street, from Queen to Shuter, asking that a Trinidad Pitch Lake asphalt pavement be laid on that portion of the thoroughfare had been presented. They wanted a pavement like Jarvis-street, and that was why they asked for Trinidad Pitch Lake asphalt. A strong objection was raised by Mr. Farquhar to Mr. Rust's recommendation, because he said if it was accepted it would be unfair to the ratepayers between Shuter and Queen as those above Shuter were opposed to the pavement and there would also be all kinds of delay.

"I would rather resign my position than recommend the acceptance of the petition which has been presented," said Mr. Rust warmly. His objection was that the petition tied him down to one kind of asphalt. He wanted to see fair competition, and thought it was best for the ratepayers that there should be competition on asphalt pavements.

### Crane vs. Stewart.

Ald. W. T. Stewart went to the engineer and said that if the people who had to pay for a pavement asked for one special kind of pavement they were entitled to what they asked, whether Mr. Rust was friendly to that kind of asphalt or not. Ald. Bell took a similar stand. Controller Crane took his usual bitter stand against Trinidad asphalt, whereas Ald. Stewart said it was no wonder when the controller had canvassed in favor of a rival brand. This led to a bit of a serap. Ald. G. denied the accusation, but Ald. Stewart repeated it and Controller Crane said Ald. Stewart would have to accept his statement, and if he didn't he would make him.

### The recommendation of the engineer was

Kemp Can Have the Land. The committee decided to recommend to Council that the Kemp Manufacturing Co. be permitted to purchase from the city land east of their present property on the east side of the hill and some property south of Bell-street for \$3000, the company also relieve the city from the action for damages held by the Kemp Bros. & Co. against the city in connection with the building of the Don. It will be necessary to close a portion of Bell-street, and Kemp agree to indemnify the city against all actions for damages against the city as the result of the street being closed. The company also promise to erect an addition and increase the number of employees from 400 to 500.

J. W. Tom and the Hon. Mr. McLean, who own their houses on Bell-street, protested against the street being closed as they considered it would depreciate the value of their property. On their behalf Lawyer "Tom" also protested, and the committee, urged that the city would be relieving its obligations if it turned over to a private corporation the responsibility for closing a public street. A. E. Kemp, M.P., said his company was willing to abide by the sub-committee report. The land was useless to anyone else, and while the price asked for it was high, the company was willing to pay it. The members of the committee thought a most important addition was being made to a big industry on most responsible terms, and the city, so they adopted the report.

### Will Visit Steel Plant Site.

The legal profession are, without remuneration or reward as collectors of fees for the government and its officials. For instance, the law has to be proved in the Surrogate Court, and the fees altogether are, say \$40; out of this sum \$20 will have to be paid to the Clerk of the Court, to be divided between himself and the judge of the court and the government. The solicitor for the executors has to pay this \$20 and collect it from the clients and the people who are tenaciously under the matter, and the lawyer bears the odium. If solicitors are compelled to act as collectors for the government and its officials, surely they should have a salary or commission, and the officials get the fees and the lawyers have to fight the public to get the fees for the officials without any compensation whatever. Nov. 20, 1902.

### Needs Careful Consideration.

The application of the G.T.R. to cross Front-street and John-street was referred to the City Engineer. The matter is one of great importance, which will require some careful consideration. Ald. Hubbard asked that the City Engineer report upon the advisability of the proposed crossing, and the City Engineer extended down to Front-street, and on to St. Lawrence-street. The company would be willing to make the extension.

### Dirty Esplanade-Street.

A sub-committee will deal with the matter introduced by Ald. Foster that the City Engineer report upon the advisability of the proposed crossing, and the City Engineer extended down to Front-street, and on to St. Lawrence-street. The company would be willing to make the extension.

### Preserve Cinder Paths.

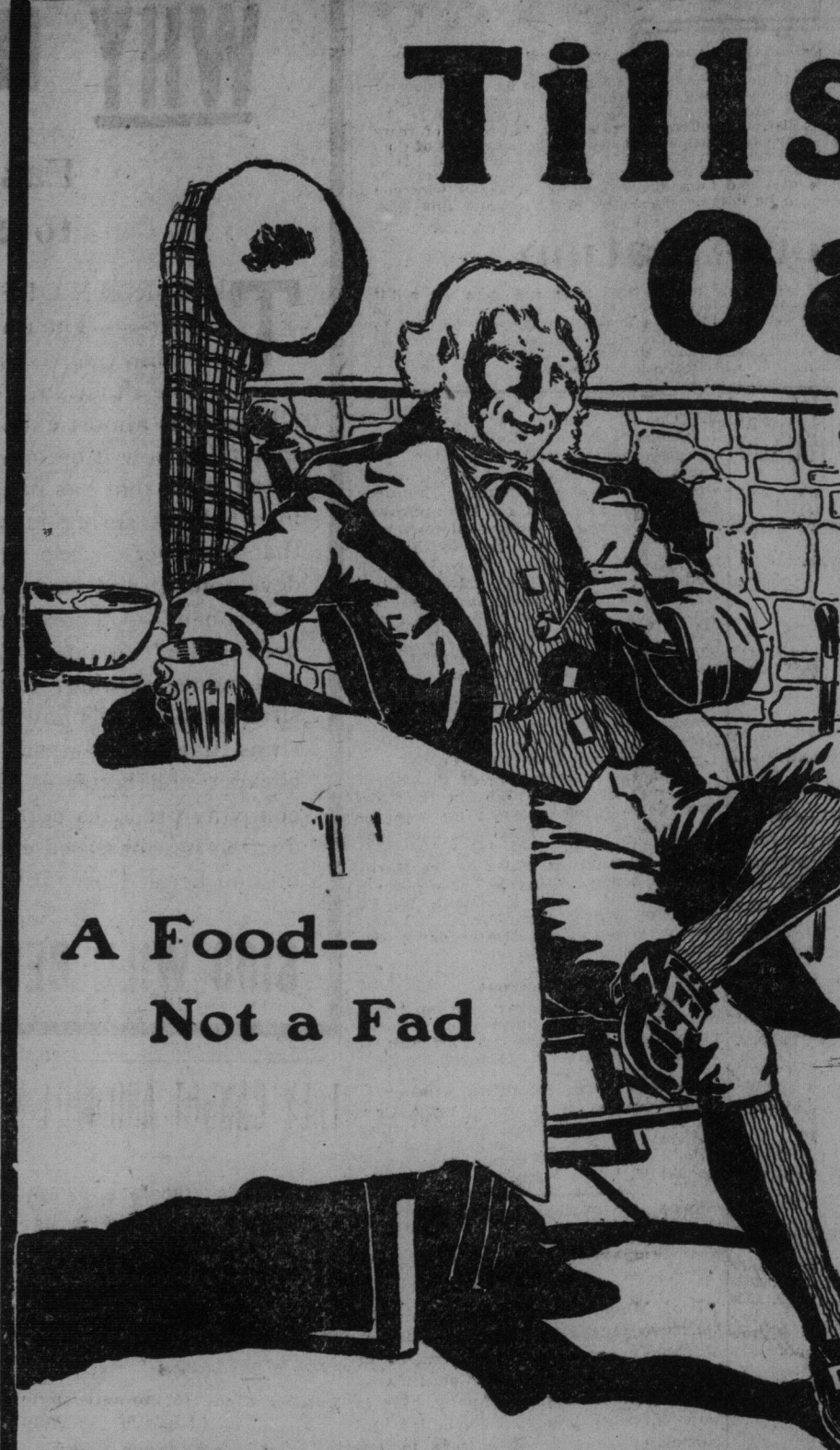
The committee will ask the City Engineer to report upon the advisability of the proposed crossing, and the City Engineer extended down to Front-street, and on to St. Lawrence-street. The company would be willing to make the extension.

### As to Cattle Trade.

London, Nov. 21.—(Telegram Cable.)—When Rt. Hon. W. R. Hanbury, president of the Royal Society of Agriculture, was questioned yesterday as to the rumor that the time limit between the landing and slaughtering of cattle was to be extended, he assumed a discreet ignorance of the matter. There is reason to believe that the Royal Society of Agriculture has under consideration certain circumstances which may lead to the extension of the time by ten days, making twenty days in all.

### Died of Backshot Wounds.

Toronto, Nov. 21.—Arthur L. Collins, general agent of the Spang-Union Mining Company, who was shot by an unknown assassin Wednesday night at Pandora, died to-day. He was born in England 33 years ago. In consequence of the murder, the mining company has closed its mines and mills indefinitely. The company employed between 400 and 500 men.



# Tillson's Oats

## Pan-Dried

"Do I look like a man fed on fads?"

"No, sir. Good old fashioned Tillson's Oats is my food."

"For nigh three-score years I've eaten it for breakfast, and often for supper."

"No, I don't need any pre-digested stuff."

"I don't need roasted barley for my nerves."

"If I need malt I take it as such."

"I don't believe in fads, and I know Tillson's Oats are good oats."

No dust, no specks, no hulls.

In Packages At all Grocers

On Sale December First Next.

### PEERAGE FOR SIR SANDFORD.

Editor World: The suggestion has been made, and it is a good one, that the King should give a peerage to Sir Sandford Fleming of Ottawa. He is the one of all Canadians, that the King should give a peerage to Sir Sandford Fleming of Ottawa. He is the one of all Canadians, that the King should give a peerage to Sir Sandford Fleming of Ottawa. He is the one of all Canadians, that the King should give a peerage to Sir Sandford Fleming of Ottawa.

### Champagne.

We have just received our fall import of V. d'Or Champagne. This wine is an excellent wine for table or for purposes, and is sold at a price within the reach of all—quarts, \$14 per case; pints, \$28 per case. Two dozen, \$16 per case. William Mara, 79 Yonge-street, phone Main 1708.

### Re There a Will, Whom Points the Way.

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### Trolley Worse Than Volcano.

San Francisco, Nov. 21.—Albert Bardwell, 6 years old, one of the five Guatemala volcano refugees, who arrived here on Wednesday, has been run over and killed by an electric car.

### "Buy from the Maker."

Cor. Yonge and Agnes Sts.

### EAST & CO.,

Cor. Yonge and Agnes Sts.

### A TINKER'S DAM

is the bank of dirt he makes to hold in the melting solder. There's nothing so worthless as a second after except

### DR. AGNEW'S CATARRHAL POWDER

is an antiseptic, healing dressing, applied directly to the diseased surface by the patient himself, who blows the powder through a tube into his nostrils.

The cure dates from the first puff. You needn't snore from cold and hay fever, if you have Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder in the house. It relieves colds or catarrh and cures headache in ten minutes.

### The American Medicine Co., Allentown, Pa., writes:

DR. AGNEW'S CATARRHAL POWDER is the best seller in Catarrh remedies we have in our store, and our customers praise it very highly.

### DR. VON STAN'S PINEAPPLE TABLETS

are the only conquerors of indigestion, dyspepsia and catarrh of the stomach. They digest the food, giving the stomach as long a holiday as it needs to get well. Cures thousands, will cure you. Price, 14c.

## A Sale of Umbrellas.

The art part of an Umbrella is the handle. We have to go abroad to buy handles, and our buyer while on the continent some months ago secured some very rare bargains in the newest and latest designs. These we have mounted on good close rolling and long wearing gaiter silk covering. As completed the price is a little above half—we only saved on the handles, the umbrellas part is regular and sold for quality, not for cheapness.

The handles are pearl, horn, ivory and beautiful natural wood sticks and roots.

It's a fine chance to buy umbrellas for Christmas giving.

\$1.50 for \$3.00 Umbrellas.

\$3.50 for \$5.00 Umbrellas.

\$5.00 for \$6.00, \$7.00 and \$8.00 values.

There are over a thousand umbrellas and hardly more than four or five alike, so great is the selection.

"Buy from the Maker."

Cor. Yonge and Agnes Sts.

EAST & CO.,

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Cor. Yonge and Agnes Sts.

## Penny Wise and Pound Foolish

Is the man who neglects insuring his life because of the expense. A policy does not cost but saves.

An endowment policy in the North American Life makes the very best form of investment for a young man, and its value is not affected by a slump in stocks. It brightens the present in thought and the future in reality.

Rate at your age upon request.

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