licitor General, relative to Quebec. This was also carried in the negative, upon a division of 85 to 45.

June 2. The House in Committee on the Quebec Bill. General Carléton called in and examined.

Mr. Mackworth. What was the proceedings and course of justice in Canada, when you first went there?

There is a General Carleton. Court of King's Bench, and a Court of Common Pleas, in which the proceedings are in the English form.

Mr. Mackworth. Did the Canadians express a dislike to the distribution of justice in that form?

Gen. Carleton. In some things they did, in others they did not. I never heard them express a disapprobation of the criminal law of England; but in relation to the law in civil trials, they have disapproved it greatly.

Mr. Mackworth. Did they disapprove the trial by jury?

Gen. Carleton. Very much; they have often faid to me, that they thought it very extraordinary that English Gentlemen should think their property fafer in the determination of taylors, flioemakers, mixed with people in trade, than in that of the Judges

Mr. T. Townshend. But if they had juries fuch as they approved of, would they then object to the English civil· law?

Gen. Carleton. Their objections to that law are very numerous; they do not know what it is; and they expressed great apprehensions at being governed by a law of which they were ignorant: they also complained of othe proceedings of the Courts being in a language they did

Lord North. Did the General hear them emplain of the want of the trial by jury in civil causes?

Gen. Carleton. Never. Though I have heard the fame men praise the English law in points wherein it favoured their own causes, who at other times were much against it.

Lord North. Did they express wishes of having an assembly?

Gen. Carleton. Very much the contrary. In the convertation I have had with them, they have all faid that when they found what disputes the other Colonies had with the Crown, upon account of Affemblies, they would much rather be without them; and when they supposed that an affembly, if they had one, would be chosen from the old British subjects only, they expressed an horror at the idea of one.

Lord North. Does the General know the proportion of old fubjects to those of new ones in Canada?

Gen. Carleton. The Protestants in Canada are under four hundred; about three hundred and fixty; but the French inhabitants, who are all Catholicks, amount to one hundred and fifty thousand...

Lord North. Are those three himdred and fixty, men of substance?

Gen. Carleton. Much the greatoft part of them are not. There are fome that have purchased seignories, fome in trade, and fome reduced foldiers: but the majority are men of finall fubstance.

Mr. Jenkinson. Is there much intercourse or communication between those three hundred and fixty and the rest of the province?

Gen. Carleton. Very little.

Lord North. Are those people, upon the whole, proper and eligible for an Assembly to be chosen from not understand.