

course consists of three years legal study, and no student is admitted to study for either degree unless he has successfully completed one year in the Faculty of Arts or obtained an equivalent standard elsewhere. In 1925 this entrance requirement will be raised to two years in the Faculty of Arts, or its equivalent.

The majority of students entering the Faculty of Law have previously taken four years in the Faculty of Arts and obtained a degree therein.

Those students who succeed in qualifying for the degrees of B.C.L. and LL.B. are graded in three classes, of which the two higher are designated as first and second class honours, respectively. These classes correspond to the "licence en droit" of the French-speaking universities, and the students who graduate without obtaining honours at McGill are equivalent to the "bacheliers en droit".

I have, therefore, the honour to request that you will be good enough to lay before His Excellency, the Minister of Public Instruction, the facts to which I have ventured to draw your attention. Our desire is that those students who obtain first or second class honours in the final examination for the degrees of B.C.L. and LL.B. should be regarded as having obtained the "licence en lois" within the meaning of the decree of the 7th February, 1923. The practical result of this interpretation will be to place these students upon the same footing as those who follow the corresponding courses in Laval University and the