sick and dying immigrants.—The Rev. C. S. Morris and the Rev. C. P. Reid returned by the boat on the afternoon of the same day, having left the Rev. R. Anderson, on their departure, in good health and engaged, with unabated intermediate the statement of the same day. unabated interest, in the performance of his sad but deeply important duties .- Berean.

## From our English Files.

THE MURDER OF THE DUCHESS DE PRASLIN by-it is hardly prejudging his guilt or innocence to say—her husband, has given rise to a curious dissussion in the Paris papers; a discussion in which it is attempted to infer the greater degeneracy of the higher classes in that country from this enormous crime, coupled with the Cubieres case, and two or three others, which have recently brought the French Peerage somewhat disadvantageously before the public eye. We have tried in vain to follow the reasoning from which this conclusion is deduced. We can well understand how such reasoning accommodates itself to the presidence and residuing of the valgar, who are always self to the passions and prejudices of the vulgar, who are always prone to accept an illogical result that flatters their self-love.—
We remember the time when the whole Episcopal body in this country partook, more or less, of the odium which attached to an individual. an individual belonging to it, on account of his crimes; and if, in the course of the next month, three or four of the aristocracy were to figure as culprits at the Old Bailey, we should hear plenty of that philosophy in the streets which confounds the exception with the rule. "Although perfectly distinct," observes a private letter from Paris, "the mention of this murder by the by the people is always connected with an allusion to the 'Affaire Teste,' and other alleged corruptions by persons in high places." The wretched criminal attempted to poison himself. "Yes," exclaim the people, "fear not, he will not perish by the Ruillotine—he will die by poison." We can hardly wonder, however, that the multitude indulge in these feelings, when their teachers do the same:—

their teachers do the same:—
"The Chamber of Peers (says the Siecle,) is again summoned to assemble as a Court of Justice. A terrible and melancholy task have its own privileges brought on this assembly during the present year! After an accusation of swindling and corruption against two of its members, it is now called on to propose independent on an accusation of murder. What a deplotsounce judgment on an accusation of murder. What a deplormay be proceeded with without delay.

The foundation stone of the Llanelly school, Carmarthen, corruption, frauds and perjury, are imputed to men who have under the present system enjoyed their share of influence and homour; at a time when the trials of MM. Teste and Cubieres, of Benier, of Ecquivilly of Legrange without specific of the proceeded with without delay.

The foundation stone of the Llanelly school, Carmarthen, was laid on Saturday last, by D. Morris, Esq., in the presence of nearly 10,000 persons Mr. Morris made a speech to the proceeded with without delay. of Benier, of Ecquivilly, of Legrange, without speaking of those which the Government has suppressed, follow in succession, to the stupefaction of a justly alarmed country!"

Again. The Charter theory

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Again. The Charter throws round the person of a Peer certain privileges and protections, similar in spirit, though practically different, and, to a certain extent, defective, to those which the law recognizes in this country. These privileges do not defeat justice; they merely change the mode of attaining it. This is selected as a topic for inverse level.

rectar justice; they merely change the mode of attaining it. This is selected as a topic for irony, levelled against the Peerage, in connexion with the Duke de Prasiin:

"Peers (says the National,) have ever been above the common law; and why? The illustrious Mahul (who has written a commentary upon the Charter) tells us:—'It would not be proper to suppose the commission of a crime by the persons proper to suppose the commission of a crime by the persons of the members of that body in the state most eminent in dignity.' So it is proper that a Deputy discovered with his hand in a bag of money should be arrested; but a Peer cuts the throat of the mother of his nine children during the night, and the charter will not suppose that a member of a body in the state so eminent in dignity can be guilty. It would not be propose to suppose so. Such must a press about the propose so. to suppose so. Such must appear absurd to everybody after what we have recently experienced. To suspect M. Teste, a Peer of France, and President of the Court of Cassation, of having sold his patronage for 100,000f., is abominable. To pretend that General Cubicres, a Peer of France, had given all, or a portion of these 100,000f. is likewise unweathy. Nobility or a portion of those 100,000f., is likewise unworthy. Nobility obliges the execution of none but noble actions; and on this subject the new Chevaliers are of the same opinion as the an-

of the aristocracy. To argue upon legal or constitutional fictions as if they were acknowledged truths exercising a real influence, is a childish abuse of truth itself. In this country the law supposes many things till the contrary is proved; and many of these suppositions constitute the best defences of personal rights. It supposes, for instance, every man to be innocent of the crime of which he is accused until his guilt is established by evidence. What would be the consequence of a contrary

"Apposition?"
The reader will smile, we think, at the chivalrous zeal which ismal tragedy of last week has kindled in behalf of the (implied) superior morality of the people, when he peruses the following declaration, intended to be received as an extenuating feature in their behalf :-

"All the male population of Paris curse him for the incredible cruelty with which he murdered his wife. The women, without exception, would tear into shreds 'the butcher of the mother of his nine children.' In a word, I repeat it is impossible to describe the horror and the indignation of the whole world at this dreadful act. Scarcely a month passes in France without an execution of men for the murder of their wives or concubines. Or of momen for the assassination of their husbands, concubines, or of women for the assassination of their husbands, at the instance of paramours. Poison or the pistol are the usual means of these criminals; but the scene of slaughter—of coolly prepared Prepared, persevering, relentless cruelty—and of heroic resistance of which the chamber of the Duchess of Prasiln must have oren the theatre on Wednesday morning last, has no parallel

Husbands, poison your wives—wives, blow out the brains of our busbands—do the deed cleanly and expeditiously, and pofour husbands—do the deed cleanly and expeditiously, and po-ite France will breathe no curse upon you or tear you into shreds. The crime of murder may be aggravated, we admit, by circumstances; but when the victim makes a vigorous resistance, as was evidently the case with the ill-fated Duchess de Praslin, and when the murderer is unprepared for that resistance, he finds himself compelled to employ means which formed,

Probably, no part of his original design.

May we ask, in conclusion, whether it be true that in France scarcely a month passes without the execution of men for the murder of their wives, or concubines, or of women for the assassing. duation of their husbands, at the instigation of paramours?" ause, if this be so, we can scarcely imagine a more deplora-

Because, if this be so, we can see that the assassin ble state of social profligacy.

Thus far had we written when we learned that the assassin expired on Tuesday evening from the effects of poison.

There is but too much reason to believe that the means of telf-dastruction was supplied by those, or with the connivance that the profligation of the control of the c self-destruction were supplied by those, or with the connivance of those, appointed to watch the prisoner night and day. It is or those, appointed to watch the prisoner night and day. It is impossible to believe that any one under the lynx-eyed surveillance of the French police, could procure poison unknown to them. And if this su-picion be well founded, then arises the question why the criminal was secretly permitted to become his own executioner? To save the honour of the Peerage and of his family, by evading a public death upon the scaffold as a common malefactor. Besides, untried, unconvicted, how can we be sure that he did murder his wife? Miserable device! To sooth the vain, proud feelings of this world, the murderer's ooth the vain, proud feelings of this world, the murderer's soul is hurried into the next with the added guilt of suicide.—

John Bull.

PENSIONS.—In 1834 the House of Commons passed a resolution, by which a specified sum was to be annually granted to the Crown, for the purpose of enabling it to reward, by pensions, such persons as "might merit the gracious consideration of their Sovereign and the gratitude of their country," on the ground of "personal services to the Crown to Commons passed a resorerign and the gratitude of their country," on the ground of "personal services to the Crown, the performance of duties to the public, useful discoveries in science, and attainments in literature and the arts." And what was the fund provided by the liberality of Parliament for these noble purposes? Just twelve hundred pounds per annum—or one hundred pounds per salendar month—neither more nor less. Personal services to the Crown the country—useful discoveries in the Crown—public ones to the country—useful discoveries in science—attainments in literature and arts—all rewarded out of five-and-twenty pounds a week! What a humiliating satire apon pasting the science attainments of the gracious consideration of the apon national gratitude and the "gracious consideration of the

Are a Parliamentary paper just issued, which Mr. T. Dun-ombo man a Parliamentary paper just issued, which Mr. T. Duncombe moved for last session, we have the names of every person to whom pensions have been granted out of this principallowans. allowance since its first establishment. Among these names we find that of the widow of Colonel Gurwood, whose husband gave the world the Wellington Despatches—enriched with £500 a-year—and that of Lady Morgan, who has given the world mome of the worst books in it, rewarded with £300 a-year.—

Again—the late Sir Johu Newport, who had held, for half a century, profitable appointments under the Control of the second of t century, profitable appointments under the Crown—has £1,000 a-year; while Mrs. Banim, the wife of a man of genius, stricken with insanity, and she and her daughter on the point of being left utterly destitute by his death, is made happy for life with £40 a-year. A long list of similar contrasts might be produced, in which we hardly know whether more to admire the munificence of Parliament in assigning so large a sum for such exalted cence of Parliament in assigning so large a sum for such exalted purposes, or the exceedingly benevolent discrimination which directed its distribution.

It is some consolation to know that it was under the auspices of a Whig Government this noble provision for genius, fidelity, and destitution was settled. We do trust, however, that the bitter bitter mockery will, ere long, be blotted out from the statutebook, and that a country which raises a yearly revenue of more than co than fifty millions, will not continue to assign only twelve hundred pounds for the reward of merit and the relief of distress.—

John Bull.

THE QUEEN'S VISIT TO SCOTLAND. - Our last number described the voyage of the royal squadron from the Isle of Wight, and its arrival in the Scottish waters on the 16th ult. at Loch Ryan. Upon entering the Clyde, the following day, the same demonstration been exhibited throughout the royal pitogress were shown by the American C. While her Majesty entered the river the American C. the American frigate Macedonian, which came over with food for the or the destitute Irish and Scotch, had her main and foremasts and bowsprits decorated with British colours, the United States ensign being at the gaff peak. She gave the Queen a royal salute of 21 guns. Her Majesty invited Commodore de Kay and his lady to visit her yacht on her return, but from some change in the ange in the arrangements of the royal squadron, the visit was at performed. Her Majesty and the royal party after having sited Inc. ed Inverary Castle, the Western Islands, and the most arkable spots on the lakes, retired to Ardverekie Lodge, the eat of the Marquis of Abercorn, on the 21st ult., where her esty is enjoying the delights of privacy, and Prince Albert pleasure of shooting, hunting, and deer-stalking. It is celed that at cted that the royal party will continue their stay in Scotland

The Harvest.—The food prospects of the country are the general topic of discussion, and we are warranted in assuring our readers that on the whole they are very promising. The potato disease, it is stated, is prevalent in Lancashire, and in other localities, and amongst them in Gloucester. As far as we can learn, however, it is of the most trifling character, and clearly not attributable to the causes which destroyed the crop last over the lake, lighted up every moment. In the intervals in this country, while fleets of ships grain laden have yet to arrive. With this store of food secured for us, and swelled by our own harvest, the failure of the potato crop would be little

felt, except as a loss of the luxury .- Gloucestershire Chronicle LIEUTENANT MUNRO. -It is understood upon good authority that the sentence upon this unfortunate gentleman will be rity that the sentence upon this unfortunate gentleman will be commuted to a years' imprisonment, of course mere detention, without any adjunct, and probably in the gaol of Newgate, where he is at present confined. As an additional proof of the estimation in which Lieut. Munro was held by those best acquainted with him, it may be stated that a noble and gallant marquis, who was examined as a witness on his behalf upon the rial, transmitted on the same afternoon on which he was tried a cheque for one hundred guineas .- Morning Paper.

WRITING UPON NEWSPAPERS.—An opinion has gone abroad that, by a recent Act of Parliament, marks or names may be written upon newspapers without subjecting them to postage. This, however, is a mistake; the old law in this respect is still in force, and no mark or writing of any kind is allowed either upon the paper or cover, except the name and address of the

With reference to the acceptance of the drafts of Prime Ward & Co., of New York, by Messrs. Overend & Gurney, it appears, from our enquiries, that the matter is at present under ssion, and the final decision has not yet been arrived at.

PRIZE-FIGHTING.—The Duke of Newcastle and the clergy and gentry residing in the vicinity of Worksop, have formed themselves into a society to suppress prize-fighting; that neighbourhood having lately become the daily theatre on which pugilistic encounters have been decided.

WESTMINSTER ABBEY .- Workmen are employed in pulling down the old houses opposite to the west front of Westminster Abbey, in order that the proposed new street from that point may be proceeded with without delay.

Commercial Advertiser, that the Britannia steamship had a narrow escape from shipwreck, having struck the rocks near Cape Race, Newfoundland:— Thursday, 16th Sept., 1847—Off Halifax.

The undersigned, passengers in the Britannia, feel that it will be expected of them to make some public expression in regard to the dangerous accident which has befallen them during the voyage which is just drawing to a close. They have therefore prepared the following statement, which they believe to embrace all that is necessary to a right understanding of the case, and to a just appreciation of the conduct of all concerned. The steamer Britannia left Liverpool on the 4th of September at a close a remaind laying sujored nine days of general ber, at 4 o'clock, P.M., and having enjoyed nine days of generally clear weather, was found in lat. 48, lon. 45, 51, on the

supposed to be about 304 miles. At daybreak on the 14th the steamer encountered a dense fog, which continued during the day and night. Wind light. The sea, by no means rough in the morning, became sensibly smoother and smoother as the day advanced, and the steamer proceeded steadily on at the rate, as shown by the log, of from  $9\frac{1}{2}$  to  $10\frac{1}{2}$  miles the hour. There was of course no possibility a portion of those 100,000f., is likewise unworthy. Nobility of taking an observation during the continuance of the fog, liges the execution of none but noble actions; and on this bject the new Chevaliers are of the same opinion as the antient."

All this is sheer republican spleen, engendered by a hatred the aristocracy. To argue upon level content the same opinion as the antithe aristocracy. To argue upon level content the same opinion as the same opinion as the dark of the dead reckoning of the captain gave lat. 46 50, lon. 51 51, and the run of the previous twenty-four hours was set down

> Our distance from Cape Race was still supposed to be about 54 miles. Many expressions of anxiety were interchanged among some of the passengers at so close an approach to land as was indicated by these figures, in such thick weather, but the captain expressed entire confidence that we should pass quite clear of Cape Race, in the course of the afternoon. He expressed also, what all concurred in, the extreme desirableness of making the land before the night set in.

At a few minutes after six o'clock, P.M., the steamer struck the shore, and the rocky headland, believed to be between Cape Race and Cape Ballard, was seen within a hundred yards of

Captain Harrison was at his post, on the larboard paddle-box,

lifax, under circumstances which gave the passengers every assurance of safety of which the case admitted. The promptness and skill of Captain Harrison in thus extricating the ship from her perilous position, as well as his uniform courtesy and untiring devotion to his duties during the whole voyage, have won from us all our kindest feelings towards him as a man and our confidence in him as a commander.

The undersigned cannot conclude without an expression of their gratitude to God for so signal a preservation under circumstances of so much peril. Had the accident taken place at night—had it happened during the violent winds which belong to this season of the year—had the ship even touched the ground a few rods on either side of the precise point on which she struck, the entire immunity from loss of life and property, in

which we now rejoice, could not have been experience While, therefore, we would do full justice to the human agen-cies which were exerted in our behalf, we would not forget how eminently it is of God's goodness that we are all here at this hour to give an account of the dangers to which we have been

Signed by sixty-five passengers.] The Britannia has since been taken to New York for repair.

ITALY. The following are extracts from a letter dated Rome, July 17:—"Last evening the greatest agitation prevailed in Rome. Numerous groups formed themselves in and around the coffeeoular orators ascended the tables and harangued the houses; popular orators ascended the tables and harangued the crowd; but I must remark that everything was done without exaggeration, with calmness and sang froid. The people would have torn down the arms of the Austrian Ambassador, which surmount the gate of the Palace of Venice, had not the chiefs of the liberal party prevented them. No disorder occurred, and this is, in my opinion, the surest indication of the danger of the circumstances. Numerous lists were circulated in every direcion, the surest indication of the danger of the tion, calling on the citizens to enlist for the defence of the country, and to march to the frontier with the authorisation of the Government at the first notice. Those lists were in an instant covered with signatures. Sagacious men regard the present conduct of Austria as highly imprudent. The excessive kindness, the immense charity of Pius IX., may have at first induced a belief that he wanted energy; but it should not be forgotten that he belongs to the ancient family of the Counts Mastai-Ferretti, of Sinigaglia, and that he possesses all the courage of an old nobleman. It is said that on learning the occupation of Ferrara the Holy Father exclaimed, 'I will enter a new protest, and if that does not suffice I will excommunicate the Austrians. Should this course likewise be unavailable, I will mount my horse, place myself at the head of my people, and 2,000,000 of Christians will respond to my appeal.' I cannot pledge myself for the accuracy of these words, but I can assure you that the Pope is very capable of speaking and acting thus. To-day at noon about 6,000 received. thus. To-day at noon, about 6,000 young men had entered into a written engagement to fly to the defence of the country, but the Government deemed it expedient to suppress these lists, in order to prove that if it does not check the noble ard or of the citizens, it wishes at least that prudence should preside at all its determinations."

## Colonial.

TORONTO CONSUMERS' GAS LIGHT COMPANY .- At the adjourned Meeting of Gas consumers, held at the North American Hotel, the Report of the Committee appointed at a former Meeting was unanimously adopted. £5000 of stock has already been subscribed for, and the parties interested seem sanguine in their expectations of being able to supply the City with good, pure gas, at a much more reasonable price than what is demanded by the old Company—which is at the rate of 25s. per 1000 cubic feet, whilst the price in England is only from 3s. 6d. to 6s. sterling per 1000 feet.

THE WEATHER.—On Friday and Saturday last, the temerature was very variable and alternating every few hours.— The sudden changes were but the prelude to the terrible storm experienced here, and to the north of the city on Sunday even-Throughout the day, the clouds driven by the current rest the earth, were borne from E.S.E. to W.N.W., while another current at a higher elevation was dragging them in very nearly the opposite direction. The day was fine until sunset, but it had scarcely fallen, when there were visible indi-

actions or presages of the coming storm.

At 6 o'clock it first showed itself on the North West of Richmond Hill, sweeping to the opposite point of the compass. The lightning was occasionally of a diffused and then of a forked character; scarcely had this passed than the back ground of the horizon was lighted up with a pale blue, and in the centre would be noticed the electric fluid ascending spirally, until lost in the cloud from which the ordinary observer would have supposed it had proceeded. After crossing the Yonge-street road, it took a south-westerly direction for many miles, but according to "the law of storms," or obeying some law of attraction, which we very frankly confess we are not competent to explain, the course of the storm was changed from south-west to north-east, by which it crossed, and in short was drawn

completely around the city—lasting some hours.

The barn of Mr. Foy, near the Cemetery, was struck and boards torn therefrom, but not set on fire; from this it passed to a pig stye near, killing six of seven pigs enclosed therein.—

not attributable to the causes which destroyed the crop last year. It turns out that there is a vast accumulation of grain that followed the brighter flashes (at about half-past eight,) a lurid light was clearly distinguishable in the direction of Port
Dalhousie, and although in a measure eclipsed by the vivid
flashes, yet it was not lost to the naked eye for a long period.

We trust our friends in that direction have not suffered from

the calamity of fire, which the appearance indicated to observers hose - British Colonist.

The Quebec Gazette notices the arrival in Montreal of Messrs. Leyoden and Colonel Calvert, the inventors of the nfecting fluid which has created some excitement in London, or to use our contemporary's phraseology "about which so much fuss has been made." There have been as probably our readers are aware, other

There have been as probably our readers are aware, other inventions of a similar kind which are now subjected to experimental tests at the Immigrant Station, Gross Isle. Among others that of Sir W. Burnett has attracted the attention of the medical faculty. Dr. Stratton has favoured us with a list of directions for its use, from which we gather that for the purification of Sick Rooms, Hospitals, Workhouses, Factories, Fever Wards, Clothes and Linen, the prevention of communication of infectious disease; the disinfection of dead bodies; the purification of anartments preparatory to medical or judicial purification of apartments preparatory to medical or judicial inquiries; the arrest of decomposition, &c., the fluid is used in a solution of water in the proportion of 1 to 40; while for the disinfection of cesspools; the purification of stables; the sweet-ening of casks and tubs; the destruction of canker or fungus in trees; the extirpation of vermin and the purification of bilge water, &c., the solution is in each case used in the proportion

The fluid is supplied in imperial quart bottles, and is, we ap ehend, to be obtained from the druggists in this city.

Having received the approval of the imperial and military and naval authorities, we may fairly assume that it is an invention claiming the attention of Canadians, now that there is so uch sickness in the Province.—British Colonist.

Indisposition of Bishop Power.—Among those suffering from fever of a typhoid character, it is our painful duty to mention the name of the esteemed Roman Catholic Bishop, the Right Rev. Dr. Power. It is not only those who have benepeople on the advantages of a religious education, which was rell received.

It will be seen by the following extracts from the New York Commercial Advertiser, that the Britannia steamship had a charitable bearing and uniform courtesy and kindness.—Ibid.

THE INDIAN DEPARTMENT .- The Chief Superintendant of Indian affairs has left our own good city and taken up his residence in Cobourg, where those having business with the departneut of which Major Anderson is the head should direct their ommunications.— Ib.

The Superintendent of the Widow's and Orphan's Asylum hankfully acknowledges the receipt of the following articles for use of that institution:

R. H. Brett, Esq., 2 bags flour; H. Boulton, Esq., 3 barrels

flour; the Lady of Rev. Dr. McCaul, sundry articles of clothing; the lady of Rev. Dr. Beaven, sundry articles of clothing; the lady of Hon. W. H. Draper, sundry articles of clothing; Messrs. McKeand, Patterson & Co., two pieces printed calico; 13th instant, at noon; the distance from Cape Race was then Dr. Thompson, a dinner of potatoes for the establishment.

BUILDING SOCIETIES .- We perceive that there are now putte a number of Building Societies in existence and in active peration in this Province, and that the amount of bonuses given, average as high, and in many cases higher, than the warmest advocates of these Societies anticipated. At the last eeting of the Newcastle District Society two shares were disposed of at 46 and 47 per cent. bonus. At Woodstock the amount of bonuses reached 52 and 53 per cent. At St. Catherines the average premium given for the last six months was  $43\frac{1}{2}$  per cent. At the last loan meeting of the Toronto Society ten shares were sold at an average bonus  $37\frac{1}{4}$  per cent. The stock of this latter society is in demand at a premium. - Hum Yesterday the new iron steamer Magnet left this port fo

Kingston, having on board the 81st Regt., now on its way to England. The Magnet will go through to Lachine, we understand, and it is believed that the Governor General and the ander of the Forces will take the opportunity of returning in her, to make their long promised visit to the Upper Province

—Niagara Chronicle, 24th Sept.

LIBEL.—The case of libel—Col. Gugy v. the Montreal Herald—has terminated in favour of the former. DIED at Waterloo, C. W., on the 11th ult., the Rev. Samuel Young, of New York, aged 41, leaving a widow and eight chil-

Captain Harrison was at his post, on the larboard paddle-box, when the accident occurred. He had remained in that neighbourhood while the passengers were at dinner, and had united, during the afternoon, with the officers of the ship, and with the appointed watch, in looking out for land; but the thickness of the fog was such that the land was seen hardly an instant before the ship was upon it, and the prompt orders to "stop her" were too late.

The undersigned cardially unite in hearing testimony to the The deceased had caught the prevailing epidemic in The undersigned cordially unite in bearing testimony to the coolness, presence of mind, and good judgment displayed by Captain Harrison and his officers and men at this critical moment. In less than half an hour from the time when the accident of the save holder, whose emissaries he met there, and to whom he boldly avowed the part he had taken in rescuing the slave. At the desire of his friend and attendant during sickness, the Rev. Hiram Wilson, his body was interred at Wellesley among his coloured breather than the same of the saveholder, whose emissaries he met there, and to whom he boldly avowed the part he had taken in rescuing the slaveholder, whose emissaries he met there, and to whom he boldly avowed the part he had taken in rescuing the slave. At the desire of his friend and attendant during sickness, the Rev. Hiram Wilson, his body was interred at Wellesley among his coloured bre-

TORONTO MARKETS, September 30.—Wheat, per 60 lbs. prime, 4s. @ 4s. 3d.; do. do. second, 3s. 6d. to 3s. 9d.; Oats, per 34lbs, is. 3d. @ 1s. 6d.; Barley, per 48lbs, 2s. 3d. @ 2s. 6d.; Peus, 2s. @ 2s. 3d.; Flour, superfine, per brl., 25s.; do. 6ne, 22s. 6d.; Becf, per lb., 2d. @ 3\frac{1}{2}d. @ 3\frac{1}{2}d. go. per 100 lbs., 12s. 6d. @ 20s.; Pork, per lb. 3d. @ 3\frac{1}{2}d. do. per 100 lbs., 12s. 6d. @ 20s.; Pork, per lb. 3d. @ 3\frac{1}{2}d.; do. per 100 lbs., 15s. @ 18s. 9d.; Hams, 41s. 3d. @ 46s. 3d.; Bacton 36s. 6d. @ 46s. ld.; Potatoes, per bushel, 1s. 8d. @ 2s. 6d.; Butter, fresh, per lb. 8d. @ 10d.; do. salt, do. 5\frac{1}{2}d. @ 6\frac{1}{2}d.; Cheese, do. 4\frac{1}{2}d. @ 6d.; Lard, do. 5d. @ 6d.; Eggs, per doz., 6d. to 7\frac{1}{2}d.; Turkeys, each, 2s. 6d. @ 3s. 9d.; Fowls, per pair, 1s. 6d. @ 1s. 8d.; Apples, per barrel, 5s. @ 7s. 6d.: Plums, per peck, 2s. to 3s.; Peaches do. 2s. 6d. to 5s.; Straw, per ton, 25s. @ 30s.; Hay, do. 35s. to 45s.; Fire Wood, per cord, 11s. 3d to 13s. 9d.; Bread, per 4 lb. loaf, 5d. to 6d.

Midland Clerical Association.

The members of this Association are respectfully reminded, that the next meeting is appointed to be held (D.V.) at Picton, on Wednesday the 20th, and Thursday the 21st, of October SALTERN GIVINS, Secretary. Mohawk Parsonage, 27th Sept. 1847.

THE QUARTERLY MEETING of the Committee of the Midand and Victoria District branch of the Church Society, will be held at Kingston, on Tuesday, October the 5th, 1847, at 3

T. H. M. BARTLETT, Secretary. Kingston, Sept. 17, 1847.

DOCTOR O'BRIEN Has Removed to 27, Bay Street, SECOND DOOR ABOVE WELLINGTON STREET,

Toronto, Sept. 23, 1847. MR. ROWSELL begs leave to announce, that be

HOLLOWAY'S ENGRAVINGS, FROM THE CARTOONS OF RAPHAEL, At Hampton Court Palace.

This, Work, undertaken by Thomas Holloway, Esquire, This, Work, undertaken by Thomas Inductively. Esquire, Historical Engraver to King George III, by the express desire, and continued under the unceasing personal inspection and auspices of His Majesty, has been lately completed by Mr. H.'s nephews and pupils, Thomas S. Webb and Richard Slunn, Esquires, Historical Engravers to the Queen.

To the admiration of the Sovereigns of Europe, and principa Nobility and Gentry of that Continent, and of the United Kingdom, may be added the unqualified opinion of the most eminent Artists that this work, exclusively of the peculiar merit and interest of the subjects, is the finest specimen of line

engraving in the world.

They were published at 70 Guineas Sterling, but owing to the facilities of Electrotyping, whereby copies are multiplied without injury to the original plates, the price of the Set on India Paper, including the Seven Cartoons and a finely engraved Portrait of RAPHAEL by the same Artists, is reduced to £19. Currency; or for Prints on plain paper, £13. 13s. Cur'cy.
They may be examined at the residence of Mr. Ballachey, near Brantford; and at the Store of the Subscriber. HENRY ROWSELL, King Street, Toronto

1st October, 1847. WINTER COSTUME.

BETLEY & KAY

OST respectfully announce to their Customers and the Public generally, the daily arrival of their FALL IMPORTATIONS, consisting of every thing suitable for They have likewise to intimate the opening, for the Season,

Millinery and Bonnet Room,

Which will be on Thursday, the 7th of October, when they will submit for Inspection the Largest Collection and Newest Styles, Shapes, Shades, and Materials in Bounets, Caps, Cloaks, Mantles, Feathers, Flowers, &c., carefully selected by their Milliner in the first Paris Houses in New York, and also from the most Fashionable French Houses in London. The universal feeling of satisfaction expressed to B. & K. throughout the Summer, has induced them to enter into this Branch in a much larger scale than in the Spring, and the ns that will now be brought forward, they are confident Toronto, 29th September, 1847.

NEW GOODS. TUST RECEIVED, an extensive and superior assortment of Glass, China, and Earthenware, (at moderate prices) WHOLESALE and RATAIL. WM. HARRIS,

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Se is permitted to refer to Mr. Champion, at the Church

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Toronto, Sept. 20, 1847.

Wants a Situation.

YOUNG FEMALE who has had the charge of a A YOUNG FEMALE who has had the energe of a Government School and can be well recommended, is desirous of procuring the situation of Governess to young Children, or, Companion to an elderly Lady. She would be willing to make herself generally useful in any family who might engage her. Salary not so much an object as a comfortable home. Application to be made at the office of this Paper. tf

BOARDING.

MRS. BURKE respectfully informs the Parents of Pupils attending King's College, that she can accommodate SIX Young Gentlemen as FAMILY BOARDERS.—Her house is situated near to the College. Reference permitted to the LORD BISHOP OF TORONTO. Bishop's Buildings, Adelaide Street, Toronto, Sept. 16, 1847.

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A PRIVATE FAMILY, residing in a healthy part of the City, will receive, as BOARDERS, Two Collegtans, under 15 years of age. Application, post-paid, to be made to THOMAS CHAMPION, Esq., at the Office of this Paper.

Toronto, Sept. 15, 1847.

A CARD. MRS. GOUINLOCK respectfully informs her Friends and the Public, that she has resumed the instruction of Young Ladies, in French, Music, and the usual English TERMS PER QUARTER:

English Branches-the Writing and Arithmetic taught by Mr. G., Junior - - £1 0 0
Ditto, with French - - - 2 0 0
Ditto, with French and Music - - 3 10 0 115, Richmond Street West, { Toronto, Sep. 6, 1847.

WANTS A SITUATION, A TEACHER of long experience, and qualified to TEACH AN ENGLISH SCHOOL, or would attend as BOCK-KEEPER, TRAVELLER, or SALESMAN. Testimonials of character from the Lower Provinces. If by letter, address to D. M., Toronto Post Office, Box 200.

NOTICE. AT a Special Meeting of the Board of Directors to the "TORONTO BUILDING SOCIETY," held on Saturday, the 3rd July, 1847: ORDERED-That parties subscribing for Shares in the

"TORONTO BUILDING SOCIETY," are required to pay, in addition to the back Instalments and Fees, a Premium of Three Pounds and Ten Shillings per Share, after this date.

By Order, W. C. ROSS, Secretary and Treasures

Toronto, July 5, 1847.

Upper Canada College. THE MIDSUMMER VACATION will END on SEP-TEMBER 28, 1847. TERMS:

 

 Day Scholars.

 £ e. d.

 Preparatory Form - - - 6 0 0 per annum.

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 College Form- - -Bearders. Preparatory Form - - - 30 16 0 per annun College Form - - - 33 16 0 " Optional Branches-(Extra.) Hebrew or German- - - 1 5 0 per qua Ornamental Drawing - 1 0 0
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Upper Canada College, ] Sept. 6, 1847. King's College, Toronto.

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Theory & Practice of Medicine. S. Eng., Materia Medica & Pharmacy. H. SULLIVAN, M. R. C. S., Practical Anatomy. Eng.,

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G. HERRICK, M. D. and Children. The Fee is £2 10s. per Course of six months, or £4 Perpetual. FACULTY OF LAW.

FACULTY OF DIVINITY. Rev. J. BEAVEN, D. D. Divinity.

J. M. HIRSCHPELDER, Esq., Hebrew. The Fee for each is £2 per Term.

The Courses on the above subjects are to be commenced on MONDAY, October 25th; except that on Experimental Philosophy, which will be delivered during Easter Term, 1848.

EXAMINATIONS .- MICHAELMAS TERM, 1847:

October 8 and 9-Private for admission.
October 11 to 14-For University, U. C. College, and District Scholarships, and for admission.

October 15 and 16-For Jameson Medal. October 18 to 23- For Degrees of B. C. L. and B. A., and for

October 18 to 23 — For Degrees of B. C. L. and B. A., and to Wellington Scholarship.

The Candidates for U. C. College and District Scholarships are required to lodge the necessary Certificates in the Registrar's Office, on or before September 27. Thursday, October 28, is appointed for admission to Degrees, and for Matriculation of Students.

King's College, H. BOYS, M. D., Registrar.

Toronto, August, 1847. OPENING OF THE NORMAL SCHOOL. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the NORMAL SCHOOL for Upper Canada, will be opened in the late Government House, at TORONTO, on MONDAY, the

FIRST DAY of NOVEMBER next.

Application for Admission to the School, to be addressed to the Chief Superintendent of Schools Toronto. By order order of the Board of Education J. GEORGE HODGINS,

Education Office, Toronto, 3rd Sept., 1847.

PROFITABLE INVESTMENT.

PERSON, at present carrying on an extensive and profitable business as a STORE-KEEPER, in one of the flourishing INLAND TOWNS IN CANADA WEST, desirous, private reasons, to retire from business, offers for sale, on advantageous terms, the STOCK OF GOODS on hand, sting of the usual variety kept in Country Stores, together.

In St. Peter's Church, Cobourg, on Friday, the 17th ult., by the Rev. J. B. Worrell, Assistant Minister, Mr. Stephen Brown, to Miss Sarah Jeckell, all of Cobourg.

At Trinity Church, Chippawa, on Wednesday last, by the Rev. William Leeming, James H. Cummings, Esq., son of James Cummings, Esq., M.P.P., to Caroline, third daughter of the late Samuel Street, Esq.

In St. James's Church, Cobourg, on Friday, the 17th ult., by the Rev. J. B. Worrell, Assistant Minister, Mr. Stephen Brown, to Miss Sarah Jeckell, all of Cobourg.

At Trinity Church, Chippawa, on Wednesday last, by the Rev. William Leeming, James H. Cummings, Esq., son of James Cummings, Esq., M.P.P., to Caroline, third daughter of the late Samuel Street, Esq.

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consisting of the usual variety kept in Country Stores, together

THIRTEENTH LOAN MEETING. THE THIRTEENTH LOAN MEETING will take place at the MECHANICS' INSTITUTE, on MON-DAY EVENING, the 4th of October, 1847, at Seven o'clock, P.M., when the Directors will proceed to Lend or Advance One Thousand Pounds of the Funds of the Society, which will Rev. A. F. Atkinson (no charge); Rev. C. I be put up to competition in single sums of £100, and in manner already provided for by them.

The Secretary will be in attendance at Six o'clock, to receive the FIFTEENTH INSTALMENT then due, and to allow Members in arrear to pay up.

allow Members in arrear to pay up.

By Order of the Board, W. C. ROSS. Secretary and Treasurer. CASH FOR RAGS.

THE Subscribers will pay 3\(\frac{1}{2}\) dollars per hundred weight, in CASH, for Linen, Cotton, and Moleskin RAGS, delivered at the Toronto Paper Mills, on the River Don. JOHN TAYLOR & BROTHERS.

NOTICE Of the Common Council of the City of Toronto, published in compliance with the 13th Section of the Act of the Leyislature, 9th Victoria, chap. 70.

NOTICE 18 HEREBY GIVEN, that it is the intention of the Common Council of the City of Toronto, to pass aur Act to authorise the opening of Colborne Street, from its present termination, West of Church Street, until it intersects the eastern boundry of Yonge Street.

Published by Order of the Council.

CHARLES DALY, C. C. C. Toronto, August 25th, 1847.

NEW HARDWARE ESTABLISHMENT, No. 44, King Street Bast,

THE Subscriber would respectfully inform the inhabitants of Toronto and its vicinity, that he has just opened, in the above line of business, at No. 44, KING STREET EAST, CORNER OF POST OFFICE LANE, (in the premises lately occupied by Messrs. D. & W. Kissock, Grocers), where he offers TORONTO.

to the public, at WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, A general assortment of Hardware, Of the latest Styles and of the best Patterns.

His Stock being imported direct from Sheffield, Birmingham, Wolverhampton, and New York, he is prepared to sell at the lowest prices, and on the best terms. Amongst his Stock will English, Banks, and Swedes Iron. Cast Steel, Blister, Spring and German ditto. Copper, Tin, Canada Plates, and Sheet Iron.

Bar Lead, Sheet ditto, Grain Tin and Zinc. Anvils, Vices, Sledges, and Hammers. Chains, Nails, and Spikes. Hand, Cross cut, Circular, and Philadelphia Saws. Joiners' and Carpenters' Tools. Shoemakers' and Saddlers' Tools. Saddlery Mountings and Carriage Trimmings. Patent Axles and Patent Leather. Spades, Shovels, Forks, Hoes, and Ploughs.

Cooking Stoves, Parlour, Dundee, and Three Rivers ditto. Hollow Ware, Tea Kettles, Sauce Pans, Enamelled and Tinned Stew Pans and Grid Irons. -ALSO:-Genuine Silver Spoons, Plated and German Silver ditto, Plated
Waiters and Baskets, Plated Coffee Service, Britannia
and White Metal ditto, best Tea Trays, Patent Dish
Covers, Fenders, Fire Irons, &c. &c.
All of which he offers at the LOWEST PRICES, and trusts, by

the public patronage. T. HAWORTH. Toronto, 26th August, 1847.

MISS MACNALLY BEGS to announce, that in connection with her Sisters, by whom she is assisted, she opened her SEMINARY FOR

Young Ladies, on the 16th of August, 1847. MISS M'N. has had many years' experience as a finishing Teacher, and begs to state, in reference to her qualifications, that she has obtained introductory letters from the Rev. Dr. Singer, Senior Fellow of Trinity College, Dublin; the Rev. Robert James McGhee, Rector of Holywell and Nudingworth, Huntingdonshire; Sir Philip Crampton, Bart., and several eminent persons of Learning and distinction, whose daughters she has educated, bearing testimony to her capability and the structures and to her values attention to the advance. as an instructress, and to her zealous attention to the advan ment of her pupils.

The plan of education which Miss M'N. pursues, is based young Ladies entrusted to her care will enjoy the advantage of being at all times under her immediate superintendence, or that of her Sisters, who having been early accustomed to the tuition of Young Persons, will feel happy in devoting their time exclusively to their impresentation. Pupils studying Italian, German and French, will have the

advantage of frequent concertation in those languages; and to facilitate an attainment which is now felt to be indispensable, a class for the exclusive purpose of practice in French speaking will be held twice in the week. They will also have access to a well assorted library, which comprises the most approved modera publications in English, and the continental languages, with which, as also the globes, MISS M'N. has taken care to provide

Separate hours and apartments will be allotted to the various branches of study, by which method the rapid progress of ale papil in each department is secured. TBRMS: ....£1 15 French Language

Italian Piano Forte and Thorough Bass Geography, History, Astronomy, and Use of Globes ... Fancy Works English Language, Writing, Arithmetic & Plain Work 1 Board, including the last-mentioned acquirements ... Use of Piano ... ... Washing ... Washing

Each Young Lady to provide her own bedding and blankets, two counterpanes, two toilets, six towels, two pair of sheets, and a silver fork and spoon.

Number of Boarders limited to twelve. Payments to be made quarterly, and in advance. A quarter's notice to be given previous to the removal of a

Miss M'N. purposes forming a private class for tuition in the French, Italian and German Languages, to which last branch of study she has devoted peculiar attention, and is authoress of an improved German Grammar, now extensively used.

Her Sister will be happy to give Private Lessons in Drawing, neluding Pencil and Water Colours, Landscape and Figure. REFERENCES:

THE HON. & RT. REV. THE LORD BISHOT OF TORONTO. THE REV. DR. McCAUL, Vice-President, K. C. W. A. BALDWIN, Esq. THE REV, D. E. BLAKE. Rector of Thornhill. WILLIAM HUME BLAKE, Esq. REV. B. CRONYN, Rector of London.

36, WELLINGTON STREET WEST, Next door to the Residence of the late Judge Hagerman.

524 Toronto, August, 1847.

The following letter from Rev. HENRY WOOD, of Concord, N. H., editor of the Congregational Journal, a religious newspaper of a high character, speaks volumes in favor of the good qualities of Wistar's Balsam:

Concord, N. H., Match 2, 1848 high character, speaks volumes in favor of the good qualities of Wistar's Balsan:

Concord, N. H., March 2, 1846.

Mr. S. W. Fowes,—Dear Shr: Two years ago the past winter, a sudden and violent attack upon my longs by exposure to cold, confined me to my room and bed for several weeks; and when I recovered I was so much oppressed by difficulty in breathing, that I was incapal ble of rapid walking and violent exercise, and often was unable to sleep or rest upon a bed by night. The suffering was frequently extreme, and judging from the inefficacy of the remedies used, I supposed the disease incurable. Being persuaded to try a bottle of Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, without the least confidence in its efficacy or that of any other prescription, no one can fully understand my surprise and joy, when I found the difficulty almost entirely removed before one bottle was used up. Having a mortal aversion to medicina, and seldom using it in any form, nothing but sympathy with my fellow sufferers induces me to make this public statement, and recommend the article to others similarly afflicted. With respect, yours truly,

None genuine, unless signed I. BUTTS on the wrapper.

For Sale, Wholesale and Retail, by LYMAN, KNEESHAW & Co., and ROBERT LOVE, Toronto; also, by Druggists generally.

BIRTH.

In Dundas, on the morning of the 28th ult., Mrs. J. B. Ewart, of a son: On Thursday, the 23rd ult., the wife of the Rev. G. M. Armstrong, Louth, of a son. MARRIED.

On Wednesday, the 29th ult., in St. James's Church, Dundas, by the Rev. William McMurray, M.A., Rector of Aneaster, Benjamin Babington, Esq., to Eliza Jane, daughter of the late Manuel Overfield, Esq.
In St. Peter's Church, Cobourg. on Friday, the 17th ult., by

Miss Ellen Beamish, of the township of Portland.

DIED. At Mono, on the 12th Sept., Mrs. Ketchum, wife of Senece In Niagara, on Sunday morning last, after a long and painful illness, A. G. Lorn Fortye, Esq., Ensign Royal Canadian Rifle

Regiment, aged 17 years. On the 20th ult., at Bishopsgate, near Windsor, Colonel Sir Henry George Macleod, K.H., late Governor of the Island of

"A Churchman" and "Tallis" have been received, and will Our usual " Monthly Review" has been prepared, and is in

be reserved for future insertion. surer. type, but we are compelled, by our large supply of news, to, 531-2 postpone it to next week.

s' Church