

symptoms; there was frequent and persistent vomiting, at times of a large quantity of clear watery fluid; there was constant pain, which ceased a few days before death. The pylorus was greatly narrowed, and surrounded by a hard, firm, nodular mass, and the liver had some firm yellowish masses scattered through its substance; the stomach was greatly dilated. The specimen was exhibited.

Dr. OLDRIGHT reported a case of triplets—two females and a male. Two of the placentas were united; the third was merely attached by its membranes.

Dr. COVERNTON presented a drawing of an intestinal diverticle and obstruction from an old man, who, during treatment for fracture of the thigh, was seized with colic. Abdomen became tender in the right iliac region, and swollen; the swelling afterwards extending over the whole abdomen. Vomiting set in on the third day; on the fourth day the rectum was explored manually with a negative result; on the fifth day a large injection of warm water was made through the tube of a stomach pump inserted high into the rectum; some few small pieces of fecal matter came away, and a second similar injection was ordered and given, but without benefit. The patient died on the evening of the fifth day. At the autopsy, the ileum was greatly distended; there were no signs of peritonitis. About the lower fifth of the ileum was found a piece about six inches long, constricted so as to barely admit the tip of the little finger, and overhanging this was a dilated portion of the gut, or diverticle. The intestine, after passing this constricted portion, became again distended. The remaining parts were healthy.

Drs. Cameron, Graham and Riddel took part in the discussion on this case.

Dr. WILSON, of Stouffville, related a case of dislocation of the ulna outwards, leaving the radius in place, caused by a fall from a load of wood. Reduction was effected under chloroform by seizing the ulna and drawing it backwards and inwards.

Dr. BURNS insisted upon the efficacy of applications of strong brine to the local eruption caused by *Rhus toxicodendron*, and illustrated

by drawings a ready method of recognizing the poisonous plant.

The meeting then adjourned.

*Oct. 21.*—The meeting was called to order at 8.20. Dr. Oldright in the chair. The minutes were read and confirmed. Dr. Sheard was elected a member of the Society.

Dr. CAMERON exhibited a placenta which had undergone calcareous degeneration.

Dr. RIDDEL exhibited some portions of a cancerous liver, with a large gall stone, which had been found lying in an indentation on the under surface of the liver. Dr. Riddel also related the history of a case of dislocation of the head of the radius, which he had reduced four weeks after the injury, with a good result; after reduction the limb was kept extended, hanging by the side of the body. Dr. Riddel, before undertaking the treatment of the case, caused the father of the boy to sign a document absolving the doctor from all action for malpractice, &c.

Drs. Carrol, Cameron and Canniff took part in the discussion which ensued.

Dr. GRAHAM then related a case of cancer of the stomach, in which the patient had vomited some cranberries eight months after ingestion, exhibiting some of the berries.

Dr. CAMERON detailed a case of irritant poisoning caused by a lobster supper, and asked the proper treatment to be pursued; he had given sulphurous acid.

Dr. OLDRIGHT reported the sudden death of a woman who for two or three days had been suffering from severe abdominal pains. The post-mortem gave no clue to the cause of death.

Dr. GRAHAM then read the histories of two cases of sclerosis. The first, A. H., sixty-seven years of age, with a good family history; disease began nine years ago with weakness in the legs; then pains in the legs and arms; had paralysis after an attack of nervous fever; this disappeared; peculiar gait in walking; slow articulation; eyes prominent; pupils contracted; has suffered from diplopia; tendon reflex well marked.

M. P., forty-five, farmer, good family history; has had rheumatism; disease began four years ago, after erysipelas of the face, with shooting