

The Schofield Woolen Co., Ltd., Oshawa, is installing some new machinery, and will put a line of fleece lined underwear on the market.

Octave Garriety, Lachevrotiere, Que., is rebuilding the dam and improving the water power of his plant. The present dam was built 46 years ago.

F. H. Doyle, designer of the Richelieu Woolen Mills, Chambly, Que., has taken the position of boss weaver for Doughty & Hughton, Arnprior, Ont.

The Sarnia Woolen Mills Co. has recently had installed an electric bell system throughout the mill to call the foreman to the various parts of the building where he may be needed.

The Empire Carpet Co., St. Catharines, is now running full time in its new premises, which have been much altered and improved since they were occupied by the McMillan & Haynes' saw works.

The Narrows of the Tobique River, Andover, N.B., have been surveyed recently by C. LeBaron Miles, C.E., assisted by Edmund Miles and John E. Stewart in connection with the proposed pulp mill; and an hydraulic engineer named Grover, from Oregon, Me., has examined the water power.

J. Matchett and J. Ironside Thomson have gone into business as manufacturers' agents and wool dealers as the Foreign and Canadian Manufacturers' Agency, Traders' Bank Chambers, Toronto. The new firm announces that it will sell to the wholesale trade and to the leading retailers throughout the country.

A. McGregor, J. Walsh and J. Auty, Guelph, Ont., have organized a company to be known as the Standard Carpet Company of Guelph. The premises formerly occupied by McPherson Bros., Norfolk and Northumberland streets, have been leased, and the intention is to manufacture all kinds of ingrain carpet.

The name of the Talbot Brussels Carpet Co., Ltd., has been changed by order-in-council to the Dominion Brussels Carpet Co., Ltd., the chief place of business being Sherbrooke, Que., instead of Montreal, and the capital reduced from \$200,000 to \$100,000. The company expects to have its factory in Sherbrooke in operation in a short time.

A writ has been issued in proceedings to take accounts on behalf of George and H. L. Heath against J. W. Hart, George Paget and the Sturgeon Falls Pulp Co. This concern, formerly an Ontario affair, was bought out by London capitalists. The plaintiffs are shareholders, and they are taking proceedings to find out all about the transaction, how much was paid and what each shareholder received.

The mills of the Boas Mfg. Co., St. Hyacinthe, Que., have been leased by B. Stevens of the Western Loan & Mortgage Co., Montreal, and President Duseault of the Bank of St. Hyacinthe. It is understood that a joint stock company will be organized to operate the mills, and it is said that Vice-President Cannon of the First National Bank, New York, will put \$200,000 into the new company.

Louis Simpson, of the Dominion Cotton Mills at Valleyfield, Que., has been committed to stand his trial by Recorder Papneau of that place, for alleged infraction of Article 126, paragraphs B. F., Criminal Code, for having on the 30th of March last offered Urgel St. Onge, a member of the Town Council of Valleyfield, a commission of 10 per cent. upon the price of sale of a piece of land which Simpson wanted to sell to the corporation for the erection of a fire and police station for \$4,000, a portion of which land was so sold to the corporation on May 13th last.

The strike among the T. Eaton Co.'s cloak makers, Toronto, is attracting very little attention. The newspapers give

little or no information on the subject because, the strikers claim, their advertising columns would suffer, or because, the newspapers allege, the strikers themselves refuse information and exclude reporters from their meetings. They have issued a circular in which they print windy statements about tyranny, etc., of the employer, but carefully refrain from a statement of prices paid which might enable an intelligent grasp of their grievances to be made.

On June 19th the weavers in the Brodie mills, Hespeler, Ont., numbering nearly 200, went on strike over fines inflicted for darning their cloth, which work was performed by girls whose pay was deducted from the weavers' wages. The weavers were willing to bear half the cost of darning. The whole mill was closed down while some repairs were made, and in ten days' time the weavers compromised, the firm offering to pay one-quarter of the darning, and work was resumed.

Walter Miller, manager of Miller Bros' paper mill at Glen Miller, Ont., has bought the mills and water power lately owned by the Sills Bros., Frankford, Ont. There is a large force of men engaged in deepening the channel, building the dam and rebuilding the mill. The equipment consists of six first-class water wheels developing 2,000 h.p. Paper machine (board) 112 inches wide with all modern improvements; three beaters, largest size; two large globe rotary boilers, one pulp grinder largest size. It is expected that the mill will be in operation in early fall.

One of the best known of the founders of Toronto's industries died recently in the person of Charles Boeckh. He was a native of Germany, and was born 82 years ago. As a young man he came to America, first residing in New York, and ultimately coming to Toronto, where forty-five years ago he established the great brush industry which is identified with his name. For many years the firm was known as Charles Boeckh and Sons. A few years ago the deceased retired from the firm, and handed the reins to his sons, who now carry on the business under the name of Boeckh Bros. and Company.

The Court of Appeal has confirmed the judgment of the Court of Review reversing the decision of the Superior Court and dismissing the action in the case of Denis vs. the Granite Mills Co. The plaintiff, in his quality of tutor to a young man named Aubuchon, claimed damages on account of the loss of one hand sustained by young Aubuchon while working in defendant's factory. The young man's hand was crushed by a ventilating fan placed in the window of the room where he was working, and it had to be amputated. The majority of the Court held with the Court of Review that the accident was due to Aubuchon's own imprudence. Judge Ouimet dissented from the judgment of his colleagues.

—Dr. Borden, Minister of Militia, gave a detailed statement of prices paid for clothing and necessaries for the militia, in the House, July 12th. Some of these prices were rather low, and the opposition was inclined to question the quality of the goods. On this point Dr. Borden could not give much information. A lively discussion took place between Mr. Bergeron and the Minister of Militia in regard to the sweating clause in the militia clothing contracts. Mr. Bergeron charged that both Sanford and Company, of Hamilton, and Workman and Company, of Montreal, had violated their contract in this respect. Dr. Borden flatly denied this statement on the authority of one of his officers, whom he had sent to inspect both factories. He stated, however, that the Sanford Manufacturing Co., outside their main contract, had been asked to furnish some clothing in a hurry, required for the annual camp, but they said they could not do it unless permitted under the provision of the old contract. This was allowed.