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WEDNESDAY MORNING, APRIL 19 1893.

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CHURCHILL ON HOME RULE.

CONTINUATION OF THE DEBATE AT WESTMINSTER.

Lord Churchill Declares the Crucial Test of the Bill to be the Unpaired Supremacy of the Imperial Parliament—Morley Says the Liberals Will Never Desert the Irish Party.

LONDON, April 18.—In the House of Commons to-day Sir Edward Grey, Secretary Under Secretary of the Foreign Office, stated in reference to questions that the treaty between Great Britain and Nicaragua signed in March 1893 guaranteed to British subjects the "most favored nation" treatment in respect to any canal, railway or other mode of transit that might be established in Nicaragua. The ratifications of this treaty had not been exchanged, however, and therefore the treaty was not in force. It was stated that nothing had occurred between the two countries to invalidate the Clayton-Bulwer treaty.

In response to questions as to the outlook for a settlement of the Hong Kong strikes at Hull, the Hon. J. M. Mordaunt, President of the Board of Trade, who is seeking to bring about a compromise of the trouble, spoke hopefully of a settlement of the strike.

The debate on the second reading of the Home Rule bill was resumed. Lord Randolph Churchill started the debate by declaring that the crucial test of the bill was the question of the unpaired supremacy of the Imperial Parliament. Ostensibly such supremacy was preserved, as every subject was required to come before the Irish Parliament remained within the cognizance of the Imperial Parliament, but really the unpaired supremacy of the Imperial Parliament was rendered impotent by its being deprived of all control of the Irish Executive and control of the vote of supply for raising taxes.

The creation of separate fiscal systems would reduce the British Government to the position of great instability. Then the Irish members, when present in the Imperial Parliament, might desire to favor the non-repeal of the House of Commons, in their absence, might decide in favor of an entirely different policy. It was a philosophy whereby to try to create one body with two centres of gravity.

Lord Randolph then proceeded to consider the functions of the Irish Legislature to be created by the Home Rule Bill. The bill, Lord Randolph said, was a mass of blunders. The instinct of self-preservation forbade Great Britain to approve of Irish Home Rule, while the instinct of self-preservation forbade Ireland to accept of the bill. The bill was a mass of blunders. The instinct of self-preservation forbade Great Britain to approve of Irish Home Rule, while the instinct of self-preservation forbade Ireland to accept of the bill.

Mr. Morley, Chief Secretary for Ireland, replied to Lord Randolph Churchill. The Opposition had assumed arguments for the Home Rule Bill, he said, almost exclusively with prophecies to the effect that the bill would be a disaster. He said he could not believe that. No safeguards within the compass of human ingenuity were being provided for the bill. It was with the imagination of the Opposition had conjured up. Much had been said about the seigniorial system, but he could not see how the seigniorial system was not at least as substantial as Unionist fears. At least, only those who hoped to see Ireland in a state of anarchy could be so stupid as to believe in the future of civilized countries. [Cheers.]

His right honorable friend Lord Randolph Churchill had asked whether there existed a constitution imposing upon a legislature such restrictions as the Home Rule Bill proposed should be imposed upon the Irish Legislature.

TORONTO CASES AT OTTAWA.

The City's Proposals in Regard to the Beach-street Sidling and East End Crossings Accepted.

OTTAWA, April 18.—The Railway Committee at all day. Two Toronto cases were disposed of. Beach-street sidling (C.P.R.) was approved on the terms dictated by the city. The C.P.R. crossings at Trinity-street and Eastern-avenue were ordered to be protected by the railway company with double crossings. The City, Protestantism, Dufferin and Hatturst crossings is to be considered by the committee tomorrow.

There was a plea for consent from Toronto Junction and the County of York. Among them were: A. Russell, warden; S. T. Humberstone, J. D. Evans, John E. Puley, C. C. Robinson, J. A. McDonald, L. C. Walton, J. S. Gervais, B. Muir, John Richardson and C. G. Goring. From Toronto there were present at any case, Mr. Biggar, City Solicitor, Ald. Small, J. F. Cross and J. C. Groat, secretary of the Street Railway Company.

A DUCHESS IMPRISONED.
Dowager Duchess of Sutherland Committed to Holloway Prison under a sentence of imprisonment for six months, imposed by Sir Francis Jeune, President of the Court of Probate, for contempt of court.

The imprisonment of a British duchess in a common jail is probably unprecedented in England. The Duke died last year, leaving a will highly favorable to the Duchess. This will was contested by the present Duke and succeeded. On Saturday last, in the Court of Probate before Sir Francis Jeune, counsel for the present Duke asked that the will of attachment should be issued against the Dowager Duchess on the ground that having obtained an order to inspect certain papers, she had not liberally placed in the fire a document which under the order she was permitted to take. Justice Jeune stopped the order of inspection and directed that the Dowager Duchess must make answer to the charge of supplying false testimony.

When the case came up to-day an affidavit was presented in behalf of the Dowager Duchess. It stated that she had written to her by her late husband before marriage and she had never seen any harm to destroy a document of that character and she closed by offering an apology to the court. The court said it was evident the destruction of the document had been deliberately planned. It was destroyed by violence and was not irrevocably an apology could only be regarded as a somewhat easy method of settling the matter. The Dowager Duchess said it was a letter from her to the late Duke, and she had written it as a private letter from the late Duke to her.

Justice Jeune added that he was unable to say whether or not the Dowager Duchess was guilty of the charge of destroying the document. He ordered that the Dowager Duchess be committed to Holloway Prison for six months. The Dowager Duchess was awaiting the disposal of the case in the barristers' consulting room. There was a great commotion when she was taken to the prison. The Dowager Duchess and her friends around her and exhibited great indignation. The solicitors of the Dowager Duchess had had a carriage in waiting. The Dowager Duchess was accompanied by her solicitor, rode off at once to Holloway Jail. There the Duchess was placed in a cell. The Dowager Duchess, stated today that the letter which she had written to her late husband was a private character and did not affect the case.

THE PANIC IN ZANTE.
Only Two Hundred Habitable Houses Remains.

ATHENS, April 18.—Innocent earthquake shocks were felt at Zante throughout the night. The island shook continuously and the panic-stricken people were in momentary dread of the ground opening and swallowing them. The condition of the sick and the aged is pitiable.

THE NEWLISS MURDER TRIAL.

CHARLES LUCKEY'S TRIAL CONCLUDED AT BROOKVILLE.

A Witness Called to Prove That the Burning of the Home Was Accidental—The Boots Found on the Prisoner Sworn to as Being Worn by His Father.

BROOKVILLE, Ont., April 18.—A great amount of interest in connection with the trial of Charles Luckey, which opened here this afternoon. There are at least 30 witnesses in town. His eyes were long in this town. There are at least 30 witnesses in town. His eyes were long in this town. There are at least 30 witnesses in town.

The prisoner was brought into the court room about 2 o'clock and walked firmly. He was dressed in a neat suit of black cloth and wore a white shirt and tie. He has grown much stouter since his confinement and now wears a mustache.

During the afternoon the prisoner evinced much interest in the proceedings, but only once was he affected by what was going on. This was when the witness John J. Luckey, a brother of the prisoner, firmly believes that his brother is not guilty and talks freely of the evidence to be adduced.

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A NARROW ESCAPE.

A Hamilton Family Has a Close Call in a Burning House—Dragged From a Blazing Bed.

HAMILTON, April 18.—Shortly before 9 o'clock this morning a fire broke out in a burning house. The fire originated in a stove and spread rapidly. Mrs. McCarthy and her two children were in the room. Mrs. McCarthy was lying in bed and was unable to get out. Her children were also in the room. The fire spread rapidly and the room was filled with smoke. Mrs. McCarthy and her children were rescued by the fire department.

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THE BEIRING SEA COURT.

Mr. Carter Attempts to Justify the Termination of the American Contract—With Felicitous Result.

PARIS, April 18.—At to-day's sitting of the Beiring Sea Court of Arbitration, James C. Carter of counsel for the United States continued his speech in support of the American position. He recapitulated the arguments advanced last week and then proceeded to show that the jurisdiction of the United States had always been based upon property interest, not sovereignty over the sea.

Mr. Carter quoted from diplomatic correspondence and from the opinions of English jurists regarding the claims issued by Russia in 1818. America and Great Britain had jointly protested against this claim, but Great Britain had withdrawn her protest because of the Monroe doctrine.

Mr. Carter's speech was well received. The motive of the translator in attempting to embarrass the American Government had been struck. The more progressive classes with the Radical leader, it is said, had demanded an audience with the King.

It is reported the Premier has proposed to the King that Parliament be dissolved and a general election be held. The King, it is said, has refused to do so. The Premier has proposed to the King that Parliament be dissolved and a general election be held.

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GRANTED THE MOB'S DEMANDS.

THE BELGIAN GRADERS ADOPT CENTRAL SUFFRAGE.

Dread of a Revolution Influences the Representative—The Uprising Was Assuaging Alarm Proprietors—Thirty Rights in the Streets—The Turbulent Meeting Now at an End.

BRUSSELS, April 18.—Extraordinary military measures will be adopted to-day to preserve order in this city. Strong reinforcements of chassurs and carabiniers are arriving with every train. All officers have received a map on which is marked a neutral zone from which the crowds are to be excluded. In this zone are the Palais de Nation, where Parliament meets, all the Ministerial Bureau and the royal palace.

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THE COURT OF ARBITRATION.

To Deal With the Disputed Accounts Between Ontario, Quebec and the Dominion—The Dominion Side Two Hours.

OTTAWA, April 18.—The Arbitration Court appointed to deal with outstanding accounts between the provinces of Ontario and Quebec and the Dominion met here to-day.

The court comprised Chancellor Boyd, chairman; for Ontario, Ald. Cassel; for Quebec and Justice Burbridge for the Dominion.

The counsel are: Mr. Irving, Toronto; for Ontario, D. Girouard for Quebec, and W. D. Hogg, Ottawa, for the Dominion.

After discussing the question as to preparing a full list of all claims for about two hours, the court adjourned until June 15, when it will meet for the first time.

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TODDLED TO ITS DEATH.

A LITTLE BABE KILLED IN SIGHT OF HIS MOTHER.

Shocking Trolley Accident in Queen-street West—Three-Year Old Warren Corson Attempts to Cross in Front of a Motor. Yesterday Afternoon and is Crushed to Death.

WARREN DODDS CORSON, aged 3 years, son of George Corson, trader, 107 St. George-street, was run over by motor car No. 232 (Motorman William Howard) and almost instantly killed, at 5:30 yesterday afternoon.

The little fellow, accompanied by his mother and younger brother, was returning home along the south side of Queen-street west after having been to a walk. Mrs. Corson crossed to the north side of Queen-street at the junction of Bathurst, but Warren tarried to watch some boys who were engaged in playing a game of marbles.

As first he started to retrace his way back, then he crossed the street and was struck by the trolley. The motor was again engaged to the north side of Queen-street and the trolley was struck by the child. The child's mother was a witness of the child's death.

The body was carried into O'Connell's drug store and placed in a coffin. The funeral will take place to-day at 10 o'clock.

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