

CANADIANS IN SECOND BATTLE LOST ALTOGETHER 185 MEN; WOODSTOCK MAN IN YPRES LIST

Ottawa, May 24.—Canadian losses in the recent engagement are smaller than first reported. A cable to the militia department today gives the killed at 30, wounded 152 and missing three.

The midnight list of casualties includes four maritime province men as follows:

FIFTH BATTALION.
Severely Wounded.
Private Carl H. Goodman, Monitor (Alb.).

SEVENTH BATTALION.
Killed in Action.
Lance Sergt. Charles Alfred Moodie, Vancouver.
Dangerously Ill.
Private Wilfrid Ernest Norman, Vancouver; Private Albert Lindsay Eddy, (formerly 11th Battalion), Duck Lake (Sask.).

EIGHTH BATTALION.
Killed in Action.
Lieut. James Nimmo, Winnipeg.

TENTH BATTALION.
Killed in Action.
Sergt. J. Giles, Calgary; Lieut. Gilbert Todhunter, Estevan (Sask.); Private Cecil William Chapman Williams, Mian (Man.).

THIRTEENTH BATTALION.
Killed in Action.
Private Wilfrid Auger, (formerly 12th Battalion), Sherbrooke (Que.); Private Gerald Fitzgibbon, Cheltenham (Ont.); Private Hugh Henry Bendall, McNally Post Office, Alberta; Private Alexander Fairweather, Edinburgh, Scotland.

PRINCE PATS.
Killed in Action.
Private Thomas Bradley, Nanaimo (B. C.).

SIXTEENTH BATTALION.
Killed in Action.
Private George A. Carson, Regina College, Regina (Sask.).

FOURTEENTH BATTALION.
Killed in Action.
Private William G. Owen, No. 1008 Green avenue, Montreal.

FIFTEENTH BATTALION.
Killed in Action.
Captain J. N. Warrington, No. 19 Springfield avenue, Westmount (Que.).

SIXTEENTH BATTALION.
Killed in Action.
Private Edward Bernard Cosgrove, (formerly 17th Battalion), Hamilton (Ont.).

PRINCE PATS.
Killed in Action.
Private James F. W. England; Private ELIJAH PAGE, WOODSTOCK (N. B.).

FIFTEENTH BATTALION.
Killed in Action.
Private C. R. Adam, Prince Albert (Sask.).

SIXTEENTH BATTALION.
Killed in Action.
Private David J. Blaney, (formerly 12th Battalion), Cranbrook (B. C.).

PRINCE PATS.
Killed in Action.
Private W. O'Connell, Shanty Bay (Ont.).

THIRTEENTH BATTALION.
Killed in Action.
Private Frank Rupert Rock, British West Indies; Private M. T. O. Roett, British West Indies; Lance Corporal W. J. Causton, Chamberlain (Sask.).

PRINCE PATS.
Killed in Action.
Private G. M. KIRK, POST OFFICE, NORTH SYDNEY (N. S.).

THIRTEENTH BATTALION.
Killed in Action.
Private Charles Herman Simpson, General Delivery, Cleveland, Ohio.

PRINCE PATS.
Killed in Action.
Sergt. Donald McGregor Watkins, Bank of Montreal, Kamloops (B. C.).

FIRST FIELD ARTILLERY BRIGADE.
Killed in Action.
Gunner John Ward, No. 1017 View street, Victoria (B. C.).

THIRD FIELD COMPANY, CANADIAN ENGINEERS.
Killed in Action.
Major Gordon B. Wright, No. 65 Carier street, Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 25.—The casualty list issued at 9 p. m. follows:

FIFTH BATTALION.
Wounded Severely.
Company Sergt. Major Thomas Donahue, England.

SEVENTH BATTALION.
Wounded Severely.
Private Harry Homby Gopdall, England.

EIGHTH BATTALION.
Prisoner in Germany.
Private J. R. Webster, England.

TENTH BATTALION.
Killed in Action.
Private G. W. Allan, Hamilton (Ont.).

THIRTEENTH BATTALION.
Killed in Action.
Private Wm. Malcolm Fullerton, Calgary.

PRINCE PATS.
Killed in Action.
Private C. S. Starkey, Pelly Sound (Ont.); Private Grey D. Selby, Winnipeg; Private John Duhon, Regina; Private Fred K. Henry Foss, England.

THIRTEENTH BATTALION.
Killed in Action.
Private David Randolph Thomas, South Wales.

dale, Ireland; Private Bertie Uncles, Forters Head (Eng.); Private Philip S. Edwards, Swansea, Wales; Private Douglas S. Griggs, Cranbrook (Eng.); Private Thomas Wardlaw, Carleton Place (Ont.); Private George Gordon Brewster, (formerly 12th Battalion), Whitehaven (Eng.).

Ottawa, May 26.—The casualties issued at 9 p. m. tonight follow:

THIRD BATTALION.
Wounded.
April 28.—Private Herman Bergson Brown, Bradford (Eng.); Private Roland Young, London (Eng.); Private Alfred J. George, St. Leonard-on-Sea (Eng.); Private Harry Perry, Falmouth (Eng.); Private Gerald Clifton Lowther, Newport (Eng.); Private Arthur Stevenson Anderson, Dundee, Scotland; Private Harry Ritchie Boul, Toronto.

EIGHTH BATTALION.
Killed in Action.
May 23.—Lieut. Harold Egbert Sessmore, London (Eng.).

SEVENTH BATTALION.
Wounded.
Lieut. George Edward Shaw, New Malden (Eng.).

TENTH BATTALION.
Wounded.
Lieut. Ivan Finn (formerly 11th Battalion), Banbury (Eng.); Lieut. Wilfred Romeril (formerly 11th Battalion), Jersey, Channel Islands.

FIRST BATTALION.
Killed in Action.
Private Alfred Goldworthy (formerly 9th Battalion), England.

SEVENTH BATTALION.
Killed in Action.
Private William Leggett, Ireland.

THIRTEENTH BATTALION.
Killed in Action.
Private Thomas Carter, Scotland; Sergt. William Edward Capewell, England.

SEVENTH BATTALION.
Killed in Action.
Private Robert Collings, England.

FIFTH BATTALION.
Killed in Action.
Lance Corporal Thomas W. Hiscock, England; Private H. Cameron, Scotland.

SEVENTH BATTALION.
Killed in Action.
Captain Leslie Earle Haines, England; Private Arthur Moss, England.

EIGHTH BATTALION.
Killed in Action.
Lance Corporal Fred. Proctor, Calgary.

THIRTEENTH BATTALION.
Killed in Action.
Private Thomas L. Cavanagh (formerly 28th Battalion), Winnipeg.

PRINCE PATS.
Killed in Action.
Private Herbert Venables, Montreal; Private W. Read (formerly 28th Battalion), Clouston (Sask.); Private Harold M. Granville, (formerly 28th Battalion), Dabur (Sask.); Private C. C. Griffith (formerly 28th Battalion), Winnipeg; Lance Corporal Ernest J. Barrett, Toronto; Private James J. Corbett, No. 19 Delaware avenue, Toronto; Private John Egan Almon, Bright Bank (Alta.); Corporal Frank Smither, London (Ont.); Private William G. Wilson (formerly 28th Battalion), Kelowna (B. C.); Lance Corporal George Dingsdale (formerly 28th Battalion), Fennie (B. C.); Private Henry W. Huxley, Box 815, Winnipeg; Private William Heat, Point Saint Charles, Montreal; Sergeant George Hanley, City Hospital, Swift Current (Sask.); Private Wm. Clarence Tweed (formerly 28th Battalion), Killarney (Man.).

NO. 2 FIELD ARTILLERY BRIGADE.
Killed in Action.
Sergeant John Wilfred McKelvy, Toronto; Private John Collins, No. 213 Wheeler avenue, Toronto.

THIRTEENTH BATTALION.
Killed in Action.
Gunner Charles Wilson (no relationship). The midnight list follows:

EIGHTH BATTALION.
Prisoner of War in Germany.
Private Hugh Bowman, Winnipeg.

TENTH BATTALION.
Killed in Action.
Private Royal William Ryaberg, Glen View (Alta.).

FIFTEENTH BATTALION.
Killed in Action.
Lieutenant Arthur Edward Muir, Pasadena (Cal.).

SIXTEENTH BATTALION.
Killed in Action May 21.
Lieutenant Epime M. Picton Ward, Dublin, Ireland.

PRINCE PATS.
Killed in Action.
Private Lionel Arthur Willis, Toronto.

THIRTEENTH BATTALION.
Killed in Action.
Private Harry Gardner (formerly 23rd Battalion), Montreal.

PRINCE PATS.
Killed in Action.
Sergeant Donald McGregor Watkins, Bank of Montreal, Kamloops (B. C.).

FIRST FIELD ARTILLERY BRIGADE.
Killed in Action.
Gunner John Ward, No. 1017 View street, Victoria (B. C.).

THIRD FIELD COMPANY, CANADIAN ENGINEERS.
Killed in Action.
Major Gordon B. Wright, No. 65 Carier street, Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 26.—Counting seventy-four names added overnight, the grand total of casualties officially reported, exclusive of tonight's lists, is now 5,647, comprising 910 killed, 3,222 wounded and 1,215 missing.

The following casualties were announced today:

PRINCE PATRICIAS.
Killed in Action.
Private Percy Bligh, Orpington (Eng.).

THIRTEENTH BATTALION.
Killed in Action.
Private Ernest Mickleburgh, Lancaster (Eng.); Private Charles Kitchin, Banff, Scotland; Private John Barnes, Stakatoon; Private Charles Day, Lindsay (Ont.).

THIRTEENTH BATTALION.
Killed in Action.
Private Wm. Malcolm Fullerton, Calgary.

PRINCE PATS.
Killed in Action.
Private C. S. Starkey, Pelly Sound (Ont.); Private Grey D. Selby, Winnipeg; Private John Duhon, Regina; Private Fred K. Henry Foss, England.

THIRTEENTH BATTALION.
Killed in Action.
Private David Randolph Thomas, South Wales.

Boobie, Third ave., North, Edmonton (Alb.); Private Albert J. Attree, Toronto; Lieut. John Malcolm Dymond, Toronto; Private Frank Albert Flannery, Toronto; Private Frank Armstrong, Toronto; Private Stanley T. Howard, Toronto; Sergt. J. Fox, Toronto; Private John Parker, Whitby (Ont.); Lance Corporal George Edward Smith, Toronto; Private Walter Harold McAllister, Port Hope (Ont.); Private Arthur Price, Toronto; Lance Sergt. Melvin Joseph Poulton, Toronto; Private Tooley William Newick, (no address); Private John Francis Yates, East Toronto; Private Frederick Cole, Toronto; Corporal Ernest Handury Minns, Toronto.

FIFTH BATTALION.
Killed in Action.
Lieut. Alexander Henry MacKay, (formerly 22nd Battalion), Paynton (Sask.).

SEVENTH BATTALION.
Killed in Action.
Private John Thomas Dowdle, Oakville (Ont.).

THIRTEENTH BATTALION.
Killed in Action.
Lieut. William D. Holmes, (formerly 20th Battalion), Millstream Post Office, Victoria (B. C.).

SEVENTH BATTALION.
Killed in Action.
Private Herbert Cameron Clark, Vancouver.

TENTH BATTALION.
Killed in Action.
Lieut. Wilfrid N. Knowles, Okotoks, Alberta.

THIRTEENTH BATTALION.
Killed in Action.
Private George Benjamin MacDonald (formerly 17th Battalion), Trenton, Pictou Co. (N. S.).

FIFTEENTH BATTALION.
Killed in Action.
Lieut. A. M. Fisher, No. 49 Lincoln Ave., Montreal.

SIXTEENTH BATTALION.
Killed in Action.
Private George Thomas O'Griffin (formerly 17th Battalion), Westville (N.S.); Private George Henry Parsons, Waterville (Que.).

THIRTEENTH BATTALION.
Killed in Action.
Private Samuel Elliott (formerly 1st Field Artillery Brigade), Windsor Station (P. E. I.); Private E. W. Pearson (Sixteenth Battalion, Australians), Mexico (Ont.).

PRINCE PATS.
Killed in Action.
Sergt. Henry Laing, Edmonton, Alberta; Sergt. Albert H. S. Beech, Edmonton.

FIRST FIELD ARTILLERY BRIGADE.
Killed in Action.
Gunner W. A. Comes, New Amsterdam (B.C.).

SECOND FIELD ARTILLERY BRIGADE.
Killed in Action.
Gunner James L. J. Ross, Belleville (Ont.).

THIRD FIELD ARTILLERY BRIGADE.
Killed in Action.
Sergt. Robert Fenman, No. 11 Marquis street, St. Catharines (Ont.).

THIRTEENTH BATTALION.
Killed in Action.
Gunner Reginald V. Oliver, Hamilton (Ont.); Gunner Peter Blackwell, London (Ont.).

CANADIAN ARMY MEDICAL CORPS.
Killed in Action.
Sergt. Charles James Wright, Moore Park, Toronto.

RED CROSS BUREAU.
Killed in Action.
Sergt. Robert Fenman, No. 11 Marquis street, St. Catharines (Ont.).

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CANADIAN ARMY MEDICAL CORPS.
Killed in Action.
Sergt. Charles James Wright, Moore Park, Toronto.

In a few days to go back to his comrades of the 1st Battalion, who have been sent to the Dardanelles.

Private J. Beckwith, a brother of Robert Beckwith, Brussels street, is a prisoner in the hands of the Germans at Dusseldorf, on the Rhine. He was in hospital with wounds in the hand and leg. He says he is being well treated in the letter that came to his brother yesterday, and he asks for some fresh haccos. Dusseldorf is one of the finest cities in Germany and is laid out as a model for an industrial and residential centre but no doubt Private Beckwith would prefer not seeing it just now.

James Duncan of the Army Service writes home cheerily to his father at 153 Paradise row of the life at Shorecliffe. George Toad of the Divisional Ammunition Column in Fredericton has been promoted to be corporal. He and the others are well.

A letter was received yesterday at the local recruiting office from Dr. Percy B. Burth of Brockton (Mass.), a dentist who says he is a former New Brunswick, and is seeking a place with the Canadian Hospital Corps. He was born in this province in 1888, and graduated from Harvard University in 1913.

Major C. W. McCreary is reported to be improving according to a letter received at Newcastle yesterday from Mrs. McCreary. Dr. H. C. McCreary, a brother, has been appointed to command the 11th Battalion, at Montreal in preparation to go overseas.

Corporal Walter Wilson in a letter to his brother Thomas L. Wilson, of Chelney street, which arrived yesterday, says he is very busy in France, resting after sixteen strenuous days in the big battle of Ypres and fortunately came through without a scratch. He is one of the young men of his life. He said one of his companions, from upper Canada, has been recommended for the C. C., and another friend was promoted on the field from sergeant to lieutenant.

Policeman George Briggs was informed that his brother David had been killed on May 9 by being hit with fragments of an exploded shell. Although greatly distressed by the news, he clings to the hope that there is some mistake, as he has not received any notification to that effect from Ottawa.

Fear Frederick Soldier is a Prisoner. Frederick, May 26.—Robin Crookshank, son of Conductor Andrew Crookshank, fell from a truck at the I. C. R. station last evening and sustained serious injuries. He was unconscious for some hours. Today his condition is favorable.

Weldon Burden of this city has a letter from the 14th Battalion stating that his son had been missing for five days. The letter was written May 5. It is feared that young Burden has been taken prisoner. Mr. Burden's other son, Bert, is at the front with the Royal Montreal Regiment. He writes that he has been informed that his brother had been wounded at Langemark.

An active recruiting campaign for the 56th will be commenced here this week. Rev. G. M. Campbell of Sackville will address several meetings.

Moncton, N. B., May 26.—J. H. Clarke of the I. C. R. central office, has received a cable from England stating that his son, Alex. B. Clarke, of the 4th Battalion, who was reported wounded and missing, is alive in a German hospital, is severely wounded.

NEBRASKAN'S NAME IN LARGE LETTERS
London, May 26.—A message to the Star from Liverpool says that the name and nationality of the Nebraska were painted in large letters on her sides. She was in water ballast.

The torpedoing of the Nebraska was a surprise to American officials here. Apparently it occurred before 9 o'clock last night. All foreign vessels leaving Liverpool recently have had their names and nationalities painted in large letters on their sides and have flown large flags. Yesterday evening was clear, and the period between 8 and 9 o'clock is the twilight hour in the British Islands at this season.

A message to Lloyd's says that an armed trawler went to the assistance of the Nebraska, and stood by her all night.

The German submarine campaign is continuing actively. Despatches from Norway state that the people of that country have been aroused by the sinking of the Nebraska, and are now organizing a movement to resist the German U-boats.

The steamer Cromack loaded with passengers, had a narrow escape from being torpedoed while bound for Rotterdam yesterday. A submarine fired a torpedo without warning. It missed the ship by only fifty yards. According to the captain's story to Rotterdam correspondents, the vessel was seen 300 yards distant, and then the wash of the torpedo which was moving so rapidly that nothing could be done to avoid it. The attack occurred at a point four miles north of North Hinder Lightship. Not Seriously Damaged.

When the Nebraska was torpedoed the crew at once took to the boats and strove to save the ship.

It was soon ascertained that the Nebraska was not seriously damaged. She had been struck forward and her fore-holds were full of water. The crew returned on board and got the vessel under way. No lives were lost among the crew. The Nebraska did not carry any passengers.

This information was received today by the British admiralty in London, and it was at once communicated to the American embassy.

A message to Lloyd's from Kinsale, Ireland, says that the Nebraska passed that point at 8 o'clock, apparently bound for Queenstown.

The Nebraska was down at the bow. She was under her own steam and flying the signal "I am not under control."

The Nebraska, Captain Green, is owned by the American Hawaiian Steamship Company, of New York, and is of 2,824 tons net register. On her last outward trip she left New York on May 7 for Liverpool.

ITALY'S FIRST PRIZE IS \$200,000 WORTH OF ENEMY'S SHIPS.
Rome, via Paris, May 26.—The value of Austrian and German ships now in Italian ports, which have become prizes of war, is estimated at more than 100,000,000 francs (\$20,000,000).

THE TRIUMPH LOST IN DARDANELLES

London, May 26, 11.36 p. m.—The British battleship Triumph has been sunk in the Dardanelles. This official announcement was made tonight.

The disaster to the Triumph is described in the brief statement by the admiralty, which says that while operating in support of the Australian and New Zealand forces on the shore of the Gallipoli peninsula yesterday, the Triumph was torpedoed by a submarine, and sank shortly afterwards.

The majority of the officers and men, including the captain and commander, are reported to have been saved. The submarine was chased by destroyers and patrolling small craft until dark.

AUSTRIANS SWEEP FROM SEAS.
Paris, May 26, 7.10 p. m.—The Italian government today declared a blockade of all the ports on the Austro-Hungarian coast.

This proclamation, like that of Great Britain and France against Germany, will entirely cut off all neutral trade by sea with the enemy, and indicates that the Italian fleet has done very rapid work in thus sweeping the Austrians from the seas.

The official announcement does not say whether the submarine was Turkish or German, but it probably was of the latter nationality, as the British legation at Athens recently offered a reward for the sinking of German submarines supposed to be in the Mediterranean.

The Triumph, which was purchased from Chile upon her completion in 1903, had seen more fighting than any ship in the British navy in the present war.

SAYS PANTELEIMON WAS TORPEDOED.
Constantinople (by wireless to Berlin), May 26, via London, May 27, 10.45 a. m.—The torpedoing of the Russian battleship Panteleimon by a Turkish submarine occurred in the Black Sea, May 22, near the entrance to the Bosphorus.

London, May 26, 11.05 p. m.—Although called upon to face another enemy in Italy, whose troops have crossed the eastern border, the Austrians and Germans have not relaxed their efforts on the other fronts.

In Middle Galicia they have resumed the offensive against the Russians along the River San, and claim to have met with further successes; while in Flanders and Artois the Germans continue, according to the French report, to make furious attacks in an effort to regain the ground taken from them in recent weeks, and to hold that which they took from the British in the region of Ypres.

Except for the German admission that the British have captured part of their trenches to the northeast of Ghent, the reports of the belligerent headquarters continue to contradict each other, one side claiming gains, while the other says that all attacks were repulsed with heavy losses.

So far as the west is concerned, however, the fighting, as has been the case for months, consists largely of trench warfare, in which the capture of a trench, a few prisoners and machine guns is not considered of sufficient importance to emphasize. But this is the means whereby the commanders hope to wear down their opponents until they become so weak that a real forward movement will be found possible.

AUSTRIAN STAND ON RIVER ISONZO.
The Italians, who have crossed the Austrian frontier to the east, along a front of sixty miles, towards the Isonzo river, have not yet met with any serious opposition. In fact, no important battle is expected until the invaders reach the river, as it is here that the Austrians are established, and on this line they will make their stand, as they have had a long time to prepare for an invasion. It is probable they will oppose the Italian advance by means of the same methods as caused the deadlock in Flanders.

In Greece, the illness of King Constantine, whose condition remains serious, has brought the political situation to a standstill, and it is regarded as unlikely that there will be any developments until after the pending elections.

The alleged torpedoing of the American steamer Nebraska is featured by all the London papers, which describe the incident as "another challenge to America."

BRITAIN'S NEW GOVERNMENT; THE NAMES OF MEMBERS ANNOUNCED

London, May 25, 9.14 p. m.—Lord Kitchener retains the post of secretary of war in the coalition cabinet, which has received the approval of King George. The new first lord of the admiralty will be Arthur J. Balfour. Winston Spencer Churchill, former head of the admiralty, is given the portfolio of chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster.

Herbert H. Asquith retains the premiership, and Sir Edward Grey the ministry of foreign affairs.

David Lloyd George, chancellor of the exchequer in the old cabinet, will be minister of munitions in the new one. The constitution of the new cabinet follows:

Prime minister and first lord of the treasury—Mr. Asquith.
Minister without portfolio—Lord Lansdowne.
Lord high chancellor—Sir Stanley O. Buckmaster.
Lord President of the council—Lord Crewe.
Lord of the privy seal—Lord Curzon of Kedleston.
Chancellor of the exchequer—Reginald McKenna.
Secretary of state for home affairs—Sir John A. Simon.
Secretary of state for foreign affairs—Sir Edward Grey.
Secretary for the colonies—A. Bonar Law.
Secretary for India—J. Austen Chamberlain.
Secretary of state for war—Lord Kitchener.
Minister of munitions—David Lloyd George.
First lord of the admiralty—Arthur J. Balfour.
President of the board of trade—Walter Runciman.
President of the local government board—Walter Hume Long.
Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster—Winston Spencer Churchill.
Chief secretary for Ireland—Augustine Birrell.
Secretary for Scotland—Thomas McKinnon Wood.
President of the board of agriculture—Lord Selborne.
First commissioner of works—Lewis Harcourt.
President of the board of education—Arthur Henderson.
Attorney-general—Sir Edward Carson.

Redmond Declines.
The official announcement on the new cabinet says:

"A place in the cabinet was offered to John Redmond (the Irish Nationalist leader), but he did not see his way to accept it."

"The prime minister has decided that a new department shall be created, to be called the ministry of munitions, charged with organizing the supply of munitions of war. Mr. Lloyd George has undertaken the formation and temporary direction of this department, and during the tenure of office as minister of munitions will vacate the office of chancellor of the exchequer."