

### NEED HELP OF WOMEN TO PREVENT WAR

French Representative at Woman's Suffrage Congress is M. Godart.

### FRENCH PREMIER FAVORS SUFFRAGE

Government Believes the Nation Will be Benefited if the Vote is Given to French Women.

By CONSTANCE DREXEL.

Copyright, 1920, by Public Ledger Co. Paris, June 6.—I crossed the Place de la Concorde and went over the Seine to the Chamber of Deputies to meet Justin Godart, who has been appointed by the French Government official representative of the Congress of the International Woman Suffrage Alliance in Geneva, beginning on June 6. You go into the ante-chamber of the palace old home of France's Parliament. It is filled with anxious constituents, who have sent in their names by the black and red diverted footmen, and are waiting for their representatives to come out.

Mr. Godart was not long in answering the call. He is short and stocky, with gray hair brushed pompadour and wears tortoise-rimmed glasses, which he must have obtained in America. "Is it not strange the French Government should have asked a man rather than a woman to be its representative to a woman's congress?" I asked him.

"But no," he replied. "We have no woman whatever in politics in France and the selection of a member of the chamber proves the importance of the congress in Premier Millerand's mind, for he certifies this as an appointment by the Premier."

Millerand for Suffrage.

"Is Premier Millerand in favor of woman suffrage for France?" I asked. "It is widely known that M. Clemenceau was not."

"Yes," replied M. Godart. "The inclination of the present government is for giving women of France the vote. We feel that though many do not want it, the country would be helped thereby."

Asked what his principal message at the congress would be, M. Godart said he would present the best wishes of the French Government, that the main message would be the need of woman's help to form a powerful organization of the society of nations to prevent wars.

"Women know only too well," he said, "the abominable catastrophe of war. They suffer more even than the men. I am certain we can count on them to help us build a society of nations, but they have a little help unless they have the right to vote. I do not think that women will follow political factions very closely or take part in reversals of cabinets. I believe, however, that their influence will always be for peace and against war. Had we had their participation in European politics heretofore, it is almost safe to say the abominable catastrophe of this war would have been averted."

Leaving the Chamber of Deputies I taxied up the Champs Elysees to find the inconspicuous home of the League of Nations in Paris. The great avenue was alive with motorcars, but one missed the American doughboys who used to sparkle up and down by the thousands. The great Elysees Palace Hotel, who were the headquarters of the American army in Paris, is still closed to patrons as the authorities are having a hard time clearing up the Americans. The municipal barons of the League of Nations is still in London, but Jean Monnet, under secretary, established here.

American Women Chosen.

Asked concerning the report that the league would send a representative to the woman's congress, M. Monnet replied in the affirmative and added that Miss Florence Wilson was the person. She is an American in London offices of the league, acting as librarian, in which capacity she also served for the American mission at the Hotel Crillon in the peace conference. M. Monnet tried to telephone to London for further details of Miss Wilson's appointment, but was unable to obtain information in time for this dispatch. Mr. Godart said the French woman suffrage bill, which passed the Chamber of Deputies a year ago, would soon come up in the Senate and it was hoped the influence of the Geneva congress would help it.

Mrs. Catt and Mrs. De Witt Schulerberger have left for Geneva. About a dozen other American delegates have left for a motor trip of several days to Geneva, talking in Rheims, Verdun and other battlefields en route.

### MONCTON HEARS OF VOCATIONAL TRAINING WORK

Special to The Standard. Moncton, June 9.—Prof. Fletcher Peacock, Provincial Director of Manual and Vocational Training, addressed a representative audience in the City Council Chamber here tonight, under the auspices of the Moncton Central Amalgamated Labor Union. E. R. Steeves, was chairman. Prof. Peacock strongly presented the importance of vocational education through night schools for those who have left school, and greater attention to technical education in all the grades of day schools. After adjournment of the meeting Prof. Peacock held a conference with a Committee of the City Council, School Board and Women's Council in reference to making a start in vocational training in Moncton.

Supporting the Hates Her. Some women are born beautiful and others have beauty thrust upon them by the society reporter assigned to cover the wedding.—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

### CHEAP THREATS INJURE CAUSE

Winnipeg Defense Committee Getting in Badly With Gov't.

Ottawa, June 9.—"Whatever clemency might otherwise have been shown to the Winnipeg strike leaders now in prison, it has, at least, been delayed by reason of the threats and demands, continually spoken and published by Alderman A. Hoops and others who have been touring the country on behalf of the defence committee. This was the statement of Senator G. D. Robertson, Minister of Labor, today, when discussing a despatch from Winnipeg which quoted Thomas Dunn as saying that a movement for the release of the Winnipeg strike leaders was on foot among the members of parliament here.

### PLEBISCITE DATE SATURDAY, JULY 10

Two Questions on Ballot, Retention of Prohibitory Law, the Other to Permit Sale of Beer and Light Wines.

Fredericton, N. B., June 9.—(Canadian Press)—Saturday, July 10, was announced by Premier Foster this morning as the date of the plebiscite on the Provincial Prohibition Act.

The Provincial Government opened their cabinet meeting here last evening and a little before noon today the Premier gave out the date which had been decided on for holding the plebiscite and said that later on he would issue a formal statement indicating the action taken by the Government and stating the conditions under which the plebiscite will be held.

There will be two questions referred to the people in the plebiscite, Premier Foster declared, one of which will be as to the retention of the present prohibitory law and the other as to the sale of beer and light wines. In other words there will be a simple ballot such as was used in the plebiscite in Quebec rather than a complicated lot of questions such as were submitted to the people of Ontario.

The Prohibition Act was enacted in 1916 by the late Provincial Government and was declared at the time to be the most drastic prohibitory act placed on the statute books of any province in Canada up to that time. It became law as a "war measure" with a provision that after the declaration of peace the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council should have authority to name a date for the holding of a plebiscite on the question of the retention or not of the Act. It is under that authority that the Government is now proceeding in calling on the people.

"The plebiscite will be the first election in New Brunswick under provincial laws at which women will have equal suffrage."

### JACK DEMPSEY'S CASE BEFORE THE COURT

Champion's Former Wife Barred from Testifying in Famous Trial.

San Francisco, June 9.—Testimony of Mrs. Maxine Dempsey, former wife of Jack Dempsey, world's heavyweight champion pugilist, in regard to confidential communications between the couple while they were married, was ruled out at his trial here today on charges of evading the draft.

Defense counsel declared the court ruling practically barred the champion's former wife from testifying. Prosecution attorneys said they would endeavor to call her to testify during the trial.

Mrs. Maxine Dempsey occupied the witness stand today while attorneys argued admissibility of her testimony.

The prosecution claimed she was not Dempsey's wife when his questionnaire was made out, although it said he was supporting her. Dempsey's attorneys contended she was his wife, and, as such, could not testify against him.

The court ruled out prosecution evidence intended to show she had not obtained a final decree of divorce from George Grashoff, Salt Lake City, when she was married to Dempsey.

### THOSE RUBBER PLANTS

Military have been called out to protect a rubber plant in Rhode Island. The Toronto Telegram says this recalls the awful fate of a man we know who once broke some leaves off the one his wife keeps.

### "DANDERINE" Stops Hair Coming Out; Doubles Its Beauty.

A few cents buys "Danderine." After an application of "Danderine" you can not find a fallen hair or any dandruff, besides every hair shows new life, vigor, brightness, more color and thickness.

THE BEE CHOCOLATES THE FINEST IN THE LAND

### BROADER GERMANY WILL FOLLOW FROM RECENT ELECTIONS

Moderately Conservative Peoples' Party Will be in the Government's Bloc.

By A. B. CONGER

Special Cable Dispatch Copyright, 1920, by Public Ledger Co. Berlin, June 7.—The result of the elections which were a smashing defeat for the present coalition parties, is to direct attention to the possibility of the reconstruction of the coalition on a broader basis by inclusion of the moderately conservative German Peoples' party in the government bloc. The absolute result of the elections will not be known before tomorrow night, and the hopes of the present coalition parties to secure a slender, but very slender majority, of the new Reichstag may possibly be realized. It is equally certain that they may descend into a minority, but in any case their numbers will not be enough to make them a working majority safe from the danger of being turned out on any snap vote or by the defection of a handful of deputies of any of the government parties.

The formation of such a broadened coalition including the Peoples' party, the Democrats, the Centralists and the present majority socialists or the moderate element of that party, seems in the opinion of most observers to be the only alternative to absolute political chaos. It is already evident that the Socialist parties will not be strong enough to form the labor government which Vorwaerts today advocated except in the highly improbable contingency of the labor representatives from the Catholic Center party joining the Socialists. It is equally certain that a coalition of non-socialist parties even should these possess a clear majority, could not rule the country against labor opposition.

The chief and apparently insuperable objection to the formation of a broadened coalition on the present lines is the fatigued pre-election declaration of the Socialists through the mouth of Chancellor Mueller that the party could under no circumstances admit the Peoples' party to the coalition.

Chancellor Mueller's return to Berlin, however, is uncertain as the results in his home district are close, and he is not among the Socialist candidates at large. The pre-election declaration may possibly yield to post-election conditions in the formulation of the party policy, should such concessions prove absolutely necessary to retain for the Socialists their influence upon the conduct of the government.

Doctor Gustav Stresemann, undisputed leader of the Peoples' party, and one of the cleverest agents of "big business" in German political life, will, either in or out of the government, be one big figure in the coming Parliament. He has repeatedly declared that he and his party are ready to work in coalition with the present coalition parties, including the Socialists, providing the Socialists are willing to drop or postpone some of their platform demands for socialization of industry and certain other radical proposals.

One feature of the elections over which parties from the extreme right to the Independent Socialists are highly delighted is the poor showing of the Communists. It looked for a time as if they would secure a single seat in the Reichstag.

But they have now obtained one seat von Chemnitz and one representative at large will, however, be the fire-brand of the house—the noted Clara Zetkin, who was a rival of "Red Rosa" Luxemburg in the vehemence of her extreme radicalism and in comparison with whom Luise Zietz, the flaming woman orator of the independent socialists in the present assembly, is but a flickering candle. Frau Zietz is also returned to the new parliament in which most of the old war horses of the two socialist parties will find seats.

Many of the Democrats have fallen by the wayside, including Count Bernstorff, former ambassador to the United States—unless he gets enough votes in adjoining districts to bring his home ballots up to the necessary 60,000.

### RY. EXTENSION IN FREDERICTON

C. N. R. Takes Steps to Expropriate Property at Capital City for Improvements.

Special to The Standard.

Fredericton, June 9.—Nine parcels of land, in the east end of the residential part of the city, are being expropriated for the purposes of Canadian National Railways in carrying out their development plans in connection with the construction of a new railway bridge across the St. John river here. Plans of these nine parcels of property have already been filed at the York County Record Office, and they are desirable as taken by His Majesty the King from the several herein named proprietors thereof, and leases thereof, for the use of the Intercolonial Railway, a portion of the Canadian National Railways under the provisions of Chapter 143 of the Revised Statutes of Canada 1916. The nine parcels of land are taken for the railway as:

No. 1. From Christ Church Cathedral 1,160 square feet, being the lower end of the Cathedral Square property, which is necessary in providing entrances to subway for carrying street traffic under the railway.

No. 2. From William Wilson, 1,888 square feet, being practically all of this property below the railway upon which the exception of that portion upon which the double tenement house stands.

No. 3. From John Boyd 9,017 square feet, being all of that property on University Avenue, including the house located almost immediately across the tracks from the present C. N. R. station.

No. 4. From C. W. Hatfield White, 5,198 square feet, being all of this property fronting on George Street and including the house and store.

No. 5. From James Rogers, 2,515 square feet, being the rear portion of this property which fronts on University Avenue.

No. 6. From Luke Morrison, 872 square feet, being a portion of the rear of this property at the corner of University Avenue and George St.

No. 7. From R. W. McLellan, 8,164 square feet, being the property on George Street below the C. N. R. tracks including the dwelling.

No. 8. From Harvey Ryan, 1,955 square feet, being the rear of this property fronting on Charlott street.

No. 9. Form the estate of the late George N. Babbitt, 18,244 square feet, being a strip 68 foot wide for the extension of Union street on a line just east of the residence of Mrs. George N. Babbitt, and above the C. N. R. track to University Avenue, part of which is under lease to A. F. Randolph and Sons for warehouse purposes.

Under the provisions of the Expropriation Act, the Canadian National Railway can enter into possession of these properties immediately upon the filing of plans, but it is said that it is not the intention of the Railway Management to dispossess the occupants of the two houses included in the property to be taken over until next year.

SAD ACCIDENT AT MONCTON

Five Year Old Girl Loses Life When Auto Turns Over.

Moncton, N. B., June 9.—A sad accident occurred this afternoon which resulted in the death of Rose Elizabeth White, the five year old daughter of Beverly E. White, this city.

Jack White, brother of Beverly, was driving Beverly's car in which were several members of the family, and other children whom he was taking for a ride. At a point on the Salisbury Road the auto became unmanageable and ran into the ditch turning over. The driver had his arm somewhat injured.

States—unless he gets enough votes in adjoining districts to bring his home ballots up to the necessary 60,000.

### OFFICERS ELECTED LAST EVENING

New Brunswick Lodge No. 1 Knights of Pythias Held Meeting—Installation July 7.

A meeting of New Brunswick Lodge No. 1 Knights of Pythias was held last evening in the Masonic Hall, Germain street when the following officers were elected:

Robert Scott—Chancellor Commander. John Kelly—Vice Chancellor. M. Colwell—Prelate. W. E. Demings—Master of Work. Oscar Dick—Master of Ceremonies. F. Grosseau—Inner Guard. R. C. Thomas—Outer Guard. These officers will be installed at a meeting to take place July 7th.

### LATE SHIPPING

New York, June 9.—Britannia, Marcellus; Bretingholme, Gottenburg. London, June 8—Minnehawk, New York.

Stingapore, June 8—Sailed strm Besile Dollar, Vancouver. Glasgow, June 9—Arrd strm Oeasandra, (Br) Montreal. Nantes, June 4—Sailed strm Alston (Br) Montreal.

New York, June 9—Cleared strm Boreas, Balthuz and Cape Breton. Night in Line. Heavy rainstorms are reported from Windsor and vicinity. That place is determined to live up to its reputation as the wettest spot in Ontario.

### CARRY KEY OF THE SOUL.

The real religion of the world comes from women much more than from men—from mothers most of all, who carry the key of our souls in their bosoms. —Oliver Wendell Holmes.

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### ONLY TABLETS MARKED "BAYER" ARE ASPIRIN

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For Colds, Pain, Headache, Neuralgia, Toothache, Earache, and for Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuritis, take Aspirin marked with the name "Bayer" or you are not taking Aspirin at all. Accept only "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" in an unbroken "Bayer" package which contains complete directions. Then you are getting real Aspirin—the genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians for over nineteen years. Now made in Canada. Handy tin boxes containing 12 tablets cost but a few cents. Druggists also sell larger "Bayer" packages. There is only one Aspirin—"Bayer"—You must say "Bayer" Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacturers of Monoaceticacid of acetylsalicylic acid. While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."



### The Family Smoke

"OLD CHUM" is a family friend. Grandfathers, Fathers and Sons have been smoking it for years and years. During this half century, "OLD CHUM" has grown steadily in popularity and favour. Every pipe smoker appreciates "OLD CHUM" quality—the choice Virginia Flake Cut tobacco—chosen by experts—stored away until the perfect tobacco taste and mellow flavour are fully developed. It is this dependable, constant quality, maintained for years, which has made "OLD CHUM" the chum of all pipe smokers in Canada.



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