

RUSSIANS GRADUALLY WRESTING GROUND FROM ENEMY IN FIGHT FOR THE CARPATHIAN PASSES

HEROIC CHARGE BY FRENCH IN THE VOSGES

Poured Like Living Stream Into Enemy's Trenches, Under a Wall of Fire.

Paris, April 4.—A vivid description of the capture by the French of the summit of Hartmanns-Werkkopf, a peak of the Vosges mountains, a few miles north of Thann, is given in an official communication today from the war office. The occupation of the height was announced on March 27. The final phases of the struggle for this important strategic position, which had long been in dispute, are pictured by the French military observers as follows:

"A small number of soldiers succeeded in reaching the summit early in January and in establishing a position in a small fort, but although they resisted continued attacks they were forced to surrender, on account of starvation, notwithstanding many continued efforts of their comrades to succor them.

"All the troops were now aroused by a spirit of revenge, and were only too eager for the command to attack. During the remainder of January and February siege operations were carried out, and on March 3 an assault was made. The German trenches were subjected for two hours to a heavy artillery fire, and our men succeeded in capturing the strongest German blockhouses and a portion of the first line of trenches. The enemy made four vigorous counter-attacks on March 5 and two on the morning of March 6 and 7, but was repulsed by our fire.

"On March 17 we attacked again, but on March 23 the greatest effort was made, under cover of the tremendous cross-fire from our black mouths cannon of all calibre, including many quick-firers. Trees could be seen falling, and portions of German bodies falling high in the air. Our infantry, with a bound, made a heroic charge, pouring like a living stream into the two lines of trenches under a wall of fire.

"Three Months' Waiting Rewarded
"The work of fortifying the conquered trenches was begun, and the German counter-attacks, although violent, were not sufficient to drive out our men, who continued to look forward to the other lines of German fortifications, confident of an ultimate victory.

"The night of March 25, passed without counter-attacks, and the morning dawned without the usual fog, allowing a splendid opportunity for our artillery. The artillery and infantry surrounded the mountain and were eager to begin the final assault, which had been planned and awaited for three months.

"Observers reported at least three lines of German fortification and redoubts between our position and the summit. A general bombardment was begun by our artillery of all calibres at 10.20 o'clock, continuing until 2.30, and sweeping everything before it. Large pine trees were sawed off, disclosing concealed German batteries and fortifications. The ground was strewn with portions of the bodies of dismembered soldiers.

"At 2.35 o'clock, with a tremendous rush, our troops made a concerted effort, charging the enemy's positions and sweeping all before them. They reached the summit shortly after. On the highest point, despite the continuous rain of shot and shell, one of our infantrymen waved the flag triumphantly, signalling to the artillery that the position was ours, and now to direct the fire to the eastern slope.

AMERICAN STEAMER HELD UP BY BRITISH AUTHORITIES AT DEAL

London, April 3.—The American steamer Robert M. Thompson, from New York for Rotterdam with a cargo of lard and other packing house products, has been detained at Deal since Tuesday, pending inquiries regarding the consignees of the cargo.

The cargo was consigned to The Netherlands Overseas Trust which, has not yet notified the British government that it will accept the goods.

DIED.

McKELVEY—At her late residence, 77 Elliot Row, on Sunday, April 4, after a lingering illness, Mary J. McKelvey, wife of Fenwick M. McKelvey. Notice of funeral hereafter.

AUSTRIANS RETREAT IN THE CARPATHIANS

Put to Flight in Beskid Region, where Heaviest Fighting is Taking Place for Possession of Gateway Into Hungary—Russian Troops Relieved from Przemsyl Reach Carpathians

Petrograd via London, April 4.—The following official communication was issued last night:

"Our offensive in the Carpathians is developing successfully. On April 1 our progress was particularly marked in the direction of Volia-Michaeli. Despite the obstinate resistance by the Austrians, their use of explosive bullets to a large extent and their fierce counter attacks, our troops pressed them hard, capturing prisoners and machine guns, ammunition and wagons, which they had abandoned.

"On Thursday in the Carpathians, we took more than seven thousand men, including one hundred officers, prisoners and captured ten machine guns.

"In the other sectors, and along the front in general, there has been no particular change."

Vienna Admits Retreat.

Vienna, April 4, via London.—Retreat of the Austrian forces in the Beskid region of the Carpathians, where some of the heaviest fighting has taken place in the struggle for control of the mountains leading into

Hungary, was announced today at army headquarters.

"The presence of large Russian reinforcements arriving from Przemsyl compelled the Austrian army to withdraw from the Beskid region.

"In the Carpathians fighting on both sides of the Laborca valley continues. Yesterday we attacked the eastern heights and dislodged the enemy from several strong positions. Russian attacks east of Virava were repulsed.

"In yesterday's engagements we captured 2,020 prisoners.

"North of Uzsook Pass the situation is unchanged. Renewed Russian attacks miscarried, after a short fight.

"There is no news from the other fronts."

London, April 5, 2.50 a. m.—The Daily Mail's Petrograd correspondent asserts that the Russians have taken 260,000 prisoners on the Carpathian front since the advance began on January 31.

A Petrograd despatch to the Daily Telegraph says that for some time past the Russians have taken prisoners in the Carpathians at the rate of an army corps every fortnight.

COSSACKS IN BAYONET CHARGE ROUT AUSTRIANS

London, April 4.—A Reuter despatch from Petrograd gives a semi-official account of the defeat of the Austrian forces which penetrated Bes-sarabia, it says:

"The Austrians were defeated and in part annihilated. A division of Austrian infantry and a brigade of cavalry held an organized position near the village of Shelovitz and Malintz. Two columns of Russian infantry attacked them and enveloped their front on the morning of March

30, one column from the north and one from the south.

"The enemy resisted desperately, while the Russian troops delivered many assaults with the bayonet. Cossacks came up and dismounted. They also used cold steel and the heights were carried.

"Meanwhile at the village of Rouskine, about eight miles north, an Austrian force was driven out by Cossacks with the bayonet. The Austrians then began a retreat along the whole front."

Official Reports

FRANCE

Paris, April 4, 10.30 p. m.—The following official statement was issued by the War Office tonight:

"The day has been calm on the whole front, save in the Woivreux district, where our progress has continued. We have taken possession of the village of Regnieville, about two and one-half kilometers to the west of Fay-En-Haye, which we occupied on April 1."

RUSSIA

Petrograd via London, April 4.—The following official communication was issued today:

"On the front to the west of the Niemen River (North Poland), the fighting is developing greatly in our favor. Our cavalry, on the road between Kalwarja and Suwalki, in the region of the village of Zelonaibuda, after a stubborn fight Friday with German cavalry which was supported by infantry, made a dashing charge, sabering many of the enemy and capturing others. They drove the Germans from the region they were occupying, and are now pursuing them.

"In the region of Zalesitrow, during the night of Saturday, the Austrians violently bombarded one of our forts with heavy guns, their fire killing almost all the defenders. The Austrian infantry then attacked and occupied our positions, but they were almost immediately dislodged by a counter-attack made by a Russian company.

"The Russians found in a trench one of their comrades named Makuk

sa, whom the Austrians had captured and horribly mutilated. Makuk had been acting as a telephone operator, and, having refused to give the enemy information, his tongue was cut out.

"The commander-in-chief promoted Makuk to the spot to rank as a non-commissioned officer and conferred on him the Cross of St. George, first class. He also expressed to Makuk a personal gratitude and commended his case to the attention of the Emperor for a double rate of pay."

"In this battle of the 30th, our cavalry showed unexampled bravery in attacking, while a foot enemy infantry units with bayonet, sabre and lance.

"In the Gulf of Odessa, on Saturday, a Turkish cruiser, believed to be the Medjidieh, struck one of our mines and blew up and sank."

Wilmington, N. S., April 4.—The Morgan Line steamer Comus, New Orleans for New York, sent a wireless message to the coast guard cutter Seminoles here today that she had rescued the crew of the barge Northwest, which broke away from the tug Wellington Friday night and foundered northeast of Cape Lookout. The tug was enroute from Jacksonville for New York.

RESCUES CREW OF WRECKED BARGE

"My husband was a great sufferer from itching piles and has been entirely cured by Dr. Chase's Ointment."

"We are constantly receiving letters like this in regard to Dr. Chase's Nerve Food. Everywhere it is being used because of its great restorative and reconstructive influence on the nervous system. Men and women who

SAYS GERMAN STEAMER WAS SUNK BY MINE

London, April 5 (1.58 a.m.)—A Reuter despatch from Stockholm says the German steamer Grete Hemsoth has struck a mine in the Baltic and sunk, and that twenty-five members of her crew were drowned.

The Grete Hemsoth was a vessel of 1,554 tons. She was engaged in traffic between Sweden and Germany.

PRINZ EITEL STILL AT NEWPORT NEWS

German Raider Shows No Signs of Leaving — Commander Failed to Take Advantage of Storm to Try Dash for Open Sea.

Newport News, April 4.—The German converted cruiser Prinz Eitel Friedrich still was in this port late tonight, with members of her crew on shore liberty, and no outward signs of preparation for immediate departure.

Another failure of the commerce raider to take advantage of the 24 hour period which ended at 5.45 o'clock last night in which no enemy merchant ship was permitted to leave the port of Newport-News, the United States naval patrol was resumed.

It was reported that another 24 hours period, during which no commerce carrier of the Allies might leave would begin at noon Monday. This was with the hope to make a dash for sea before noon Tuesday.

There had been persistent reports that Commander Thierichens had planned to depart late yesterday. With a storm raging off the coast, conditions for a dash were regarded as favorable.

Clear weather prevailed today, and three British warships were reported off Cape Henry.

MEN WHO DRANK LITTLE RECOVER FROM THEIR WOUNDS MORE QUICKLY

Paris, April 4.—Joseph Reinach, a member of the Chamber of Deputies, contributes to the Temps another of his occasional articles on the results of intemperance.

In this article M. Reinach declares the usual course of the dock laborer's day, as follows:

"From seven to eight a. m., work; from eight to eight fifteen, morning lunch, with spirits; 8.15 to 10, work; 10 to 10.30, afternoon lunch, with spirits; 3.30 to 5, work; 5 to 5.15, appetizer; 5.15 to 6, work."

By 5 o'clock, M. Reinach says, the greater number of the men are drunk. He says he has accumulated testimony of surgeons and nurses which shows that the temperate wounded recover quickly, while the intemperate recovers from their wounds slowly, or not at all.

Just Suits My Needs Building Up the System

This is the Way Thousands of Women Are Speaking of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

"I want to state that I have never taken anything to do me so much good as Dr. Chase's Nerve Food," writes Mrs. Edson Brock, Trenholmville, Que., "and I am never without it in the house. I was so nervous I could not sleep, but now I sleep soundly at nights and wake up feeling refreshed and ready for the day's work. I used the Nerve Food for months and found that it just suits my needs and has built up the system wonderfully. I know it is Dr. Chase's Nerve Food that has brought about the great change in my condition and am thankful for it."

TEN DROWNED IN STORM OFF DELAWARE CAPES

Lewis, Del., April 4.—Ten seamen were drowned yesterday off the Delaware Capes in the coast storm. They were members of the crews of the Consolidation Coal Company's barges numbers 6 and 9 which foundered in the gale.

FALL FROM BUILDING ON WHICH HE WAS WORKING PROVED FATAL

Wakefield Man Dies in Hospital at Woodstock—Dr. Clarke, M. P. in Address on War.

Special to The Standard
Woodstock, N. B., April 4.—The funeral of Simon P. Grant took place at Wakefield this afternoon. Rev. Mr. Fenwick officiating. He was sixty-eight years of age and died from the effects of a fall from his building upon which he was working, at Dr. Prescott's Hospital in this town. He is survived by the widow, one son, Lefthand and four brothers, Gordon A. of Southampton, Samuel of New York, Charles of Woodstock and Byron of Southampton.

The Theatre was crowded tonight after the services in the different churches to hear a patriotic speech from Dr. Michael Clark, member of parliament for Red Deer, Alberta. He spoke on the cause, the course and the consequences of the war, in a very eloquent manner. Mayor Sutton presided and introduced the speaker in a few remarks. At the conclusion a vote of thanks was moved by Hon. W. P. Jones, seconded by E. W. Jarvis, president of the Board of Trade. Dr. Clark is on his way to attend, as planned, the Liberal party to be held tomorrow in Andover.

NEW YORK SOCIETY PARADES EASTER STYLES DESPITE THE SNOW

New York, April 4.—New Yorkers enjoyed a white Easter today, for the first time in many years. Despite the snow, the annual Easter parade took place, a bright, warm sun aiding thousands in clearing Fifth Avenue for flowers were in evidence, and photographers were busy snapping society in its newest dress.

MAJOR MACQUARRIE GIVES UP THE JOB

Ottawa, April 4.—Major J. A. MacQuarrie has resigned from the position of superintendent of the mobilization of trucks for the second overseas convoy.

FREDERICTON CHURCHES FAVOR PROHIBITION DURING THE WAR

Special to The Standard.
Fredericton, April 4.—Fredericton churches tonight passed resolutions endorsing the Dominion Alliance's commission, as their representative, to grant prohibition during the period of the war.

At Christ Church Cathedral Very Rev. Dean Schofield announced that such a resolution would come before the annual meeting of the congregation on Monday evening.

The Leek has been adopted finally as the badge of the newly organized corps of Welsh guards. The leek has for centuries been the emblem of Wales. Shakespeare says that the wearing of it on St. David's Day is an ancient tradition, begun upon an honorable respect, and worn as a memorable trophy of pre-deceased valor; the valor

High-Grade Untrimmed Tagel, Hemp, Hair and Milan Hats
In All the Correct Shapes.
We are offering these at special prices.

Trimmed Hats For Children
These are very daintily trimmed with flowers and ribbons, and such a large variety of styles that mothers cannot fail to be delighted with these models.
Marr Millinery Co. Ltd.

being, according to tradition, that shown by the Welshmen who, wearing leeks in their caps by order of St. David to distinguish them from the enemy, won a mighty victory over the Saxons nearly fourteen centuries ago. White and green were the old Cymric colors, and they are blended in the leek. An ancient MS. says: The Leek is white and green, whereby is meant That Brittaines are both stout and eminent. Next to the lion and the unicorn, The Leek's the fairest emblem that is worn.

A correspondent, writing from Manchester says: "At the end of February the improvement in the business outlook in Manchester was distinctly encouraging. Export trade in cottons, cloths and other goods shows a large increase since the beginning of the year, and there is very little unemployment, except the other hand, the cost of living, on the other hand, has increased since last summer by about 32 per cent. These are the conclusions reached in some excellent reports to the Local Government Board. The encouraging feature of the increase in export is its wide distribution."

Something in the nature of a scandal has arisen in connection with the action of the British Office of Works in authorizing a Mr. Meyer to buy, on commission, as their representative, the enormous quantities of timber required by the War Office. The Timber Trade Federation is greatly aggrieved, and, at its annual meeting, adopted a resolution protesting against the course pursued by the government. The whole subject is to be brought under parliamentary investigation. Mr. Meyer's profits are said to be enormous.

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