ASEPTO PREMIUMS FURNISH THE HOME

FREE To You

To Introduce Our BANNER Flavoring Extracts

We will with every dollar purchase during this week give **FREE** at our **Big Premium Store**

1 Bottle of Lemon
1 Bottle of Vanilla

They sell at retail for 20c each

And with every additional purchase of $1.00 we will give you your selection of 20c worth of any of our own products except Soap or Soap Powder.

Take Advantage of This Offer

ASEPTO LIMITED

Corner Mill and Union Streets
ST. JOHN

THE COUNTRY CALLS

LAURIER—"An' it was you two darn fellers that got me to play truant."—From the Toronto News.

MR. BORDEN FACES ELECTIONS WITH UNITED FIGHTING PARTY

The Conservative Party Presents a Solid Front on Reciprocity-- Mr. Borden's Western Tour was Most Successful in More Ways than One.

Ottawa, July 17.—Mr. Borden's three weeks of hard travel and hard work upon the prairies have had one highly important effect. His tour has rallied and steadied the Conservative party of the three provinces; or perhaps it would be better to say of the two new provinces, for Manitoba Conservatism had taken its stand before his advent to Winnipeg. From Lake Superior to the Rockies the Conservative party today presents one solid front on reciprocity. The Conservatives will go into the impending election an united and aggressive and hard-fighting anti-reciprocity party. The tour did this. Prior to it the situation was that the Manitoba Conservatives had hoisted the anti-reciprocity flag, had shown a bold front, but were in need of hard work and hard fighting; that the Saskatchewan party was in a deplorable state of confusion due to causes to be mentioned a moment later; and that in Alberta there was perplexity. Mr. Borden leaves the party united and ready to fight on the issue. A political party is a very big fact in our affairs of today and reciprocity can be beaten only by ballots being marked for Conservative candidates, by the Conservative party working hard, and working harmoniously.

The Manitoba Situation.

The Manitoba situation is fairly clear. Mr. Roblin and Mr. Rogers, took an early and a highly courageous stand; the Conservative Dominion members took their position by Mr. Borden's side; and now the work has been fairly begun of arguing the case addressed thirteen meetings in the province, other Federal members already have addressed twenty-five or so considerable meetings, and the party has settled down to a determined campaign. In Saskatchewan the case seemed desperate, to the outsider at least, because some time ago the Conservative, or to be very accurate, the Provincial Rights party acquiesced in a resolution approving reciprocity. To afford a clear idea of the situation an explanation is necessary.

Provincial Opposition.

The provincial opposition in Saskatchewan, began as an alliance of Conservatives and Liberals against disadvantageous features of the autonomy act and was styled the Provincial rights party. The backbone of the party, however, was Conservative; the Liberal wing showed little inclination to stick to it, a widespread desire soon developed to call it Conservative, and at a convention held some time ago, a resolution was passed in favor of coming out on party lines. However, the change was not made formally and the party continued until the other day, practically Conservative, but bearing the old official name. The party was strongly represented in the little legislature at Regina and when reciprocity came on the scene, had fought a remarkable battle and won a signal victory. The Scott government hitherto has refused to conduct elections in the proper manner; in particular the province has had no voters' lists as we understand them in eastern Canada. When the election was called the lists were prepared, in the heat of conflict, under pressure of the strongest temptations and influences of partisanship and under the control of a government with an unenviable record for unscrupulousness. The opposition demanded a pledge that lists should be prepared before another dissolution took place; the government refused; and by a desperate struggle which involved obstruction, all night sittings, etc., and which left all in a condition of great bodily weariness, the opposition carried its point. The government capitulated and gave an explicit pledge that no election would be held until proper voters' lists had been drawn up.

Opposition Amendment.

Immediately after this episode the Scott government put forward the resolution expressing approval of reciprocity. The opposition took counsel and resolved to move an amendment. The amendment was drawn up, considered and approved; among other things it expressed a desire to see trade thrown into British rather than American channels, and voiced the desire of the prairies for free agricultural implements. The Conservatives in their caucus agreed in their intense dislike of the reciprocity agreement and resolved in the debate to assail it with vigor. Such was their plan; and here comes the strange part of the story. On the very day on which the resolution was to be brought up, a short time before the House met, the Premier, Mr. Scott sought an interview with Mr. Haultain. What took place at it is unknown to Conservatives at least. Mr. Haultain emerged from the interview, collected his followers about a quarter of an hour before the debate was due to begin, and to their consternation announced that he would not move the amendment, that instead Mr. Scott would amend the resolution in one or two particulars, and that the party was to vote for the resolution as amended. There were no explanations. Stunned by the sudden change the Conservatives went into the House and saw their leader support the reciprocity resolution in a speech of unnecessary violence—the violence of an excited man who had suddenly changed his plans and had not had time to prepare his public utterance. The party acquiesced, but angrily; one member, D. J. Wylis of Maple Creek, left the House in a rage unwilling to vote against a leader to whom he felt deep affection and refusing to outrage his feelings by approving reciprocity. No explanation has been offered for Mr. Haultain's sudden change of mind; a surmise which is heard is that Mr. Scott threatened to repudiate his pledge and precipitate an election without lists. Observe that the natural inclination of the rank and file was to fight reciprocity.

Newspapers Held Their Ground.

There are three Conservative daily newspapers in Saskatchewan; these promptly refused to follow the legislative party and fought reciprocity with uncompromising boldness and spirit. Such Conservative associations as had occasion to meet took ground against it.

Still the situation remained confused and awkward until Mr. Borden entered the province. Then leading Conservative associations like those of Moose Jaw, Regina and Prince Albert, and others, presented him with resolutions denouncing reciprocity; Conservative members of the legislature rallied to his side, the whole party organization threw itself on his side. After he had quitted the province the Provincial Rights party met in convention at Moose Jaw and took two important steps of great importance:

1—It finally dropped the old title and took the name which Conservatives elsewhere in Canada find good enough.

2—It came out in strong approval of Mr. Borden and his uncompromising attitude in opposition to reciprocity.

Thus the situation is cleared up. The acquiescence in reciprocity was an extraordinary accident. The party was not behind it, but was intensely chagrined by it. It was forced from above upon a party whose temper was for opposition to the agreement—upon a party which would have responded gladly and energetically to a lead such as the Manitoba Conservatives. The present state of affairs is not that the Conservatives have sullenly fallen into line under the crack of the party whip in Mr. Borden's hands; it rather is that his presence, the lead which he gave, enabled them to extricate themselves from a muddle and express their true sympathies. One effect of the incident is to place Mr. Borden in very close relations with the Saskatchewan Conservatives—a gallant band, which for years has fought an uphill battle with admirable tenacity and spirit. Another is that the party now has the services of a set of excellent candidates for the impending election, candidates who will fight reciprocity out and out. The temper of the party today is a cheerful, high spirited and hearty resolve to follow Mr. Borden and to do its utmost.

The Conservatives of Alberta had got into no such hobble, and they came out against reciprocity. Mr. Herron's hesitancy was the one failure to array the party absolutely against the agreement and against it may be set the assurances of Conservative associations and the unqualified adhesion of all other Conservative candidates. Here also the party as a whole is lined up behind Mr. Borden.

Here is one big thing which Mr. Borden has done. He has set the Conservative party in order; and that means much. There are other aspects of his work but they will keep for further retrospection.

500 MILE AUTO RACE.

An automobile match race which will attract wide attention has been arranged between Ray Harroun and Ralph Mulford. The match will be decided in connection with the twenty-four hour race of August 4 and 5 at the Brighton Beach track. The distance will be 500 miles.

LATE SHIPPING.

New York, July 17.—Arrived—Schrs Laura, Gold River, NS; James William, Bridgewater, NS; Peerless, St John, NB; Mersey, Bonaventure, Que and Lunenburg, NS.

New Haven, July 17—Arrived—Schr Flora M, St John, NB.

Norfolk, July 17—Sailed—Str Ethelada, Campbellton, NB.

NEVER FORGET THIS!

When packing for the country cottage, don't forget your box of Zam-Buk and your Zam-Buk Soap!

Blisters, sunburn, scratches, insect stings, etc., if not immediately attended to, are likely to spoil your pleasure. Zam-Buk ensures you against trouble from these.

Zam-Buk is antiseptic; kills all poison in wounds, whether from barbed wire fence, or insect sting. Soothes aching feet and blistered hands; heals baby's chafed places; cools those sunburn patches, and prevents freckles. No mother should be without it. Purely herbal in its composition, Zam-Buk is superior to the ordinary ointments containing animal oils and fats, and mineral coloring matter. All druggists and stores 50c box. Use also Zam-Buk Soap. Best for Baby's bath and for tender skin. 25c. tablet.

BOY KNOWN HERE IS ARRESTED IN BOSTON

Son of Wealthy Halifax Man in Hands of Boston Police For Passing Bogus Checks —Confessed to Forgery.

Boston, July 15.—Russel S. Hubley, 16 years old, whose father is a wealthy grocer in Halifax, N. S., was arrested charged with forging seven checks and uttering five of them.

Young Hubley, it is claimed, forged the name of Frank M. Fuller, a lawyer, with offices at 53 State street, to the checks and made them all payable to himself. The amount of money secured on the five checks which he had cashed totals $250. The two checks which he forged but did not get cashed were one for $200 and the other for $150.

Hubley made a clean breast of the forgeries, but gave no explanation as to why he committed them.

He told the police that he came to this city last spring and that he intended going to his home today if he had not been arrested.

On Thursday he called at the jewelry store of E. B. Horne, 429 Washington street, and asked to see a gentleman's diamond ring. Hubley selected a ring valued at $85. He drew his check book and gave a check for $10 as deposit on the ring and said he would call yesterday and pay the balance of $75 as he wanted the ring and was going to his home in Halifax.

A clerk was sent from the jewelry store to the bank with the check and the cashier pronounced it a forgery. Lawyer Fuller called in the meantime at the bank and, examining his cancelled checks, declared five forgeries. Soon after noon young Hubley put in an appearance and handed the cashier two checks, one for $200 and the other for $150. The cashier wrote a note to a clerk and had him call Inspector John Harris of the bank squad. When the officer appeared and told young Hubley that he was under arrest, the boy smiled and said, "Well, all right, I suppose I have to go with you."

Young Hubley's parents have been notified.

Hubley was in St. John recently and is said to have got away after forging a check for a good amount.

YACHTSMEN WOULD NOT RACE IN FOG

Only One Yacht Started in Run From Bar Harbor to Marblehead Yesterday Fog Frightened Others.

Bar Harbor, Me., July 17.—Only two yachts of the Eastern Yacht Club fleet were entered for the Norman cup race to Marblehead when the hour for the start arrived today, and only one, the Venona, owned by E. J. Bliss, left the starting point off Egg Rock when the gun was fired more than five hours later.

The other entrant, Harold Vanderbilt's Vagrant, was withdrawn because of the heavy bank of fog which hung over the water. Last year E. Walter Clark, of Philadelphia, won the first race of the series with his smaller schooner Irolata. This year he had planned to enter his new Irolita, a much larger vessel, in the race, but like the others, objected to a run of 161 miles in the dense fog which prevailed today.

CANADIAN RIFLEMEN AT BISLEY

Good Scores Made by Canada's Crack Shots in City of London and Daily Telegraph Matches.

Bisley, Eng., July 17.—Shooting in a number of competitions went on today the Canadians putting on good scores in all events. In the Corporation of the City of London competitions (aggregate) a service rifle match, 10 shots at 800, the Canadian marksmen put on the following scores:

Staff Sergt. Freeborn, 46; Pte. W. J. Clifford, 43; Lt. F. H. Morris, 47; Corp. H. R. Roberts, 39; Sergt. A. R. Carmichael, 36; Sergt. Instr. T. S. Bayles, 45; Pte. E. Bibby, 46; Sergt. H. W. Patterson, 44; Lt. C. D. Spittal, 47; Maj. McLaren, 40; Sergt. G. W. Russell, 48; Lance Corp. Trainor, 49; Sergt. A. Martin, 42; Lt. W. O. Morris, 45; Capt. C. Milne, 43; Sergt. F. J. Guthaus, 45; Col. Sergt. C. M. Hodson, 40; Corp. Mortimer, 47; Maj. McHarg, 41; Staff Sergt. Richardson, 41; Sergt. White, 43; Capt. Dover, 35; Capt. Wolfenden, 46; Pte. Warder, 46; Col. Duff Stuart, 41; Lt. A. J. Meikle-John, 42; Staff Sergt. Hall, 46.

In the Daily Telegraph in the service rifle championship, 7 shots at 600 yards, the Canadians' scores were: Staff Sergt. Freeborn, 31; Pte. Clifford, 32; Lt. F. H. Morris, 34; Corp. Roberts, 33; Sergt. Instr. Bayles, 30; Pte. Bibby, 30; Lt. Spittal, 31; Maj. McLaren, 25; Sergt. Russell, 32; Sergt. Martin, 27; Capt. Milne, 30; Sergt. Guthaus, 28; Corp. Mortimer, 29; Staff Sergt. Richardson, 27; Sergt. White, 22; Capt. Dover, 28; Lt. Miekle-John, 28; Sergt. Carmichael, 25; Sergt. Patterson, Staff Sergt. Hall, 31; Lance Corp. Trainor, 26; Lt. W. O. Morris, 27; Col. Sergt. Hodson, 30; Sergt. Cliff, 27; Col. Sergt. Hunter, 24; Capt. Wolfenden, 24; Pte. Warder, 21, 31; Col. Duff Stuart, 31; Lt. Petar, 21.

In the Clements Cup, open to British subjects of overseas dominions, 14 shots, in two series of 7 shot each at 600 yards, Sergt. Smith was the winner, Sergt. Carmichael 9th, and Col. Sergt. Hodson, 12th and Lt. F. H. Morris, 13th, winning 20 shillings each.

In the Schumaker seven shots at 900 and 1,000 yards, Corporal Jeffries, R.M.L.I., London, wins £5; Lt. F. H. Morris eighth, Col. McHarg, twelfth, Lt. W. O. Morris sixteenth, Lt. Clark seventeenth; Col. Sgt. Hall twenty-fifth, and Staff Sergt. Richardson twenty-third, win 20 shillings each.

Pte. Holtby of Hull was the winner of the Wimbledon cup, ten shots at 600 yards. Capt. Wolfenden second, with a score of 48, wins £10; Corp. Mortimer eighth, with 46 points, wins 60 shillings; Pte. Bibby with 45, wins 40 shillings; Sergt-Instr. Bayles with 45 counted out other scores; Sergt. White 43; Col. McHarg 41.

In the "Graphic" for service rifles (aggregate), seven shots at 500 yards, the Canadians scored; Pts. Clifford, 32; Lt. F. H. Morris 31; Corp. Roberts 30; Sergt. Carmichael 30; Sgt. Instr. Bayles 29; Pt. Bibby 29; Lt. Spittal 31; Lt. Hall 25; Major McLaren 31; Sgt. Russell 34; Lance Corp Trainor 30; Sgt. Martin 32; Sgt. Guthaus 32; Col. McHarg 32; Staff Sgt. Richardson 29; Sgt. White 31.

VETO BILL RESTS WILH THE LORDS

Continued From Page 1.

The second was a strong appeal by Lord Morley, of Blackburn, to the Liberal followers in the House of Lords. Lord Morley in a circular letter said: it is possible that a certain number of opposition peers may force division on the third reading of the parliamentary bill. That moment, the matters at stake, both immediate and in the future, make it in the highest degree desirable that no supporter of the bill should be absent from his place. I earnestly trust, therefore, that your Lordship will not fail to give His Majesty's government the advantage of your presence on what may prove so truly critical an occasion.

The rejection of the bill has never been part of the programme of the Conservative leaders. The report went around today, however, that they would assume the attitude that the bill, even with the amendments, was so dangerous and revolutionary that they would refuse to have any hand in its passage, but would compel the Liberal lords to take all the responsibility for voting its third reading. That aroused the fear that sufficient insurgent peers might be found to carry a motion to reject the bill outright, instead as Lord Lansdowne desires, of permitting the bill to go its third reading as amended. It is Lord Morley's desire to have the Liberal peers vote with the adherents of Lansdowne to support the third reading, because if the bill is rejected it would necessitate an autumn session of the House of Commons to pass the veto bill again through the necessary stages to return it to the House of Lords.

Peers Sworn To Fight.

A group of extremist peers estimated at from between 50 and 80, are sworn to fight the bill to the last ditch and if it came to a fight between them and the Liberals, the former would have a chance of winning.

Lord Morley's unusual appeal was attributed by politicians to a threat to reject the bill. A great flurry spread in political circles for a few hours, but was succeeded by comparative calm. The best opinion late tonight is that the lords will return the amended bill to the house on Thursday and give Premier Asquith an opportunity to show his hand when the house takes it up on Monday, and that the Premier will announce that thet government refuses to accept the amendments and will, if necessary, call on the King to create new peers.

Then a fine struggle will come between the two factions of Conservative lords, the stand-patters and those who believe that the lesser of the evils will be to swallow the bill with the expressed declaration that the Conservatives will repeal it when they return to power. By accepting the bill they can stave off home rule for two years; by rejecting it they put the Liberals in a position to adopt all the extremist schemes of legislation without delay.

In the meantime there is no doubt that the government has made up its list of possible peers, and will, if necessary, insist on the increase in the upper house which will swamp out all opposition.

COLLIDED IN FOG IN BOSTON HARBOR

D. A. R. Liner Prince Arthur and Steamer Halifax Came Together Bow On—Halifax Was Previously Aground.

Boston, July 17.—While feeling her way through a dense fog up Boston harbor today, after being aground on Georges Island for several hours, the steamer Halifax, inward bound, from the provinces, collided with the Dominion-Atlantic liner Prince Arthur outward bound. As the vessels were proceeding cautiously neither sustained any serious damage. They struck nearly bow on, the Halifax having some of her plates indented and a small piece of the deck rail broken.

There was considerable excitement for a few minutes on board both vessels. After a superficial examination both steamers proceeded. The Halifax reached her dock here without further mishap. The Halifax which grounded while threading the Narrows early today during the thick weather, was floated at high tide this afternoon. The passengers earlier in the day were removed by tugs and brought up to the city.

Shipping in general was tied up by the fog, several coastwise steamers being anchored below Boston light throughout the day, including the City of Macon from Savannah, and the Bunker Hill, from New York. Two fishing vessels went aground in the harbor but were later floated.

THE BENDU RELEASED.

Quebec, Que., July 17.—Steamer Bendu, which was detained at Groose Island, was released this evening and proceeded during the night for Montreal.

DIED.

ELLIOTT.—Suddenly, in this city, on the 16th inst., Charlotte, wife of George C. Elliott. Besides her husband and family she leaves one brother and three sisters to mourn their sad loss.
Funeral Thursday at 2.30 from her late residence 137 Broad street.

SHELLINGTON.—Suddenly, at Silver Falls, July 17th, Stanley Thomas, youngest child of Thomas and Grace E. Shellington, aged 6 years and five months.
Funeral from the parents' residence at eleven o'clock this morning.

D. BOYANER, Optician,
38 Dock Street.
The only exclusive optical store in the city. Close 6 p.m. Sat. 9.30 p.m.

Important to Grocers and Consumers!

The absolute purity and healthfulness of

BAKER'S COCOA and CHOCOLATE

are guaranteed under the pure food laws of Canada. Made by a perfect mechanical process, they are unequaled for delicacy of flavor and food value.

The New Mills at Montreal are now in operation and for the convenience of the Canadian trade we have established **Distributing Points at Montreal, Winnipeg, Vancouver**

WALTER BAKER & CO. LIMITED
ESTABLISHED 1780 DORCHESTER, MASS.
Canadian Mills at 1000 ALBERT STREET, MONTREAL