

Jubilation in London

The South African War Is Now Regarded as Partially Over.

Society People Preparing to Visit the Cape-Queen's Trip to Ireland.

(Associated Press.) London, March 24.—The war, according to average opinion, is partially over. To be sure, it may be months before Lord Roberts shall reach Pretoria, but his going there is regarded as sure and it is asserted that he is not going to lose many men in getting there. A dozen or more could scarcely spoil this supreme self-satisfaction and assurance of ultimate victory. It is not altogether shared by the press and officials, but it is what the great majority of the English people think.

In society the cry now is "Ho for the Cape!" and the dressmakers are up to their eyes in work, making toilets suitable for the climate of the great war base. For those who cannot participate in the prevailing rush to Capetown there is any amount of gossip regarding the probable Reception of the Queen.

In Ireland and what kind of a greeting Mr. Cecil Rhodes will get in England after his seething strictures upon Gen. Buller and Col. Kitchener.

However, the anxiety which reigns in London is none the less genuine because so many of the gowns at dinner parties are sombre hued for the sake of some relative lost on the battlefield. The period of reverse seems to have vanished from the memory of Great Britain as the hand of the aged field marshal has taken the nation from nervous apprehensive mourning into the opposite extreme, and it is time lost to attempt to stem for the moment the stream of jubilation.

In these celebrations the Americans resident in London are not behind, one of the most fashionable dinners being given at the Carlton Hotel on March 23rd by Mrs. Reginald Ward, of New York.

While London society celebrates, It Also Speculates.

and not without misgivings, regarding the Queen's visit to Ireland. The Sovereign's great age makes the trip itself one of serious risk, while the possibility of hostile demonstrations of even personal attacks, cause a nervousness that will only be stiller when Her Majesty shall be safely back in England.

The tremendous influx at Capetown of the English society women and the wives of the more wealthy soldiers, especially those of the volunteers, has created many heart burnings among the majority of officers' families, who, through lack of pecuniary resources, are obliged to stay at home.

It is pointed out that Rudyard Kipling will have ample chance to write up another series of satires, such as he did upon Indian army society.

MONTREAL MYSTERY.

Montreal, March 24.—The coroner's jury in the case of one W. R. Chambers, a commercial traveller of Peterboro, Ont., who was found in a dying condition near his boarding house, on Belmont street, this city, a few evenings ago, and upon the refusal of the boarding house keeper to take his body to the Belmont hotel, where he died shortly after, have brought in a verdict. It is that the cause of death was not due to alcoholic poisoning, as was alleged in some quarters, but was due to a blow on the head, which suggests murder.

ANOTHER VICTORY

Won in Grey County by Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Mrs. Thomas Hughes Tells Her Story

—N. Leflar, J. P., Corroborates it—
Dodd's Kidney Pills, and They Alone, Cure all Kidney Diseases.

Morley, Ont., March 23.—This little town is excited over an occurrence that would, in early days, have been looked upon as a manifestation of magic. The circumstances are clearly detailed in the following letter sent by Mrs. Thomas Hughes of this place to The Dodd's Medicine Co., Limited, Toronto:

"I cheerfully testify to the wonderful work done by Dodd's Kidney Pills, believing that too much praise cannot be given them. I was for four years a great sufferer from pains in my back, along my spine, in my head, especially over the eyes, in my left, and occasionally in my right side.

"Five doctors treated me, and I also had the care and advice of an American specialist. All failed to help me. I tried nearly all the patent medicines I could get, but none of them did me any good.

"For two and three nights at a time I could not close my eyes in sleep. I was distressed so terribly that I could neither sit nor walk. My agony was simply indescribable. For nearly three years I was bedfast.

"Finally I tried Dodd's Kidney Pills. From the first dose I began to mend. I have used fourteen boxes, and am completely cured, and as strong as I ever was, and can do a big day's work, thanks to Dodd's Kidney Pills."—Mrs. Thomas Hughes.

"I have known Mrs. T. Hughes for a number of years, and I can truthfully state that the foregoing statements are strictly true."—N. Leflar, J. P.

Dodd's Kidney Pills, the only cure on earth for Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Diseases of Women, and all other Kidney Diseases.

DANISH WEST INDIES.

Negotiations for Purchase of Island Terminated by Resignation of Cabinet.

(Associated Press.) New York, March 24.—The resignation of the Danish cabinet means two things of importance to the United States, says a Washington dispatch to the World. First, it is improbable that this country will be able to buy the Danish West Indies for \$4,000,000, as provided for in the Gardner bill now before the foreign relations committee of the house, or for any other sum. Second, by the time this congress adjourns the German flag will be flying over the islands of St. John and St. Thomas, of the Danish West Indies group, by right of lease from the Danish government to the Emperor of Germany.

Negotiations between this government and Denmark for the purchase of the islands were practically terminated yesterday by the resignation of the ministry, headed by Prime Minister Hoerring. The cabinet resigned because of the great popular movement against the sale of the Danish West Indies to the United States. The new cabinet will be made up of Danish politicians in favor of retaining the islands.

BOOTH'S STATEMENT.

He Says the Salvationists Are Doing All in Their Power to Injure Volunteer Movement.

(Associated Press.) New York, March 24.—While still declining to give, except in court, his reasons for wishing to change his son's name from William Booth to Charles Brandon Booth, Commander Ballington Booth, of the Volunteers of America, says in the Tribune to-day: "There has been a report made to the press, which I wish to correct, viz., that everybody thought the Salvation Army and the Volunteers of America, of which I am president, are on the most friendly terms. So far as the Volunteers are concerned, they have sought to avoid opposition, friction and any bitterness, but all the Salvationists could do to thwart our purpose, to injure our cause and to influence our officers, has been done."

"Not satisfied with the cruel treatment to Mrs. Booth, not satisfied with calling our people 'traitors,' 'devils' and 'street walkers,' their leader, Commander Booth-Tucker, has openly in their councils led their officers to pray for our downfall. They have gone over our heads to the landlords of our halls, offering them more money if they would evict our people, and rent them the halls. They have said that the Volunteers are falling and are heavily in debt, which is not the case. We have paid every creditor."

"Apart from the legal reasons which we shall present in court, does any one wonder that our boys should want to cease to be associated with a movement which has so openly opposed and belied his father and mother? I will make known more later. The Salvationists have even given out that Mrs. Booth's picture should be in the rogue's gallery."

RAILWAY RATES.

(Associated Press.) Montreal, March 24.—D. McNeill, assistant general manager of the C.P.R., who has returned from Boston, smiles at the long articles which have appeared in some American papers attributing to the C.P.R. the design of instituting a rate war in connection with Western lines in the United States unless certain stipulations are agreed upon. Mr. McNeill says that much of the comment on the case is the work of imagination. The C.P.R. has no quarrel with any of the roads concerned; it is doing its business in its own way, and will continue to do it, while at the same time willing to enter into any straightforward arrangement.

A NARROW ESCAPE.

(Special to the Times.) Vancouver, March 24.—Hills Thorpe, proprietor of the soda water works, narrowly escaped death this morning. A yard engine cut his rig in half, completely demolishing it. He was thrown out on one side, and the horse escaped unhurt on the other. Thorpe was not seriously injured.

CANADIAN ITEMS.

(Associated Press.) Hamilton, March 24.—R. M. Wanzer, founder of the Wanzer Sewing Machine Company, and a former resident of this city, died in New York yesterday.

Meaford, March 24.—Hon. William Meaford, postmaster-general, was banqueted by the citizens of this place last evening.

Toronto, March 24.—Zealand Lodge, A. F. A. M., celebrated its 20th anniversary last night by presenting \$2,000 in gold to John Ross Robertson, M. P., to found and endow a Zealand cot in the children's hospital of this city.

Brantford, March 24.—Arthur E. Leisig, accused of stealing sums of money from the private bank of Lawsonson, of Paris, pleaded guilty yesterday and was sentenced to three years' imprisonment in Kingston penitentiary.

Ottawa, March 24.—A feature of the law governing the disposition of the dead is causing the relatives of Joseph Tessier, of Hull, great anxiety. Tessier died in one of the lumber shanties of the Edward's Lumber Company at Black River about a week ago, but, owing to the absence of a physician in the district, the body remains in the shanty, the relatives being unable to obtain a certificate of death.

Cavanagh, who was committed for trial on a charge of matricide, having it was alleged, murdered his mother on December 2nd, was yesterday acquitted by the jury on the ground that no evidence was submitted to show his guilt.

Montreal, March 24.—The evidence in the Baxter and Lemoine conspiracy cases as given in Donald McMaster, Q. C., counsel for defence, commenced his address to the jury this morning.

Siegel, Cooper & Co., well known department store merchants of Chicago and New York, are to open a branch in this city.

DR. A. W. CHASE'S CATARRH CURE ... 25c.

is sent direct to the diseased parts by the improved formula. Heals the ulcers, clears the passages, stops droppings in the throat and permanently cures Catarrh and Hay Fever. Beware of cheap imitations. Sold free. All dealers, or Dr. A. W. Chase, Medicine Co., Toronto and Buffalo.

Seditious Bulletins

Have Been Posted at Conspicuous Places Throughout Chinatown —The Translation.

Reform Movement Appears to Be a Party Question—Police Watchful.

There seems to be a decided difference of opinion in Chinese political circles in this city regarding the results to be effected by the introduction into the Celestial Kingdom of the "reform" policy advocated by Kang Yu Wei. It will be remembered Kang visited this city last summer en route for England, he having by his ultra-radical recommendations aroused the resentment of the amiable lady who now presides over the destinies of the Chinese Empire, and her supporters, and unfortunately Kang was compelled to leave his country, as he was according to his friends, assassination. He returned to this city last fall under the watchful protecting eye of a Mounted Policeman, on his route back to China, and for a short time prior to leaving these shores resided at Saanich.

While here Kang discussed the reform movement with many leading Chinese merchants and advocates of policy of broadmindedness for the Chinese Empire, which would enable foreign principles of government to be inculcated in the Oriental Empire, and modern innovations introduced. It is doubtful, however, if Kang's interpretation of a Chinese policy of reform exerted to any extent an influence on the leading Chinese merchants of the city.

Not long ago Leong Kay Ting, who claimed to be a lieutenant of Kang's, arrived in this city and initiated a number of mass meetings among the Chinese, at which he dealt with the movement of which his chief was the foremost champion. On Sunday evening last in particular a large mass meeting was held at which a number of delegates from the neighboring cities were in attendance, Yip Sing, of Vancouver, presiding. Leong, who is an excellent speaker went fully into the question of reform, and at each expression of sympathy with the movement thunderous applause was given. When subscriptions were asked for the audience was most generously enthusiastic, and Leong was certainly satisfied that he had inaugurated a widespread feeling in favor of the political doctrine of Kang Yu Wei among the Chinese element in Victoria.

But yesterday it came to the ears of Chief of Police Langley that a number of placards were posted on the bulletin board, containing a pronouncement of a rather startling and seditious character, and the chief consequently had one translated, reading as follows:

"Foreign nations are causing great distress to our country. Our land and people are becoming like an old pair of shoes near decay. The time has come when barbarians have already secured small portions of our empire where they torture the people worse than tigers or wolves. Look at what the Russians have done at Port Arthur, the Germans at Koon Chow, the French at Kwong Kowkong, the English at Hongkong. These barbarians have brutally murdered our people and outraged our women. They have levied taxes on land and houses and the oppression is unbearable. When you consider this you will see that our country is in a sorry plight. Now, if you were there what would you do? The oppression of our people by these barbarians is worse than the treatment of the ancient tyrants."

"And not contented with this these barbarians have expressed their intention of dividing up the whole empire. When we think of these things we are moved to tears. What will our people do? If they object they will be massacred and burned. Our empire will then perish and become like India and other subject nations. We ought, therefore, to be of one mind and discuss these matters and so form a strong body to defend our empire."

This certainly is not very favorable to the spirit of reform advocated by Kang, and leads many to believe that an effort is being made by representatives of the unprogressive party to counteract the work of the reform party. If Leong is responsible for the posting of these placards he certainly is not as he seems, and the police are determined to be exceedingly circumspect in the matter, in readiness to nip any untoward movement in the bud.

From San Francisco, however, comes information of the intended visit to this city of Leong Ki Chew, a brother of Leong Kay Ting, who is also an ardent reformist, and who is at present agitating with considerable success among the Chinese at Honolulu. A number of placards advertising Leong Ki Chew's intention to visit San Francisco are being scattered throughout the Chinese quarter in that city, and are causing considerable agitation. On the other hand a number of anti-reformers in San Francisco are preparing to give Chew a tropical reception. Leong Kay Ting, the brother, is still in Victoria, and the meaning of the aforementioned circular is yet to be explained.

R.M.S. Warimoo arrived early this morning from Sydney, Brisbane and Honolulu. She left the dry dock shortly before leaving Sydney on this voyage. The passage was a very fair one throughout. Good weather was experienced to the equator and thence to Honolulu, the steamer encountered fresh trades with a heavy sea. Owing to the stringent quarantine no communication was held with Honolulu, all cargo being broken on to lighters by the ship's crew. She sailed for Victoria on March 14th and experienced fine weather with moderate winds to Victoria. She arrived off William Head for inspection, about 11 p.m. It was not until shortly before 3 a.m. that she tied up at the wharf, to land her passengers and cargo for this port. She had about fifty saloon passengers, most of whom debarked here.

DESTROYED BY FIRE.

Only Three Buildings Left Standing in the Little Town of Kuskanook, East Kootenay.

With startling suddenness on Wednesday night fire broke out in the town of Kuskanook, East Kootenay, and before any attempt at combating it could be initiated the greater portion of the once thriving little place was enveloped in flames. At daylight the majority of the inhabitants were homeless, and only three buildings were left.

As soon as the inhabitants of Sirdar, a town four miles distant, became aware of the unfortunate predicament of their sister community, they immediately tendered assistance and temporary relief to those rendered homeless. Later a relief committee was organized and appeals for assistance forwarded to several of the provincial cities.

Mayor Hayward has received the following self-explanatory telegram from the aforementioned committee:

Sirdar, B.C., March 22, 1900. To His Worship the Mayor, Victoria, British Columbia: Kuskanook completely destroyed by fire. Relief committee will be thankful for assistance.

J. C. BLANDY, Chairman. D. McLENNAN, Secretary. The Mayor has expressed himself as most willing to afford assistance to those distressed in consequence of the destruction caused by the fire, and would be pleased to accept subscriptions immediately for that purpose.

From further information it appears that the fire started in the old Windsor Hotel, which has not been used for some time, and a strong breeze soon fanned the flames in all directions. The alarm was given by R. Fraser, but so sudden had the conflagration broken out no availing effort could be made to stop the progress of the flames, which rapidly consumed Mr. Fraser's store, as well as those of H. R. Macdonald and H. Hoyt. A determined endeavor to save a portion of Mr. Macdonald's stock of groceries happily proved successful.

The course of the fire was then directed to the office of the mining recorder, but fortunately the records, which were in the safe, escaped destruction. Of the three buildings left standing one was the office of the Kootenay Valley Railway Company, one was the Pedro Chenabro Hotel, and another a vacant house, all of which afforded temporary shelter for the homeless. The estimate of the loss is \$15,000, and there is no insurance. In some quarters the fire is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary. Provisions, clothing and other necessities are being sent from Nelson by the steamer Myrie.

The town of Kuskanook was virtually owned by the Kootenay Railway Company, and was commenced in 1890, acting as a supply station during the construction of the Crow's Nest Pass railway.

FATAL RIOTS.

Chief of Sydney Police Fatally Stabbed —Another Policeman Shot.

Sydney, C. B., March 23.—Chief of Police James Beckman was fatally stabbed and one of his subordinates named Schurman, who went to his assistance, was shot through the body and may also die, as the result of a riot among Italian workmen at the Dominion Iron and Steel Works here on Wednesday afternoon. Beckman was in the act of suppressing the trouble when he was fatally stabbed. The trouble arose over a dispute between the foreman of the works and one of the Italians, the latter being supported by a large number of his fellow countrymen.

PROPOSED IRISH CONVENTION.

London, March 23.—At a largely attended meeting to-day of Irish members of parliament, Mr. John Redmond, presiding, it was decided that in the interest of national unity it was advisable to summon a convention of the Irish people, including representatives of the clergy, all public bodies and the nationalist organizations, etc. A committee was appointed to arrange the details of the convention, which will probably meet at Whitehall in Dublin.

Screamed With Agony

From the Terrible Itching, Burning Tortures of ECZEMA ON THE SCALP.

Some of the cures effected by Dr. Chase's Ointment are more like miracles than any other. One of the most remarkable here was one of the worst ever brought to the attention of Toronto's best physicians and doctors gave up all hope of recovery. Dr. Chase's Ointment was successful in producing a perfect cure. Mr. James Scott, 128 Wright avenue, Toronto, states: "My boy Tom, aged ten, was for nearly three years afflicted with a terrible form of eczema on the scalp, which was very unsightly and resisted all kinds of remedies and doctor's treatment. His head was in a terrible state. We had to keep him from school, and at times his hair would fall out. It was not until I found a cure in Dr. Chase's Ointment. About five boxes were used. The original scabs dried up, leaving the skin in a healthy condition. To say it is a pleasure to testify to the wonderful merits of Dr. Chase's Ointment is putting it very mildly. Dr. Chase's Ointment, at all dealers, or Edmanston, Bates & Co., Toronto.

Sporting News

BASKET BALL. THE BAYS DEFEAT SEATTLE Y. M. C. A. TEAM.

Over fifteen hundred people were in attendance at the drill hall on Saturday evening last, and there was not one that was not actuated by the thrill of excitement and enthusiasm which found vent during the forty minutes the members of the Seattle Y. M. C. A. team, champions of Washington, and the J. B. A. A. team, champions of British Columbia, were waging a right royal contest for the possession of a trophy. The meeting of two such teams as the Seattle Y. M. C. A. and the Bays was naturally a long anticipated event, and was looked forward to with a certain degree of confidence as to the result. The optimism on the part of the home and white average was to some extent justified by the glance at the records of the several contests between these formidable rivals. On the 24th of May last, the open air match between the Seattle Y. M. C. A. and the J. B. A. A. teams in the Columbia grounds, was won by the latter. On December 1st last, the Bays were victorious over their rivals in Seattle by a score of 18 to 8. Several weeks ago, however, they sustained a defeat at the hands of the Seattle team in the Sound city by a score of 17 points to 13. This was the first of the two matches to be played for the trophy, the last of which was played on Saturday evening. Consequently, in view of the scientific rivalry between these two teams, and the fact that the Seattle players lost by four points in the one series, and won in this popular pastime were on the eve for the match last Saturday evening.

The floor had been marked off in accordance with the American rules, which govern the contest. A notable feature of the game was the marked degree of familiarity which the home players had acquired with the rules in vogue south of the line. On the last occasion a large number of fouls were called against the Bays, who at that time were not conversant with the rules. On Saturday evening, however, there were more fouls by the visitors than by the Bays, who appeared perfectly at home under the conditions, which certainly should have proved favorable to the Seattle team.

The time limit for the match was forty minutes, the first half being played after the first selection by the band, the teams lining up as follows: J. B. A. A.—A. H. Finlayson and H. Finlayson, guards; W. Lister, centre; W. A. Stephen and E. Burns, forwards; Seattle Y. M. C. A.—Grant and Moldenham, guards; McDonald, centre; Temple and Meyers, forwards.

At the blast of the whistle the visitors played with a great degree of impetuosity, and in a short while had scored three goals, making six points. A free throw for the Bays at this juncture was converted by Stephen, which to a great extent raised the gloom that had settled upon the supporters of the home team. The Seattle men were splendid athletic fellows, and were particularly noticeable in shooting, but the superior stamina of the Bays, combined with their invincible combination, proved strong factors in contributing to a most scientific struggle. Finally Burns secured from Lorimer and scored, and repeated the operation in the course of a few minutes by a pass from Finlayson.

At this point the enthusiasm was tremendous, as the change of circumstances raised by many cheers the hopes of the adherents of the home champions. In the second half the Bays continued to improve, while the Seattle aggregation put forth renewed efforts to score. Finlayson was particularly noticeable, a free shot and neatly converted, evening up the score. Shortly afterwards Temple, for Seattle, converted a free shot into a goal, which put the visitors in the lead. Gathering themselves together, however, the Bays met their all their energy, and by magnificent combination combined with swift, all round, accurate play, other two points were secured, Finlayson making the shot, giving the Bays the victory with a score of 8 to 7.

Owing, however, to the fact that the deficiency between the scores in the last match between these two teams, 17-13, was not counteracted by the superiority of the Bays' score on Saturday, the visitors are in possession of the cup, although the Bays, in the light of having secured two matches out of three, can tacitly claim the championship, which was not exactly the question at issue. The match was of a most friendly character and well worth the enthusiasm and interest it aroused. The umpires were Messrs. O'Sullivan and Lowe.

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL. NANAIMO THISTLES THE CHAMPIONS.

At the Caledonia grounds on Saturday afternoon the Nanaimo Thistles clinched their right to the championship and trophy in a well contested match, the score standing at the conclusion at 3-0. The teams were as follows: Nanaimo Thistles—Goal, Marshall; backs, Burns and Nesbitt; half backs, Rithet, Shanks and Dalby; forwards, Lawson, Berkeley, Bell, Newbery and Wilson. Caledonia—Goal, Hallstones; backs, Nimmo and Williams; half backs, Booth, McKinley and Blakely; forwards, Bindell, Chalouper, Oulligan (capt.), Lockhart and J. Adams.

The last match between this team and the Columbias of Victoria, had led a large number of the adherents of the latter team to expect a most stubbornly contested game, but the disadvantages under which the Victoria boys labored on that occasion being responsible for the realm of probability that the conditions would be reversed in the match in the Caledonia grounds on Saturday. The teams were certainly well balanced, although the obvious fact had been inclined to ponder over the apparent incongruity between certain of the Nanaimo players and the definition of "intermediate." That age, however, does not indicate the playing ability of the contestants was evidenced by the fact that Lawson, of the Columbias, although probably the youngest player on the field, gave a splendid exhibition throughout of cool, heady, scientific play.

The fatal defect with the home team, however, was the inaccuracy of their combination, and their uncertainty in choosing their feet, the splendid dash for which they have of late become noticeable was distinctly conspicuous in its absence on this occasion. The Nanaimo aggregation, on the other hand, played extremely well together, and gave every indication of possessing more stamina, while they were more accurate in shooting. Among them

ADAMS AND LOCKHART, ON THE LEFT WING, AND CULLIGAN, COVERED THEMSELVES WITH STARRY, WHITE, NIMMO AND WILLIAMS, AS BACK, MADE A WELL-NIGH IMPREGNABLE DEFENCE FOR THE COAL CITY MEN.

The match commenced with the Nanaimo team playing down the field, and pushing the proceedings through their characteristic impetuosity they secured the first goal of the day, Oulligan making the shot. This roused the home players to some extent, and by a series of clever, though not sustained, team play, they worked the ball well into their opponents' territory. Lawson and Berkeley, supported by Rithet and Shanks, at half back, being the bright particular stars. But their efforts were unavailing. Another goal was secured for the Thistles by Adams before half time, giving the visitors a substantial score advantage on which to work. In this half several excellent stops were made by Marshall in goal for the Columbias, while Berkeley made several close shots in the Thistles' goal. Finally Lockhart, with a run down shot from the corner, dropped the ball in front of the Victoria headquarters, through which it was inadvertently kicked by one of the home players. No further scores were made, and the match consequently held the championship and trophy for the ensuing season.

For the visitors, Hallstones, in goal, Oulligan, Lockhart and Adams, forwards, were particularly noticeable; while Marshall, Berkeley, Lawson and Rithet played well for the home team.

THE RING. FITZSIMMONS V. MCCOY.

New York, March 24.—Fitzsimmons and Kid McCoy were matched to-day to meet on July 4th next. Both men posted \$2,000 forfeit for the understanding that the articles are signed. The men have agreed to box 25 rounds at catch weights.

COMOX DISTRICT.

The question a creamery for Comox district has been revived. It is claimed by advocates of the co-operative system that 500 cows can be had.

Precautions against smallpox are being taken throughout the district, and the acting officer, Dr. Millard, is vacating Public school pupils.

A successful dance in aid of the hospital was given on the 16th inst., by the U. A. O. D. of Union.

At a meeting held in Cumberland hall on the 17th, committees were appointed for the purpose of arranging a celebration to take place on the successful issue of the war.

The matter of railway extension is agitating the district and petitions in its favor are being circulated. The consensus of opinion seems to be for the proposed extension.

The case of Keenan vs. Buckley, an action against defendant (an old man of apparently over seventy) for threatening to do bodily harm, was heard by Magistrate Abram on Thursday. The action was dismissed, but the defendant was bound over to keep the peace for 12 months in the sum of \$200, personally, and \$400 bonds, and Mrs. Picket and Mr. T. McLean furnished bonds. Considerable amusement was caused by the evidence. Plaintiff swore defendant threatened to shoot him. Defendant denied the charge and swore the plaintiff chased him with a gun. The trouble arose over property at Fanny Bay. Buckley has lived on a ranch there some years. The owners of the ranch through some misunderstanding sold it to Keenan and the old man was preparing to move to another place and his movements were not sufficiently rapid to suit the new owners, hence the friction.

T. Hudson, of Cumberland, had three fingers of the right hand almost severed in a curious manner recently. While standing in his rig to cross a flooded river, Mr. Hudson's horse stumbled, throwing him forward. To save himself from falling, he grasped at the shaft and his hand closed over the face of an axe lashed to it.

SUFFERING WOMEN

Who Find Life a Burden, Can Have Health and Strength Again by Using Millburn's Heart and Nerve Pills.

The present generation of women and girls have more than their share of pain and misery. With some it's heart palpitation, nervousness and sleeplessness, with others anemia, dyspepsia and constipation.



There are headaches and dizziness, weak spells and dizziness, hysteria and melancholia, and a dozen other ailments that afflict women for work or pleasure. Let those women who suffer from any derangement of their heart or nerves, or whose blood is thin and watery, try Millburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. They will do as much for them as they did for Mrs. W. Barnes, West Greenhurst, Ont., who wrote the following account of her case:

"Some time ago I was very ill and did not know what to do for myself. I was weak and tired all the time and frequently had a sensation of smothering, when everything would turn black before me and I would nearly lose consciousness.

"I got so bad at last that life was a burden to me.

"One day I received a book telling about Millburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, and thought I would try a box.

"By the time that box of pills was finished I was like a new woman. I had regained my strength, my heart beat naturally and regularly, and from that day, which is over a year ago, to this I have had splendid health."