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Charlotte-  
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ed or

## REMARKABLE DAYS.

1 Civil Establishment  
ceases to be defrayed by  
the Home Government,  
1850.

3 1st Sunday after Easter.

4 Becomes more

5 settled and

6 Napoleon sent to Elba,

1814 calm.

7 Fire at Toronto, 1849.

8 Hudson's Bay Company

established, 1692.

9 Rather warmer

10 2d Sunday after Easter

12 and pleasant.

14 Peace with France, '14.

15 Occasional showers

16 with high winds.

17 3d Sunday after Easter.

18 First Newspaper in Ame-

rica, 1701.

20 Very pleasant days

21 with cold and frosty

22 nights.

23 St. George. Respon-

sible Government granted,

1851.

24 4th Sunday after Easter.

High tides.

25 Princess Alice b. 1843.

Parliament houses burnt

in Canada, 1849.

27 Very fine

29 Low tides. and

30 pleasant.

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GARDENER'S CALENDAR.

On the most sheltered spot  
in the kitchen garden, sow  
a row of early Peas—Wash-  
ington & Hotspur, American  
—Charlton & Frame, Eng-  
lish, are the best. If you

like Windsor Beans let them  
be put in as early as possi-  
ble in this month. Chose a  
spot open to the south and  
protected against the north  
for sowing Lettuce for early  
sallads, and transplanting.  
Early, curled, and brown  
Cilicia—indeed almost any  
sort will do for the former,  
but for the latter, take Im-  
perial, Grand Admiral, and  
Paris, Green and White  
Coss. There are many vari-  
eties, however, and most  
people have their favourites.  
Sow early York, early Cau-  
liflower and Cape Brocoli  
for later crops. Parsley and  
Celery must be sown as ear-  
ly as possible; soak the  
seeds 24 hours in sulphur  
and water, it will make  
them germinate more quic-  
ly. Sow Radishes, Cress,  
and Mustard. Early Horn  
Carrots and Turnips—root-  
ed Beet for summer use.  
Onions, early, if possible.  
The soil cannot be made too  
rich for this valuable escu-  
lent—a compost of wood  
ashes, soot, the manure from  
the poultry-house, night soil  
and rotten dung well mixed,  
will well repay the trouble;  
never apply fresh dung of  
any sort, and keep to the  
same spot manuring it annu-  
ally. The Americans mix  
the seed with sand, and  
keep it warm and damp till  
it just sprouts, and then sow  
it immediately.