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PROPOSAL FOR STANDING COMMITTEE WAS DROPPED

Sir Joseph Ward and Premier Fisher Approved Plan, But it Was Opposed by Sir Wilfrid Laurier and General Botha—Harcourt Not Anxious to Press Scheme.

(Canadian Associated Press Cable.)

LONDON, June 8.—The imperial conference yesterday resumed consideration of Rt. Hon. Louis Harcourt's proposal for a standing committee. Harcourt, since the previous week's discussion, had circulated a memorandum stating that the standing committee would, in effect, be a subsidiary to the conference, meeting at more or less regular intervals for the transaction of business referred to it by the secretary for the colonies, with the assent of the dominion governments. It has been by no means uncommon, he said, for the governments to nominate and use an advisory committee as an aid to administration. Ministers found them of great service as a method of securing interchange of views among public departments and commercial interests, both one and the other being adequately represented in the committee.

Composition of Committee.

Harcourt proposed that the committee consist of a secretary for the colonies, the parliamentary and permanent under secretaries, the assistant under secretary of the dominions, the imperial conference secretary, the high commissioners for Canada, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, the representative of Newfoundland and the secretary to the committee.

While it was undesirable at the outset, he said, to define too precisely the duties of such a committee, it must be advisory and not executive. Therefore there is no necessity to confer voting power. It must deal only with matters concerning a past conference or preparations for an approaching one. In all cases the Dominion governments should be consulted thru their governors as to their willingness for the submission of questions to the committee. It would be unnecessary to keep any detailed minutes of the proceedings.

Not Anxious to Press Matter.

Harcourt wound up the memorandum by reiterating that the imperial government does not desire to press the appointment of the standing committee upon the dominions if they were unwilling to accept the proposal. The government, however, was of the opinion that such standing authority might be of substantial advantage securing efficiency in the working of the business of the secretariat and of the conference.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier said he did not view the proposal with favor, but was prepared to hear the views of the other members upon it.

Sir Joseph Ward thought there would be considerable improvement if some such bridge as suggested existed between one imperial conference and another, over which could be carried matters not brought to a final issue. While he did not agree with all suggestions in the memorandum, he thought that the existing machinery was not sufficiently complete. With slight alterations, Harcourt's suggestions would meet the position.

Let Dominions Appoint.

Harcourt said that, in deference to various criticisms, he proposed to omit reference to the high commissioners as representatives of the dominions, leaving it for the different governments to appoint whom they pleased to represent them on the committee.

Premier Fisher thought the time had arrived when there should be a body to carry on the work between conferences. This year the home government had take the delegates entirely into their confidence in regard to matters of great concern to them all. It made it all the more necessary that there should be some subsidiary body to facilitate closer communications than had hitherto existed. He agreed that such a body should be purely advisory. The respective dominions could be free to appoint their own representatives, in view of the confidence extended to them. It seemed to him that the conference would have to be held at shorter periods than four years unless larger powers were entrusted to some person or body than at present.

Hon. E. L. Batchelor of Australia, with regard to the suggested limitations and the additional one that each question should only be referred to the committee with the consent of all the dominion governments, said that there would hardly be any doubt as to the advisability of the standing committee.

Botha Opposed.

Gen. Botha said he could not accept the proposal as it stood. The object of the conference was to secure uniformity and to obtain the attendance of members of the same standing. This would need to be secured if some dominions send high commissioners and others selected officials of a different kind. He was wholly favorable to a subsidiary conference, to which overseas ministers would be sent to consider special questions. The proposed standing committee ought not to discuss such matters or interfere in any way with the work of the responsible governments.

Mercier agreed with Botha. He failed to see how the committee could do the work any better, as it would simply have to invoke the machinery of the department already concerned. The present conference was an illustration of what little effectual work it would be possible to accomplish, even if they had such a permanent committee.

The fact that the proposed body would have no powers, would in itself merely lead to circumlocution and confusion.

Laurier Opposed to Change.

Laurier said he would view with serious apprehension the interference of any body whatever between the home government an dthe governments of the dominions. He adhered to the position he took up four years ago that the relations between the dominions and the mother country should be car-

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Gift to Queen Mary

LONDON, June 8.—(C. A. P. cable).—The Queen Mary gift, presented to Her Majesty yesterday, came to a total of over £1300, the personal gift of diamonds consisting of part of the insignia of the order of the garter and a painting of the King and Prince of Wales. Lady Grey cabled $3500 from the Marys of the Dominion of Canada.

TAFT TRIES TO ENLIST AID OF SOUTHERN SENATORS

Tells Cotton Seed Oil Men How Reciprocity Will Benefit Industry They Represent.

NEW YORK, June 8.—President Taft wound up a strenuous day in this city with an address to-night at the Hotel Astor at the banquet of the Cotton Seed Crushers' Association. He enlisted the co-operation of the members of that association in forcing senators from the south to vote for his pet reciprocity measure.

The president pointed out that his administration had secured a reduction of one-eighth on the duty on cotton seed oil exported to Canada thru the operation of the minimum clause of the Payne-Aldrich tariff. In the reciprocity treaty, however, he pointed out, the oil was to be admitted free. The growth of the trade was such as to justify the producers in expecting great advantage from the agreement. In 1905 the value of cotton seed oil introduced into Canada was $213,000, whereas in the year ending March 31, 1911, it was $1,047,000, or a total export of 2,050,000 gallons of this oil.

The complete removal of a tariff barrier, he added, would greatly increase this trade.

Mr. Taft said there was still broader ground for appealing to the interests of those who have the prosperity of the south at heart. Under the treaty vegetables and fruits of all kinds would enter the Dominion free of duty.

While declining to discuss the merits of the farmers' free list bill for the moment, he emphatically denied that it should be allowed to interfere with the Canadian reciprocity measure, and criticized the action of those southern senators who maintained that they were bound to their constituents to insist that the free list bill mus be taken up with the reciprocity measure. He expressed the view that those who voted against the free list in connection with reciprocity could explain their views sufficiently to convince their constituents of their good faith, even should the free list bill fail of passage.

STRUCK BY HEAVY POLE SAPPER HOOPER MAY DIE

Serious Accident at Niagara Camp Yesterday — Toronto Man Breaks Collar-Bone.

NIAGARA-ON-THE-LAKE, June 8.—The first serious accident of the military camp has occurred. While unloading spars for the 50-foot observation tower to be erected by the engineers, Sapper John Hooper of the Second Field Engineers was struck by the small end of a pole 60 feet long, 12 inches thick at the large end and 6 inches thick at the small end, and rendered unconscious. He was given every assistance at the time of the accident and was then hurried to the field hospital, where it was discovered that he was seriously injured by a blow received in the abdomen. Under charge of a detail of two men he was conveyed to Toronto General Hospital on the 11 o'clock boat, in company with Pte. Augustus Buchell, 20th Regiment, who had his left elbow dislocated, and Sidney Johnson, 20th Regiment.

While playing in a football game Alex. Laird, Toronto, a private in H Company, 20th Regiment, sustained a broken collar bone. Laird was rushing on goal when he fell and a number of players fell on him. He was taken to the field hospital and will probably be sent home to-morrow.

At the General Hospital it was found that Hooper's condition was very grave. The pelvis is fractured and there are other serious injuries, the exact nature or extent of which could not be immediately ascertained.

VICTIM OF MELANCHOLIA

Evidence at Inquest on Wm. Gilis Partly Cleared Mystery.

"Wm. Giles accidentally met his death whilst walking on the G.T.R. tracks, and no reason is known for his prezence thereon."

This was the verdict rendered by the jury last evening to Dr. H. Mason, the coroner.

Chas. Giles, brother of deceased, stated that the latter had been suoject to melancholia and insomnia and was somewhat absentminded.

R. A. Miller, forman of roundhouse; J. O'Connor, switchman at the Don Crossing, and G. Edwards, engine despatcher, all testified having examined the engines traveling the eastern tracks, and finding no traces of blood upon them.

Dr. Hopkins, who performed the post mortem, said that altho Giles' heart was abnormally small, death was due to hemorrhage and shock.

Among the contents of the dead man's pockets were a manual of prescriptions, a small phial of laudanum, and one of ammoniated tincture of quinine.

FEWER PASTORS OR BETTER REWARD

Scathing Condemnation of Niggardliness of Churches Uttered at Toronto Methodist Conference — Rev. S. W. Fallis Attacks Downtown Unsanitary Conditions.

"It is better to have a few ministers and pay them well, than to have a lot and starve them, as we are doing now," such was the striking statemnts made by Rev. James Allan, general secretary of home missions, at the evening session of the Toronto Methodist Conference, in progress in Elmst. Church.

This, the twenty-eighth conference, promises to be the most fruitful in the history of Methodist churches in Canada. Over seven hundred delegates were present at the morning session, and a more enthusiastic gathering could not have been looked for.

The coming pastor of Epworth Church, Rev. J. J. Ferguson, now of Orillia, was elected president of the conference.

Missionaries Underpaid.

In support of his contention, Rev. Mr. Allan went on to tell of the ridiculously low salaries received by some of the missionaries on the home field and of the struggles thru which they go for the sake of proclaiming the gospel in regions sometimes almost forsaken, sometimes composed of men who would rather see the minister and his family starve to death than assist in making his life comfortable, as it should be.

"The minister should not preach for the sake of money, but he should be contented with the apostolic salary. He should be satisfied with 'food and raiment.' But what did the master mean when he said food and raiment?

"Did he not mean proper raiment for himself and family, with substantial food, with sufficient money to educate his children and buy the books required for his own uplift and education? By clothing the Saviour meant decent wearing apparel and by food he did not mean merely enough to hold body and soul together. Christ meant his ministers to live properly and not simply to live from hand to mouth, not knowing from where the next meal should come.

Get $400 a Year.

"God Himself does not ask a man to live on less than proper food and raiment, yet some of our pastors receive stipends of $400 and $500 per year, out of which they have to keep a house and help everyone in need.

"We are not paying our ministers as much now, compared with the increased cost of living, as they received ten years ago."

The speaker went on to say that a minister's reward is something better than money. The man who enjoys a spiritual insight into the things eternal and has received a calling of God to enter the ministry, has something far superior and lasting than mere salary. He constantly increases in respect, power and influence. But these qualities fade and vanish from sight the moment he cannot pay his debts. Many a minister is forced to incur debts and to settle them is often away beyond him.

Forced to Resign.

Rev. Mr. Allan claimed that more than one minister had been forced to leave his calling simply because he could not pay his dues, and he could not help running into debt on account of the small salary afforded him. For such conditions the speaker blamed both the minister himself and the church at large. He blamed the church for paying such low salaries, and he condemned the pastor for not trying harder to keep his expenses down within the bounds of his income.

In country places poor, frail wives and little children had to suffer severely on account of being dependent on a minister's salary. It was hard for a young man to be obliged to stint himself and endure hardships, but when it came to women and children suffering, it was shameful. It was high time that a radical change took place.

Continued on Page 2, Column 2.

'TWAS STERN WHISKEY CASE

But Intrepid Constable Landed Two Northland Smugglers.

Eternal vigilance is the motto of the provincial police these days. Information was received last week that two men were at Visco rushing a cargo of whiskey to the north country, into the Grand Trunk Pacific area, as fast as their canoes would travel.

Instructions were dispatched to Constable Storey of Sudbury to hit the trail of the two booze-bearers, who already had two days' start. "Follow them to the north pole, if necessary," was the constable's instructions. He started, accompanied by a couple of Indian guides and a canoe. One night they made a portage of 14 miles and shortly afterwards braved the rapids at Succer Creek. At this stage the Indians collapsed thru exhaustion and Storey borrowed a trader's boat to continue the journey.

His quarry was sighted north of Fort Matagami, where he discovered the men putting the kegs in shallow water. He succeeded in capturing the two gentlemen, and afterwards got possession of the five packs of whiskey, each of which weighed about 150 lbs.

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SCOUT CONTINGENT GIVEN GOOD SEND-OFF

Presented With Colors and Accompanied to Station by Thousand Local Scouts.

Over a thousand Baden-Powell Boy Scouts assembled at the armories last night to give the coronation contingent a good send-off. District Scoutmaster A. E. Mercer was in charge of the parade of the evening and directed the martial movements of the lads, who were heartily applauded by the thousands of spectators who thronged all the galleries and occupied every spare inch on the ground floor.

The chief event of the evening was the presentation of colors to the contingent, and this ceremony was performed by Mrs. W. K. George, after Rev. A.D. Casler of Beamsville, local scoutmaster, had led the whole gathering in repeating the Lord's Prayer. The colors—a Union Jack, a Canadian ensign and troop flag—were received on behalf of the contingent by G. Brander, Wallaceburg; D. Stoddard, Copperclift, and Percy Gibson, Bracebridge. The Band of the 48th Highlanders then played "Onward, Christian Soldiers," the scouts and spectators standing with heads uncovered.

Addressing the coronation contingent, W. K. George, provincial president, congratulated them on the signal honor of being chosen to represent the whole body of Ontario Boy Scouts. He looked to them to do credit to the empire, the Dominion and the province.

Captain H. G. Hammond, secretary of the Ontario Council who goes to England in charge of the contigent, expressed himself as greatly pleased with the clean, efficient troop that he was to take charge of. He was positive that in every word, deed and act they would prove themselves worthy citizens of the British Empire. He Canadians and intelligent and loyal looked forward to their return as stronger, better and nobler Canadions.

One of the speakers made reference to the fact that the contingent included five lads who had received the decoration of the silver wolf, the highest awarded members of the scout body. It is likely that these lads will receive their decorations at the hands of King George. Their names are: H. Hughes, 14th troop; C. J. Stalker, and Roslyn Russell, 20th troop, Toronto; H. Egan, Petrolea, and F. Smith, Barrie.

What the scoutmasters regarded as the best compliment of all to the coronation contingent was the presence in the parade of a troop of the Holy Trinity Church lads brigade.

After the ceremony at the armories, the contingent, headed by the Highlanders' Band and accompanied by hundreds of fellow scouts, marched to the Union Station, where they entrained for Montreal at 10.15. They will spend a day in Montreal as guests of local scouts, and will sail for England on the Megantic on the 10th.

Fourteen members of the contingent belong to Toronto troops. They are: E. H. Redman, Fred P. Besser, Richard Austin Brown, Douglas W. Ferrie, Herman C. Hughes, Richard D. Heustis, Arthur Jarvis, Walter M. Moore, Edward H. Pooler, Roslyn N. H. Russell, Wilfred J. Preston, C. J. Stalker.

The out of town members came in yesterday morning, being met at the Union Station by W. K. C. George, Noel Marshall and Capt. Hammond, with detachments of local scouts. They were given a ride round the city on a private street car and spent part of the afternoon at Scarboro Beach Park, lunching at Scarboro Inn.

The whole contingent is made up of representatives of the Beaver, Wolf, Moose, Bear and Fox patrols. It is in charge of Capt. H.G.Hammond, assisted by Coautmasters H. Henshall and M. Kirkwood.

They are booked to return on the Royal Edward, sailing from Bristol, July 14.

FIRE IN ACADIA UNIVERSITY.

HALIFAX, June 8.—Fire in the college residence of the Acadia University at Wolfville yesterday, caused damage of several thousands of dollars. The blaze originated in a dust flue leading from the basement to the fourth storey. Flames were first seen from the roof. The fire department were soon on the scene and were able to prevent a complete loss. The damage is covered by insurance.

GOVERNORS AND ALUMNI NOT IN SWEET HARMONY

University Monthly Alleged to Reflect Former's Views Alone — Want More Varsity Men.

For nearly two hours the executive committee of the University of Toronto alumni association wrestled with various matters at their annual meeting yesterday. Chancellor Burwash presided during the first part of the meeting, but he had to leave early and his place was taken by Judge Riddell.

The chief topic of discussion was the editorial management of the University Monthly, a magazine, which purports to be the joint voice of the board of governors and of the alumni.

From veiled remarks during the meeting and especially from a resolution, which met with defeat, however, when put to a vote, it was quite evident that the alumni are not unanimouse in believing that the articles sent in for application in the Monthly are published in their original shape. That there is an undercurrent of disapproval was evidenced by a motion introduced as follows: "That the alumni association cease publication of the Monthly, or as an alternative that its editorial management be given over to the board of governors."

Colored Articles.

The fact is that this publication has not in the past received sufficient support from the alumni and the board of governors contribute an annual grant of $1200 to keep the magazine going. Hence, some of the alumni claim that the articles are now colored to suit the view-point of the board of governors.

Professor A. B. Macallum scouted this idea and the majority present agreed with him. Prof. Macallum admitted that some of the articles were from time to time abbreviated and too personal paragraphs omitted, but that was done on the judgment of the editors of the Monthly and not from any outside influence.

Finally a resolution was passed to have the Monthly continue publication as it is at present. President Falconer stated that he would like to see the Monthly conducted as an indepndent journal, without any financial assistance from the board of governors, but it seemed impossible from past experience to have this done.

More Graduate Representation.

A motion on behalf of the alumni was also introduced by N. F. Davidson and seconded by Mr. Mitchell, asking that an increased number of graduates be recommended to the government for appointment as representatives on the board of governors, so that the interest of the graduates in the university be sustained.

Prof. A. B. Macallum thought this was rather a delicate subject for so small a meeting to tackle and Judge Riddell shared Professor Macallum's views.

Assurance was given, however, by the supporters of the resolution that the minister of education would not regard it from any ulterior motives. The minister said that in any case the attitude of the government towards the university and its board of governors would not change. The motion on being put to a vote was defeated.

The officers of the Alumni Association for last year were all re-elected with the exception of T. C. Robinette, K.C., who retired from the executive council in favor of Professor M. A. Mackenzie.

The treasurer's statement shows a surplus for the year of $265.55 in the accounts of the alumni association, and a deficit of $810.05 against the University Monthly, covered by the guarantee of $1200 from the board of governors.

PANAMA HATS—NEW SHIPMENT.

Panama hat time is back for the rest of the summer. The Dineen Company has received a new shipment of splendid Panamas, direct from the tropics, and in new blocks for young men and the elder sort. All good weaves, starting at five dollars, sold elsewhere at eight dollars, and with special blocks up to twenty dollars.

SEPARATION OF QUEEN'S QUESTION FOR ASSEMBLY

Big Problem to Be Thrashed Out by Highest Court of Presbyterian Church at To-Day's Session—Missionary Work and Question of Immigration Was Debated Yesterday.

OTTAWA, June 8.—One of the biggest questions for the Presbyterian general assembly, in fact, ranking with church union for first place, is the proposed separation of Queen's University from the church. This constitutional change was dealt with in the college report, presented by Principal Gordon, but so important was it considered that it was made the first order of business for to-morrow.

The committee on church union has been named and will hold its first meeting to-morrow morning. The committee is a large one, with Prof. Ballantyne of Knox College, Toronto, as convener.

The missionary work in the west was the feature of the meeting of the general assembly to-night. Rev. Dr. McLaren, home missionary secretary for the western section, spoke of the bright and less favorable features of the situation.

A great deal of interest was centred in the address of Rev. J. Bodrug, the Ruthenian or Galician representative at the assembly. He said that the missonary work was never going on better in the west. There was never a time when the missionaries were being better received, and never a time when the Presbyterians of Canada were more liberally supporting this great cause. He pictured great things for the Dominion if the people addressed themselves to the great work of peace and righteousness.

Hard to Get Accurate Statistics.

Rev. Dr. Somerville, in connection with his report on statistics, pointed out that in the west great difficulty was encountered in securing accurate statistics. There were so many changes, both in ministers, missionaries and congregations, that reports could not be obtained from a great number often. There should, however, be more attention paid to this. The general assembly was entitled to know these statistics in cases where it was making grants for missionaries, it surely was entitled to know whether five or twenty-five families were being served. Any missionary who failed to make this report should be called upon

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Political Intelligence

What Are the Prospects of an Early Election?

As far as The World can make out parliament to-day stands adjourned to meet on July 18, and the government in a way is pledged to carry this out; but they could advise the governor-general to dissolve parliament before that date, and then there would be nothing in sight but an early appeal to the people to elect a new house of commons. On this issue, however, the government is bound by their pledge and by the statements made by ministers in the past few days, to pass, or to try and pass, a redistribution measure, giving increased representation to the new provinces before any appeal is made, and especially to give this increased representation to the western provinces, who are likely to be entitled to it, and who, it is claimed, are more anxious for reciprocity than any other part of Canada. Furthermore, the government and its newspaper friends have been saying that there will be no dissolution until the government has attempted to carry such a measure of increased representation; so that the government would have to violate its pledges in this respect if it attempted to dissolve before the reassembling of parliament, as arranged at the adjournment in May last.

If, therefore, parliament reassembles in July, on the date set at the time of adjournment, the government are bound to go on with their reciprocity proposals, to go on with the supply bill, and, as soon as they get the enumeration of the people, to introduce their redistribution measure. It will take some time, according to present prospects, to complete the census in so far as even the numbering of the people is concerned, and it may be well on into August before the figures are in shape sufficient to found a bill thereon.

Another factor in the situation is the probable fate of reciprocity in the senate of the United States. If by any chance—and the chances are many—the senate refused to pass the reciprocity measure or to pass it only in a crippled condition, the Canadian Government might feel justified in abandoning the proposal altogether, and therefore they would be justified in not rushing forward a redistribution bill. In fact, they might be satisfied to take supply sufficient to carry them over until a new session could be called, say in November of this year.

On the whole the prospects therefore are that parliament will reassemble in July; but what will happen then is unknown, for the opposition might refuse to make any headway with reciprocity, they might be very chary in granting supplies, and they might even say that any redistribution measure required the most careful consideration on their part, and therefore no substantial progress would be made after a session of two or three months. What the government would do in that eventuality cannot now be predicted.

In the meantime the situation becomes more and more complicated and political activity in the way of selecting candidates, holding meetings, and getting ready for a struggle, grows day by day.

Mr. Borden's trip to the west, which opens in a few days at Winnipeg, may throw considerable light on the situation. He may, however, be guarded in his utterances and be careful not to nail up any hooks on which the government can hang their hats.

As to Sir Wilfrid Laurier, he will return to Canada somewhat shattered by his experience in England and more or less imbued with the conviction that in some way he has let the game or part of the game slip out of his hands, and that some kind of recovery of position is the first thing to attempt if this be possible.

LIBERAL MEETINGS IN QUEBEC.

MONTREAL, June 8.—Two more Liberal campaign meetings will be held to-morow week. On Saturday at St. Scholastic, Que., the orators will be the Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux, postmaster-general; Hon. Jacques Bureau, solicitor-general; Hon. Hector Champagne, M.L.C.; J. C. Ethier, M.P.; C. A. Wilson, M.P.; John Demers, M.P.; and Gustave Boyer, M.P.

Sunday, a meeting will be held in Saint Vincent de Paul, Laval County, when the orators will be the Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux, Hon. J. L. Decarie, provincial secretary; C. A. Wilson, J. A. C. Ethier and J. W. Levesque.

TAKE NO STOCK IN STORY.

RENFREW, Ont., June 8.—Liberals of this town take no stock in the story that Hon. Chas. Murphy will become candidate for South Renfrew, nor do Conservatives. Thomas A. Low, the present member, is sure to be renominated. He was not at the meeting said to have been held in Ottawa to talk over the introduction of Mr. Murphy here.

THE BREAD MERGER.

There is to be a consolidation of a number of leading bread bakers and baking companies in Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg and other places in Canada, as exclusively announced in The World of yesterday.

Details will not be given out for a few days, but enough is known to justify the statement that Mark Bredin of the Toronto company of that name, and George Weston of Toronto are in it. The name of the firm of Cawthra Mulock & Co. is mentioned as one of those connected with the organization. The capitalization of the new company will be quite substantial.

CONGREGATIONAL UNION

Zion Church, Toronto, Now Dropped From the Roll.

KINGSTON, June 8.—(Special.)—T. B. MacAulay, Montreal, managing director of the Sun Life Assurance Co., was elected chairman of the Congregational Union to-day. On the recommendation of the membership committee, Zion Church, Toronto, now formally disbanded, was dropped from the roll. The statistical report, read by Rev. A. G. Margett, showed a total membership in the churches of 12,204, an increase of 908. The value of church property amounted to $1,547,095, an increase of $325,000. The money raised was $210,689, an increase of $11,770. The treasurer of the foreign missionary society reported contributions amounting to $5320.

Under the head of designated funds, reference was made to the gift from Mrs. William Freeland, in commemoration of her late husband, who was converted at Zion Church, Toronto, many years ago. The income of the fund will be used for the education of native workers.

T. M. MacAulay, the new chairman, is a strong advocate of the Bahamas being brought into confederation with Canada.

REJECTED SUITOR ENDS LIFE

Italian Waiter Took Compound of Carbolic Acid and Whiskey.

Grief stricken because he had been repulsed by his Canadian sweetheart, Frank Pernisza, aged 22 years, an Austrian waiter at the King Edward Hotel, determined to die.

Repairing to his room at 140 Shuter-street, at 5.30 last evening, he mixed carbolic acid with a quantity of whiskey and drank the mixture. His landlord heard him groaning, and finding him writhing on the floor with the flask beside him, went out to summon medical aid. He called upon five neighboring doctors, but failed to find any of them at home. The police ambulance was also called, but the man was dead when it arrived.

The body was removed to the morgue and the chief coroner notified. An inquest is unlikely.

GUILTY OF PERJURY

Ran Off With Young Girl and Sworn Falsely to Her Age.

WOODSTOCK, June 8.—James Young, a local man, who ran off to Ingersoll with a girl in her teens a few weeks ago, was brought back with his young bride and compelled by the court to live apart from him wife, who went to live with her parents. It was charged that he had sworn falsely to the girl's age, and today he was tried for perjury and was found guilty. The magistrate suspended sentence on condition that the marriage be solemnized in the regular way, that he work steady from now on and support his wife, and that he provide bonds to the amount of $500 for his future good behavior.

G. T. R. Conducter Killed.

OTTAWA, June 8.—James Thomas Riopelle, Grand Trunk Railway conductor at Booth's Mills, was run over by a train to-night. He is supposed to have fallen off a car. He was an Ottawa man 36 years of age, and leaves a widow with six children.