covernment of our country should be country shou

AGRICULTURAL DEPRESSION

ere is one question however on which the electors require no time by to arrive at a conclusion, and that is the sad state of depresalmost of ruin—in which the agricultural interests of our couns now found. Every farmer knows too well his want of prosperity. own empty pecket speaks more eloquently, and more forcibly; on se point, than the most gifted orator in the country. Nature has to us one of the finest and of the richest countries in the world. inhabitants have sprung from ancestors whose energy, intelligence business capacity, have enabled them to out-strip, in the race of the inhabitants of every country in the world. The inventive kill of the present age has placed in the hands of the farmer tools d implements or agriculture which enable him to do more work on farm in a day than his father could in a week. By our means of consport by rail and by water we are placed in communication with war market in the world. Yet in spite of these great natural adges, in place of prosperity we have distress and almost ruin value of farm property has shrunk at least one-third in value m what it was ten years ago. The profits of the farm have desased in the same proportion. Ontario is without doubt the most resperous Province in the Dominion, and the Government cannot plain if we take that as a sample for the Dominion. What is the of the rural population there?

From 1872 to 1879, 7 years, the population increased 84,603 souls; from 1879 to 1888, 9 years, it increased 11,000 souls. In the 7 years before the National Policy it increased 73,303 souls more than during the nine following years under the National Policy. In other words the population increased about eight times more during the first seven

years than it did during the last nine.

In fifty counties in Ontario the rural population has actually decreased. We know too well how our own Province has suffered in the same direction. There is not a family amongst us who has not one of its meinhers or near relatives living in the United States, tempted there by greater opportunities, and driven from their homes by the accusation of our own country. The United States census of last year there over 1,000,000 Canadians living there, a large proportion of them gone over since the N. P. came into force. Among them a great the proposed over factory operatives who have failed to find employment in Canadian manufactories promised by the N. P.