b/ If contained coating conditions are not possible (boat construction, aircraft coating, etc.), installations may be granted exemption from these values. The reduction scheme of paragraph 6 (a) is then to be used, unless it is demonstrated to the satisfaction of the competent authority that this option is not technically and economically feasible. In this case, the operator must demonstrate to the satisfaction of the competent authority that the best available technique is used.

c/ The first value applies to drying processes, the second to coating application processes.

d/  $\,$  If, for textile coating, techniques are used which allow reuse of recovered solvents, the limit value shall be 150 mg C/Nm3 for drying and coating together.

12. Coil coating:

## Table 6. Limit values for NMVOC emissions released from coil coating

Capacity, technique, further specification	Threshold value for solvent consumption (Mg/year)	Limit value (mg C/Nm <sup>3</sup> )	Limit value for fugitive emissions of NMVOCs (% of solvent input)
New installations	> 25	50 <sup>a/</sup>	5
Existing installations	> 25	50 <sup>a</sup>	10

a' If techniques are used which allow reuse of recovered solvent, the limit value shall be 150 mg C/Nm3.

13. Dry cleaning:

## Table 7. Limit values for NMVOC emissions released from dry cleaning

Capacity, technique, further specification	Threshold value for solvent consumption (Mg/year)	Limit value
New and existing instrallations	0	20 g COVNM/kg <sup>a/</sup>

a/ Limit value for total emissions of NMVOCs calculated as mass of emitted solvent per mass of cleaned and dried product.