

WORLD TRADE BY COUNTRY

EXPORTS (1)

TOP 25 COUNTRIES

Value in millions of U.S. dollars

Country	System(2)	1979	1980	1981
1. United States (3,4)	G	182,025	220,786	233,739
2. Germany FR (5)	S	171,799	192,930	176,043
3. Japan	G	103,045	129,812	152,016
4. Saudi Arabia	S	63,427	109,111	120,240
5. United Kingdom	G	91,030	115,114	102,807
6. France	S	97,572	111,114	100,497
7. USSR	G	64,761	76,449	79,003
8. Italy	S	72,243	77,659	75,215
9. Canada	G	56,053	65,123	69,907
10. Netherlands	S	63,697	73,952	68,732
11. Belgium-Luxembourg	S	56,705	64,664	55,705
12. Sweden	G	27,605	30,932	28,630
13. Switzerland	S	26,507	29,634	27,043
14. Brazil	Si	15,244	20,131	23,172
15. Indonesia	S	15,590	21,909	22,259
16. Australia	G	18,667	22,031	21,767
17. Hong Kong	G	15,155	19,720	21,737
18. China	G	13,613	18,179	21,560
19. South Korea	S	15,055	17,505	21,254
20. Singapore (6)	G	14,233	19,376	20,967
21. Venezuela	G	14,317	20,950	20,959
22. Spain	S	18,203	20,721	20,337
23. Emirates (UA)	G	13,595	20,748	20,240
24. Nigeria	G	17,331	26,845	20,210
25. Mexico	G	8,818	15,301	20,033

1. F.O.B. (free on board). Value at the frontier of the exporting country.
2. Systems of trade-exports: outward moving goods consist of: (a) national goods, i.e. those wholly or partly produced in the country; (b) foreign goods, neither transformed nor declared for domestic consumption in the country, which move outward from customs storage; (c) nationalized goods, i.e. foreign goods, declared for domestic consumption, which move outward without having been transformed. General exports (G) comprise all three categories and in the general trade system, the sum of (b) and (c) may be tabulated as re-exports. Special exports (S) comprise categories (a) and (c). Semi-special exports (Si) are defined to equal national exports; i.e. category (a). Direct transit trade, consisting of goods entering