

The trial for perjury of the claimant of the Tichborne estates will come on in the Queen's Bench before a special jury, during the course of this month. On what particular charges the fellow will be indicted we cannot yet tell; but we think it very doubtful whether the Government will be able to procure a verdict against him.

For it must be borne in mind that his position before a Jury when arraigned for perjury, will be the direct opposite of that in which he stood before the Jury as claimant to the title and estates of the Tichborne family. Then the *onus probandi* rested on his shoulders. It was for him to prove that he was the real Sir Roger Tichborne, not for the defendants to prove that he was not. Then, in any case of doubt that might have arisen, it would have been the duty of the Jury to give the real defendant, that is to say the infant Tichborne then legally in possession, all the benefits of that doubt; for being in possession, the legal presumption is—and until the contrary be proved, must be—that he is rightfully in possession. Granting for the sake of argument that in the first trial, the claimant could by evidence have made it appear very probable that he was really what he pretended to be, still, so long as a reasonable doubt as to that fact existed in the minds of the Jury, they were bound to give the actual possessor the benefit of that doubt by finding a verdict for him.

In the trial for perjury about to come on all this will be reversed. The *onus probandi* will then have been removed from the shoulders of the claimant, now the accused, to those of the party prosecuting. It will no longer be for the former to prove, as the condition of getting a verdict in his favor, that he certainly is Sir Roger Tichborne, it will be for the prosecution to prove that he certainly is not—and to prove a negative is almost an impossible task. There is but one way by which they can accomplish it—to wit, by proving that he is somebody else; by identifying him, beyond the possibility of a reasonable doubt with, say Arthur Orton, the Wapping butcher, or some other of those Australian jail-birds with whom the claimant during his Australian career seems to have principally consorted.

Any how the Government in prosecuting the claimant has undertaken a heavy task, and assumed a great responsibility. Should it fail in that task, should—as very probably will be the case—the prisoner be acquitted of perjury, the general public—not much addicted to the use of logic—will leap to the conclusion that his truthfulness as claimant has been proved; though in reality a verdict of “not guilty” in such a case would but amount to this—that the prosecution had failed in proving him to be a perjured liar and an impostor. Now even though the Attorney-General should be unable to prove, conclusively, that the claimant is not Sir Roger, it is by no means a logical conclusion that therefore he is that person, whom he represents himself to be. The trial, no matter how it may result, will be a most interesting one, for this case of Tichborne is the most extraordinary in all its details, the most sensational that has ever been brought before a British Court of Justice. Our opinion is that the prisoner will be acquitted.

THE CURSE OF IRELAND.—In the Montreal *Witness*, of 26th Nov., we find the annexed paragraph:—

“A correspondent of the New York *Evening Post* asks Mr. Froude to fathom the mysterious connection of the letter P. with Ireland's woes. It is a singular fact that nearly all the sources of that unhappy country's miseries may be indexed under the letter *P*. Thus we have Popery, Priests and Pigs; Politics, Patriotism and Potteen; Population, Poverty and Potatoes; and though last, not least, Fat himself!

The writer of the above by a strange forgetfulness seems to have forgotten the chief cause of the miseries of Ireland, which may also be indexed under the letter named—to wit, Protestantism. To this we may also add Presbyterianism, Persecution, and Penal laws. All these fruitful sources of misery to poor Ireland, may be indexed under the letter *P*; and yet, from excess of modesty, we suppose, on the part of the writer of the above given paragraph, these are carefully omitted from the list. We hope the *Witness* will publish our emendations.

OBITUARY.

It is with extreme regret that we have to chronicle the demise, on the 24th November, at the House of Providence, in this city, of Sister Helen Mahoney, in religion Sister Mary Michel, at the early age of 29 years. The deceased had been for eight years a nun, during which time she was loved by the Sisterhood for her gentleness and urbanity. She gave up the pomp and vanity of the world to become the spouse of her divine Redeemer, and we hope that she now enjoys her reward.—*Requiescat in pace.*

Thousands have been changed by the use of the Peruvian Syrup (a protoxide of Iron) from weak, sickly, suffering creatures, to strong, healthy, and happy men and women, and invalids cannot reasonably hesitate to give it a trial. For Dyspepsia and Debility it is a specific.

THE UPPER OTTAWA.

Twice a week the steamer “Sir John Young” conveys passengers from Havelock to the Chapeau. On the route we pass La Passe, with its modest chapel, its numerous farm houses, and its glorious scenery. Two years ago, a memorable feast, the golden wedding of the Abbe Ginguet, was here celebrated. The Rev. Joseph G. Ginguet, is probably the oldest Catholic clergyman in Canada, and yet his frame bears not the impression of age. After two and fifty years of missionary toil, his constitution is hale, promising to its venerable possessor—if God so wills it—a patriarchal length of life in the enjoyment of unbroken health.

The Allumette Island is the home of some hundreds of Ireland's exiles. Here, protected by just laws, they have acquired what the most debased of landlord systems prevented them from acquiring in Ireland, comfortable homesteads, with encouragement to improve, and liberty to dispose of them to their own advantage when they wish. Oh! that all Irishmen who land on our shores would settle on farms, and not pass their days and waste their strength, in breaking stones and hodding mortar in the cities and towns, where they are exposed to temptations as ruinous as they are numerous. The fields offer wealth and happiness to our race; the streets present nothing but temptation and crime. The Irish are by nature a farming people; they are no more suited to the wear and tear of city life, than a knight of the goose is qualified to be commander of Her Majesty's fleet. It is not the constitution that lacks, but the disposition. Of course, we except mechanics, and men of a commercial education or literary pursuits.

An Irish priest, ripe in virtue, in wisdom, and in years, is the pastor of the Allumette circuit. Few names are better known along the Ottawa, few more endeared to the Catholic heart, than that of the Rev. James Lynch. Over a quarter of a century ago, during the infancy of the diocese, he alone conducted a mission that now affords abundant labor to twelve indefatigable men. It is true, the population has since increased, but the extent of territory was no less than it is now. With such a pastor at their head, and with abundance of worldly goods at their command, we were surprised, as well as grieved to learn, that the building devoted to the worship of God, is not what it should be. Imposing churches are springing up on every side, in poorer parishes than theirs; and their neighbors begin to boast of the advance they have gained in the great march of progress. We know that on the Allumette, devotion and good-will are not wanting; it is enterprise alone that lacks. Let it once make a start, and it will soon follow the example of Sand-Point, of Arnprior, of Renfrew, of Pembroke, and of Calumet.

Sheenboro', a parish just constituted, has erected a Sacristy, and fitted it up for week-day service during winter. A large and costly presbytery also has been raised, and now awaits the attention of the finisher. The faithful have not been slow in responding to the appeal of their young “Soggarth Aroon,” Rev. Patrick Meehan, who is determined to leave nothing undone to promote the spiritual and temporal interests of his charge.

On one of the numerous isles that dot the surface of the Ottawa, there lives a genius whose peculiarities we think it no harm to bring before the eyes of the public. He is of Irish extraction, was born and bred a member of one of the Protestant sects,—High Church, Low Church, Broad Church, or No Church, history does not say—but, owing to the advantages of private interpretation, he latterly threw aside the new Testament, and (the Lord preserve us from harm!) actually turned Jew. An Irish Jew! And a practical one at that! He pores over the books of the Old Testament, expects the coming of a second Messiah, observes the Sabbath day, and turns up his nose at the sight of an innocent grunter or a harmless slice of pork. But, despite all the transformation he has undergone, he cannot disguise the Irishman; he preserves the traditional love for “mountain dew,” all Jewish antipathy to the contrary. We commend this olio of oddities to the attention of the Canadian Bible and Missionary Society, towards whose support, we are told, he was formerly a generous subscriber. Why not endeavour to snatch the “brand from the burning?”

NEW BOOKS FROM MESSRS. SADDLER.—New York and Montreal.—We have to acknowledge the receipt of the undermentioned valuable works:—

Life of Sixtus the Fifth.—This is an abridgment, and translation from the French by James F. Melino, of Baron Hubner's great work, now recognized as the most complete history of the life and times of that great Pontiff yet given to the world. To Sixtus the Fifth the city of Rome, Italy, Europe, and the Church throughout the world, owes a debt of gratitude for his firmness in repressing the evils and corruptions of the age in which he lived. Sincere in his

piety, pure in his private life, he waged pitiless war with brigands, criminals of all classes, crowned or uncrowned, and was at the same time the zealous patron of the arts and sciences. In short, as Raake observes when speaking of him, he was one of those men, whom in times of turbulence and disorder, some secret virtue brings to the front as fitted to control them.—Price, \$1.

The Heart of Myrrha Lake; or, Into the Light of Christianity.—By Minnie Mary Lee. This is a pleasant little Catholic story, well told, and edifying in its sincere piety. The price is \$1.

Fleurange.—By Made, Augustus Craven.—Translated from the French by M. P. T.—This also is a Catholic story, or rather novel, which has deservedly earned for itself a high reputation. It is a book which Catholic parents may safely put into the hands of their children, and which young persons may read with profit and entertainment. Price \$1 50.

All these works are kept on hand by Messrs. Sadlier, of this city, at the prices above given.

THE LAMP.—December 1872. Hamilton, Ont., Published by Cornelius Donovan, 92 Walnut Street. This, as its title implies, is a “Monthly Magazine of Catholic Literature,” and deserves the support of the Catholic public of the Province. It is published at the rate of five cents per number, thus being within the reach of every one; and it supplies a good amount of pleasant fireside reading. Parents should take it in for the sake of their children. We give a list of the contents of the current number:—Slumber of the Infant Jesus; The Dead Restored; or Never Too Late to Mend; Sacred Legends, by Alphonsus Ligouri; “Oil for the Lamp,” France As It Was, And As It Is; An Ancient Hymn; The Faithful Henchman, a Tale of the last O'Sullivan; Dr. Johnson on Catholic Doctrine; Chronology for December; The Irish Language, Lesson 6; Answers to Correspondents.

THE MESSENGER OF THE SACRED HEART OF JESUS.—December 1872. John Murphy & Co., Baltimore. — This is another very deserving Catholic periodical, published under the auspices of the Rev. B. Sestini, S. J., Woodstock College. We find in it articles on the following subjects:—The Paradise of God; Saint Susanna; Historical Scenes of the IV. Century of the Church; Jam Enim Orto Sidere; Pansies; Pleadings of the Heart of Jesus; Catechism of the Devotion to the Sacred Heart; The Mother of God—the Model of the Apostles of His Sacred Heart; Our Hopes of the Future; General Intention; Graces Obtained.

THE CATHOLIC WORLD.—December, 1872.—This very excellent periodical as usual presents us with a well assorted collection of instructive reading matter. We give a list of contents:—The Spirit of Protestantism; Fleurange; Sayings of John Climacus; Dante's Purgatorio; Sanscrit and the Vedas; The House that Jack Built; St. Peter's Roman Pontificate; Sayings; The Progressionists; Christian Art of the Catacombs; Beating the Air; A Retrospect; The Russian Clergy; The Cross Through Love and Love Through the Cross; Odd Stories; Signs of the Times; New Publications.

THE EDINBURGH REVIEW.—Oct. 1872.—Leonard Scott Publishing Company, New York; Messrs. Dawson Brothers, Montreal.—The current number contains the following articles:—Corea; New Shakespearean Interpretations; Terrestrial Magnetism; The Fiji Islands; The Life of Henry Thomas Colebrooke; The Progress of Medicine and Surgery; Grote's Aristotle; The Past and Future of Naval Tactics.

We would inform our subscribers in Prince Edward County, Ont., that Mr. D. O'SHEA, of Picton, has been appointed Agent for the TRUE WITNESS; he intends canvassing the country on our behalf, and we hope our friends will give him a cordial welcome.

BLACKWOOD'S EDINBURGH MAGAZINE.—November, 1872.—Leonard Scott Publishing Company, New York; Messrs. Dawson Bros., Montreal.

The interest of the tale, *The Parisians*, is well maintained, and the political squib, *A True Reformer*, contains much matter for reflection. The subjoined is a list of the contents:—1. The Parisians, book ii.; 2. The Shores of Biscay; 3. On a Resurrectionist; 4. A True Reformer, part ix.; 5. Montalbert; 6. La Bruyere; 7. The End of the Banquet; 8. Our Autumn Manoeuvres.

A DISTINCT DENIAL.

(To the Editor of the *Witness*.)

We, the undersigned Irish Roman Catholic members of the Montreal Fire Department, beg in the strongest terms to refute a very mischievous statement which appeared in your issue of the 27 inst., and which was repeated in the early editions of your paper of the 28th, to the effect that there are influences which virtually exclude Catholics, and especially Irish Roman Catholics, from at least two stations of the department. So far from this being the case, we most positively state that in our long

experience as members of the Brigade there has never been at any time the slightest influence exerted either by the Chief or any officer of the department to prevent a new member from joining any station he may have been appointed to. And we as positively state that the vacancies as they have occurred have been filled up by the Chief without any consideration as to whether the candidate or guardian was Roman Catholic or Protestant. And as it was so it is at this day. The members of the Brigade, have always, and do act, with the most hearty co-operation, without the least distinction of creed or nationality. As further proof of our statements we may mention that there is only one station at present in which there is not a Roman Catholic; and the guardian of that station not long ago applied for the services of a Roman Catholic, because he was a “smart, active fellow.” The Brigade as at present constituted contains eight Irish Roman Catholics, eleven French-Canadian Catholics, the remaining fifteen members being Protestants. Where there is such majority it is hard to understand why a cry of intolerance should spring from them, and it is still harder to understand that if there is any intolerance at all why complaint should not come from the Roman Catholic members, rather than from the fertile brain of some fustian and unscrupulous outsider, whose evident device is at this late date to sow the seeds of religious discord in a Brigade distinguished for the harmony of its members. It is also reasonable to suppose that, in the event of any intolerance, the Irish Roman Catholic members of the Brigade would have intelligence and independence enough to state their grievance without the slightest hesitation to the proper authorities. They do not appreciate the gratuitous efforts of the writer of the false paragraph in your paper on their behalf. On the contrary they desire thus publicly to condemn the mischievous intent of the paragraph, which they consider most unwarranted and uncalled for.

Edward Jackson, guardian; John Nolan, engineer; V. King, fireman; Thos. Maugan, do; William Hill, do; John Daly, do; John Gillies, do; Edward Brennan, do.

THE NEW R. C. SCHOOL AND CONVENT.—EFFECTS OF COLD WATER.—Lindsay, we are pleased to say, will have one of the finest educational institutions in the Province when the Roman Catholic School and Convent is completed. This building is situated on Russell street, adjoining the Catholic church on the east, and its general design is substantial, elegant and commodious. Its dimensions are 74 by 50—four stories high; or rather there is to be a basement, two storeys proper, and a story in the roof, which is to be of Mansard pattern. The basement storey overground will be constructed of rock face and fine cut stone finishings; the other portions of white brick; while the roof will be covered with iron and ornamental cresting. The main front will be on Russell street. The ground floor is to be divided into two class rooms, a music hall, reception room, dining room, bath room, recreation room, and a large extension for kitchen 41 by 30. The second and third floors will be provided with class rooms, for the pupils, music and community rooms, infirmary and dormitories. In the fourth storey there is to be a chapel and a large dormitory. The workmanship throughout is to be first-class, and the most modern improvements in the way of ventilation are to be adopted. Mr. W. Duffus, of this town, is the architect, and that gentleman may well be congratulated for the taste and ability he has displayed in his design. Messrs. Toole & North, of Peterborough, are the contractors; and the Rev. Mr. Stafford exercises a careful supervision over the details of the work. The total cost of the building, when completed and furnished, will be about \$25,000, and by the terms of the contract it is to be finished in July next.

SAD AFFAIR.—Yesterday morning, about nine o'clock, some parties observed a horse and carriage floating in the canal immediately below the Wellington bridge. The traces were cut and the vehicle was at once removed; the body of a man, who was evidently the driver, was found entangled in one of the wheels, which was broken. The theory formed is that the vehicle was being driven along Wellington street from Point St. Charles, and that the animal became frightened, and running away dashed into the canal, when seeing his danger the driver had attempted to escape, but in the endeavour, had been caught as described. Several carriages at once stated they recognized the dead man to be a party named James Donovan, who drove for Rev. Father Dowd. The body was removed to the dead house, where an inquest was held at three o'clock. From the evidence of Rev. Father Singer, of St. Patrick's Church, it appeared that the deceased was a native of Middleton, county of Cork, Ireland, was 40 years of age, and had been in the service of St. Patrick's Church clergy as coachman some eight years. He had been sent on several errands at 4 o'clock the previous afternoon, one of which entailed a drive to St. Joseph street, near the tollgate. An inquest was held, at which a verdict of “found drowned” was returned.—*Montreal Herald*, 28 ult.

“TEMPERANCE.”—Father Brown, P. P., of Port Hope following the good example of Father Stafford, of Lindsay, has formed a Temperance League among the members of his congregation. Over 150 names are already enrolled. God speed.—*Whig*.

INCENDIARY FIRES.—Lindsay, Ont., Nov. 29.—Two stables were set on fire, but being discovered before the flames gained much headway they were speedily put out. They are supposed to have been the work of an incendiary.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—Lindsay, Nov. 29.—At about noon to-day a man named Dennis O'Brien, while engaged in filling up scaffold-holes in a building, fell from the ladder, a distance of thirty feet, and was killed on the spot. The verdict returned by the Coroner's jury was “accidental death.”

CLOSING OF THE WELLAND CANAL.—A despatch from St. Catharines, dated Nov. 29, says that navigation on the Welland Canal was suspended last night, owing to the severe frost. A large fleet of vessels are ice bound above Thorold, and unless softer weather comes soon, they will be likely to winter there. A great number are shipping and going into winter quarters at Port Colborne. A later despatch says the canal is frozen up for the present.

During the fever epidemic of last month, the stock of Ayer's Agree Cure in the Old North State became exhausted, and before a supply could be received from Lowell, the suffering from chills and fever became fearful. A few parties were so fortunate as to have it on hand, and in Iredell County, the druggists eked out their slender stocks by selling doses—a spoonful each—for a dollar. Many paid ten dollars for a bottle, when the regular price is but one, and thought themselves favoured at that, as valuable are the curative properties of this preparation, which not only expels the poison from the system, but leaves the patient with unimpaired health and vigor.—*Raleigh (N. C.) Standard*.

Exhaustion and degeneration follow the excessive use of the senses, without due intervals of rest for repair. In order to maintain the wanted energy the force expended, whether of body or mind, must be restored. When the expenditure of brain matter and other nervous elements is continued by overwork, the early extinction of life itself may be looked for as the result of such degeneration. The ingredients composing Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites, are such as constitute healthy blood re-establish sound nerves and senses, and will consequently not only prevent this exhaustion, but in most cases restore such as is lost.

Died.

In this city, on the 29th Nov., Margaret Catherine McKenzie, beloved wife of Mr. Thomas H. Cox, aged 23 years and 6 months.—*Requiescat in pace.*

In this city, on the 30th Nov., Agnes Agatha, daughter of Mr. Hugh McGill, aged 15 years and 8 months.—*Requiescat in pace.*

In this city, on the morning of the 1st inst., Patrick Joseph, youngest son of Mr. Patrick Prior, aged two years and one month.

Married.

On the 25th inst., by the Rev. Father Donohue, Patrick Slavin, Esq., of Napanes, to Miss Rosa McKenty, of Bath.

MONTREAL WHOLESALE MARKETS.

	Dec. 5.	Dec. 6.
Flour 47 bbl. of 196 lb.—Pollards.....	\$2.50 @ \$3.00	
Superior Extra	0.00 @ 0.00	
Extra	0.50 @ 0.50	
Fancy	0.50 @ 0.50	
Fresh Supers, (Western wheat).....	5.50 @ 5.95	
Ordinary Supers, (Canada wheat).....	5.90 @ 5.95	
Strong Bakers	6.00 @ 6.15	
Supers from Western Wheat [Welland Canal].....	0.00 @ 5.55	
Supers City Brands [Western wheat]		
Fresh Ground	0.00 @ 6.00	
Canada Supers, No. 2.....	5.70 @ 5.80	
Western States, No. 2.....	0.00 @ 0.00	
Fine	5.00 @ 5.20	
Middlings.....	3.75 @ 4.00	
U. C. bag flour, per 100 lbs.....	2.70 @ 2.75	
City bags, [delivered].....	3.15 @ 0.00	
Wheat, per bushel of 60 lbs.....	0.00 @ 1.32	
Barley, per bushel of 48 lbs.....	0.50 @ 0.55	
Lard, per lbs.....	0.11 @ 0.09	
Cheese, per lbs.....	0.12 @ 0.12	

WANTED

A CATHOLIC SCHOOL TEACHER for the coming year, for School Section No. 1, in the Township of Montclair and Hershel, Co. of Hastings, Male or Female, holding Second or Third Class Certificate, for Upper Canada. Apply (stating salary) to JEREMIAH GOULDEN.

INFORMATION WANTED OF PATRICK CONROY, native of Queen's Co., Ireland, aged about 54 years, Cooper by trade, who emigrated to this country about 40 years ago, and settled in St. Columban, which place he left about 30 years ago. When last heard of he was at the Bay of Quinte, Ont., about 16 years ago, since which time nothing has been heard of him. To any one giving information of his whereabouts will be given the sum of Ten Dollars. Address:—James Conroy (his nephew), care of Mr. Michael Sheehan, St. Columban, Co. Two Mountains, P.Q.—(Belleville and Ontario papers please copy.)

WANTED

For a School at St. Columban, a MALE TEACHER, (Elementary Diploma). For particulars apply to JOHN BURKE, President.

WANTED

A HEAD MALE TEACHER for the Roman Catholic Separate School, Lindsay. Duties to commence 1st January, 1873. Good testimonials required.—Address (stating salary), JOHN O'LEARY, Sec.

WANTED

FOR the SEPARATE SCHOOL of the Town of PICTON, P. E. County, a duly qualified Male or Female TEACHER, to enter on duty on or before the first of January. Salary liberal. J. BRENNAN, P. P. Picton, October 28th, 1872.

WANTED

A THIRD CLASS TEACHER wishes a SITUATION will be ready to commence in January; satisfactory Testimonials given if required.—Address (Stating Salary given) “S. K. T.” Martintown P.O., Glengarry Ont.

WANTED

For the Male Department of the Roman Catholic Separate School at Alexandria, Glengarry, a FIRST CLASS MALE TEACHER, to whom a good Salary will be given.—Address.

D. A. CHISHOLM, Clk' of Bd.

Alexandria, 13th Nov 1872

DOMINION BUILDING SOCIETY, Office, 55 St. James Street;

PRESIDENT.—Edm. Gravel, Esq.; Vice-President, P. Donnelly, Esq.
DIRECTORS.—Ls. McLanger, Esq., Chas. Lamoureux, Esq., M. H. Brisette, Esq., L. W. Talmesse, Esq., Robt. McCready, Esq.

FOUNDED, 14th AUGUST, 1872.

First issue, subscribed Appropriation Stock, \$1,000,000.
Second issue, \$2,000,000, open for subscription. As the Subscription Books for the first issue, are now closed, persons wishing Books of \$1,000, payable fifty cents a week during about thirteen years, can do so only by purchasing and having transfers made of Books from actual members. Owing to the success of the first issue, and the many applications for new shares, the Directors have resolved to issue 20,000 new shares of appropriation stock in Books of \$2,000 each, payable at the rate of one dollar a week, during about 13 years, with an entrance fee of one dollar a Book. Subscription Books for such second issue are now open, the entrance fee and Book are payable on subscription.
Permanent Stock, shares \$100, payable ten per cent, every three months; dividends half-yearly.

MONEY TO LEND,
On Mortgage, repayable yearly, or half-yearly, or by monthly instalments, during any period of time that may suit borrowers, from one to twelve years, or more if necessary. Also on Collateral Securities, repayable on call, at short dates, or by monthly, half-yearly, or yearly payments, to suit borrowers.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.
Until further notice, interest at the rate of six per cent shall be granted on all loans, under \$500, made to the Society on call or short notice, as in a Savings Bank.

Five per cent shall be given on loans of over \$500, but arrangements can be made to obtain six per cent on such amounts over \$500, if lent to the Society for fixed dates.

The 15th, 16th, 17th, and 18th Appropriations on the first issue will be balloted for about the end of the present month.

Persons wishing to subscribe in the Permanent Stock, or in the second issue of Appropriation Stock are requested to do so at once.

F. A. QUINN, Secretary-Treasurer.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the Matter of ISIDORE GAUTHIER, Contractor, of Montreal.

Insolvent.

The insolvent has made an assignment of his estate and effects to me, and the creditors are notified to meet at his place of business, No. 408, Montcalm Street, in the City of Montreal, on Thursday, the Twelfth day of December next, at Eleven o'clock A.M., to receive statements of his affairs and to appoint an Assignee.

L. JOS LAJOIE, Interim Assignee.

Montreal, 26th November 1872.