Are you a Public Speaker?

If so you cannot find anywhere a preparation equal CR. CHASE'S SYRUP OF LINSEED AND TURPENTINE for the throat and respiratory organs. We have hundreds of testimonials from public speakers, singers, ministers and others. The rev. gentleman says: "I never think of entering my pulpit without Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine at my side." Such indorsations from the ministry should give confidence in Dr. Chase's Medicine.

If you are troubled with that tickling sore throat, so common among speakers and singers, you will find DR. CHASE'S SYRUP OF LINSEED AND TURPENTINE a positive and permanent cure. Teaspoonful dose, price 25 cents. Edmanson, Bates & Co., sole manufacturers for Canada, 45 Lombard street, Toronto.

oval of the Songhees Indians, and the change of their present reserve for another location. This action has been taken as the result of the interview which I had with you during the recent session of parliament.

I find that in addition to the question of the removal of the Songhees Indians, the general question of the rights of the Dominion and the province in reserves in British Columbia has been the subject of correspondence, and that upon a protest entered by your government to the issue of a lease by the Department of Indian affairs for mining purposes of the final measures in and under the Indian reserve at Nanaimo, an agreement was come to for the reference of the question to the Supreme Court, and that the law officers of both governments have been in communication to that end.

It has occurred to me that it would be in the interest of both governments to come to an amicable understanding in the matter without incurring the expense and trouble incident to the proposed reference, which in the end may not afford a satisfactory basis upon which both governments may in future proceed in respect to Indian reserves. I am, therefore, authorizing Mr. McKenna on my behalf to discuss the matter with a representative of your government, with a view to making if possible an arrangement, which, while safeguarding the rights of the province, would afford this government the means of administering the reserves in the interest of the Indians, which under the present condition of affairs is found impossible.

I am also authorizing Mr. McKenna on my behalf to discuss with a representative of your government the questions which have arisen in connection with the railway belt. In your interview with me you expressed the desire to have these questions disposed of and a satisfactory arrangement come to. The mass of correspondence which has passed upon matters connected with the railway belt has tended, I fear, rather to complication than elucidation, and I think a good workable understanding can only be come to by conference. Mr. F. C. Rothwell, law clerk of the Department of the Interior, will act with Mr. McKenna in conferring with your government in respect to the railway belt.

As it is in the public interest and in the interest of both governments that these questions should be settled, I have no doubt that when they are taken up in a friendly way a satisfactory solution will be found. Of course the arrangements which may be made by the representative of your government and Mr. McKenna will require to be confirmed by orders in council before taking effect.

Messrs. McKenna and Rothwell will leave for Victoria about the 17th instant.

I have the honor to be, sir, your obedient servant,

(Sd.) CLIFFORD SIFTON,
Minister of the Interior and Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs.

BY WAY OF VARIETY.

Reporter—Are you willing to tell me your story? Convict—Yes; but I'm not at liberty.—Truth.

Mrs. Kingsley—You say you like colored servants better than white because they are slower. How is that? Mrs. Bingo—It takes them longer to leave.—Brooklyn Life.

"Yes," said Jiggers, as he looked wise, "I have just discovered a way to keep fish from smelling in hot weather." Seven men of families rose as one man and united in the chorus "How?" "Simply by cutting off the nose of the fish."—Philadelphia Inquirer.

Deacon Hasbeen (laying down his paper)—I have just been reading that alcohol will remove grass stains from the most delicate fabric. Mrs. Hasbeen (severely)—There you go again, Jason, trying to find some excuse. Just remember you have no grass stains in your stomach.—Judge.

"You Nawthuauhs," said the gentleman from Mississippi, "seem to have none of that high sense of pussonel honah that puhvades the sunny South." "Think so?" said the Hoosier, "Just you go down to one of the barrel houses and call the barkeeper a slob, if you think the high sense of personal honor is extinct."—Indianapolis Journal.

Premature silvery locks can be restored to the natural color, as in youth, and the head kept clean of dandruff, by Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer.

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and will ensure a quick return on your investments. Let us remind you that we are in the market with our cash picking up bargains. We buy in quantities to get the largest discounts, and can make prices to meet *Wholesale* buyers. Too hot to *Cook?*—use Armour's ready cooked meats.

Roast Beef, 2-lb. tins..... 25c.
Corned Beef, " .....25c.
Sliced Bacon, 1-lb. tin.....20c.
Brawn, 2-lb. tins.....30c.
Pigs Feet, 2-lb tin.....30c.
Deviled Meat.....15c.
Bass' Ale, Quarts.....20c.
Ginger Ale and Soda Water.
Lime Juice.....25c.

The Semi-Weekly Colonist.

FORTIETH YEAR. VICTORIA BRITISH COLUMBIA THURSDAY AUGUST 26 1897. VOLUME XL. NO. 22

AFRIDIS TAKE FORTS.

The Fall of Fort Maude Looked Upon as a Very Grave Misfortune.

Trouble is Spreading on the Frontier and the Situation Looks Alarming.

SIMLA, Aug. 24.—Fort Maude was captured by the Afridis at 10:30 a.m. yesterday when the garrison surrendered. The fort was burned the same night. The garrison was reached by Col. Westmacotts' relief column at 11:30 p.m.

PESHAWUR, Aug. 24.—It is reported that a large number of Afridis, led by fanatical priests, attacked the Sepoys near Fort Ali Musjid about noon yesterday massacring 300, capturing their rifles and then proceeding in large force to make an attack upon the British garrison on the Lowragt. There is a very uneasy feeling in Quetta, where the troops are under orders to be in readiness to march to New Chaman, which is the extreme outpost of the Afghan frontier, south-east of Kandahar, and on the edge of the Registan desert, between the provinces of Toba and Pishin. Khyber Pass is swarming with Afridis, and it is feared the fall of Fort Maude has greatly encouraged the rebellious Clemens.

At the same time that Fort Maude was abandoned, the Khyber Rifles garrisoning Fort Jewangera were compelled to abandon that place.

The area of active fighting is enlarging rapidly. The Afridis yesterday attacked with great determination the fortified Post Sudda, but were not successful in capturing it.

Paroshinar was attacked to-day. There are two English ladies with the garrison at Paroshinar.

The British military authorities have mobilized 32,000 men on the frontier for operations with the frontier garrisons. Forty-three thousand men are available for use against the insurgents.

The British officers commanding at Jameud moved the battery of artillery, escorted by the Fourth Dragoons, yesterday to the mouth of Khyber Pass, and shelled the enemy at a range of 320 yards. The battery then returned to Jameud, the officer commanding deeming it inadvisable to enter the pass. Gen. Ellis will begin a concerted movement against the insurgent tribesmen to-day.

BOMBAY, Aug. 24.—The reports that when the Mohammedans attacked Fort Shaekade they burned all the sacred books in the Sikh temple there have excited the greatest indignation among Sikhs throughout the province and greatly increased the Sikh troops on the frontier.

The Bombay Gazette announces that Chiefs Beluchistan, Sirades, Mehrattaw, Ghomesbakhis and Yarahemed have been arrested. The arrests were made on the Mushkafbolan mail train, upon which the chiefs had been induced to go quietly in order to meet the agent of the Governor-General (Earl of Elgin), who arrived there by special train shortly before. Sardar Ghomeshakhis is a son-in-law of Sirkar Sladkhan, one of the most loyal chiefs in Beluchistan; all the sirdars who have been made prisoners belong to the Sarawan division of Beluchistan. They are suspected of intriguing against the government for some time past. The arrests have caused a great sensation among the Mohammedans. Further important developments are expected.

LONDON, Aug. 25.—A special dispatch from Bombay says there is an unconfirmed rumor in circulation there that the Afridis have attacked Fort Ali Musjid with great determination. The garrison made a sortie in full force, endeavoring to disperse them, but met with a desperate resistance and lost three hundred killed. The remnant of the garrison then abandoned the post and made its way to the station on the Lowragt.

The rumor that the Indian government force were killed at Fort Ali Musjid, requires confirmation. The garrison was composed of Afridis with Afridi officers. If, as one report says, they died fighting desperately it may be regarded as proof of the continued loyalty of the Afridis in the Indian army.

UNCLE SAM AND SPAIN.

LONDON, Aug. 25.—The Paris correspondent of the Daily Mail says the conference between United States Minister Woodford, Ambassador Porter and Ambassador White failed to arrive at any definite decision. Woodford's task was extremely delicate. He had been instructed to put the screws upon Spain, but to avoid any step leading to an open rupture. Much depends, therefore, upon Spain's attitude, and upon the amount of support she receives from Europe. On both these points the reports of Ambassador White and Ambassador Porter were unfavorable to the American case. The Spanish government is forced by public opinion to continue the policy of Canovas, and the sentiment of both France and Germany is decidedly hostile to American interference. Under these circumstances it is probable that until Minister Woodford is able to feel his way more clearly, the American policy will be watered down to the maintenance of the claims of American citizens in Cuba, which are set off by Spain's claims in regard to filibustering.

BORDA ASSASSINATED.

President of Uruguay Killed During the Celebration of the National Fete.

The Murderer a Student—The Republic in a State of Rebellion.

MONTEVIDEO, Aug. 25.—During a national fete, which was held here to-day, President Jldarte Borda was shot and killed by an assassin, who used a revolver.

Senor J. Idarte Borda was elected President of Uruguay for the term extending to March, 1898. The fete at which he was assassinated was being held in celebration of the independence of Uruguay, which was declared on August 25th, 1825.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25.—The assassination of President Borda of Uruguay were not altogether a surprise to officials here who have watched the recent outbreaks of Uruguay. This was the second attempt on the President's life, the former being made by a crazy student Revecita. The last mail advices received here showed that the revolution had broken out afresh, the peace delegates from the insurgents having given up the hope of securing peace and withdrew to the Argentine Republic. Further agitation was occasioned by the reports that the government receipts had shrunk $1,600,000 during the year as a result of the revolution. The last issue of the Montevideo Times received here states that the president remained away from the state house in evident fear of his life. At the same time the Colorado or Junta of those seeking to overthrow the government had established active operations at the capitol. The assassination of the president will doubtless bring the country to a revolutionary crisis which has long been impending. The revolution thus far has been confined to the country districts where several engagements had been fought, the government troops securing the advantage.

EX SHIP BALMORE

60 bbls. English Linseed Oil,
65C. PER GALLON
IN 4-GALLON LOTS.

Elephant White Lead,
$5.50 PER 100 LBS.

Pure White Lead
$6.00 PER 100 LBS.

Pure Mixed Paints
$1.50 PER GALLON.

Roof Paint,
$1.00 PER GALLON.

5 Tons Barbed Wire,
4 1-2C. PER LB.

Mellor's Ready Mixed Carriage Paints
REQUIRES NO
VARNISHING, $1.00.

Sashes and Doors
FROM $1.25 UP.

J. W. MELLOR,
76-78 Fort Street, above Douglas.

WALL PAPERS, GLASS, PAINTS, ETC.
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TAKES A DROP.

NEW YORK, Aug. 24.—The disastrous result of operations by "eleventh hour" bulls was demonstrated in the actions of the market to-day. Failing to secure the necessary assortment of bull news these belated holders punctured the bull bubble and prices fell with a crash to a point over three cents a bushel below the top notch for the year.

Wheat closed as follows: No. 2 red, August, 92½c; September, 97¾c; October, 96¾c; November, 95½c; December, 95¾c.

Copper steady; brokers, $11.25; exchange, $11.15 to $11.25.

Lead strong; brokers, $3.60; exchange, $3.97 to $4.

Tin very quiet; straits, $13.70 to $13.80. Plates dull. Spelter quiet.

Bar silver, 51½c; Mexican dollars, 39½c; Silver certificates, 52c.

CHICAGO, Aug. 24.—The leading futures closed as follows: Wheat, September, 91¾c; December, new, 90½c; May, 91¾c. Corn, August, 28⅝c; September, 28⅝c; December, 30½c; May, 33⅜c. Oats, September, 18⅝c; December, 19¾c.

There's no question about it. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best blood purifier. This is proven by its wonderful cures of blood diseases.

Others Fail—It Cures!

DEAR SIRS:—From my own experience I can confidently say that Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry possesses true merit. It was the means of saving my little girl's life last summer. She was teething and took violent diarhoea. Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry cured her, and I feel that I cannot say enough in its favor.

MRS. WILLIAM ARTHUR,
Teeterville, Ont.

PRESIDENT FAURE.

He Is Received With General Rejoicing at the Capital of Russia.

The Streets Densely Crowded and the Populace Rear Themselves Hoarse.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 24.—President Faure, M. Hanotaux, the French minister for foreign affairs, and the suite of the President, on board the imperial yacht Alexanderia entered the Neva at noon. The river was crowded with lavishly decorated excursion steamers and the quays were black with spectators. The French cruiser Surcouf, which was near the landing stage, manned her yards and her sailors gave ringing cheers as the Alexanderia reached her quay. The Russians responded with roars of cheering.

Upon disembarking, President Faure was received by the Alexander III Neva Tehrkasky regiment of infantry. Standing in front of the regiment was a row of the highest officers of Russia. The President, in a few words spoken in Russian, greeted the soldiers, who replied with a loud cheer. M. Faure then inspected the guard of honor, and afterwards he and his suite, escorted by a sotnis of Ural Cossacks, were driven in open carriages to the Cathedral of St. Peter and St. Paul. Though rain was falling heavily, the streets were densely packed with people, who vociferously cheered the President of France.

After placing a wreath on the tomb of the late Czar, Alexander III, in the cathedral, President Faure drove to the Neva and laid the corner stone of the new French hospital. The President afterwards visited the house which Peter the Great, in 1703, built on the bank of Neva, in order to superintend the construction of St. Petersburg. The President examined the chair, stool, etc., made by Peter the Great and then went to the riverside, where the Czar was waiting for him in a launch. M. Faure embarked in this vessel, which had the Russian and French flags flying from her stern, and crossed the Neva. The Imperial and Presidential party took part in the ceremony of laying the foundation stone of the new Troitsky bridge. The Metropolitan who officiated prayed for the Czar, and for President Faure and France. The usual scenes of enthusiasm were witnessed everywhere.

The spectacle at the inauguration of the bridge was most brilliant. Around a picturesque tent were grouped the high court dignitaries in splendid uniforms and the municipal councillors and the clergy in gorgeous robes, while in the back ground stood four immense stands filled with ladies in elegant toilettes and officers in uniforms making a scene of great animation and sparkling with color. The Czar, President Faure, the Metropolitan and the Mayor of St. Petersburg, surrounded by the grand dukes, M. Hanotaux, the French minister of foreign affairs, the Count of Montebello, the French ambassador to Russia, and other French officers formed the central group in front of the tent where the inauguration was solemnly performed.

NO SUZERAINTY.

PRETORIA, South Africa, Aug. 25.—At a meeting of the Volkeraad to-day, President Kruger delivered a speech which is likely to cause the greatest excitement in Great Britain. During the course of his remarks the President said that the relations between Great Britain and South African Republic were regulated at the convention of 1884. He added that in the convention of November, 1881, a reference to the suzerainty of Great Britain did appear, but that in the next convention, that of 1884, not a single word appeared bearing precisely upon that point and since then the suzerainty had ceased to exist. This did not do away with the fact that the South African Republic and the whole nation recognized the convention and would endeavor to maintain it entirely, but they could not recognize the suzerainty of Great Britain because it was entirely opposed to that convention. He wished to maintain friendly relations with the whole world and in this way hatred would gradually disappear. Wherever love dwelt, said the President at the conclusion, the blessing of God would follow. President Kruger's remarks were greeted with loud applause.

CHARGED WITH MURDER.

MONTREAL, Aug. 24.—Edward Davidson, aged eighteen, was arrested last night on a charge of murder. He pleaded not guilty to-day and was remanded. Edward Fennel, his victim, died in the hospital, and the coroner's jury declared that he had met his death from the effects of a bottle of lye poured over him by Davidson. Davidson after the occurence fled to Chicago, but returned on Tuesday night.

LONDON, Aug. 24.—Mr. Edwin Corbin, of Chicago, has closed a deal amalgamating United States and Canadian lake fisheries companies, whereby the control of twenty companies passes into the hands of a British company with £1,000,000. Mr. Corbin sails for the United States next week, accompanied by a staff of British accountants, to take over the business and initiate the consolidation.

Not one complaint has ever been made by those using Ayer's Sarsaparilla according to directions. Furthermore, we have yet to learn of a case in which it has failed to afford benefit. So say hundreds of druggists all over the country. Has cured others, will cure you.

PREFERENTIAL TRADE.

It Only Shuts Out the United States and Some British Colonies.

There Will One Mail a Month From Dyea to Dawson City.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, Aug. 24.—A special meeting of the cabinet, at the instance of Sir Richard Cartwright, was held to-day at which the decision was reached to extend the operation of the preferential clause of the tariff to all countries entitled to it under the most favored nation clause contained in Great Britain's treaty obligations. Already, under the ruling of the Imperial government, 12½ per cent., the reduction in duties, is applicable to goods from France, Germany and Belgium. The further extension will apply to importations from Argentina, Austria, Hungary, Bolivia, Chili, Columbo and Costa Rica until November 26. Muscat, Norway and Sweden, Russia, Spain, Roumania, and Salvador, in fact to every country under the sun except the United States and British colonies. Newfoundland, the Cape, and all the Australian colonies, except New South Wales which has a free trade tariff, are shut out from the preferential reduction.

Sir Richard Cartwright in reply to a question put by your correspondent tonight, said the last reports he had had about Peterson, Tait and Co., contractors for the fast Atlantic service, was that everything was proceeding satisfactorily. When Sir Donald Smith, in whose hands the matter chiefly rested, reached Canada, the government would have definite information. Sir Richard remarked as to the reports of the inability of the company to carry out such an undertaking: "I can only say the firm gave us satisfactory assurances that they were sufficiently well backed to carry out the contract, and nothing has transpired since to show that they have misrepresented facts. Of one thing, however, you may rest assured, that unless they do the work they will not get the money, and up to this date, Canada has not invested one dollar in the project."

OTTAWA, Aug. 25.—(Special)—H. A. Bliss, of the Interior department has been appointed accountant in the government offices which it is proposed to establish at Dawson City. He goes out with Major Walsh.

Spain while not entitled to the preferential tariff, is to get it, as there is a tacit understanding that the treaty privileges formerly in force are still to hold good pending negotiations for a special treaty between Canada and Spain.

It turns out that Peterson, Tait & Co. were not notified from Ottawa that the Imperial government had decided to grant a certain proportion of the subsidy for the fast line. The agreement stipulates that within two months of such notification the contractors must put up £10,000 as evidence of their bona fides. It is assumed that the notice must have been given them either by the home authorities or Sir Donald Smith, hence it is not known when the two months will be up.

The United States government is to pay the Dominion the sum of $200 per trip for carrying United States mails from Dyea to Dawson City. There will be one trip each way every month for the present, no newspapers to be taken in the mail.

John McDougall and J. Baker, members of the London, England, county council are here inquiring into the government departments. The special object of their mission is to see the leading lunatic asylum of Canada and the United States, with a view to incorporate improvements into a new asylum to be built shortly in London.

Ottawa has a smallpox scare and is arranging for general vaccination.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier is to be received with a band and driven to parliament hill, where an address of welcome will be presented by the mayor and corporation.

SHEEPSHEAD BAY RACES.

NEW YORK, Aug. 24.—The unexpected happened at Sheepshead Bay and the filly L'Alouette, of the Thompson string, won the futurity with something to spare, and her backers were happy, for although her victory was a surprise she was coupled in the betting with her stable mates Gibraltar and Huguenot, and as the stable was the favorite for the race, the ring suffered. The other unexpected thing was the winning of Lydian, who got the place. The track was in anything but satisfactory condition. Heavy rains of last night and this morning having turned it into soft mud, which had dried out sufficiently to make the going heavy and sticky when the race was run. Not more than 10,000 were present when the bugle called the eighteen starters for the richest stake of the year to the post. After a little backing and filling the line swift away. It was a fine start for all but one, previous being left standing still in the first break to the great surprise of his owner and most of the older race goers. Grand Sachemand Amojian were quickest on their feet with Uriel and Cockrobin close up. L'Alouette next and the others not far away. At the quarter pole the line of the advancing racers was almost like that of a cavalry charge. A quarter from home Cockrobin led, but "Skeets" Martin was urging him, and he was beginning to falter. Right at his throat was L'Alouette, hanging on better than her owner had any idea she could, and right to her tail was Gibraltar's head and Galady was pegging along at his heels, but the boys were driving the colts while Clawson was sitting still waiting for the final rush, which was bound to come. Sloane dug his heels into Uriel's side and he went past the others like a flash and poked his nose in first place, while his stable companion Cockrobin, with his bolt shot, fell back rapidly to the rear. Clawson got to work at once to ride a finish with Sloane Uriel's effort was his last for a furlong from home Clawson had got him and was drawing away when a new competitor loomed up in the despised outsider Lydian, who had come from the rear under the vigorous urging of Thorpe, and with Sloane on Uriel a head behind, was making a bold bid for the stakes. The distance was a little too short, however, and as L'Alouette passed the wire Lydian was at her tail, a head in front of Uriel, who was a head in front of Plaudit.

THE FALSE PROPHET.

TORONTO, Aug. 25.—Goldwin Smith, in a letter to the New York Nation, says: "The time will come when American statesmen, now so indifferent to this question, will see that if it was worth while to spend all its blood and money in averting the establishment of an antagonistic power to your south, is it not equally worth while to exert political effort in averting the establishment of an antagonistic power to your north, and that the British Canadian is at least as desirable a citizen as a southern white or negro?

"British statesmen, on the other hand, will learn the hopelessness of their attempt to keep five millions of North Americans out of North America and attach them to Europe. That day will come, though men of my age are not likely to behold it. Already, in spite of all the wrangling among politicians, two sections of our race on this continent are rapidly fusing. Hardly anything now divides them but a political and fiscal line."

A BRAVE MOTHER.

HALIFAX, Aug. 24.—Two young ladies, aged 16 and 17, daughters of Benjamin Brown, were drowned in the Northwest Arm this afternoon while bathing. Their mother made a heroic effort to save them. She got one ashore alive, but the girl died shortly afterwards.

ROUTES TO THE YUKON.

Jennings Will Make a Thorough Investigation of the Trails From the Coast.

He Will Have Several Parties in the Field to Help Him.

WINNIPEG, Aug. 25.—(Special)—Mr. Jennings, the Toronto engineer, passed through the city this evening en route to Victoria. He will spend the fall and winter investigating the routes to the Yukon territory. Mr. Jennings is accompanied by A. Ross, of Toronto, and W. Ogilvie, a son of the explorer, of Ottawa, and on his arrival at the Coast will be joined by two officers of the department of the interior who are now working in British Columbia, and who will assist in the mission. Mr. Jennings said that his instructions were to inspect the routes into the Yukon country from the Pacific via the White Pass and Stickeen river, and to investigate as to the navigation of the different water courses from those points. He has sufficient men to send out four exploring parties, so as to get the fullest information in the shortest space of time possible. After investigation of the upper route it is intended by Mr. Jennings to follow the trail by Teslin lake to Stewart river, returning by White Pass to test the route via the Taku river. Mr. Jennings expected to accomplish his work within three months, although he may on his return at that time leave men in the district to make further investigations. Mr. Jennings speaks strongly of utilizing the wagon route up the Fraser valley to open a trail northward. This he thought to be one of the most feasible routes. He was of the opinion that the government would send a party over the route via Edmonton to ascertain how late in the season passage can be had into the Yukon district.

Acts Like Yeast.

MONTREAL, Aug. 23.—(Special)—In sympathy with the rise of wheat bread has advanced 2 cents a loaf here.

C.P.R. Earnings.

MONTREAL, Aug. 24.—(Special)—The C.P.R. traffic for the week ending Aug. 21 is $305,000 against $403,000 for same week last year.

Bankers Fail.

SEAFORTH, Aug. 24.—(Special)—Logan & Co., private bankers have assigned.

Extending the Cable.

OTTAWA, Aug. 24.—(Special)—The department of trade and commerce has been advised that the Halifax-Bermuda cable will be extended to the West Indies immediately.

Those Worrying Piles.

One application of Dr. Agnew's Ointment will give you comfort. Applied every night for three to six nights and a cure is effected in the most stubborn cases of blind, bleeding or itching piles. Dr. Agnew's Ointment cures eczema and all itching and burning skin diseases. It acts like magic. 35 cents.

For Sale by Dean & Hiscocks and Hall & Co.

The Semi-Weekly Colonist leads.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure

Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against alum and all forms of adulteration common to the cheap brands. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

WHOLESALE LYNCHING.

Six Negroes Swung Up in Line in Cleburne County, Arkansas.

Another Story of Seven Killed by a Mob Comes From the Same State.

LITTLE ROCK, Aug. 25.—In the report received here to-day, said to be true, a wholesale lynching which, for the number of men put to death without process of law, has possibly never been paralleled in the annals of crime, has taken place in Cleburne county, where, according to the report, six men were swung into eternity last night by a maddened and enraged mob of citizens of that county. One negro, guilty of criminal assault, was burned in his own home by a posse of deputy sheriffs in Drew county Sunday night, and Tuesday morning the lifeless body of a negro murderer was found dangling from a railway trestle near Pine Bluff. Last night six of the murderers' companions were taken to jail at Rispon and to-day comes the report that the entire half dozen were lynched last night. All efforts to verify this report has so far proved futile, but there are reasons to believe that it is true.

A terrible riot occurred at a negro picnic near Kendall on Saturday. There was much drunkenness among the negroes and two white men were attacked and terribly cut by a mob of the picnickers. One of these men S. T. Johnson, a very prominent white man died of his wounds. The white residents became enraged at the negroes, took the matter in their own hands and the two ringleaders in that riot were arrested and turned over to the mob. Quick work was made of them. The other escaped after being shot several times. Not satisfied, the enraged citizens began searching for other members of the rioters of the picnic party and six more were gathered in. They were arrested at daylight and the officers started with them to jail at Rispon, the county seat. The report that the sextuple lynching has already occurred reaches here through passengers arriving from Pine Bluff, which place is only a short distance from the scene of excitement.

EVACUATION OF THESSALY.

LONDON, Aug. 25.—A despatch to the Daily Mail from Constantinople says that Sir Philip Currie, the British ambassador, received instructions to-day to accept the proposals of the Porte concerning the evacuation of Thessaly, subject to the consent of Greece to the financial control.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 24.—The Turkish government now proposes that the Sultan's troops shall occupy Volo and Larissa and the country in the rear of these places until the Greek indemnity is paid, withdrawing the troops to the south of this line on the signing of the treaty of peace.

ELECTRIC CABS.

LONDON, Aug. 24.—The electric cabs which were introduced a few days ago on the streets of London are in great demand. Only two of them are plying for hire, the others having been privately pre-engaged for 25 shillings a day. The company owning the vehicles say that they could let hundreds of them if they possessed them. They hope to add three new ones weekly.

SIR WILLIAM WHITEWAY.

ST. JOHN'S, Nfld., Aug. 24.—Sir Wm. Whiteway, the premier, returned last night from London, where he had gone to attend the Diamond Jubilee festivities. He has been accorded a series of popular receptions to-day. The public is anxiously awaiting his announcements as to the results of his interviews with the heads of the various departments of the Imperial government. Owing to the poor prices brought by codfish in the European markets some new policy must be adopted by Imperial statesmen with reference to the colony and the French claims in order to insure the future prosperity of Newfoundland.

A Rossland Blaze.

ROSSLAND, Aug. 24.—Frank D. Brooks is in jail on a charge of arson. Last Sunday night fire was discovered in the Rossalander office and at once put out. Circumstantial evidence points to Brooks as the party who started the fire.