

The Advertiser

founded by John Cameron in 1862.

THE DAILY ADVERTISER.

Daily, by mail, per year (\$ to 16 pages) — \$5.00
 Daily, by mail, per three months — \$1.50
 Saturday Edition, 16 pages, including
 "Citizen and Home Guard" — \$1.00
 All subscriptions payable in advance.

IN LONDON:

Morning Edition, 86 per annum; Evening Edition, 10c per week, delivered.

THE WESTERN ADVERTISER.

(OUR WEEKLY EDITION.)

By mail, per annum — \$1.00

JOHN CAMERON, President and Manager.

ADVERTISING RATES

Made known on application at office. Address all communications to

ADVERTISER PRINTING CO., LONDON, - CANADA.

Gods in his heaven,
 All's right with the world.
 —BROWNING.

London, Thursday, August 2.

—Only those communications to which the writers are willing to have their names appended in print will be published in these columns. Neither the writing nor the publication of anonymous letters can be justified.

A LONDON "CANADIAN SOCIETY" FOR THE PROMOTION OF PATRIOTISM.

A "National Trust for Places of Historic Interest or Natural Beauty" has been formed in England, the first meeting being presided over by the Duke of Westminster. The purpose of the new association is to accept from private owners gifts of places of interest, and hold the lands and houses thus acquired. This association can be made a most useful one. We need some such organization, even in this young country. Many a nation is strong in the hour of trial that comes to all peoples, as to individuals, because of the strength of its traditions. We do not necessarily need to live in the past. As a young nationality, with giant possibilities, we can steadfastly hope for a great future, if we are intelligent architects of the national edifice; but we know that the most progressive countries of the earth are those who have maintained the most earnest attachment to their traditions, and have steadily kept before the rising generation the foundation principles upon which, perhaps from small beginnings, they sprang.

The annual reunions of the natives of other countries and their descendants who have cost their lots with us are all very well in their way. We would not for a moment suggest that they be dispensed with. The occasional revival of the memories of early struggles and early achievements, the steady carefulness for the poor and needy among the respective sections of our community, are laudable objects, and we will continue to encourage their perpetuation. But surely the time is more than ripe for a steady, a persistent cultivation of Canadian nationhood. While we wish our Canadian-born sons and daughters to have nothing but kindly feelings towards the motherland of their parents, whether it be England, Scotland, Ireland, Germany, France, or any of the other nations that to a greater or less extent have contributed to stock this Dominion of ours with stalwart humanity, it must be apparent to all of us that if ever Canada is to be a nation—and we should all be working to secure for our great country that status in the fullness of time—we must inspire the rising generation with a sturdy Canadian patriotism. We must have instilled in them a regard, an esteem, a constant love for the land of their nationality.

We admire the ardor of the Scottish Highlander when, wherever he roams, he descends on the unsurpassing grandeur of his native haunts. In the Englishman who treasures and constantly expresses undying affection for the great country that gave him birth—a land unsurpassed in industrial activity and in devotion to the great principles of freedom—we recognize the traits that have carried the British flag into every known part of the world, and we honor Englishmen for it. The Irishman has the strongest imaginable regard, nay passion, for the beautiful island which gave him birth, and the Frenchmen and Germans show no less affection for their respective lands, and never neglect an opportunity to encourage patriotism in the rising generation.

Are Canadians doing their full duty in this respect? Is there not room for a National Canadian Society which shall collect the same services for Canada as is accomplished by the societies which exist for the perpetuation of old world associations, memories and traditions? A distinctively Canadian society might find ample work in London and other cities of the Dominion even at this early stage in the history of the country. It might take the place in this country that the English "National Trust for Places of Historic Interest or Natural Beauty" is destined to fill, and be of very great benefit in laying the foundation principles of sturdy Canadian patriotism in the rising generation. In Great Britain, a great deal has already

been done in this direction, but the very fact that distinguished Englishmen believe that even more can yet be accomplished shows how strong is the feeling in favor of preserving and perpetuating all that is interesting in the landmarks of the nation. It is this care of the landmarks, the distinctive features of the country, that makes many European countries so intensely interesting not only to the natives, but to the tourist. What is it that the visitor in Great Britain first wishes to see? The new buildings? No; he desires to gaze on the old castles, the old cathedrals, the scenes of the struggles for national liberty, the birthplaces of the nation builders, the leading toilers in every section of the national vineyard.

Let us localize the application of this illustration. This good city of London is but 64 years old. Seventy years ago, the site of London was a dense forest. There was many a struggle for existence in the little hamlet in those pioneer days. The true story of the settlement and rise of almost every center of population in this country after the lapse of 50 years can be made to resemble a romance to the rising generation of Canadians if appropriately told. Yet how many of the natives of this city know where the house of the pioneer settler stood, or the exact spot where the first school was built, or the site of the first place of public worship? A Canadian Society could surely remedy all this. It could provide and maintain at small expenditure of time and money the necessary tablets to perpetuate the information. It could hold a meeting of pioneers of the city once a year at which papers could be read by "the old inhabitants," memories could be stored up, and patriotism could be inspired by a recital of how the early fathers and mothers toiled that we might reap. Indeed, the field for a Canadian society in such a city as London is as unlimited as in our opinion would be the patriotic influences which it would exercise.

—It is announced that the clubs of the University of Leipzig have resolved to give up the immemorial practice of drinking beer in the morning. It seems that morning beer interferes with the student. He has found that by abstinence he has a clearer head. Some years have been spent in learning the lesson, and overcoming long-formed prejudices, but the discovery is likely to effect a beneficial revolution in German student life, not only in Leipzig, but in every educational center.

IMPORTANT DECISION AS TO RAILWAY CROSSINGS.

The railway committee of the Dominion Government has just rendered a decision that will be of interest to every municipality through which a railway passes. Toronto city council applied to the Dominion Government authorities for a decision in favor of its contention that, to protect the public interests, either a highway should be erected over Lansdowne avenue by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, or the public should be protected by the putting on of gates, to be attended by an employee of the railway company. Hon. Mr. Haggart and his associate Ministers heard the Toronto city representatives and the railway solicitors, and promptly decided that whether the protection was by overhead bridge, subway or gates, the city must foot the bill, every cent of it. It is a good thing that this new judgment against the municipality view of railway responsibility cannot be made retroactive. There are a good many level crossings in this city, and the most freely frequented ones have gates attended to by the railway employees—invariably faithful officials—but they are all maintained by the railway companies.

—By means of a big telescope the Boston professors have discovered a polar sea and "lakes," the latter "chiefly not water." So far they are not able to tell us whether the Marcees lake frequenters take out boats when they cannot manage them or go into deep water and drown because they cannot swim. But they may get all this information in due course. A lake, "chiefly not water," would be a good spot for a timid bather.

THE DREADED RUSSIAN THISTLE GETS INTO CANADA.

Some time ago we warned the Dominion and Manitoban authorities to get ready to keep out of Canada, by every means in their power, the dreaded Russian thistle, which has been covering and practically rendering useless large tracks of farm land in the adjoining States of Dakota and Minnesota. We now learn that an undoubted specimen of this pest has been found growing at Gleanboro, Manitoba. This thistle got its start on this continent in Bon Homme county, South Dakota, where it was introduced, probably in 1869. It has now spread over six or more counties, and in many cases has actually driven settlers off their farms. The plant grows to a large size, and is thickly beset with sharp spines, so that animals and men cannot work amongst it. In winter it separates from the soil, and blows across the prairie, dropping its seeds wherever it rolls. The great danger attending the spread of this weed has been recognized in the States. The Northern States have spent nearly \$1,000,000 in fighting it. Mr. Fletcher, Dominion botanist, at the instance of the Minister of Agriculture, has now prepared an illustrated circular, for distribution among Western farmers, urging them to use every effort to stamp out this weed before it becomes firmly established, and it is to be hoped that a united effort will be made to stamp it out the moment it appears in any locality. If not the people will pay dearly for the neglect.

NORTHWEST FREIGHT RATES.

It is at the instance of the C. P. R. Company that the Ottawa authorities are holding an inquiry into the freight rates in the Northwest. The company apparently has faith that it can make good its position. There are many who try to make out that the C. P. R. managers are responsible for the condition of affairs which discourages settlement and ingoing freights. But the issue of "protective" versus revenue tariff cannot be blinked over in that way. If there was the greatest freedom of trade possible between Canada and Great Britain and the United States, we would soon have more business for farmers, mechanics, merchants and railway men both in the Northwest and Ontario, and the railway freight rates could be considerably reduced without causing loss to the company. Restricted trade hurts everyone who is not in a combine or a ring.

The C. T. R. and the Strikers.

DETROIT, Aug. 2.—When asked about the alleged blacklist of striking employees that the Grand Trunk Railroad was compiling, Assistant Mechanical Superintendent Parkinson said that there was no truth in the rumor. He said that the company did have a list of all of the striking employees, but it was for private use only, so that the company could know how the men had stood in case they should apply for employment at any future date. He further claimed that but three engineers had been set back and one discharged. The engineers set back were George and John Waterworth and Jake Kelly. They had sent down word, as a body of three, that they would not run an engine without a union fireman. The engineer discharged was George Walker, who, the company claims, had refused to board a passenger train with 100 passengers aboard out of Port Huron.

The charge made that the railroad is continually hiring new men seems to be unwarranted, as a notice that was posted on the door of the office of Mechanical Superintendent Roberts reads, "No men wanted at present."

A British officer, who apparently knows, says that it "would be as reasonable to charge brave men armed with pickets against brave men armed with rifles as to pit man for man, the Chinese in their present condition against the Japanese. Of all native and colonial troops I have seen, and I have seen most of them," says he, "I would, next to Goorkhas, prefer a regiment of Japanese. They are brave, temperate, patient and energetic, and at this moment the Chinese, whatever might be done with them, are 200 years behind." There is a gymnasium in every Japanese barracks.

"We always fry ours in Cottolene."

Our Meat, Fish, Oysters, Saratoga Chips, Eggs, Doughnuts, Vegetables, etc.

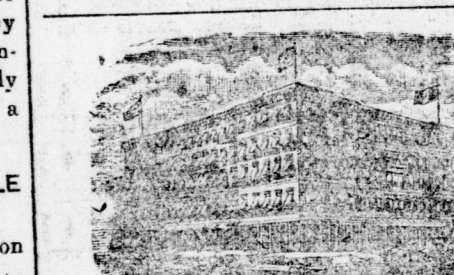
Like most other people, our folks formerly used lard for all such purposes. When it disagreed with any of the family (which it often did) we said it was "too rich." We finally tried

Cottolene

and not one of us has had an attack of "richness" since. We further found that, unlike lard, Cottolene had no unpleasant odor when cooking, and lastly Mother's favorite and conservative cooking authority came out and gave it a big recommendation which clinched the matter. So that's

why we always fry ours in Cottolene.

Sold in 3 and 5 lb. pails, by all grocers. Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Wellington, Ont. Streets, MONTREAL.



ROSEBANK HOUSE, 400 RICHMOND STREET, MONTREAL.

AN ELSON, PROPRIETOR.

On account of increased patronage it has been found necessary to enlarge this popular hotel, which has been done by the

ADDITION OF 75 ROOMS.

elegantly furnished (en suite), with baths. The latest exposed sanitary plumbing adopted throughout. The Rossin is the largest hotel in the Province, having accommodation for 500 guests, and is the only one in Toronto complete in all its appointments.

World's Fair Photographs

NOW READY

Elegant Bindings

At all Prices at

E. H. KORDES'

The City Coal and Wood Yard

WE ARE GETTING in a splendid lot of soft maple wood, it being the best and cheapest for the hot season. Also a fresh supply of the genuine Scranton Coal. We do not buy second-class coal to sell at \$4.70 and \$4.90, and run the risk of getting a racket when the cold weather comes in.

Campbell & Chantler

176 Bathurst Street.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

PAIN CURE IN AN INSTANT.

Let Radway's Ready Relief be used on the first indication of Pain or Uneasiness. If threatened with Disease or Sickness, the Cure will be made before the family doctor would ordinarily reach the house.

CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one to twenty minutes. Not one hour after reading this advertisement need anyone SUFFER WITH PAIN.

ACHES AND PAINS.

For headache (whether sick or nervous), toothache, neuralgia, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and weakness in the back, spine or limbs, the pains around the liver, heart, swelling of the joints and pains of all kinds, the application of Radway's Ready Relief will afford immediate ease, and its continued use for a few days effects a permanent cure.

A CURE FOR ALL

Summer Complaints,

Dysentery, Diarrhea,

CHOLERA MORBUS.

A half to a teaspoonful of Ready Relief in a half tumbler of water, repeated as often as the discharges continue, and a flannel saturated with Ready Relief placed over the stomach and bowels will afford immediate relief and soon effect a cure.

Internally—A half to a teaspoonful in half a tumbler of water will in a few minutes cure Cramps, Spasms, Stomach, Nausea, Vomiting, Heartburn, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Sick Headache, Flatulency and all internal pains.

Malaria in its Various Forms Cured and Prevented.

There is not a remedial agent in the world that will cure fever and ague and all other malarious, bilious and other fevers, aided by RADWAY'S PILLS, so quickly as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

Travelers should always carry a bottle of Radway's Ready Relief with them. A few drops in water will prevent sickness or pain from change of water. It is better than French brandy or litters as a stimulant.

Miners and lumbermen should always be provided with it.

Price 25 cents a bottle. Sold by all druggists.

RADWAY'S PILLS

Always Reliable. Purely Vegetable.

Perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated, purge, regulate, purify, cleanse and strengthen. RADWAY'S PILLS for the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Bowels, Kidneys, Liver, Nervous Diseases, Dizziness, Vertigo, Costiveness, Piles.

SICK HEADACHE, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSIA, BILIOUSNESS, CONSTIPATION

AND ALL DISORDERS OF THE LIVER.

Observe the following symptoms resulting from diseases of the digestive organs. Constipation, inward piles, fullness of blood in the head, acidity of the stomach, nausea, heartburn, disgust of food, fullness or weight of the stomach, sour eructations, sinking or fluttering of the heart, choking or suffocating sensations when in a lying posture, dimness of vision, drowsiness before the sight, fever or dull dots or welts before the sight, fever or dull pain in the head, deficiency of perspiration, yellowness of the skin and eyes, pain in the side, chest, limbs, and sudden flashes of heat, burning in the stomach.

A few doses of RADWAY'S PILLS will free the system of all the above named disorders. Price, 50c per box. Sold by Druggists, or sent by mail.

Send to DR. RADWAY & CO., 419 St. James street, Montreal, for Book of Advice.

THE New Brunswick Royal Art Union

(LIMITED)

OF THE PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

CAPITAL STOCK: \$150,000.

Incorporated to Promote Art.

This company will distribute among its subscribers on the

18th Day of September, 1894,

2,432 Works of Art, Agents gaining in Value \$60,115. Every subscriber has an equal chance.

The Grand Prize is a Group of Works of Art valued at \$18,750. Subscription tickets for sale at the New Brunswick Royal Art Union Gallery in St. John, N. B. Price, \$1 each. In addition to the monthly chance of winning a valuable prize, the holder of twelve consecutive monthly subscription tickets will receive an original Work of Art by such artists as Thos. Moran, N. A., Wm. H. Shelton and others.

Send money for subscriptions by registered letter, money order, bank check or draft to THE NEW BRUNSWICK ROYAL ART UNION, LTD., ST. JOHN, N. B.

Circulars and full information mailed free. Agents Wanted Everywhere.

Latest Novels Just Received

Ch. rict Came to Chicago..... W. T. Stead
 What Necessity Knows..... Douglas
 Beggers All..... Douglas
 The Memories of Sherlock Holmes..... Doyle
 The Refugees..... Doyle
 A Ward in Chancery..... Mrs. Alex. ndor
 The Anarchist..... A. C. Gunter
 The Princess of Paris..... A. C. Gunter
 The King's Stockbroker..... A. C. Gunter
 Our Manifold Nature..... Sara Grand
 The Heavenly Twins..... Sara Grand
 A Yellow Aster..... Iola
 Also Baseball Guide for 1894.

JOHN MILLS

404 RICHMOND STREET.

SATURDAY EDITION

—OF—

London Advertiser,

—CONSISTING OF—

16 PAGES (96 COLUMNS)

—INCLUDING—

"Citizen and Home Guard,"

—SENT FOR—

One Year, \$1.

ADDRESS ORDERS TO

ADVERTISER Printing Co.

LONDON, ONT

FRIDAY BARGAIN DAY.

The first Bargain Day in August will witness the clearing of many lines. The goods must leave our counters as the season advances. Not our intention to carry over goods to another season. Our store is kept attractive by new and seasonable goods. We'll say good-bye to many lines of summer goods to-day. Trade early. The cuts are deep and we need not say genuine.

Chapman's, Aug. 3

- 1st—Ladies' Colored Cambric Blouse Waists, frilled, with laundered collar and cuffs, in dark and light patterns; also White Lawn Blouses, frilled and trimmed with valenciennes lace, worth 75c and \$1, on Friday your choice 50c.
- 2nd—Ladies' Colored Cambric Blouse Waists, neat patterns, in dark and light colors, worth 60c, Friday 34c.
- 3rd—Ladies' Black Silk Parasols, gloria materials, Paragon frame, worth \$2 on Friday \$1 35.
- 4th—Black Silk Parasols, frilled, worth \$2 25, Bargain Day \$1 50.
- 5th—Colored Frilled Parasols, worth 75c, to-day 50c.
- 6th—Ladies' Ribbed Cashmere Hose, summer weights, worth 50c, for 35c.
- 7th—25 dozen Ladies' and Children's Ribbed and Plain Black Cashmere Hose, worth 35c, 40c and 45c pair, to-day your choice 25c.
- 8th—Balbriggan Hose, spliced heel and toe, worth 15c, for 11c.
- 9th—Children's White Cotton Hose, spliced heels and toes, all sizes, worth 17c and 20c pair, your choice 12½c.
- 10th—Ladies' Black and Colored Silk Lace Mitts, worth 20c, for 15c.
- 11th—Ladies' Colored and Black Silk Taffeta and Lisle Thread Gloves, worth 25c pair, your choice for 15c.
- 12th—Colored Borders Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, embroidered, worth 20c each, 2 for 25c.
- 13th—Plain Linen Handkerchiefs, worth 12½c, to-day 3 for 25c.
- 14th—Colored Garter Elastic, worth 10c, for 5c.
- 15th—Fancy Needle Cases, a handy article, only 21c.
- 16th—Black and Gray Linen Spools, best make, only 4c each.
- 17th—Ladies' Swiss Ribbed Cotton Drawers, worth 40c, to-day 25c.
- 18th—Children's Ribbed Cotton Vests, all sizes, only 5c each.
- 19th—7 bars Vanhorn's Mottled Soap worth 5c each, for 25c.
- 20th—100 Good Whisks, worth 15c, to-day 7c.
- 21st—Ladies' Fancy Tortoise Shell Hair Pins, 8c, 10c and 12½c, worth double.
- 22nd—German Perfume, the 50c bottle on Friday 25c.
- 23rd—Colored Silk and Satin Ribbons, 1½ inches wide, worth 10c and 12½c, on Friday 6c yard.
- 24th—Ladies' Windsor Silk Ties, 25c quality for 19c.
- 25th—Fancy Silver and Gilt Belts, worth 50c, for 25c.
- 26th—Ladies' Leather Purses, leather lined, worth 30c, for 20c.
- 27th—White Embroidery, 12 inches wide, only 10c, for 20c.
- 28th—5 pieces Plaid Dress Silks, worth \$1, to-day 50c.
- 29th—9 pieces Dress Goods, worth 15c yard, on Friday 5c yard.
- 30th—9 pieces 40-inch Dress Goods, worth 40c yard, the first cut of each piece only on Friday at 12½c yard.
- 31st—10 pieces Oriental Muslins, fast colors, suitable for comforters or curtains, worth 10c yard, to-day 3c yard.
- 32nd—2 pieces Black Grenadine, 40 inches wide, worth 45c for 25c.
- 33rd—5 pieces 42-inch All-Wool Flannel Suiting, worth 65c yard, for 35c.
- 34th—3 pieces Check Dress Goods, will wash, worth 20c, to-day 5c yard.
- 35th—3 pieces All-Wool Nun's Veiling, in pinks and reds, worth 25c, for 12½c.
- 36th—5 pieces Double Width English Wigan Lining, worth 12½c, for 6c yard.
- 37th—11 pieces All-Wool Challie, worth 40c, to-day 15c yard.
- 38th—3 pieces Very Wide Cream Table Damask, worth 60c for 49c.
- 39th—36 only White Honeycomb Quilts, full size, with fringe, worth \$1 75, for \$1 29.
- 40th—3 dozen Pure Linen Tablecloths, red borders, with fringe, 50c, for 30c.
- 41st—25 pieces Cotton Delainette, wide and fast colors, new goods, worth 12½c yard, now 8½c or 12 yards for \$1.
- 42nd—20 pieces Chambray, self colors, in stripes, in brown, green, slate and bronze, worth 20c yard, to-day only 8c.
- 43rd—Heavy Twilled Sheet, bleached Irwin's best quality, worth 35c, to-day 25c.
- 44th—4 pieces Art Draperies, 54 inches wide, worth 75c and 85c, to-day 50c yard.
- 45th—Wool Tweed, strong and serviceable, worth 38c, for 25c.
- 46th—All-Wool Serge, for boys' wear, worth 40c for 30c.
- 47th—1 bale of 40-inch Unbleached Sheet, worth 10c, for 6½c yard.
- 48th—Boys' 2-Piece Summer Suits, worth \$1 50, to-day \$1.
- 49th—Boys' 2-Piece Lined Suits, worth \$2 50, to-day \$1 50.
- 50th—Men's Summer Coats and Vests, in navy blue and black Russel Cord, worth \$3 50, to-day \$2 50.
- 51st—Men's Silk Coats and Vests, in steel gray and striped, worth \$5, to-day \$3 75.
- 52nd—23 Children's Print Dresses, will fit girls from 3 to 10 years, worth \$1 and \$1 25, to-day 75c.
- 53rd—25 Ladies' Wrappers, selected patterns, regular price \$1 75, to-day \$1 25.
- 54th—30 Ladies' Early Fall Mantles, worth \$5, on Friday half price, \$2 50.
- 55th—20 dozen Ladies' Garden Hats, white and black straw, worth 25c and 30c each, on Friday 5c each.
- 56th—Gents' Common Straw Hats, worth 10c, for 5c.
- 57th—Gents' Fine Straw Hats, worth 50c, for 30c.
- 58th—Gents' Fine Balbriggan Underwear, worth \$1 per suit, on Friday 60c a suit.

The above are a few of the Bargains to be offered. You will find our stores brim full of bargains on Friday.

NOTICE

You will see other bargain day announcements very similar in style to the above, but, as hundreds of you know, it is a dangerous counterfeit. The house that ALWAYS LEADS should NEVER follow.

CHAPMAN'S

126 and 128 Dundas Street.