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London, Friday, Feb. 6.

THE DUTY OF THE HOUR.

When the dwellers in Pompeii and Herculaneum discovered that their cities were about to be overwhelmed by the deluge of lava from Vesuvius, they flew for their lives, taking no time to gather up their household goods or valuables.

In like manner, the trade restrictionist leaders, who have been playing the gambler with their chances of carrying the country, have been seized with panic at the accumulation of wrong-doing and neglect of the interests of the people, and are trying to fly from the effects of their misdeeds.

These terror-striken tricksters have not waited to take advantage of the redistribution of seats, or gerrymander, which the taking of the census next April implies. They have boasted in Parliament and out of it of the important advantages which they would obtain by another gerrymander. And there cannot be a doubt that but for their growing unpopularity they would not have dissolved Parliament for a year yet if they had not believed that the longer they waited the greater the indignation of the people would become.

They pledged themselves in Parliament that there would not be another election on the voters' lists of three years ago, and their followers, anxious to avoid the expense, took them at their word and refrained from actively taking any interest in the purging and adding to the fearful and wonderful compilation that was prepared by the so-called revising barristers.

Implicit trust in their party leaders, and the panic which has dictated a general election now, has resulted in great chagrin in the Tory ranks all over the country.

The Tory leaders wanted a general election, but the rank and file did not. They are not prepared. They are away behind on the voters' lists, and they know it. Of this in London and other constituencies that we know of the organizers of the party have made no secret. In this city, for example, it was discovered that the names of several prominent citizens were omitted from the lists. The ADVERTISER brought the revising barrister sharply to task for his carelessness. The Free Press guaranteed that the lists were absolutely correct, and that the omissions were not general. The ADVERTISER insisted that if the names of prominent Liberals like Mr. C. S. Hyman, Mr. John Marshall, Mr. Samuel Munro and Dr. Gardiner were left off, other members of the party, equally desirous of exercising their franchise, might also be gerrymandered off the lists. The Free Press still guaranteed their accuracy. Our Conservative friends, therefore, paid little attention to the lists; but the Liberals, now thoroughly aroused, and never trusting the Administration even when it gave a pledge to Parliament, looked up the lists, and GAINED from 150 to 200 names on the revision!

Eternal vigilance is the price of liberty.

But the necessity for vigilance does not end with watching the partisan-compiled voters' lists, now three years old, on which the election will be held.

The lists, thanks to the warranted incredulity of our friends, are thus decidedly favorable to the advocates of trade freedom. So far, we have a big advantage.

Then appearances are against the Conservative leaders. Their action in rushing on the elections now, when over 50,000 dead men are on the voters' lists, when many thousands of men resident in the States will have the right to vote, and when over 100,000 young Canadians entitled to go to the polls are swindled out of their votes, will not tend to convince a thinking elector that the men guilty of the trickery deserve the support of patriotic Canadians. In spite of their prejudices, Canadians are imbued with a desire to see fair play; but it is not fair play to swindle the bone and sinew out of their franchise.

With all these advantages the Liberals might not be successful unless by thorough organization. That organization, we are glad to hear, is now in progress all along the line. Even in constituencies where conventions have not been held the time is not being lost. It is highly important that this spirit should prevail in every section of the ranks of the friends of freedom of trade and lower taxation, old as well as young.

The time between now and election day is so short that there is no time to waste. Writing and talking at this date will not effect as good results as the circulation of literature, personal persuasion, and a thorough canvass with the view of bringing out the full vote in every constituency. If public meetings are held, the speeches should be short, lively and to the point. There are no end of arguments in favor of reciprocity and against the political thimble-riggery now attempted by the discredited Ottawa managers; but the full effect of these will be lost if organization is not complete. Many a man would gladly give a week's work to aid in redeeming a riding after it has been lost, who, by spending a day in harness prior to polling day, could turn the contest to his side. Let our friends bear this in mind and ORGANIZE!

REPUDIATED BY BOTH PARTIES.

Blaine, the Republican leader in the United States, repudiated the alleged proposal of Sir John Macdonald to negotiate a jug-handled reciprocity treaty. The reply from Ottawa was: "Never mind the Republicans; they are in the minority in the House of Representatives now; we can get a treaty from the Democrats." The men who so argued forgot that even the appointment of the proposed joint commission would have to be ratified by a two-thirds majority of both Houses, and the Republicans control the Senate, and will do so till 1895 anyway. But the Democrats, through their leader (Senator Carlisle), also repudiate any intention of treating on the oft-rejected basis laid down by the Ottawa tricksters as a death-bed attempt to head off popular indignation.

On the 29th December, Mr. Carlisle introduced a resolution into the United States Senate, having for its object the appointment of a commission to act jointly with a Canadian commission in the settlement of all disputes between Canada and the United States. The resolution ended as follows:

"Such joint commission shall consider all questions relating to the commercial relations of the two countries under existing treaties, concurrent legislation or otherwise, and agree upon and recommend to their respective Governments such legislation as will settle all differences and controversies between the two countries, and which will in the judgment of said commission best tend to promote the growth of trade and commerce between the United States and said Dominion of Canada."

Reports having been sent to Washington that the Dominion Government interpreted this resolution as a desire on the part of the United States Congress to enter on restricted reciprocity, which has again and again been rejected by our neighbors, Mr. Carlisle refuses to be a party to the deception. He has placed before the Senate the following amendment to his resolution:

"Such joint commission shall consider all questions affecting the commercial relations of the two countries under existing treaties and statutes, and agree upon and recommend to their respective Governments such reciprocal legislation as will settle all differences and controversies between the two countries, and in the judgment of said joint commission best tend to promote the speedy and permanent establishment of unrestricted reciprocity between the United States and the said Dominion of Canada."

There is no ambiguity about this declaration. There is no ambiguity about the declaration of Mr. Blaine, who voices the sentiments of the other party.

Both parties refusing to treat the trick of the Ottawa panic-stricken politicians with seriousness, we move that the politically-dead Ingalls take the matter up for that section of the United States public that believes with him that the Decalogue has no part in political principles. Then let Mr. Rykert be the Canadian plenipotentiary, and the farce will be complete.

THE PEOPLE CANNOT BE TRICKED AGAIN.

Our news columns to-day tell the story of the enthusiasm with which the opponents of high taxes and restricted markets have gone into the campaign. In less than a month election day will be here, and the people will be enabled to pronounce on the policies presented by the respective political parties.

An attempt has been made, and will continue to be made, with all the powers and sophistry that restrictionist newspapers and apologists for the combines can command, to becloud the issue. But for years it has stood out in bold relief. No intelligent man need be hoodwinked by the latest developments in the trade restrictionist camp. The issue cannot be disguised. It is:

HIGH VS. LOW TAXATION. RESTRICTED MARKETS AND HARD TIMES VS. EXTENDED MARKETS AND INCREASED EMPLOYMENT.

The Liberal party and also thousands of honest and progressive Conservatives who have hitherto supported the N. P. have reached the conclusion that these are the real questions before the electors, and that they can only be settled fairly by securing the emancipation of the people from the thraldom of the high tax system, the tendency of which is to establish combines, curtail production and shut up factories, or necessitate working short time, thus oppressing the consumer, the wage-earner and the independent manufacturer.

How best to bring about a new era in Canadian national life is thus the problem before the people. Surely not by continuing the present system, which has done so much to cripple legitimate industry and impoverish the people. Surely not by trusting to the trickery of baffled politicians who bring up at the eleventh hour a bogus policy of one-sided reciprocity that they know can never be consummated, rushing to the country at a few days' notice, and hoping thereby to deceive the electors.

Honest men do not so act. The Liberal policy has been open and above board. It has been before the country for many months. It is supported by united Liberalism and indorsed by many men who have hitherto been Conservatives but who are now determined to stand for Canadian interests first.

"Canada first! The combines never!" are the watchwords of the hour.

ALREADY ON THE FLY.

The rats begin to fly from the sinking ship. Sir Adolphe Caron finds himself opposed in Quebec county. The discredited Minister of Militia, with his valor oozing out of his finger-tips, has fled the constituency in dismay, and it is probable that a Liberal will be elected by acclamation. This panic in the restrictionist ranks is apparent all along the line, despite the bluster of the high tax advocates.

THE SUGAR TAX.

By a reduction in the United States tariff, to come into effect next month, sugar will be reduced to the consumers over the border at least 2 cents a pound.

Under the policy of the Government we are appealing to this country for re-election Canadian consumers will receive no benefit from that reduction.

The sugar lords can now charge what they like, short of letting sugar from England or the States come into the country.

We should get at least eighteen or twenty pounds of granulated sugar for a dollar and yellow sugar in proportion, but for high taxes that are maintained for the benefit of the Montreal combine.

OTHER NEWSPAPERS.

WIPE OUT THE INIQUITY.

Toronto Telegram.

That greatest of all political crimes, the Dominion Francise Act ought to be wiped out. It is expensive. It is cumbersome. It is unworkable. To revise the lists every year would cost more than the interest on the national debt. The country cannot afford the expense of enfranchising the living every twelve months. It can still afford to place a balance of power in close constituencies in the hands of deadmen and absentees. The names of those who have died or moved away remain on the lists as an opening for fraud and corruption. The whole system of revising barristers, old lists and irregular revisions is an abomination. It is a curse to the country and a blessing only to those who under its iniquitous provisions are paid heavily for doing needless work.

BAPTIZED IN A COFFIN.

An Apparently Dead Woman Returns to Life.

SPRINGFIELD, O., Feb. 5.—A sensation of no small proportion is exciting the people in the vicinity of Sour Yellow Spring Street, occasioned by the alleged return to life of a woman some time dead. The woman is Mrs. Geo. Tyree, of West Pleasant Street. For some time she had been a chronic invalid from consumption, the illness being augmented by a severe fall, which affected her spine. The had been gradually growing worse and Monday afternoon she was seized with a spell of difficult breathing, her breath coming in gasps and at 12 o'clock, to all appearances, life left the body, and the woman was pronounced dead. Soon after she began to show slight signs of life, but by 5 o'clock the body was again seemingly lifeless. All hope was given up, and arrangements were made for proper care of the body, an undertaker being summoned. Before he could arrive, however, the woman again revived, and, sitting up in bed, startled the attendants by saying:

"I have come back to be baptized."

So positive was Mrs. Tyree that she must be at once baptized that Rev. W. A. Gross was summoned and requested to take her to the Christian Church and administer the rite of baptism. He refused, saying it would kill her. But the woman's appeals were so pitiful that he determined to baptize her at the house. Accordingly he took the metallic coffin, and filling it with water, with the aid of her husband immersed the woman. The almost lifeless body seemed to be revived, and shouting "Glory, glory," the invalid was laid upon the bed, no bad effect being produced by the plunge, and now she is better than she has been for some time and says she will recover.

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This celebrated medicine will relieve pain, cleanse and purify the blood, and cure such diseases, restoring the patient to perfect health after trying many remedies, and having suffered for years. Is it not conclusive proof that if you are a sufferer you can be cured? Why is this medicine performing such great cures? It works in the BLOOD, the Circulating Fluid. It can truly be called the

GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

The great source of disease originates in the BLOOD, and no medicine that does not act directly upon it, to purify and invigorate, has any just claim upon public attention. When the blood becomes sluggish and stagnant, either from change of weather or of climate, want of exercise, irregular diet, or from any other cause, NORTHROP & LYMAN'S VEGETABLE DISCOVERY will renew the Blood, carry off the putrid humors, cleanse the stomach, regulate the bowels, and impart a tone of vigor to the whole body.

The conviction is, in the public mind as well as the medical profession, that the remedies supplied by the VEGETABLE KINGDOM are more safe and more effectual in the cure of disease than mineral medicines. The Vegetable Discovery is composed of the juice of most remarkable roots, barks and herbs. It is pleasant to take, and is perfectly safe to give a infant. Allow us to ask you a candid question:—Do you need it? Do not hesitate to try it. You will never regret it. All druggists have it for sale.

MR. JOHN C. FOX, Olinda, writes:—"Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery is giving good satisfaction. Those who have used it say it has done them more good than anything they have ever taken."

IN ITS WORST FORM.—MISS JULIA A. PILSWORTH, Toronto, writes:—"I had Dyspepsia in its worst form for over a year, but after taking three bottles of Northrop & Lyman's Vegetal Discovery, a perfect cure followed. I take great pleasure in recommending it to those suffering from Dyspepsia."

MR. W. THAYER, Wright, Q., had DYSPEPSIA FOR TWENTY YEARS. Tried many remedies and doctors, but no relief. His appetite was very poor, had a distressing pain in his side and stomach, and gradual wasting away of flesh, when he heard of and immediately commenced taking Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery. The pains have left, and he rejoices in the enjoyment of excellent health; in fact he is quite a new man.

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DISTRICT OF NIPISSING.
MATTAWA, Dec. 27, 1890.

Histogenetic Medicine Association, Toronto. Hingston—I received your first package of medicine two weeks ago, and having faithfully tried it ever since, I now wish to bear my testimony to its excellence as a remedy for the diseases. With unqualified joy I state that during my long years of ill health I have never experienced such benefit from any medicine I used. In the year 1860, thirty years ago, my health suddenly collapsed in the shape of violent tremblings, dizziness, nervousness, nervous groundless fears, great palpitation of the heart, depression of spirits, and so on to such a steady that I had to give up my profession of teaching. God only knows what I endured in those years, I soon found that I was paying for some of my youthful folly. It was natural, I began using all the medicines of the day; but all to little avail. I also consulted "specialists" of every school and though some helped me up for a time, I was never cured. Under one treatment I scrubbed and washed so much that I was nearly worn through, and it only made me weaker. So I went on in a partially broken condition for years; my intellect and manhood marred, which of late years has been about lost entirely. I had about given up all hope, when one day last July, I read the Presbyterian of Toronto, and caught the words "Complete revolution in medicine." Ah, thought I, perhaps a gracious God to whom I have been praying for help, has something for me here, so I read and saw the very honest like letters from two ladies in Toronto, who had been cured of long standing complaints. I obtained the book, and not only read, but studied it, and thought about it as much as I could at the time. I had faith to believe Dr. Jordan's theory to be the true one. And now having tried the remedy for only two weeks, I thank God that I was ever directed to it; for I certainly believe it was providential. I am, so far, fully satisfied with it as a simple, easy to be taken, safe and effectual remedy. I felt almost as well as any man could wish to feel. Low spirits all gone. Get up in the morning singing—could sing all day—beginning to feel that vigor and lightheartedness which makes life so pleasant. My head is splendid. Oh what comfort I have in reading now. I do not expect, 'tis true, to be made into a young man (being now 55) but I firmly believe I will be cured of all my ills after using the remedies for a length of time corresponding to my age and long standing complaints. The medicines I have taken in the past were dreadfully strong, and many a wry face I made in using them, and always had to increase the dose. I often felt myself injured by them otherwise; and no wonder, as I took so much. But not so this medicine. It is perfectly harmless, operating so gently and yet with such wonderful effect, as really to make one wonder how such a simple looking, almost tasteless substance could have such power. It is a builder up of the poor broken down body, and brings joy to many a heart. So I advise all who are afflicted with sickness which baffles all the "old schools" not to allow any unreasonable prejudice to hinder them from giving these remedies a fair trial, and I am sure they will not repent it.

This is no "blow" merely to help the Histogenetic Association, but I am speaking what I solemnly believe to be true concerning myself so far as I have gone, and for the benefit of the suffering, for whose aid I believe God has raised up and prospered Dr. J. Eugene Jordan. Gratefully yours, JOHN BURLANGETT.

To what I have said in the above I now further add that after one month's use I am still perfectly satisfied. I am still progressing. There is no sign of failure in my condition. I feel well. No low spirits, but on the contrary lively and happy. My wife has also used it for rheumatism and it is curing her. I do not hear much complaint about the sore limb now and she has only used it ten days. This remedy holds its own. I feel that what it does it does well. I advise all my acquaintances in London who may see my name signed to these testimonies, not to be afraid to try these grand remedies. They know that I speak honestly.

JOHN BURLANGETT.

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