

BIG BOYS' SUITS

—FOR—
Ages 12 to 18 years
now in stock at

MOODY'S

PRICES:
\$5.50 to \$14.00

BOY'S SUITS

Ages 6 to 12 years
PRICES:

\$4.50 to \$7.50

EXTRA PANTS

All Sizes
Tweed and Corduroy

Small Boys' Wash Suits

We have what the Boys' need in furnishings
Let us show them to you.

MOODY & CO.

Wanted

Girls between the ages of 21 and 31 to train for nurses in General Hospital. Address SUPERINTENDENT Knox Co. Gen. Hospital, Rockland, Maine.



Notice

Applications addressed to the undersigned will be received up to May 1st, for position of caretaker of Public Square and Band Stand for 1917. Applicants to state salary required.

W. L. DURICK,
Chairman.



SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS

THE sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old may homestead a quarter-section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions. In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price \$3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 60 acres set-aside for cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchase of homestead in certain districts. Price \$3.00 per acre.

Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 60 acres and erect a house worth \$300.

W. W. COBB,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

PERSONALS

Mrs. Fred Lucas is visiting friends in St. John.

Despatcher J. F. R. MacMichael visited Harcourt last week.

Col. Black, instructor of the Cadet Corps, was in town yesterday.

Mrs. May Morrison was among the visitors to Chatham this week.

Mrs. Wm. W. Borton and children, are spending a week in Moncton with friends.

E. LeRoi Willis, former proprietor of the Miramichi Hotel, is a visitor in town this week.

Miss Lillian Miller, of Bathurst, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel B. Miller.

Misses Susie Thibodeau and Minnie Holmes went to Bangor on Thursday, to spend the summer.

Rev. W. J. Kirby, retired Minister of Point de Bute, occupied the Methodist pulpit last Sunday.

D. W. Clarkson, of Stanley, P. G. M., of N. B., Orange Lodge, was a visitor to Newcastle last Friday.

Mrs. Fillmore, Principal of Harcourt Superior School, spent the week-end with Newcastle friends.

Rev. Dr. C. W. Squires continues to improve in health. He is expected home this first or second week in May.

Mr. and Mrs. John Hall of St. John are in town, having been called here by the death of Mrs. Michael Hall.

Ex-Alderman C. C. Hayward, who went to Fredericton on Saturday, was successfully operated upon in the Victoria Hospital that afternoon.

Miss Sadie Dalton returned Thursday from St. John, where she visited her sisters, Mrs. John Hall and Sister M. Virginia, of the Sisters of Charity, Mater Misericordiae Home.

LOGGIEVILLE

Loggieville, April 21—The Loggie box mill opened today, giving employment to a large number of men and boys.

Jack Edge, recently went to Amherst where he accepted a position. Mrs. Edge and son Tom have gone to Edgartown where they will visit relatives.

Pte. Sydney Archer of the 23rd Kilties, is visiting his parents for a few days.

Mrs. Joseph Washburn and little son Frank, are visiting Blackville friends.

The Misses Margaret and Rosella McGraw who spent the Easter vacation with Bathurst friends, have returned home.

John Crowley has gone to Petit Roche where he takes charge of a lobster factory.

Those on the sick list this week are Mrs. Henry Bolster, Philip Loggie, Will Flaherty and Floyd Crowley.

Miss Rachael McKay has gone to Presque Isle, Maine, here she will remain for a time with relatives.

The little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Oswald Young is recovering from a recent illness.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Loggie have returned from a three weeks' trip to some of the American cities. Mrs. Loggie is now spending some time with New Mills relatives.

Capt. John Orr of Richibucto, recently arrived here for the season's work.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Loggie have returned from a three weeks' trip to some of the American cities. Mrs. Loggie is now spending some time with New Mills relatives.

Capt. John Orr of Richibucto, recently arrived here for the season's work.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Loggie have returned from a three weeks' trip to some of the American cities. Mrs. Loggie is now spending some time with New Mills relatives.

Capt. John Orr of Richibucto, recently arrived here for the season's work.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Loggie have returned from a three weeks' trip to some of the American cities. Mrs. Loggie is now spending some time with New Mills relatives.

Capt. John Orr of Richibucto, recently arrived here for the season's work.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Loggie have returned from a three weeks' trip to some of the American cities. Mrs. Loggie is now spending some time with New Mills relatives.

Capt. John Orr of Richibucto, recently arrived here for the season's work.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Loggie have returned from a three weeks' trip to some of the American cities. Mrs. Loggie is now spending some time with New Mills relatives.

Capt. John Orr of Richibucto, recently arrived here for the season's work.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Loggie have returned from a three weeks' trip to some of the American cities. Mrs. Loggie is now spending some time with New Mills relatives.

Capt. John Orr of Richibucto, recently arrived here for the season's work.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Loggie have returned from a three weeks' trip to some of the American cities. Mrs. Loggie is now spending some time with New Mills relatives.

Capt. John Orr of Richibucto, recently arrived here for the season's work.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Loggie have returned from a three weeks' trip to some of the American cities. Mrs. Loggie is now spending some time with New Mills relatives.

Capt. John Orr of Richibucto, recently arrived here for the season's work.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Loggie have returned from a three weeks' trip to some of the American cities. Mrs. Loggie is now spending some time with New Mills relatives.

Capt. John Orr of Richibucto, recently arrived here for the season's work.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Loggie have returned from a three weeks' trip to some of the American cities. Mrs. Loggie is now spending some time with New Mills relatives.

Capt. John Orr of Richibucto, recently arrived here for the season's work.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Loggie have returned from a three weeks' trip to some of the American cities. Mrs. Loggie is now spending some time with New Mills relatives.

Capt. John Orr of Richibucto, recently arrived here for the season's work.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Loggie have returned from a three weeks' trip to some of the American cities. Mrs. Loggie is now spending some time with New Mills relatives.

Capt. John Orr of Richibucto, recently arrived here for the season's work.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Loggie have returned from a three weeks' trip to some of the American cities. Mrs. Loggie is now spending some time with New Mills relatives.

Capt. John Orr of Richibucto, recently arrived here for the season's work.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Loggie have returned from a three weeks' trip to some of the American cities. Mrs. Loggie is now spending some time with New Mills relatives.

Capt. John Orr of Richibucto, recently arrived here for the season's work.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Loggie have returned from a three weeks' trip to some of the American cities. Mrs. Loggie is now spending some time with New Mills relatives.

Capt. John Orr of Richibucto, recently arrived here for the season's work.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Loggie have returned from a three weeks' trip to some of the American cities. Mrs. Loggie is now spending some time with New Mills relatives.

Capt. John Orr of Richibucto, recently arrived here for the season's work.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Loggie have returned from a three weeks' trip to some of the American cities. Mrs. Loggie is now spending some time with New Mills relatives.

Capt. John Orr of Richibucto, recently arrived here for the season's work.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Loggie have returned from a three weeks' trip to some of the American cities. Mrs. Loggie is now spending some time with New Mills relatives.

Capt. John Orr of Richibucto, recently arrived here for the season's work.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Loggie have returned from a three weeks' trip to some of the American cities. Mrs. Loggie is now spending some time with New Mills relatives.

Capt. John Orr of Richibucto, recently arrived here for the season's work.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Loggie have returned from a three weeks' trip to some of the American cities. Mrs. Loggie is now spending some time with New Mills relatives.

Capt. John Orr of Richibucto, recently arrived here for the season's work.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Loggie have returned from a three weeks' trip to some of the American cities. Mrs. Loggie is now spending some time with New Mills relatives.

Capt. John Orr of Richibucto, recently arrived here for the season's work.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Loggie have returned from a three weeks' trip to some of the American cities. Mrs. Loggie is now spending some time with New Mills relatives.

Capt. John Orr of Richibucto, recently arrived here for the season's work.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Loggie have returned from a three weeks' trip to some of the American cities. Mrs. Loggie is now spending some time with New Mills relatives.

Capt. John Orr of Richibucto, recently arrived here for the season's work.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Loggie have returned from a three weeks' trip to some of the American cities. Mrs. Loggie is now spending some time with New Mills relatives.

Capt. John Orr of Richibucto, recently arrived here for the season's work.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Loggie have returned from a three weeks' trip to some of the American cities. Mrs. Loggie is now spending some time with New Mills relatives.

Capt. John Orr of Richibucto, recently arrived here for the season's work.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Loggie have returned from a three weeks' trip to some of the American cities. Mrs. Loggie is now spending some time with New Mills relatives.

Capt. John Orr of Richibucto, recently arrived here for the season's work.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Loggie have returned from a three weeks' trip to some of the American cities. Mrs. Loggie is now spending some time with New Mills relatives.

Will Be No Changes In Canada's Tariff

Only New Taxes will be on War Profits Announces Sir Thomas White in Budget Speech

Ottawa, April 24—In a budget speech of thirty minutes Finance Minister Sir Thomas White Tuesday reviewed Canadian financial operations since the beginning of the war; set out trade conditions and loans made, declared the new taxation proposals of the Government and stated that having funds to carry until June he would then arrange an issue of treasury bills and not fall into the offer of another war loan. The Finance Minister stated that there would be no changes in the tariff. This is believed to be the first time in the history of Canada that a finance minister had brought down a regular annual budget without a single tariff change. It is to the credit of Sir Thomas White that he was able, in the last session to put the tariff upon so satisfactory a basis that it provides for everything desired, and no branch of trade is to be disturbed by further adjustment.

The only new taxes come in the form of increase in the tax on war profits. These have been one quarter of the profits above seven per cent. on companies of fifty thousand dollars capital and over. The new tax is quarter of profits from seven to fifteen per cent.; half the profits from fifteen to twenty per cent. and three quarters of all profits above twenty per cent.

Canada's Loans Since war began Canada has floated domestic loans to the amount of \$350,000,000, and Canadian banks have advanced in addition \$150,000,000 to the Imperial Government. The last \$150,000,000 loan was oversubscribed \$100,000,000.

Canada's aggregate trade for the year ending March 31st last was \$2,043,000,000, which is double the largest Canadian trade year before the war. There was favorable trade balance of \$314,000,000.

Expenditure during the year on ordinary and capital account totalled \$173,000,000, revenue reached \$232,000,000, thus, after paying all running expenses of the country the Government had \$59,000,000 to place against the cost of the war.

Little criticism came from the opposition financial leaders. A. H. MacLean, He took no exception to the gradual war profits tax, but thought that it should be imposed five years ago. There was the usual opposition criticism of expenditure and the looked for criticism of alleged extravagance, but it was quite plain that Sir Thomas White's proposals had impressed the House and will command general support.

The National Debt Ottawa, April 24—Sir Thomas White's budget delivery in the Commons Tuesday afternoon was the shortest on record. The minister, who took the floor immediately on the opening of the House, said: "The features of the public finances in which I conceive the House to be officially interested at the present time are the relationship between national income and national expenditure and the increase in the national debt. For the first year of the war the revenue from all sources was about one hundred and thirty million dollars. It rose during the second year to \$170,000,000. For the year ended March 31st last I am happy to say our income will reach two hundred and thirty two millions or one hundred million in advance of the fiscal year 1915. In round figures \$134,000,000 of the aggregate was derived from customs, \$24,000,000 from excise and \$12,800,000 from the business profits war tax. From this last named tax which was introduced by the budget of last year we estimated that we should receive twenty-five million dollars during the three years of its currency. Our experience has proved that this estimate will be largely exceeded. This tax was retroactive, being levied in respect of business accounting periods ending subsequently to December 1st, 1914. The profits of the first accounting period of business subject to the tax were much affected by the severe depression and dislocation of business incidental to the first months of the war. Nevertheless from this first period the sum of \$12,500,000 has already been collected and when the full levy is made we expect to have collected in respect of this period as much as \$15,000,000. For the second and accounting period the taxes for which are payable during the year we estimate that the amount collected will be much larger—in fact as high as \$20,000,000 or more.

Wonderful Showing Taking our total revenue at \$232,000,000 and our total current and capital expenditure at \$172,000,000 we find that during the past fiscal year we were able to pay from our income all current and capital expenditure, all charges of interest upon our increased national debt, all pension outlays and in addition devote the sum of \$60,000,000 to payment of the principal of our war expenditure.

Coming next to the question of our direct war expenditure we find that including estimated and unadjusted liabilities to Great Britain for the maintenance of our troops at the front and inclusive of withheld pay, bounties, no far as we can calculate, about \$60,000,000.

National Debt As the result of this large war expenditure the net national debt of Canada which was \$236,000,000 before the outbreak of war has risen to

over \$900,000,000, although this will not be shown by our official statements for some months to come. By the end of the present fiscal year, it may reach \$1,300,000,000.

Question of Revenue The question of further revenue narrows down to abnormal profits made by business firms during the period of the war and this in my view is the proper and legitimate source to which to look for increased revenue to meet the increase of the war. If a business is making, in war time, profits above the normal, they must be due to the abnormal conditions created by the war, that is to say, a business is deriving advantage from the war. It follows that it may properly be required to contribute a share of such profits to the government for the purpose of the war.

General Smuts is Like Elastic Steel (Manchester Dispatch) General Smuts, who is a commanding figure at the Empire Conference, has so many names, titles, honors, and offices that it would take quite a long time to write them down in full. But he is known among his own people, in South Africa, as "Jan" Smuts, and thousands who never spoke to him in their lives call him "Jan."

Jan Smuts has developed through trial into a man of action, but probably if he could have governed his destiny he would not have led it into this path. He is a philosopher. His spiritual home is not in Germany. He would acknowledge no other home, spiritual or material, than South Africa. Yet he can appreciate Kant as well as Goethe, and loves abstract lines of thought that are not immediately practical. Left to himself, and not subjected to the tossing of fate, he might have been an acute lawyer, respected by a multitude of clients and escaping into the country whenever the law would let him, there to read through the cold hours abstract speculation modified by the warm influence of his happy domestic life.

When he went back to South Africa from Cambridge and London, however, he found lots to be done. He was caught up into Transvaal politics, which, in their turn, made him not only a soldier but a leader of soldiers. During the Boer War he fought England with as good a will as he has recently been fighting side by side with her. The pale-faced, shaven lawyer and thinker grew quickly into the grave and bearded doer of rapid deeds.

The change to anybody who knows Jan Smuts seems superficial rather than essential. It was aided by two prime factors. The first is "knowledge of country" which Smuts learnt when a boy on his father's farm; the second, and more important, is his possession of the strategic sense. Strategy lies in Smuts' brain. He devotes it now to winning an election, now to conquering East Africa. You must rise early to circumvent him, whether you be a political opponent or a warrior German. His mind, thanks to its varied training, is adaptable. It is the same mind all through but it can turn easily from one task to another. And his many tasks have occupied him that he has never found leisure to master the minor arts of smiling easily and being accessible to every man. Always, or almost always, he stands a little aloof, minding his own business, not too humanly concerned with that of other folks.

He is a man who acts like lightning on a decision. Fear of consequences does not trouble him. When he saved the Transvaal gold from Lord Robert's forces advancing on Pretoria; when he arranged the deportation of the Labor leaders from Johannesburg; when he signed Fourie's death warrant after the Beers rebellion; when he laid his plans for driving the German forces in East Africa—in these and a dozen other crises of his career he took risks with an easy courage. Doubtless he is made of flesh and blood like the rest of us, but he reminds one of elastic steel.

Canada's First Citizen There are few greater missionaries of Empire than the Canadian Prime Minister Sir Robert Borden. He has summed up his life work in the motto he gave to his own Dominion, "One King, One Flag, One Empire." He preserved the Empire from disintegration by his great and successful fight against American reciprocity with its inevitable consequence of absorption. It was highly appropriate, therefore, that he should have been the first Dominion statesman to sit at the Cabinet table at Downing street.

Sir Robert Borden's political record since 1911, when he became Premier of Canada in succession to the silver-tongued Laurier is statesmanship without a flaw. Apart from his persistent efforts to bring the Colonies into practical administrative touch with the Motherland, he will be forever gratefully remembered for his magnificent achievement in equipping and dispatching an army after army of Canadian troops to the front in France.

Sir Robert is purely English by descent. His family emigrated from Kent to New England in 1638, and he was born in 1854 at Acadia.

WHAT IS CONCRETE?

Concrete is the best building material
is the cheapest building material

The Best Concrete is made with Canada Portland Cement

CANADA PORTLAND CEMENT IS FOR SALE BY

D. W. STOTHART, Newcastle

Before he entered politics he was a school teacher and a barrister. He made a great success in the law, rising to be leader of the Nova Scotia Bar and one of Canada's foremost pleaders. He had been two years president of the Nova Scotia Barristers' Society and the head of a flourishing legal firm when in 1896 he entered Parliament at Ottawa. In five years time, so rapid was his progress, he became leader of the opposition to the Laurier Government.

A tall, handsome man with white hair, dark mustache and large fine eyes, Sir Robert Borden would stand out in any crowd. On the platform he is perfectly at home. A quiet, easy speaker, he can be on occasion terse, burning eloquent. His manner is charming and sympathetic and transparent; honesty breathes in his every word.

Colonel his Highness the Maharajah of Bikanir, A. D. C. to the King, is one of the most notable and powerful of the Indian princes, and his selection to take part in the deliberations of the Imperial War Cabinet has given the greatest satisfaction in India.

As ruler over a State of 23,315 square miles and 700,000 people, the Maharajah has been in a position to lend substantial aid to the Empire during the war. He has given that aid enthusiastically, like the true and generous patriot that he is.

Sir Ganga Singh Bahadur, to give him his native name, is an imposing looking man of thirty-six. He was only seven when he succeeded to the rulership of his wealthy State. At the age of twenty he joined the British Army in which he has seen a good deal of active service. He commanded his own Bikanir Camel Corps in the campaign against the Chinese Boxers, and was mentioned in dispatches and decorated. His Camel Corps has done valuable service in Egypt during the present war.

"Bikanir," as the Maharajah is styled by army men, has always been popular among our soldiers in India. He is well known in London society, and was a conspicuous figure at the Coronation of King Edward. He served for a year on Viscount French's staff in France, and was mentioned in dispatches.

The Maharajah is a noted sportsman as well as a soldier. An excellent horseman and a crack shot with both the rifle and the gun, he has been a successful hunter of big game, his bag up to date totalling seventy tigers and numerous lions, panthers, bison, and bears.

As an administrator he has won his subjects' respect and confidence. His State being admirably managed and equipped with all modern conveniences. The result of his enlightened rule is that Bikanir has entirely regained the condition of prosperity which it lost in the great famine of seventeen years ago.—Manchester Dispatch.

SUNNY CORNER

Sunny Corner, April 24—Colonel Sheridan and Mr. Boyd were visitors at Mr. Allen Tupper Tuesday.

Mrs. Walter Matchett has returned from Silliker, having spent a few days with her sister, Mrs. Jacob Silliker.

Mrs. Charles Mullin, Boom Road, was the guest of Mrs. Daniel Mullin one day this week.

Miss M. McIntosh visited Miss Ena Cornier Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. Ervine Matchett was the guest of her mother Friday.

Miss Eva McAllister is spending a few weeks with her cousin, Mrs. Albert McAllister, Boom Road.

Mrs. John McKenzie's funeral passed through here en route to Redbank cemetery Friday morning.

Miss Margaret Hines spent a few days of last week with Mrs. Ervine Harris.

Mr. and Mrs. Allen Nowlan were in Newcastle Monday and Tuesday.

Our telephone lines were out of order all last week, which made it very inconvenient for the Ferret Club. However the trouble was discovered the latter part of the week the lines being tied together in Redbank bridge. A trim little Alder switch would remedy all further troubles.

THOUSANDS IDLE IN LYNN, MASS Sixty shoe factories in Lynn, Mass., have been shut down, and 18,000 persons, many of them natives of the Maritime Provinces, are idle. The cause of the shut down is a demand for a ten per cent. advance in wages by the United Shoe Workers of America. It is understood that many other of the total of 75 factories in the city will not be opened Monday morning. Lynn is the largest shoe manufacturing centre in the world.

RUSSIA WILL DISBAND ALL SOLDIERS OVER 41 Petrograd, April 24—The government has approved a proposal made by the war minister to disband all soldiers over the age of forty-three years.

J. & T. Bell Goods

AT

MacMillan Shoe Store

If you like the J. & T. BELL goods we ask you to come in and look over our different lines. They are very choice and I think will please you.

MacMillan Shoe Store

THE CREED OF THE SLACKER

I am a slacker, my colors are yellow and black.

I have no manhood, no name, no pride, no ambition, no self-respect, no sense of duty.

I hide behind women's skirts. I grovel in the dust of shame.

I am a worm, my country can go to the dogs.

I know not the meaning of patriotism.

I should worry.

I am a slacker.

The superstructure of the French Fort Cove bridge is perfectly sound and all right. It is a pedestal that has been injured by the pressure of ice and will be immediately attended to by the department of Public Works. A local paper with characteristic inaccuracy gives the impression that the superstructure was defective, whereas it is one of the best bridges in the province and was erected by the Ruddock foundry.—Chatham Gazette.