

LIBER Wm. Foreman & Co. LINERS

## Come To This Store SATURDAY

### For Linens of High Quality

At smaller prices than you ever paid for Linens of inferior quality. Without doubt we are offering the best linens for the lowest prices (market considered) that your money ever bought.

For a display of Fine Linen, the equal of the Linen displayed here is not to be seen in this western peninsula.

Unbleached all pure linen Tablings, 64 to 72 in. wide and a good showing at each price, from 45c to.....\$1.25

Unbleached Tablings, 64 in. union damask, very special, per yard.....30c.

72 in. all pure linen bleached Tablings in choice designs, \$1 qualities 75c., \$1.15 qualities for.....85c.

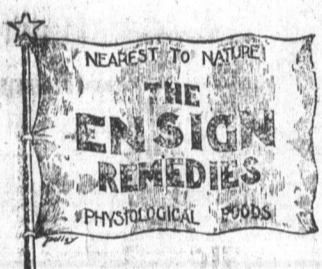
Slightly imperfect bleached Table Cloths, all sizes in exquisite designs at a discount of 20 to 30 per cent.

Wm. Foreman & Co.

## FRIED CAKES

Just Like Mother Makes

LAMON BROS.  
PHONE 496



"Whatever is sufficient to build a human body is sufficient to keep it in repair."

—ENSIGN.  
The Ensign Remedies contain the elements out of which and by which your body was constructed. They will repair and cure any disease condition.

If you are sick you need them.

REMEDIES & PRICES	
No. 1. Mental Diseases.....	25
No. 2. Headaches.....	25
No. 3. Fevers, Inflammations.....	25
No. 4. Malarial Diseases.....	25
No. 5. Colds and Coughs.....	25
No. 6. Bronchitis and Coughs.....	25
No. 7. La Grippe.....	25
No. 8. Croup.....	25
No. 9. Chronic Catarrh.....	25
No. 10. Catarrh of Stomach.....	25
No. 11. Tonsillitis, Quinsy.....	25
No. 12. Sore Throat.....	25
No. 13. Neuralgia.....	25
No. 14. Nervous Diseases.....	25
No. 15. Spasms, Fits, Chorea.....	25
No. 16. Whooping Cough.....	25
No. 17. Dyspepsia, Indigestion.....	25
No. 18. General Debility.....	25
No. 19. Diarrhoea, Dysentery.....	25
No. 20. Colic, Cramps.....	25
No. 21. Constipation.....	25
No. 22. Hemorrhoids.....	25
No. 23. Liver Complaints.....	25
No. 24. Worms.....	25
No. 25. Kidney Complaints.....	25
No. 26. Bladder Diseases.....	25
No. 27. Euresia, Red Wetting.....	25
No. 28. Rheumatism.....	25
No. 29. Toothache.....	25
No. 30. Asthma.....	25
No. 31. Heart Disease.....	25
No. 32. Skin Diseases.....	25
No. 33. Glandular Diseases.....	25
No. 34. Injuries, mechanical.....	25
No. 35. Amenorrhoea, scanty menses.....	25

No. 36. Menorrhagia, profuse menses.....	25
No. 37. Change of Life.....	25
No. 38. Prostatitis.....	25
No. 39. Diseases of Breasts.....	25
No. 40. Leucorrhoea.....	25
No. 41. Tuberculosis.....	1.00
No. 42. Syphilis, primary.....	1.00
No. 43. Syphilis, secondary.....	1.00
No. 44. Syphilis, tertiary.....	1.00
No. 45. Gonorrhoea.....	1.00
No. 46. Gleet and Stricture.....	1.00
No. 47. Seminal Losses.....	1.00
No. 48. Seminal Weakness.....	1.00
No. 49. External.....	1.00
No. 50. Impotency.....	1.00
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No. 98. External.....	1.00
No. 99. External.....	1.00
No. 100. External.....	1.00

Booklets on General Diseases, Private Diseases, Women's Diseases and Venereal Diseases. Sold by Druggists.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS  
Central Drug Co. have a stock of these Remedies

If you would hit the target, aim a little above it. Every arrow that flies feels the attraction of earth.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

### Post Dunbar Dead.

Dayton, Ohio, Feb. 10.—Paul Lawrence Dunbar, the noted poet and author, died here last night. Paul Lawrence Dunbar was the poet of the negro race. He was born in Dayton, June 27, 1872, and was first a newsboy and then an elevator boy, and during his struggle for a livelihood practiced writing. His first poem was written when he was 7 years old. His poem best known is "When Malindy Sings," which was written to his mother, whose name is Malindy.

Holland to Come Back.  
Toronto, Feb. 10.—Attorney-General Fox yesterday decided to bring Christopher Holland, London, Eng., to stand trial on the charge of stealing \$13,800 from the Ideal Bedding Co. Detective Mackie will sail on Wednesday next from New York. They will return via Halifax.

## HE WAS LAID UP FOR OVER A YEAR

Till Dodd's Kidney Pills Cured his Kidney Troubles

Now He's Perfectly Healthy and Able to Work—Gives all the Credit to the Great Canadian Kidney Remedy.

Wapella, Assa, N. W. T., Feb. 5.—(Special).—Cured of Kidney Disease that had laid him up for over a year, Mr. Geo. Bartleman, a well-known man here, is loud in his praises of Dodd's Kidney Pills, for to them and nothing else he claims he owes his cure. "Yes, I had Kidney Trouble," Mr. Bartleman says, "I had pains in my back and in other parts of my body and though the doctor did what he could for me, I grew worse till I was unable to work. "Then I started to take Dodd's Kidney Pills, and I took them all winter and summer while I was unable to work. I took in all twelve boxes, and now I am perfectly healthy. My pains are all gone and I am able to work. I heartily recommend Dodd's Kidney Pills to all sufferers from Kidney Disease." Dodd's Kidney Pills always cure the kidneys. Healthy kidneys strain all impurities, all seeds of disease, from the blood. That's why Dodd's Kidney Pills cure such a wide range of diseases, including Bright's Disease, Rheumatism and Urinary Troubles.

If you can't marry dollars, the next best thing is to marry sense.

Contentment is the best cure for wrinkles.

A grain of sand in the eye can cause excruciating agony. A grain of pebble in the place of the grain of sand intensifies the torment. The pain is not confined to the organs affected. The whole body feels the shock of that little irritating particle. It is so when there is any derangement or disorder of the delicate womanly organs. The disorder may seem trivial but the whole body feels it. The nervous system is disordered. There is fretfulness, irritability, sullenness and depression of spirits. The general health of a woman depends on the local health of the organs peculiarly feminine. Remove the drsins, ulcerations, bearing down pains, and other affections of women, and the whole body feels the benefit. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a specific for the diseases that undermine the strength of women. It is free from opium, cocaine and other narcotics, poisons which enter into many other preparations for women's use. It makes weak women strong and sick women well.

It may be possible to have two girls at the same time, but not if they know it.

## REDS ATTACK WORKMEN

Threw a Bomb Into Assemblage in St. Petersburg Restaurant.

Three Die and Seventeen Others Are Seriously Wounded — Fresh Outbreak of Internal Hostilities Has Deadly Consequences—Woman Shot Dead While Attempting to Slay the Black Sea Fleet Admiral.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 10.—The war between the fighting organization of the revolutionists and the so-called Black Hundreds assumed a new phase last night when a band of Reds surrounded the Cabaret Schlusseberg-Chaussee, on the bank of the Newsky River, above the city, and threw a bomb among an assemblage of workmen. The Reds then opened fire on the panic-stricken inmates of the cabaret, killing two and seriously wounding eighteen, of which latter one died while being taken to the hospital. Military detachments which are constantly patrolling the turbulent industrial suburbs hurried to the scene of the disturbance, reinforced the police and surrounded the city, and threw a cordon around the whole district. Most of the revolutionists made off at the approach of the troops, but a few bold spirits remained and offered a heroic resistance to the encircling soldiers.

Wholesale arrests were made, which were still continuing up to a late hour last night. Demolished Building. The bomb, which was hurled through a window into the main room of the restaurant, exploded with a terrific noise and demolished almost the entire building. A wooden partition was blown out and much furniture, glassware and crockery was shattered.

The ruins were scattered with blood and pieces of flesh, the whole presenting a sickening sight. The restaurant had been for some time known as a resort of the war time order of workmen and rough characters, who were believed to be in the pay of the police and were accused, not only of furnishing information about newsmen and then an elevator boy, and during his struggle for a livelihood practiced writing. His first poem was written when he was 7 years old. His poem best known is "When Malindy Sings," which was written to his mother, whose name is Malindy.

Shadows Before. The killing of three workmen at the Putloff factory yesterday, and last night's episode, are believed to be but a prelude to other acts of retaliation and revenge between the two factions.

Woman Attacks Admiral. Sebastopol, Feb. 10.—Vice-Admiral Choukine, commander of the Black Sea fleet, was attacked yesterday by a woman who attacked him in his office. A sentry who rushed to the admiral's assistance shot the woman dead. No statement has been issued relative to the extent of Admiral Choukine's injury.

Rebel Soldiers Arrested. St. Petersburg, Feb. 10.—Gen. Linévitch reports that wholesale arrests of revolutionists have been made at Chita in Trans-Balkalia. Among those arrested were 31 soldiers. Large quantities of arms and explosives have been surrendered to the authorities. Gen. Linévitch says order has been restored at Chita.

Killed by Revolutionists. St. Petersburg, Feb. 10.—Three employees of the Putloff Works belonging to the "party of the struggle against revolution and anarchy" the so-called "Black Hundred" were surprised and killed Thursday by a party of revolutionary workmen. They were accused of furnishing the police with lists of revolutionary workmen and with assisting in making arrests and searches.

Black Sea Mutiny Still Smoulders. St. Petersburg, Feb. 10.—A number of naval officers, according to a despatch to The Star from Sebastopol, have been transferred to the far east for petitioning the marine ministry for an open trial of former Lieut. Schmidt (who commanded the cruiser Otkachok, which mutinied in November last at Sebastopol).

The trial has been postponed because it is thought to be hazardous to transfer him from the fortress (near Odessa) to Sebastopol. Mutiny is still smouldering on board several vessels of the Black Sea fleet, notably on the battleship Catherine II, where several officers have been arrested.

KING LEOPOLD ACCUSED. Said to Have Drawn Hundred Million From Congo Rubber Trade.

London, Feb. 10.—The Standard this morning draws attention to the alleged revelation contained in a book on the Congo Free State, published at Paris and Brussels by the Belgian Professor Cattier, indicating that during the past decade King Leopold has drawn an amount estimated at \$100,000,000 from the rubber trade in the Congo, Domine De La Couronne, all trace of which was excluded from the published accounts of the Congo administration.

The newspaper in an editorial says: "If it can be verified that such an income was drawn while it has been represented that doubtful expedients were employed in the Congo in order to avoid the carrying on of a business at a loss, the conscience of Europe will be stirred to its depths."

Anti-Smoot Evidence In. Washington, D. C., Feb. 10.—The introduction of testimony against Senator Reed Smoot of Utah was closed by the protestant's counsel yesterday. A. S. Worthington, who represents the Senator, said that it might be necessary to call from 100 to 200 witnesses to disprove the testimony of the prosecution unless the committee permitted filing of affidavits.

Dies From Burns. Niagara Falls, Ont., Feb. 10.—Mrs. McQuade, the woman who was so badly burned in the fire which destroyed the Nelson home at Port Colborne, died of her injuries. She came from near St. Catharines and is survived by two sisters.

## Leading Canadian Physicians Endorse The Canadian Discovery

*Fruit-a-tives* or Fruit Liver Tablets.

DR. ALEXANDER FALKNER, Williamstown, Ont., a physician who has enjoyed a large practice for the past thirty years, writes: "I have much pleasure in certifying to the value of 'Fruit-a-tives' or 'Fruit Liver Tablets' as a medicine for chronic constipation and biliousness, dyspepsia, etc. I have prescribed this medicine for the past six months and can strongly recommend 'Fruit-a-tives' in all cases of constipation, indigestion and biliousness, especially where due to weakened digestion, etc."

DR. A. FRANKFORD ROGERS, Ottawa, a physician who has enjoyed one of the largest practices in that city, states: "I have no hesitation in recommending 'Fruit-a-tives' or 'Fruit Liver Tablets' as the fact of these tablets being made from a laxative material extracted from ripe fruit appeals, and has appealed to my judgement, and I have used these tablets extensively in my practice and always with most gratifying results. The proprietors of this medicine do not hesitate to furnish the formula of the tablets to physicians, and hence any physician can use these tablets and recommend them without loss of self respect. The formula of 'Fruit-a-tives' is certainly a magnificent one, and in my experience no medicine ever used by me has given such excellent results in constipation and stomach and liver trouble as 'Fruit-a-tives' has. That these tablets act beneficially on the kidneys and skin is beyond doubt, and in many cases where the skin was sluggish and inactive and the complexion had 'Fruit-a-tives' have given the most pleasing results."

DR. J. COSTELLO, member of the internal staff of the General Hospital, Ottawa, and who has extensive experience, writes: "I have used 'Fruit-a-tives' or 'Fruit Liver Tablets' with most beneficial results in obstinate constipation and biliousness, and found their action most reliable. I strongly recommend 'Fruit-a-tives' to those suffering from these complaints." At all druggists or sent postpaid on receipt of price, 50c a box or 6 boxes for \$2.50.

FRUIT-A-TIVES LIMITED, OTTAWA.



PRIZES AWARDED.

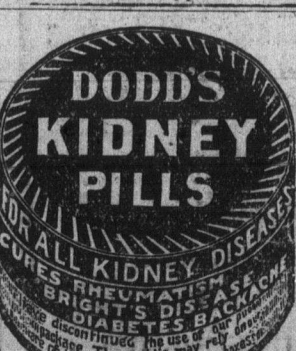
Prince Rupert Chosen Name of Grand Trunk Pacific Terminal. Montreal, Feb. 10.—Prince Rupert will be the name of the city that will be the terminus of the C. P. R. company's new railway on the Pacific ocean.

In the competition on the name, Miss Eleanor MacDonald of Winnipeg was the winner out of 12,900 answers, and she obtained the prize of \$250. The name selected does not exactly comply with the terms of the contest, but was considered most appropriate, and two people who suggested Port Rupert also got a prize. These are Mrs. John Orme of Bonchere, Ont. and R. Kirkwood of Copper Cliff, Ont. As against Port Rupert, however, Prince Rupert constitutes the full name of the explorer, but it exceeds the conditions of the competition by two letters. On account of its selection therefore, and with the desire to accord fair treatment to all, the company have awarded the full amount of the prize offered to each of the two who suggested Port Rupert as well as to the one who suggested the name which has been adopted.

THAT C. M. STATEMENT.

Removes Fiscal Controversy From Sphere of Abstract Discussion.

London, Feb. 10.—The Canadian manufacturers' memorial attracts widespread attention here. The Times published yesterday a two-column leader type article, also a strongly sympathetic editorial. The Standard also emphasizes the memorial in a special article and an editorial article. The Times declares that the memorial, based as it is on definite and carefully collected evidence, is one of the most important documents so far issued since the fiscal controversy began, and removes the controversy from the sphere of abstract and general discussion. It concentrates attention on the actual situation with which Britain has to deal in regard to Canada, and the character of the arrangement Britain may reasonably expect if it could accept Sir Wilfrid Laurier's offer as reiterated in his Quebec speech in October, 1904, to make a treaty of commerce based on mutual preference.



## THE STORY OF NICKEL

ROMANCE OF A GREAT CANADIAN INDUSTRY.

How Nickel Ore Was First Discovered in the Sudbury District, and How in a Comparatively Few Years Canada Became the World's Greatest Producer—A Story of Perseverance.

Copper Cliff, Feb. 8, 1906.

The value of metals refined from Sudbury last year was over \$12,000,000. The production of gold in the Yukon at the same time was only about \$5,000,000. Ontario produces from one-half to three-fifths of the world's supply of nickel. It will soon be the world's great producer of cobalt. The largest deposits of nickel ore in the whole world, so far as known, are to be found in the vicinity of Sudbury. Probably five thousand people, directly and indirectly, draw their living from these ores. It is only twenty years since the ores were first discovered there. The story of Canadian nickel since then is one of the most interesting romances associated with the history of any industry. The earlier chapters tell of many heart-testing difficulties. Here and there through the Sudbury district are melancholy monuments of human failures of ambitions checked, of well-intended efforts that have gone wrong. There are also the monuments of success, and the inscriptions on these, for those who take the trouble to read them, tell a remarkable story of patience, of endurance, of indefatigable energy, of limitless faith and of final triumph. The story of nickel is worth telling as a story, apart from the importance to which the nickel industry has attained in these latter days.

And, first, a few words with reference to nickel itself. The derivation of the word brings us back to the old days when the devil played a much more prominent part in the earthly affairs of mankind than he is credited with today. About 150 years ago, in one of the copper mines in Germany, an ore was discovered that had all the appearance of copper ore, but, do what they would with it, the smelters of those days could get no copper out of it. The German miners 150 years ago were superstitious—miners are still said to be superstitious. They imagined that it could hear the kobolds, the pixies and the gnomes at work in the mines; and when the smelters reported that this particular copper ore refused to yield any copper, it was an easy and natural conclusion that the copper had been bewitched. The miners, therefore, called it the "kuper-nickel" or Old Nick's copper. There are other derivations, but they are not nearly so interesting, and perhaps no more reliable. Cobalt, a word which has become so familiar of late, is said to be only another form of the word kobold, a German gnome or evil spirit.

The spirit of science was at work even at that age, and so while the Old Nick explanation might satisfy the credulous miners, it was not sufficient for those who were accustomed to look for some natural cause behind even the most mysterious phenomenon. Cronstedt, the great German chemist, began a series of experiments with Old Nick's copper, and finally succeeded in isolating a metal which was quite different from anything that had been seen before. It was not copper; it looked more like silver; but it was not silver either. It was no longer necessary to believe that it was Old Nick's peculiar property; but the name stuck to it and it is still known as nickel.

A few years afterwards another chemist discovered another metal which had not been isolated before, and because of its hidden qualities it was called kobold, for the reason already explained. Kobold became cobalt, the name by which the mineral is now known to the world. That an Ontario mining town should owe its name to a German demon may appear a little strange, but such seems to be the fact. A few years afterwards another chemist discovered another metal which had not been isolated before, and because of its hidden qualities it was called kobold, for the reason already explained. Kobold became cobalt, the name by which the mineral is now known to the world. That an Ontario mining town should owe its name to a German demon may appear a little strange, but such seems to be the fact. A few years afterwards another chemist discovered another metal which had not been isolated before, and because of its hidden qualities it was called kobold, for the reason already explained. Kobold became cobalt, the name by which the mineral is now known to the world. That an Ontario mining town should owe its name to a German demon may appear a little strange, but such seems to be the fact.

Among the earliest names associated with the production of nickel is that of Sir Henry Hussey Vivian, of Swansea, Wales. He succeeded in producing nickel from Norwegian ores, but only in small quantities. All that was generally known about his process was that a lot of "salixylon" was used in it, what "salixylon" might be. Joseph Wharton started a factory at Camden, N. J., to work up the nickel ore discovered at Lancaster Gap, Pa. Wharton knew nothing of what Vivian was doing, but worked on a process of his own. He produced a few tons a month of a very poor product, which was sold at a fancy price, and could not be used on that account. The first of this metal seen on this continent was at the Centennial in 1876, when articles made from nickel were exhibited as curiosities. Wharton produced the only nickel made on this side of the Atlantic for about thirty years, or until the discovery of nickel ore at Sudbury.

The story of the discovery and development of the nickel deposits in the Sudbury district has many of the necessary elements of a romance. The ore was first discovered in a cutting on the main line of the C. P. R. about four miles northwest of Sudbury, where the Murray mine now stands. The story of the discovery, as it is still told by the people of Sudbury and Copper Cliff is as follows: Judge McNaughton, as he was called, was an extraordinary magistrate for the Sudbury district. He was fond of rambling in the woods, and one night, having failed to return to his home, the report was circulated that he was lost. A searching party was formed at Sudbury, then a hamlet in the woods. He was found about four miles away, seated on a little knoll, and apparently very much engrossed in the examination of an out-cropping of yellow mineral that looked like copper ore. This, so far as veracious history can say, was the first discovery of nickel in Canada. The outcrop was developed into what is now known as the Murray mine. The people were more interested in copper than they were in nickel in those days, however, and so Copper Cliff, not Nickel Cliff, is the name by which the station on the through branch of the C. P. R. and the mining town adjacent have come to be known.

The news of the discovery spread abroad, and soon large numbers of prospectors were pushing their way through

## Good Garb Going...

at great reductions. This applies to almost everything in the store that pertains to WINTER WEAR for MEN, and many things that are suitable for year round wear. Now is certainly clearing time, and we have been in business long enough, and are wise enough to know that price alone will do it, providing your goods are dependable as ours always are. Here are some reduced prices that will save you money.

\$10 Men's Overcoats, \$7.50	\$10 Men's Suits for \$8.00
\$8 " " 13.50	\$15 " " 12.00
\$22 " " 15.00	\$18 " " 15.00

25 Per Cent. Off Fur Caps and Gauntlets.

Thornton & Douglas, LIMITED.

what was then an impenetrable wilderness. Many important croppings of ore were discovered, among the earliest known being the one which subsequently bore the name of the Lady Macdonald mine.

The story of the development of the nickel wealth of Sudbury district is even more interesting than the story of its discovery. In 1886 Sir William Van Horne, Sir George Stephens, Sir Charles Tupper, Sir John A. Macdonald, and others whose names were widely known, either in politics or finance, visited the place. Here was an opportunity for Canadian capital and Canadian enterprise. Unfortunately, the members of the distinguished group were not specially gifted with foresight. They were interested in what they saw and heard, but of the meaning of it they apparently had very little idea. They came, they saw, and they went home again; and the only evidence of their trip that still remains is the name "Lady Macdonald," by which one of the little lakes in the neighborhood is still known. It would be folly to blame them for their inability to see into the future. At that time but little was known of nickel, and scarcely anything of its possibilities. It is curious to note, however, that the Americans from Ohio, who visited the Sudbury district about the same time, appeared to have been more favorably impressed by what they saw than the Canadians were. Perhaps they had some vision of the future; perhaps they were willing to take a chance. Whatever the explanation may be, the fact is that a group of Ohio men—Judge Stevenson, Senator H. B. Payne, Mr. H. P. McIntosh, Mr. Thomas Cornell and others—after a thorough exploration of the country decided that there was something there worth while. They purchased a block of land in the vicinity of Sudbury, and organized the Canadian Copper Co. with a capital of \$2,500,000. Thus it was that the greatest deposit of nickel in the world fell into the hands of American capitalists. This is only a part of the story; but it is well to keep this much clearly in mind. Some people talk as if the said American capitalists came over like thieves in the night and gobbled up the whole of Canada's great nickel supply while the Canadians slept. The Canadians may have been sleeping, but that surely was no fault of the men from Ohio. The real fact appears to be that while chance has favored the Americans in a remarkable way, they showed an appreciation of the situation, a faith in the future, and a degree of courage in risking their money in what was then a very questionable venture, requisites that the Canadians appeared to lack. For it must be remembered that when the Canadian Copper Company was formed in 1886, nickel was not what it is to-day. The discoveries which gave nickel its importance had not yet been made. As a matter of fact, the Canadian Copper Company, as the name indicates, was formed to mine copper, not nickel. The story of how the "slag" of the copper ore, which at first was cast aside as worthless, became the product of most value, and how from this small beginning a great Canadian industry grew up, will be told later in this series.

Grand Trunk Dividend. London, Feb. 10.—(C. A. P.)—The Grand Trunk has announced a dividend of 2 per cent. for the year on the third preference shares, and \$4,204 is carried forward.

HOCKEY.

Yesterday's Record.	
Argonauts.....	4 Barrie.....
Stratford.....	10 Woodstock.....
O. H. A.—Intermediate.	
Port Hope.....	4 Cobourg.....
Peterboro.....	14 Brockville.....
O. H. A.—Junior.	
Woodstock.....	5 Waterloo.....
Lindsay.....	12 U. C. C.....
Intercollegiate Union—Senior.	
Queen's.....	13 McGill.....
Federal League.	
Cornwall.....	3 Belleville.....
International League.	
Houghton.....	10 Calumet.....
*Michigan Soo.....	15 Canadian Soo.....
Northern League.	
Wingham.....	7 Harriston.....
Other Games.	
St. Catharines.....	13 Niagara Nlvs.....
*Played Thursday.	

Come Now Own Up

Yankee Packers May Lose Millions. Chicago, Feb. 10.—The packers are making energetic efforts to depress the hog market. A loss of \$30,000,000 confront