

Cheese! Cheese!

150 Small Cheese
Just Landed

George Neal

L. JOHN STEVENSON, MACHINIST & BRASS WORKER

Wishes to Announce to the Public that he has opened a Machine Shop where he is prepared to do all kinds of **Marine Engine, & Boiler Work** and solicits a share of the public patronage. Satisfaction guaranteed.

L. JOHN STEVENSON,
Corner Water & Cochrane Streets

GEORGE SNOW

SHIP AND GENERAL IRON
WORKER AND MACHINIST

I am extending my business by the installation of up-to-date machinery whereby all kinds of the following work will be turned out with dispatch and satisfaction.

FORGING IRON AND BRASS CASTING OF EVERY DESCRIPTION & PATTERN MAKING.

Saw Mill Work and Repairs to Motor Engines and all kinds of Machinery, etc.

With our equipment we are enabled to guarantee every satisfaction and ensure prompt delivery.

Large Stock of Material always on hand.

Brazing broken parts of machinery done by special process.

Note carefully the address:

GEORGE SNOW

SPRINGDALE STREET (WEST SIDE).

For Sale! Motor Boat

F. P. U.

Built for R. H. Silver, Esq., at their premises, Greenspond, in 1912. Used by President Coaker the last two summers during his Cruise North.

Boat is fitted with a 27 H.P. Fraser Engine, which has given splendid satisfaction. The boat is 40 feet long and 9 feet wide, and would make an ideal mission boat.

She contains sleeping accommodation for four, and tanks for 250 gallons of fuel. Nine-tenths of the fuel consumed by the engine is Kero oil.

The reason for selling is, the boat is not large enough for the purpose she is now used for.

The boat cost about \$1800, and is well fitted in every respect. She is provided with sails. She would make a fine boat for collecting bait or for fishery uses.

Apply to

W. F. Coaker.

ADVERTISE IN THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

PROSPECTS OF WAR WITH MEXICO CAUSE OF BRYAN'S RESIGNATION

Intervention of States Before Christmas is Expected in Washington Circles

INCURABLE OPTIMISM PREVAILS THAT GERMAN REPLY WILL BE SATISFACTORY

Winner of Decisive Battle Between the Factional Leaders in Mexico is Likely To Be Given Sixty Days To Establish Stable Government

Washington, D.C., June 14.—Is the United States Government resolved to intervene in Mexico? It must not be forgotten that Mr. Bryan, on accepting office as Secretary of State, pledged himself that there would be no war during his administration. Both he and the President display an incurable and inexplicable optimism concerning the differences with Germany. They would be utterly confounded if the Kaiser should return a sharp or an insolent answer to the Lusitania Note, and compel military action. It is clear, in view of this amazing confidence in the good faith of a Hohenzollern, that Mr. Bryan did not fear war from this quarter. Mexico is a different case. It is believed by well-informed men that the United States will be in Mexico—for good or ill—before Christmas. Little hope is drawn from the issue of the Note of warning sent to Carranza and Villa recently. The United States Consul in Mexico is credited with the prophecy that the replies of both generals will be conciliatory in tone but evasive in phraseology. Carranza will ask that he be not required to answer until his military campaign against the Villista armies is completed. Meantime he believes he ought to be "recognized" by the United States. Each of the parties is sending special envoys to Washington.

Mr. Bryan's Discovery.

Meanwhile a new cause of trouble has arisen. Two Americans, charged with making and circulating counterfeit money, have been arrested by Villa and sentenced to death. The State Department, under Mr.

Lansing's direction, has announced to Villa that summary action must not be taken. The consul at Juarez and at Chihuahua are commissioned to demand a stay of execution until

because of the European war, Canadians have lost sight of the fact that the Mexican situation is worse than it has even been, and that it is complicated by the existence of famine in the district surrounding Mexico City. Red Cross officials from the United States are conducting relief work—but under difficulties. Neither Carranza nor Villa is willing to give assurance that relief supplies will not be seized for military purposes. Some weeks ago President Wilson sent Mr. Duval West to Mexico as a special commissioner to investigate and report. This interim report was telegraphed here last week, and Mr. West is expected to arrive in Washington soon. It is believed that the facts had such a grave complexion that Mr. Bryan saw an imminent danger of intervention and discovered that the time for his departure was at hand.

Probable Procedure.

The procedure is likely to be somewhat as follows: A decisive battle is imminent between Carranza and Villa. The winner will be instructed by President Wilson that he will be allowed 60 days in which to establish a stable Government and put an end to factious disturbance. If he fails—which is altogether likely, the United States will send in troops to reorganize the Government.

This course of action, of course, presupposes that Germany will be pliant and will give no cause for the severance of diplomatic relations.

WHAT HAPPENED AT MONS

Overwhelming Forces of Germans Force the British Troops to Retire

With the heroic deeds of the Canadians at Ypres and Langemarck, one almost forgets the "great retreat" at Mons. But Mr. J. A. Murphy, of the government printing bureau, has received a most interesting letter which throws vivid light on several features of this engagement. The letter, which was written some time ago by a British officer, came to Mr. Murphy in an indirect way, and is in part as follows:

"We left Southampton on August 16th and landed at Boulogne on the 17th and came straight to Belgium, where we are now. We had a great reception from the people of both France and Belgium. They are both splendid countries, beautifully cultivated land, but if you could see them now. I've told you that I was writing the first postcard I sent you, August 23rd, in a little town called Dour. It's in ruins now. We didn't expect to meet the enemy before Monday, but while writing I heard the German guns. We hooked our horses in and moved out to meet them. The first greeting we received was from an aeroplane. It dropped a couple of bombs on us.

Germans Sighted

"We didn't get our first target till about 6 p.m., when we saw a German field battery. We have long range heavy guns and opened fire on them. With our third shot we blew up one of the ammunition wagons. We then knocked out a couple of their guns, and the remainder turned tail and cleared off. However, fresh parties came on and we had to retire to defend the northern side of the town. We entrenched our guns alongside a coal pithead and stood by all night, the Germans in the meantime burning down all the small villages around the town. Next morning we again had to retire, as during the night the enemy had almost surrounded the town. We had to gallop for five miles to get away. This was the beginning of the big battle of Mons. I daresay, you have read that General French's force-

es were 100,000 and the Germans 750,000. We had to keep moving back very quickly, as their cavalry followed us up so closely.

For 72 Hours

"We marched and fought for about 72 hours with hardly anything to eat or drink. On the morning of the 26th, about 2 o'clock, we gave our horses a feed and tumbled down ourselves, too tired to eat. About 4 o'clock our scouts came in to say the Germans were almost on us in very strong force. We got into action again about 5 a.m. outside a village called La Chatcau. The sights I saw that day I will never forget as long as I live. We opened fire on them and mowed them down in hundreds, but they still kept coming on. About 11 a.m. we were surprised to see our cavalry come flying back, then the stretchers began coming in with our poor fellows. At this point I don't know how any of our artillery escaped. I did not think any of us would get through.

Open Exposition To Help Temperance

An unique exposition, held with the object of illustrating to parishioners and especially to school children, the deadly results of intemperance, was opened yesterday by His Grace Archbishop Bruchesi in the hall of the School of St. Jean de la Croix, 21 St. Zoticque street.

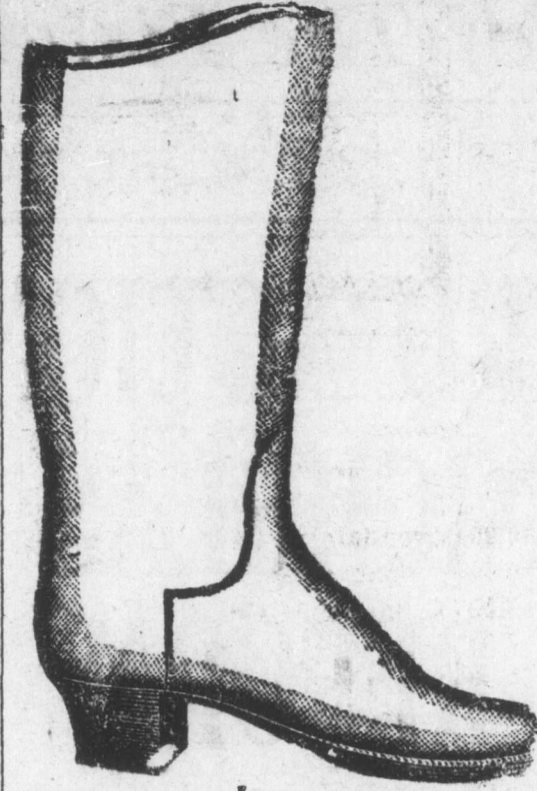
His Grace said that a special committee had been organized with the idea of showing in all schools and parishes of the diocese, charts, diagrams, pictures, etc., to impress clearly on all—young and old—the danger of intoxicating liquors on the human system. "Alcohol is the great enemy of our race, of our parishes, of our societies," declared his Grace; and the sordidly zoophilic Grace; and his words have been reproduced on banners stretched across the hall where the exposition is being held.

The exposition is open until Tuesday next, and each day lectures will be delivered on various phases of the liquor question by the temperance leaders of the city.

The special organizing committee is composed as follows: Judge Lafontaine, the Rev. Abbe A. J. Prefontaine, the Rev. J. Drainville, the Rev. E. Brodeur, the Rev. Abbe H. Papineau, and the Rev. J. L. Beau-soleil.

We are getting square with the Germans by rounding them up.

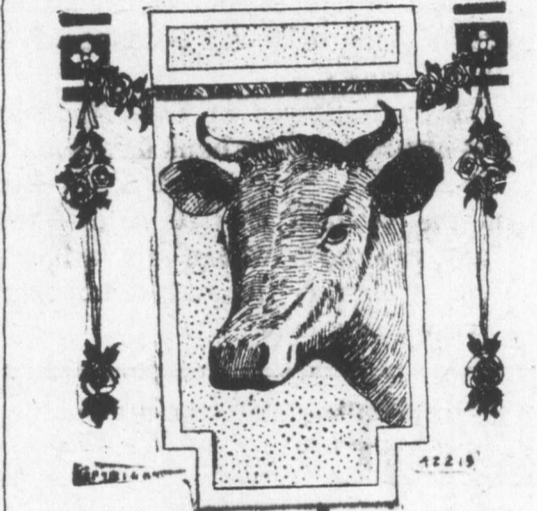
Fishermen!



Get Smallwood's Hand-made Tongue Boots, Wellington's High and Low Three Quarter Boots. These Boots have been tested and proved to be waterproof. By who? By the Fishermen who have worn them.

P.S.—All our Hand-made Boots have the name Fred Smallwood on the Heel plate. Beware of Imitations!

F. Smallwood,
The Home of Good Shoes.



PRIZE CATTLE

are slaughtered to produce the tender, juicy beef we offer you. It's the same with all

OUR MEATS.

We buy only the best from grain-fed, healthy animals, so you can be sure of extra fine cuts and superior quality when you order here.

M. CONNOLLY,
Phone 420. Duckworth St

STEBAURMAN'S OINTMENT

To Whom it may Concern:— Here is evidence of the wonderful healing power of Stebaurman's Ointment to the public:—

My little boy suffered terribly from eczema, and this Ointment made a perfect cure of him. I would not be without Stebaurman's Ointment for anything.

Yours truly,

MRS. J. HARDING.

64 Flower Hill, St. John's.

Stebaurman's Ointment, 20 cents per box or 6 boxes for \$1.00. Cash must be sent with Order. P.O. Box 851 or 15 Brazil's Square.

German Attitude Towards Belgium

London, June 16.—A "neutral observer," who has been visiting Germany has written a series of articles today declares that it is the almost universal belief of German people that Belgium will remain German and that the Belgian Congo will become a German possession.

The writer says that since the occupation of Belgium by the Germans it is estimated that Germany has taken \$1,250,000,000 worth of property of all kinds, including raw materials and manufactured products, as war indemnities out of Belgium.

"Revolvers made in Belgium," the writer continues, "are now a part of the regular German equipment. The bayonets and swords now used in the German armies are almost exclusively of Belgian manufacture, while it is intended, when the need arises, to take the overhead wiring in Belgium to make good the copper shortage in Germany."

At Petrograd 2500 beds in hospitals formerly occupied by the victims of alcoholism, are now available for wounded soldiers.

Smart Neckwear For Men

On your way down town drop in and look over our splendid stock of Men's Ties. We have them in the leading shapes, in the newest fabrics and designs.

Before the GREAT FIRE that destroyed MacGregor's Stock, Mr. MacGregor had contracted for goods to be delivered during March and April, and we have purchased from him all his new goods to arrive.

Today we received a shipment of Silk Scarfs, each one stamped

"Macgregor's, St. John's"

These are certainly distinctive, hand some, refined and entirely correct—the wide-end slip-easy band of a rich quality.

You owe it to yourself to see them and buy a variety. MacGregor's regular 95c Scarf. OUR SALE PRICE 75c EACH.

Come in today and see our general stock of Neckwear, we can surely please you in varieties, styles, qualities and prices.

Anderson's, Water Street, St. John's

Table Butter

Very Choicest Shipment now in Stock of
30 POUND TUBS

14 POUND BOXES

28 POUND BOXES

AND ONE POUND BLOCKS

OF "ENNIS KEAN" IRISH

To meet the shortage in Fresh Vegetables we have imported a large supply Cans of

**CARROTS PARSNIPS
BEET SPINACH
SAUER KROUT, Etc.**

W. E. BEARNS HAY MARKET GROCERY
PHONE 379

"THE FACTORY THAT IS TURNING OUT SUCH SPLENDID WORK"

This is what President Coaker wrote in a recent Editorial in *The Mail and Advocate* of the BRITISH CLOTHING CO. LTD., and if you insist on your dealer supplying you with one of their suits you will agree with him that for distinctiveness of style, perfect fitting, qualities and superiority of goods they cannot be equalled in this Country.

**Insist on BRITISH Suits
Made by
THE BRITISH CLOTHING Co., Ltd.
Duckworth Street, St. John's.**

Thoughtful People

Are stretching their Dollars by having us renovate the old garments, and make up remnants of cloth.

C. M. HALL,
Genuine Tailor and Renovator.
942 THEATRE HILL.

CARD

P. O. Box 17. Telephone 24.

JOHN COWAN
Consulting Accountant
and Auditor

Special attention given to the preparation and examination of Financial Statements.

ADVERTISE IN THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE