

May-Oatway Automatic Fire Alarm Systems

Eight Months Exports 1916 Reach Value \$275,657,792 In Manufactured Products

Canada's Telephone Record

Approved by the Government of Canada, the Governments of Great Britain, New Zealand, Australia, South Africa and all important fire underwriters' associations in the British Empire and U. S. A. Proven by sixteen years of continuous use, and is today protecting hundreds of millions of dollars' worth of property. Self-adjusting, operates at any temperature, and has an unequalled record for saving property from destruction by fire.

Pyrene, the most efficient fire extinguisher known. Hundreds of thousands now in use, especially desirable for automobiles, motor boats, homes, office buildings and factories where oils, paint, varnish and highly inflammable materials are used. Puts out any and all kinds of fire. Approved by underwriters' laboratories.

Chemical fire extinguishers are standard the world over. Approved by underwriters' laboratories and all underwriters' associations.

Davey Automatic Fire Escapes, safest and best fire escape. In use in thirty-one countries. Installed in the Government Buildings at Ottawa and Toronto, the C. P. R. Hotel at Algonquin Park, and many other buildings throughout Canada and the United States.

We are headquarters for fire fighters' supplies.

Ontario May-Oatway Fire Alarms, Limited
26-23 Adelaide Street West,
Toronto, Ont., Canada.

Total for Eight Months Bigger Than Whole Year Exports for 1915. New High Records Established 1916 Total Will Exceed \$325,000,000.

Each passing month of the statistical reports for the fiscal year 1916 continue to show record figures. At the beginning of October a prediction was made that the Canadian revenue would touch a high water mark for the year beyond all previous expectations. Railway earnings continue to show increases over 1915, though in the past couple of months the increases were not quite as large as were the increases earlier in the year. Bank clearings for practically every city in Canada, reporting to the Clearing House, have shown increases for every month up to the commencement of October.

Figures recently published show that the manufactured products exported from Canada totalled for eight months of this year a value of \$275,657,792, the total for this eight months being larger than the value of the total exports of merchandise from Canada in any entire year previous to 1910. The exports of manufactured products for the eight months of this year ending with and including August were nearly double in value the entire exports of such products for 1915, and more than four times the value of such exports for the whole twelve months of 1912, 1913, 1914.

While the exports of ammunition, food products and wearing apparel for the soldiers have been largely responsible for these big increases in exports, there have also been increases in products other than war order products. An example of increases not due to war orders are forest products which for the twelve months ending with August showed an increase of 15 per cent over the year 1915. For the twelve months ending with June, of which details are now available, the value of the exports of forest products was \$66,559,366. For the twelve months ending with June the forestry exports from Canada were valued at \$15,717,159 to the United Kingdom and \$47,082,837 to the United States. The 1916 exports for the year ended with June show the following figures:

Articles Exported.	12 Months ended June, 1916.	To United Kingdom.	To United States.
Logs	\$ 52,084	\$1,026,701	
Lumber—Deals, pine,	1,363,445	31,707	
Spruce and other Laths,	8,497,831	337,606	
Fallings and pickets,	11,712	2,386,937	
Plans and boards,	2,230,654	21,196,880	
Shingles,		3,631,611	
Timber, square	429,764	30,735	
Wood blocks for pulp		6,102,170	
Wood pulp,	672,673	10,793,647	
		\$15,717,159	\$47,082,837

The exports of wood pulp increased from \$9,257,036 for the twelve months of 1915 to \$12,220,988 for the twelve months ending with June, 1916, an increase of approximately \$3,000,000. The wood pulp exports to the United States for this latter period reached a total value of \$10,793,647. Other than iron and steel exports due to munition orders, these pulp exports are among the biggest increases in the Canadian export increases for 1916.

Automatic and Manual for Every Service.

Canada has led the world in telephones. Dr. Alexander Graham Bell invented his first telephone in Canada. The first automatic or girlless telephone that was capable of giving service to any number of subscribers was also invented by a Canadian, and Canada is still keeping in the front rank as far as the manufacturing of up-to-date telephone equipment is concerned. No Canadian need go outside of Canada, and no Britisher need go outside of the Empire to purchase the very best in either manual or automatic telephones.

In regard to the automatic, the Canadian Independent Telephone Co., Limited, has manufactured the Lorimer Automatic, which is designed for service in cities and towns, and will give the most efficient service to any number of subscribers. This system was the first automatic system on the market that would serve one thousand or more subscribers without the service of a girl operator, and was designed by reason of the perseverance of Canadian energy and the expenditure of much Canadian capital.

The Canadian Independent Telephone Co., is also manufacturing the Presto-Phone, which is an automatic telephone system designed particularly for factories, departmental buildings or any inside system where fifteen or more telephones are required. It gives quick, accurate service without any girl operator. The first cost is not very much greater than the cost of the ordinary intercommunicating telephone, and in the larger systems it eliminates the cost of a girl operator.

In manual telephones the Canadian Independent Telephone Co. is manufacturing the very highest class of equipment. Whether it is central energy for the cities or towns, or magneto telephones for the rural party lines, the company is able to supply telephones that are the equal of any made anywhere. In all its products the company established a high standard of quality, and that standard has been maintained—nothing but the very best of workmanship and material entering into the building of Canadian Independent telephones.

It will be a source of much pleasure for the company to supply information in regard to any telephone wants you may have. We desire especially to emphasize the fact that there is no necessity to go outside of Canada for either automatic or manual telephone equipment, you can purchase equipment that is designed by Canadians and made in a Canadian factory for less money than you can purchase any foreign made equipment, and at the same time secure telephone service the equal of any as regards efficiency.

Write for our Bulletins stating what particular telephone service you are interested in.

CANADIAN INDEPENDENT TELEPHONE COMPANY, Limited.
263 Adelaide Street West,
Toronto, Ont., Canada.

The following chart shows the value of the exports of manufactured products for the eight months of 1916 ended with and including August as compared with the corresponding period of previous years:

1916	\$275,657,792
1915	\$ 94,584,420
1914	\$ 42,693,957
1913	\$ 34,295,792
1912	\$ 26,389,102