POOR DOCUMENT

MC 2033

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The Semi-Weekly Telegraph.

VOL. XLVIII. ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1908. NO. 10

LIBERALS WILL CARRY ALL NORTH SHORE SEATS

Richibucto Man, Just Over the Ground, Says Sweep Will Be Complete

Reid, Turgeon, LeBlanc and Loggie Sure of Re-election—Return of Hon. Mr. Emmerson in Westmorland Conceded—Another Rousing Meeting in York County for Government Candidate.

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Chatham, N. B., Oct. 1.—W. S. Loggie, M.P., having covered the parishes to the east of Chatham, where he led every poll in 1904, and received every assurance that his majority would be increased this year, has gone up river and invaded the enemy's country. Tonight, notwithstanding the inclement weather, Mr. Loggie addressed a large meeting at Redbank. The many voters present were evidently impressed with the lucid speech.

On Friday night, Mr. Loggie will speak at Whitneyville, and on Saturday will close a week's successful tour at Millerton.

Hon. J. P. Burchill will also speak at this meeting and the thriving lumber town can be depended upon to give a good majority for Loggie and Liberalism.

The Conservatives in the town of Chatham are totally demoralized and there is no attempt at organization, and it is hard to find any one who professes to belong to the party of Borden, Bayne and Booze. The Liberal committee rooms are thronged every night with large crowds of intelligent voters who realize that Laurier must finish his work of making Canada a nation.

A prominent Conservative admitted today that Loggie's majority would be anywhere from 500 to 1,000.

North Shore Solid for Liberals.

That the four north shore counties—Restigouche, Gloucester, Northumberland and Kent—will have a solid Liberal representation in the next federal parliament is the opinion of W. D. Carter, of Richibucto, who is at the Royal. Mr. Carter knows the constituencies well and has traveled through them recently. Wherever he went he reports finding the Liberals strongly organized.

The general talk was that James Reid in Restigouche and O. Turgeon in Gloucester, will have a walk over. In Kent and Northumberland the Conservatives are preparing to put up a fight but the result is not considered doubtful and the election of O. J. LeBlanc in the former and W. S. Loggie in the latter constituency is assured with substantial majorities.

In Westmoreland the election of Hon. H. R. Emmerson is conceded.

A great change of feeling, Mr. Carter said, had taken place in reference to the local government also. There was much dissatisfaction over the new road law. One of the promises on which Hon. Mr. Hazen went into power was that he would leave road matters largely to the municipalities and it was now claimed that under the new act taxes have been increased but the officials have also been increased and the net result was that the farmer was poorer and the treasury in no better condition. Altogether he was of the opinion that if the local elections had to be run over again the results would be different.

Big Liberal Rally at St. Marys.

Fredericton, N.B., Oct. 1.—(Special.)—Notwithstanding the inclement weather, the electors of St. Mary's and Gibson assembled in large numbers tonight to listen to addresses in the interest of Liberal candidates by E. H. McAlpine, K.C., and R. W. McLellan. Ex-councillor McMinamin was chairman and the hall was comfortably filled. Mr. McLellan, who spoke first, was attentively listened to and scored point after point in favor of the Liberals. He also paid some attention to provincial politics and vigorously criticized Mr. Hazen's administration of the criminal laws.

Referring to Mr. Borden's civil service reform, he was pleased to know that Mr. Hazen had adopted the proposal by appointing his uncle to a lucrative position in the board of works office.

Mr. McAlpine followed with an able and convincing address, which was heartily applauded. He showed that the Tories had no policy in this campaign, but were circulating a propaganda of scandal charging their opponents with graft. He thought that A. S. Crocket, who has played the part of a yelping cur at Ottawa should be the last person to talk of graft when his first act as a member of parliament was to attach his name to a round robin calling for an increase of $1,000 in his sessional indemnity. Mr. McAlpine was in splendid form and his vigorous onslaught on the Tories was much enjoyed. Mr. McAlpine will speak at Harvey tomorrow and at McAdam on Saturday.

Purity League in Kings-Albert.

Sussex, N. B., Oct. 1 (Special).—A Kings-Albert purity league organized along lines similar to those laid down by Westmorland and Halifax organizations has been formed here. Both candidates will be asked to subscribe to the platform pledging the observance of the law by themselves and their agents. No meals will be allowed on election day.

Arrangements have been made to employ detectives to look after both counties with instructions to arrest violators, irrespective of party.

An active organization is already under way, and money is being subscribed.

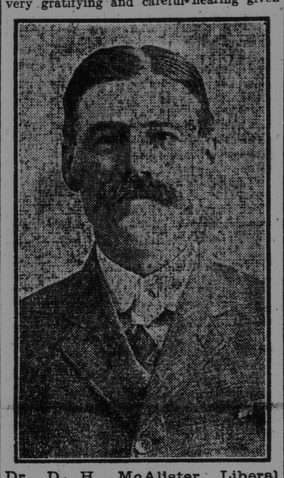
DR. McALISTER IN HAVELOCK

Liberal Candidate in Kings-Albert Has Support of Many Fowler Men

M. P. HAS LOST FAVOR

Marked Change in Public Opinion—People Proud of Good Name of Constituency Feel Hurt — Some Local Patronage Affairs Which Are Having Effect.

Sussex, Oct. 1.—Dr. McAlister opened the campaign in Havelock last evening. There was a large attendance and the Liberal candidate and A. B. Copp, M. P. P., of Westmoreland, made telling speeches. In spite of the short notice of the meeting given, the attendance was very gratifying and careful hearing given



Dr. D. H. McAlister, Liberal Candidate in Kings-Albert.

the speakers and frequent applause of their points augur well for the result in that part of the big parish.

Turn Backs on Fowler.

A remarkable feature of Dr. McAlister's tour throughout the united counties is the number of voters who tell him plainly that they have always supported the Conservative party but this time they propose to support the Liberal candidate and the Liberal government. In every corner of Kings County there is a great change in public opinion. The electors do not propose to support Fowler again the way they did before.

In 1904 the issue before the people was the great transcontinental which time and again Fowler declared would never be built. Today the main question in Kings-Albert is whether George W. Fowler is a fit man to be the representative of the people at Ottawa and has his record been such that the people will send him in preference to the popular Liberal candidate, Duncan McAlister?

To quote one old Fowler supporter: "I don't like the idea of every newspaper in Canada dragging Kings-Albert through the mire with George Fowler. For two years now, week after week, there is land scandal and there is Foresters' scandal and the man who was elected by the voters here to look after their affairs has done nothing else apparently than make as much money as he could out of his position as a member of parliament, which we gave him. I for one don't like this and propose to vote for McAlister."

Split Over Patronage Affairs.

There are many differences in the Conservative ranks. The local members who were supported so vigorously by George W. Fowler are not working in harmony. Messrs. Jones and Murray do not agree with Mr. Sproul. The latter has objected to some dismissals, notably that of Manager Hunter, of the Central Railway, but the views of Jones and Murray, backed up by Messrs. Woods and Slipp, of Queens, prevailed. With Jones and Wood it was a case of "scratch my back and I'll scratch yours."

Soon after the elections last spring work was begun on the big bridges at Apohaqui and Upper Corner (Sussex), and Mr. Jones, a brother of the M. P. P., of that name, was appointed inspector, not only of one bridge but of both. The faithful in Sussex were up in arms and Mr. Jones could not hold on to both jobs. He surrendered the inspectorship of the bridge at Upper Corner to Frank Roach and had to be content with the Apohaqui salary.

H. W. Woods, of Welsford, thinking, like Mr. Jones, that "charity begins at home," had his brother-in-law appointed inspector of bridges at a good fat salary and not content with that placed another relative in as road superintendent. "It is no more harm," said an indiscreet defender of Mr. Jones the other day, "for 'Burp' Jones to give his brother a job than it is for Premier Hazen to look after his uncles."

The situation during the entire summer has been one of grab on the part of the members' relatives and friends. Good staunch supporters have had to take a back seat until the "brothers and the cousins and their uncles" were provided for. One Kings County member runs a saw mill and he is always on the lookout for a market. So when the highway bridges in his vicinity were sold for repair other mill men were on the lookout to get the jobs. But they had no chance. The M. P. P. wanted to supply the lumber but he could not "bid in" the repairs himself, so his foreman took his place and got the jobs. Of course the lumber came from the M. P. P.'s yard.

It is said there was not much enthusiasm among his supporters when this became known. There is still trouble in the air, but it is like the storm in Hampton, likely to lull somewhat because of promises. A prominent office holder there feels his head every morning to see if it is still on his shoulders. There are many demands for the axe to be exercised but the time is not opportune. When the election is over the deed will be done.

1,000 LIVES LOST IN INDIA'S FLOOD

Fourth Part of City of Hyderabad Becomes a Quagmire ---Pestilence Feared.

Hyderabad, India, Oct. 1.—It is feared that pestilence will follow the floods that have occurred in the Hyderabad and Deccan districts. The waters have subsided and the country is strewn with uncates with the River Musi. Tremendous fewer than 1,000. Many elephants are at present employed in removing the dead.

Hyderabad is the capital of the Nizam's dominions, in which are many tanks and lakes, the largest of which communicate with the River Musi. Tremendous rains caused the lake to overflow into the river, which in turn burst its banks. A flood of water 60 feet high swept down upon the city, carrying everything before it.

AMERICANS MUST OBEY NEWFOUNDLAND'S FISHERY LAWS

St. John's, N. F., Oct. 1.—The Newfoundland ministry, having agreed to continue for the present season the arrangement effected last year permitting American herring fishermen to purchase cargoes and ship crews at Bay of Islands, N. F., the British government has cancelled the imperial rescript of 1907, which invested the naval commander in this district with absolute power to prevent the colonial authorities from interfering with American vessels engaged in the winter herring fisheries along the west coast of Newfoundland. This means that the colonial authorities will be permitted to prosecute any Americans who violate the ordinary fishery regulations, which apply alike to residents of Newfoundland and others. Aside from being obliged to comply with such regulations, Americans will not be restricted in any way in their fishing operations off Newfoundland during the coming winter.

OWEN SOUND MAN TO HANG FOR TRIPLE MURDER

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Owen Sound, Ont., Oct. 1.—Today James F. Creighton was found guilty of murder. He butchered his wife and two stepdaughters a few months ago in cold blood and the only defence was insanity. He was sentenced to hang December 3.

LAURIER'S TRIUMPHAL CAMPAIGN CONTINUES

CLERGY BROKE BRITAIN'S LAWS

Canadians Preached in England Without Securing a License.

WANT ACT CHANGED

Synod to Memorialize Archbishops of Canterbury and York on the Matter —Anglican Church Established in the Dominion Every Week of Year.

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Ottawa, Oct. 1.—At the meeting of the Anglican synod this afternoon, Archdeacon Simpson, of Charlottetown, presented a report on the workings of the Colonial Clergy Act. This imperial statute requires Canadian clergymen in England to obtain a license and subscribe to the "39 Articles." Colonial clergymen attending the Pan Anglican conference had to do this.

Canon Brown, of Paris, said he had not done it. Canon Simpson said in that case Canon Brown had violated the law and had run the risk of being summoned before a magistrate. (laughter.)

A recommendation of the committee was that a memorial be sent to the Archbishops of Canterbury and York, recommending that a permanent license be granted to Canadian bishops so that when visiting England they might not be trammelled.

Archdeacon Lloyd, of Prince Albert, said if the same law applied in Canada and the Archbishop of Canterbury came to Ottawa he would have to pay a fee of fifty cents to the Bishop of Ottawa before he could preach in an Ottawa church.

Canon Kittson, of Ottawa, said he had preached through the whole of the Midlands and had not found it necessary to take out a license.

Canon Simpson said Canon Kittson had rendered himself liable to a fine of £5 for each sermon. (laughter.)

Want Law Changed.

After further discussion the synod decided to memorialize the Archbishop of Canterbury with a view to getting the disability in England removed.

Matthew Wilson, K. C., of Chatham, explained the plan of Prof. MacKenzie, of Toronto, for a re-arrangement of the beneficiary funds. The proposal is to form a corporate body to associate the beneficient fund of all dioceses, so that a clergyman moving from one diocese to another would not lose what money he had paid into any fund on his former diocese. Mr. Wilson moved for the appointment of a committee to consider the plan. The resolution was adopted.

Archdeacon Kerr, of Montreal, presented a report on church statistics, showing that during the last three years on an average a new church had been opened weekly in Canada.

There was a report from the committee on memorials to deceased members. Of Bishop Kingdon the report stated "he did much to inculcate the principles of reverence and devotion in the worship of Almighty God, and also much to deepen the spiritual life of the clergy and laity of his diocese." Of Dean Partridge the report quotes with approval a resolution printed in the Synod Journal of Fredericton. Of Archbishop Neales the committee declared him to have been "a faithful pastor and true friend of his people."

Ten members of the Lower House and four Bishops have died since the last Synod three years ago.

Russell County Electors Turn Out by Thousands to Greet Premier

Sir Wilfrid Eulogizes His New Secretary of State, Who Will Be a Candidate in the Constituency—Declares it is His Aim, and Always Has Been, to Secure the Best Men for His Cabinet—Fielding and Aylesworth Hold Enthusiastic Meetings at Toronto.

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Russell, Ont., Oct. 1.—The premier's tour of Ontario could scarcely have had a more fitting climax than the meeting here this afternoon. Russell County, as Sir Wilfrid expressed it, is in miniature an image of the Dominion. Its population represents all nationalities with perhaps Scotch Grits and the French speaking element in the ascendency and in addressing an audience so composed the premier was but emphasizing and accentuating what his progress from riding to riding had so strikingly illustrated that he is the leader not merely of a party but the revered representative of all nationalities, classes and creeds.

Apart from this feature the gathering of the Russell County Liberals had the additional interest that it marked the acceptance of Hon. Charles Murphy, the new secretary of state as a candidate for a seat in parliament. The Liberals of the county had already nominated George McLaurin as their standard bearer but with the appointment of Mr. Murphy to succeed Mr. Scott the suggestion was made the Mr. McLaurin should retire in favor of the new minister and this suggestion he generously accepted.

Today's meeting was arranged for the purpose of ratifying Mr. McLaurin's offer and the harmony which prevailed was an eloquent tribute to the spirit of true Liberalism and to the unselfishness of the retiring candidate. Nothing could have been more frank and chivalrous than Mr. McLaurin's acceptance of the situation. Nothing could have been more gracious and sincere than the acknowledgement made by the premier and Mr. Murphy of Mr. McLaurin's sacrifice.

Considering that the gathering was intended to be a business meeting rather than a demonstration, the attendance was surprisingly large, fully 3,000 people, drawn from all parts of the constituency, being present. Sir Wilfrid's reception was most enthusiastic. At the station he was met by a large crowd and before the meeting a number of enthusiasts took the horses from the carriage and dragged it to the village where the premier lunched with Robert Kenny.

Sir Wilfrid was enthusiastically received and before commencing his speech had to acklowledge an address presented by D. McArthur on behalf of local Liberals and a presentation of bouquets of flowers by two little girls. His first words were of thanks to George McLaurin for the noble stand he had taken on that occasion. Sir Wilfrid went on to refer to the retirement of Hon. Mr. Scott and to point out that Canada was composed of people of every nationality and that it was a wise rule that in a cabinet all the nationalities, which composed the nation, should be represented. It had been his endeavor since he took office to get the very strongest men for the cabinet and he recalled how he had taken Sir Oliver Mowat from Ontario, Hon. Mr. Blair from New Brunswick, Hon. Mr. Tarte from Quebec, and later Hon. G. P. Graham from Ontario. To all of these he paid warm tributes.

Tributes to Late Colleagues.

Of the late Mr. Tarte Sir Wilfrid said Mr. Tarte was a very strong man, so strong that he wanted to impose his will upon the cabinet. "It was he or I," auded the premier, "and I said it should not be I and so we parted."

Continuing he said that when Hon. Mr. Scott intimated his intention to retire he (Sir Wilfrid) had to look for a person fit and proper to represent the people of the race and religion of Mr. Scott in the cabinet. "I looked about and as Heaven is my witness I thought I had found that man in the person of my friend and new colleague, Mr. Charles Murphy. Mr. Murphy has a great advantage over me. He is young. Mr. Scott was in the senate but Mr. Murphy was too young to bury in the senate. The senate is a fine institution but a man should not be sent there until he had grey hair. (Laughter.) That is why I thought a man like Mr. Murphy should not be in the senate but in the house of commons. Then I had to look for a constituency for him and I thought that the County of Russell was, par excellence, the riding to be represented by a minister of the crown. I sent for my friend Mr. McLaurin. He had not taken a very active part in political affairs but I knew by experience and from my own knowledge that he was always sound in the faith. He always was a true Grit. (Cheers.) I asked him if he would make a sacrifice of his ambitions in order to promote the cause which as a Grit he had at heart—that was to support the administration which is now in office."

Eloquent addresses were also given by Hon. Charles Murphy and Hon. George P. Graham.

Great Liberal Meeting at Toronto

Toronto, Oct. 1.—(Special.)—Hon. W. S. Fielding and A. B. Aylesworth addressed a good meeting in Massey Hall here tonight. Hon. Mr. Fielding was received with the utmost enthusiasm, the audience rising and cheering for several minutes and the band playing. When the cheering had subsided, after Mr. Fielding had two or three times to put up his hand, he said he wondered what in the world had come into the heads of their Tory friends, when they said they were going to sweep the country. After seeing the audiences at Sarnia, Windsor, Galt here now in Toronto, the great chieftain had come in and stirred up the grand old Liberal party, he thought it would give the Tories all the work they wanted to hold their present position, let alone all their talk of sweeping Canada.

Dealing with a statement of the Conservatives that the policy of the government in the years before 1896, was the cause of what measure of the good times that came to this Dominion, Mr. Fielding said the Liberals might say the same today. He referred to the increase in trade under the National Policy in eighteen years of $66,500,000, of which the Conservatives boasted. It was a fair measure of progress. The Canadians were so vigorous and energetic that put them down anywhere they must make progress, so they made some, even in those dark days. They increased their trade by about $3,500,000 per year of Conservative rule. Under the Liberals, who had been in power twelve years, if he could say that Canadian trade had increased $40,000,000 or $45,000,000, that would be an average of $3,500,000 or $4,000,000 per annum. The Conservative would have to admit that the Liberals had done pretty well as they had kept up to their record. But what was the true story of increase under the Liberal rule? $400,000,000.

"Our Conservative friends were proud of an increase of $3,000,000, what ought the Liberals to feel about their $34,000,000 per annum of increase," he asked, amid renewed cheers.

"The West today," he continued, "is growing rapidly. The time is coming when men who reside west of the Great Lakes will control Canada. Is it wise to antagonize the farmer of the west against the manufacturer of the east, and bring about strife and endles antagonism? That is possible, strife between the east and west over the traiff. Yes, it is probable unless caution is observed." (Cheers.) Then he related some of the work of the tariff commission, showing the differences of opinion regarding protection between eastern manufacturers and the western farmers. The Liberal government said to the farmer:—"You are bound to consider the interests of the manufacturer who supplies you with what you need to cultivate your farm and to live in comfort." and to the manufacturer: "You are bound to consider the position of the farmer out west, who feels these taxes a burden upon him."

So, following that policy he thought the government were able to do much good. A happy, prosperous population in the northwest would be made by the policy which induced the manufactererers of the east to regard the interests of the west and the farmers of the west to give and take, to assist the manufacturers of the eastern provinces, a policy which had contributed so much to bring happiness to the west.

BOSTON CANADIAN CLUB TO ENTERTAIN AMBASSADOR BRYCE

Boston, Oct. 1.—The Canadian Club of Boston will give a dinner on Monday evening, October 12, at Hotel Somerset, in honor of the Hon. James Bryce, British organizations, including the Scotch Charitables, the Victorian Club, the British ambassador to the United States. A large number of distinguished guests have been invited. The other British organizations, including the Scotch Charitables, the Victorian Club, the British Charitable Society and the Intercolonial Club, have been invited. This is the first fall dinner of the Canadian Club, and it is expected to eclipse all former dinners.

The committee on arrangements is:—Arthur E. Childs, chairman; Col. R. H. Graham, Charles H. McIntyre, H. W. Patterson, W. B. Powell, Dr. R. H. Upham, Asa R. Minard and George Taylor, secretary.

DR. COULTER GOING TO AUSTRALIA ON ALL-RED MISSION

Montreal, Oct. 1—Dr. Coulter, deputy postmaster general, was in the city tonight on his way to Australia in connection with the establishment of the All-Red route. He will sail on the Empress of Britain on Friday night.

Discussing his trip Dr. Coulter said, "I am going to Australia and have accepted this mission in the hope that something may be accomplished towards the inauguration of an inter-empire system of mail and passenger service which all Canadians, regardless of political affiliations, look forward to."

CALAIS SCHOONER BROKEN IN TWO

St. Stephen, Oct. 1.—We have a shipwreck in the harbor this morning. The schooner E. Waterman, belonging to Jas. Muchie Sons' Co., and loaded with coal, while trying to take her place at the wharf for discharging, got caught on the gridiron with her stern unsupported, and broke in two when the tide left her.

FIGHT FOR CONTROL OF EASTERN S. S. LINE

Boston Men Want It—Hearing Oct. 9 on Sale of Assets of Company.

Portland, Me., Oct. 1.—In the United States circuit court yesterday Judge William L. Putnam ordered that notice of a hearing on the final decree in the matter of a petition by the creditors of the Consolidated Steamship Company, for the sale of the assets, be given. The hearing will take place October 9, at 1 o'clock.

When the petition of the creditors of the Eastern Steamship Company for a final decree authorizing the sale of the assets of that company subject to the underlying mortgages was brought up, Judge Putnam refused to admit any intervention in the case by other interests than those which already had a formal standing in the case.

He refused to make any decree that did not state the upset price because he wished to give all persons who might wish to bid in this property an equal opportunity for so doing. Inasmuch as the upset price could not be named the hearing on the case was continued until October 9 at 1 o'clock.

It is understood that some Boston bankers are trying to gain control of the Eastern Steamship Company, while on the other hand, some of the minority stockholders, of whom Charles W. Morse is one, are making an effort in the same direction.

ONTARIO WOMAN BRUTALLY TREATED BEFORE MURDERED

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Toronto, Oct. 1.—An inquest into the murder of Mrs. Peake at Stratford was opened by Coronor Monteith at the Peake home last night, and adjourned until October 5. In the meantime a post mortem examination will be held to establish the specific cause of death. Marks on the neck and face of Mrs. Peake would indicate that she had been brutally beaten and choked, before she fell a victim to her murderous assailant. Her cheeks beneath the eyes were swollen as if she had been struck by fists, while a slight fracture on the back of the head was likely caused by a fall on the brick floor of the cellar. Her clothing was badly torn and limbs bruised. There is every evidence of an outrage being committed.

BOY INMATES TRY TO BURN ORPHANAGE

Building Contained 750 Children and Nuns—Culprits Sentenced to Reformatory.

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Quebec, Oct. 1.—Adelard Guay and Francois Duchesneau, two boys of thirteen, boarders of St. Joseph's Orphanage, Levis, were caught yesterday trying to set fire to the building, sheltering 750 orphans and nuns. This morning they were sentenced to three years in the reformatory school.

CAPT. BERNIER HEARD FROM AT LABRADOR PORT

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Montreal, Oct. 1.—Word was received here by Hon. L. P. Brodeur, minister of Marine and Fisheries, from Capt. Bernier, stating that the Arctic had arrived at Etah on the Labrador coast on September 19, and had sailed to Lancaster Sound on the 20th, the news being brought down by coasting vessels to Newfoundland, and then cabled.

The last mails from the government steamer will be sent southwards by a coasting steamer in a week or two. This is the last news expected from the Arctic until next spring, when it is expected that messages will be sent southward by whaling vessels, which winter in the north and return in the spring.

BORING FOR COAL IN P. E. ISLAND

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Charlottetown, P. E. I., Oct. 1.—At Gallas Point, Eengineer Stover, of Montreal, began boring for coal today. Among the large number present were Governor McKinnon and the Island's naturalist, John Newsom. It is an era in the province's history and explorations are to be made in different parts of the province.

A COMPARISON

Canada's Debt:

1896 - - - -	$258,497,432
1878 - - - -	140,362,069
Increase in 18 years under Conservatives - -	**$118,135,363**

Equivalent to an average increase of about six and a half millions per annum.

1908 - - - -	$277,960,859
1896 - - - -	258,497,432
Increase in 12 years under Liberals - - -	**$19,463,427**

Equivalent to an average annual increase of about a million and a half dollars.

During the last four years the Liberals spent **$27,074,131** towards the construction of the National Transcontinental Railway. If this capital expenditure had not been incurred the debt would have been reduced by **$7,000,000.**