

LABEL CASE IS ON AT KEITVILLE

Famous Case, in Which Sir Frederick Borden is Interested, Opens Before Judge Drysdale.

Mrs. Allison, Minister's Former Boarding House Mistress, One of the Witnesses.

Special to The Standard.
Keitville, N. S., Oct. 12.—The famous label case of the King vs. Carruthers of which Sir Frederick Borden, Minister of Militia in the plaintiff was begun before the Supreme Court here this morning, Chief Justice Drysdale presiding. W. E. Roscoe, K. C., has charge of the prosecution and J. J. Ritchie, K. C., is appearing for the defence.

The Eye Opener.
After the jury was empaneled which required much time and difficulty, a copy of the Eye Opener was exhibited by Mr. Roscoe, which contained two defamatory articles in the shape of two letters. The letter from Mrs. Maria Allison, commencing "I have been the victim of that infamous outrage on myself and family," was read, also the second part of the letter, having reference to the alleged separation of a woman from her husband.

The first witness called was Wm. W. Pines, a farmer of Waterville. He said that he had met Mr. Carruthers, the defendant and had asked him if he had a copy of the Eye Opener with him. It was subsequently produced and an investigation begun before Justice Beek with at Canaan.

To Mr. Ritchie Carruthers was willing at first to give the copy of the Eye Opener. Mr. Pines, said it was not with a view to making trouble that he brought the paper from Carruthers. He had not had the intention of prosecuting Carruthers for selling the paper.

Mr. Pines said he had gone in for the paper on June 23, 1896 and he did not expect to get it. The initials were added after he had considered the matter and after showing the paper to Mr. Roscoe. He might have shown it to the postmaster, J. Stuart Alcock and other particular friends.

Mrs. Allison Called.
Mrs. Maria Allison, of Ottawa, was called and sworn at 11 o'clock. To Mr. Ritchie she said she had been boarding members of Parliament for seven years. Sir Frederick Borden boarded with her in 1894, 1896, and 1898, she was a widow, married twice, she had had two children by her first husband. Her daughter went to Montreal June 3, 1896. The general elections were on June 23, 1896 and Sir Frederick returned to her house the day Laurier's victory was being celebrated at Ottawa.

Mr. Roscoe then argued the question of the admissibility of Sir Frederick Borden's (the informer's) own words. Mrs. Allison was not allowed to state what he (Borden) had said in 1896 and in private. He might have shown it to the postmaster, J. Stuart Alcock and other particular friends.

Mr. Roscoe then argued against making public what he said in connection with Sir Frederick Borden, claiming that his public duties were not interfered with by anything he is alleged to have done in private. The question was very fully gone into and at five o'clock the court adjourned till the morning, bail being accepted for the appearance of the defendant in the morning.

Remain Together.
His Lordship addressing the jury said that he deemed it best in the interests of the case to have the jury remain together until the case is disposed of. The sheriff would secure accommodation for them at a hotel and they would remain in his charge. Should anybody approach them in reference to the case he is directed to refuse to do so. Mr. Allison, however, is Mrs. McPharland, of Ottawa. Another Ottawa witness is Sergeant Major Chetti.

FREDERICTON SPOTTER IS AFTER HIS PAY

Scott Act Spotter Belyea Is Suing For \$315 The Amount He Claims As Being Due Him For Services.

Fredericton, Oct. 12.—Before Judge Wilson in York County Court today, the case of Robert Belyea, a Scott Act spotter, vs. W. L. McFarlane, Scott Act Inspector for York county, was commenced. Belyea is suing for \$315, which he alleges is due him in pay for his services as spotter and promises to divulge some matters which will cause somewhat of a sensation.

Under cross-examination this afternoon Belyea stated that he said what was untrue when he told in the police court Scott Act case that he was working under any agreement with Scott Act Inspector McFarlane. This was untrue when he told in the police court. During the proceedings Mr. Guthrie, counsel for Belyea, read a letter written by Inspector McFarlane to Belyea while the latter was being taken into custody when charged with perjury advising him to lay low and stating that Chief of Police Winter advised him similar action. Owing to Sanbury County Court opening tomorrow, the case cannot be resumed until Friday.

THOMAS COTE WILL NOT GET MARINE POST

Report That The Editor Of La Presse Would Succeed To Deputy Ministry Erroneous—To Be Made Commissioner.

Special to The Standard.
Ottawa, Oct. 12.—Reports from Montreal to the effect that Thomas Cote, editor of La Presse, would become deputy minister of marine and fisheries are erroneous. Mr. Cote has been appointed Canadian trade commissioner in Paris in succession to Hector Febré. Mr. G. J. Donbarbes is expected to be the new deputy.

STILL UNCAPTURED.
Special to The Standard.
Ottawa, Oct. 12.—The Pickanuck burglars are still uncaptured, and the active chase will be given up by the special police until further news of the whereabouts of the robbers is received. The police are returning to Ottawa.

Peary Hurls the Promised Bomb

In Voluminous Statement Signed by the Chief Members of the Expedition Commander Peary Arraigns Dr. Cook—Defines from the Evidence Adduced in Conversation With Brooklyn Man's Eskimos the Route Taken by Dr. Cook—Says Eskimos Laugh at Story of Discovery.

(The following statement of Commander Robert E. Peary, which he submitted together with a map to the Peary Arctic Club, in support of his contention that Dr. Cook did not reach the North Pole, is now made public for the first time. The statement and map have been copyrighted by the Peary Arctic Club.)

New York, Oct. 12.—Some of my reasons for saying that Dr. Cook did not go to the North Pole will be understood by those who read the following statements of the two Eskimo boys who went with him, and who told me and others of my party who did so.

At Etah.
Several Eskimos who started with Dr. Cook from Annotok, in February 1908, were at Etah when I arrived there, in August 1908. They told me that Dr. Cook had with him, after they left, two Eskimo boys or young men, two sledges and some twenty dogs. The boys were I-took-a-shoo, and Ah-pe-lah. I had known them since their childhood. One is about eighteen and the other about sixteen years of age.

On my return from Cape Sheridan and at the very first settlement I touched (Nerke, near Cape Chaio) in August, 1908 and nine days before reaching Etah, the Eskimos told me, in a general way, where Dr. Cook had been; that he had wintered in Jones' Sound, and that he had told the men at Etah that he had been a long way north, but that the boys who were with him, I-took-a-shoo, and Ah-pe-lah, said that this was not so. The Eskimos laughed at Dr. Cook's story. On reaching Etah, I talked with the Eskimos there and with the two boys and asked them to describe Dr. Cook's journey to members of the party and myself. This they did in the manner stated below.

The Statement.
Signed statement of Peary, Bartlett, Millan, Borup and Henson in regard to the testimony of Cook's two Eskimo boys:
The two Eskimo boys, I-took-a-shoo, and Ah-pe-lah, who accompanied Dr. Cook while he was away from Annotok in 1908 and 1909, were questioned separately and independently, and were corroborated by Panikpah, the father of one of them, I-took-a-shoo, who was personally familiar with the first third and last third of their journey, and who said that the route for the first part of the journey, as shown by them, was as described to him by his son, after his return with Dr. Cook.

Notes of their statements were taken by several of us, and no one of us has any doubt that they told the truth.

Their testimony unshaken by cross-examination, was corroborated by other men in the tribe and was elicited neither by threats nor promises, the two boys and their father (talking of their journey and their experiences in the same way that they would talk of any hunting trip).

To go more into details:
One of the boys was called in, and told of the route he had taken before his arrest.

Further details in the arrest of Burgess. Not a doctor as previously stated in despatches—Brother believes he will be able to clear himself.

Methodist Mission Board definitely decides to accept London Society's proposal—Care for 10,000 children.

Mr. T. R. Angus of Amherst has disquieting experience and is incidentally relieved of \$150—No clue.

Awakens to find burglar in room.

Penisa maid wins.

Still uncaptured.

Thomas Cote will not get marine post.

Report that the editor of La Presse would succeed to deputy ministry erroneous—to be made commissioner.

BEDFORD TELLS STORY OF CRIME

Declares in a Lengthy Statement That He is the Murderer of Ethel Kinrade.

Charged With Atrocity in Bow Street Court—Flourance Kinrade Interviewed at Calgary.

ASQUITH HAS INSISTED THAT BUDGET PASS

Suggestion Of a Referendum Meets With Little Favor From Either Party—No Immediate Development.

PRINCIPAL ACTORS QUIT POLITICAL STAGE.

MUCH EVIDENCE HEARD IN HORN BROOK CASE

PROSECUTION RESTS CASE IN INQUIRY NOW GOING ON IN SUSSEX AFTER HEARING SEVERAL WITNESSES.

SENSATION IN U. S. DIPLOMATIC CIRCLES

Charles R. Crane, Minister Designate to China, Is Deposed on Eve of His Departure For Orient.

AWAKENS TO FIND BURGLAR IN ROOM

PENISA MAID WINS

STILL UNCAPTURED

THOMAS COTE WILL NOT GET MARINE POST

REPORT THAT THE EDITOR OF LA PRESSE WOULD SUCCEED TO DEPUTY MINISTRY ERRONEOUS—TO BE MADE COMMISSIONER.

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London, Oct. 12.—Yesterday Edward William Bedford, an American, born in Minneapolis, Minn., surrendered himself to Supt. Frank Forest, of New Scotland Yard, to whom Bedford confessed that he had murdered Miss Kinrade, of Hamilton, Canada. Supt. Forest speaking to the Canadian Associated Press said that he thinks Bedford is crazy and doubts if he is really guilty, as he confessed.

Inspector Kydd.
Chief Inspector Kydd, who has charge of the case, speaking to the Canadian Associated Press, said that Bedford, surrendering himself, he (Kydd) paid a visit to Lord Strathcona's office in order to ascertain if such a crime as Bedford confessed committing, had really taken place. Inspector Kydd said that Bedford's history tallies so closely with the newspaper accounts of the murder that he is inclined to disbelieve his story especially as Bedford was out six months in the late he gave for the murder. He spoke to Kydd however, this morning and corrected the date by saying that when he ran through a hayrack there was snow on the ground.

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The Police Magistrate claims there was one fine while Weyman declared for two.

Scott Act Charge.
In connection with the Scott Act charges, Inspector Asbell was recalled and stated that in the two cases against George Doherty, in one of which two bottles were seized on the person of Doherty and in the other where liquor was come upon in a dress suit, the prosecution in the Inspector's opinion did not receive the consideration due it.

Evidence in both cases, which were dismissed, was ordered to be placed in evidence and Commissioner Hazen will examine it.

Joseph Farrer, County Constable, swore that he paid Hornbrook three dollars for certifying to his bill of costs as constable in connection with the Purity League cases.

John Purcell was called and swore that he had paid \$2 to the magistrate on the understanding that a judgment would be withheld. He also swore that he paid one dollar for a copy of the court proceedings before the case was disposed of.

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G. O. Dickson was on the stand at the morning session. After examining the papers he swore that there was a discrepancy in the account submitted in July 1909, as compared with the account previously placed before the finance committee at the January session by which the county would stand to lose \$100. Strong objection was made to questions leading up to the evidence when they were asked, but it was ruled that the questions were proper. Mr. Weyman, for the defence, said the differences would be explained later.

The case will be continued tomorrow when evidence for the defence will be heard.

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The Police Magistrate claims there was one fine while Weyman declared for two.

Scott Act Charge.
In connection with the Scott Act charges, Inspector Asbell was recalled and stated that in the two cases against George Doherty, in one of which two bottles were seized on the person of Doherty and in the other where liquor was come upon in a dress suit, the prosecution in the Inspector's opinion did not receive the consideration due it.

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