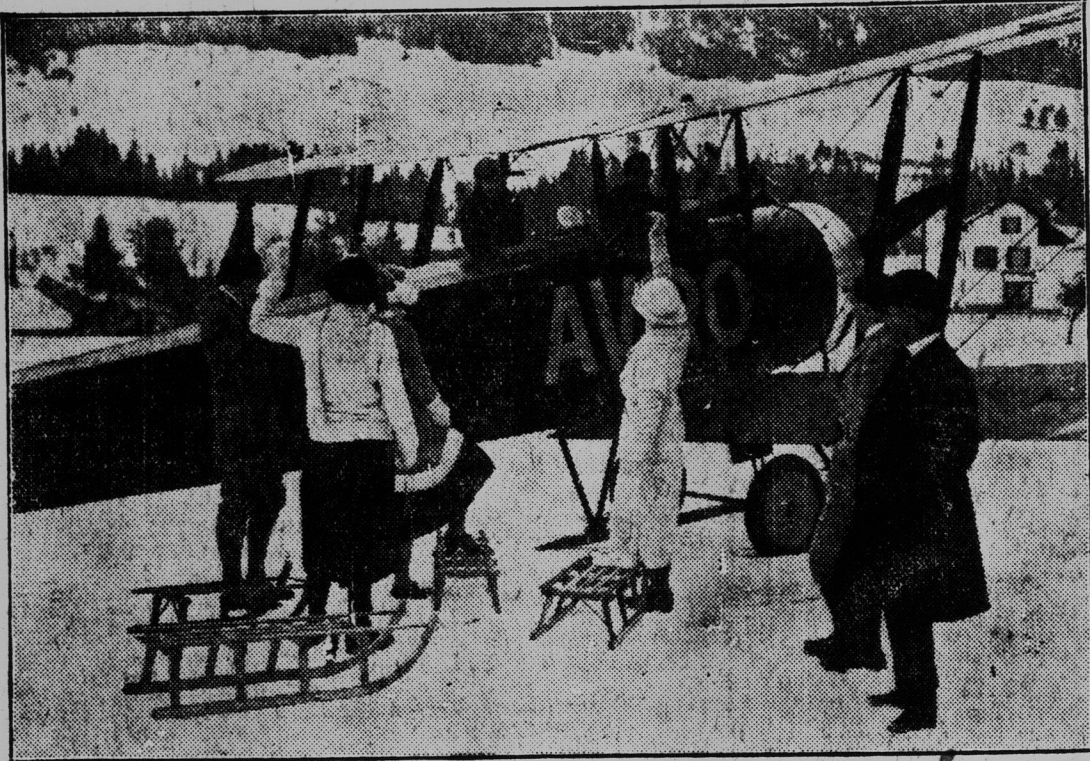


# POOR DOCUMENT

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THE EVENING TIMES AND STAR, ST. JOHN, N. B., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1922

### AIRPLANE TRIPS FOR WINTER SPORTS



A new thrill has been introduced for visitors at Swiss resorts in the form of airplane trips over the Alps. The photo shows some friends of a fair passenger waving good-bye as she was about to start.

### WHERE CHARLES IS IN EXILE

A Much Larger Place Than Where Napoleon was Sent—The Efforts to Regain Crown.

Exile of the former Emperor Charles of Austria-Hungary to the island of Madeira, five times the size of St. Helena, is an ocean garden spot. Funchal, its chief city, has a population of more than 20,000 and the island, one of a group of four owned by Portugal, produces some of the most famous wine and lace in the world as well as an abundance of fruits, grains and sugar. Oases are mainly used for agriculture. Instead of draft horses and other farming methods are primitive. Less than two per cent. of the people can read and write.

The Portuguese military garrison is very small and Charles, with his three small children, if the Allied powers permit, may have every freedom except an unchaperoned ocean voyage. Napoleon was guarded day and night by soldiers. Madeira, the Portuguese word for "forest," is directly in the Atlantic ocean, a small island, a British naval sailing station, often doesn't see a ship for days. Madeira is a port of call and thus is kept in daily touch with the outside world. The island, 400 miles west of Morocco, has a temperate climate. It is 12 miles wide and 30 miles long and elliptical in shape. Three other islands nearby, complete the Madeira group. Porto Santo and Madeira have a population of 170,000, the Desertas and Selvagens are two smaller islands of volcanic origin. The latter are uninhabited rocky formations jutting out of the sea. After the collapse of the Central Powers in 1918, Charles and his wife, Empress Zita, fled to Madeira, where they lived with their children. Last March the former emperor attempted a coup d'état by crossing the Swiss border and reaching the town of Steinfelden, Hungary, where with prominent monarchists he planned to enter Budapest. The plot failed and Charles returned to Switzerland. Again, on October 22, despite his "word of honor" given to the Swiss authorities that he would attempt no further escapes, the former monarch and his wife, during the dispute over Burgundy, fled in an airplane from Lucerne to Odenburg and ultimately reached Raab, Hungary, where Charles was received by an armed party of royalists. In a sanguinary effort to enter Budapest, the Charlesists were defeated. The former emperor and empress were captured and, finally, at the behest of the Little Entente, placed aboard a British monitor in the Danube. On November 8, the ex-royal pair sailed for their future home in the mid-Atlantic. On November 4, the former emperor, who had persistently refused to renounce his hereditary "rights," was dethroned and the Hapsburg dynasty was ousted from Hungary by a law passed by the Hungarian National Assembly.

Napoleon's banishment in 1814 was no less bitter. The former Empress Josephine

### Losing Your Pep?

Perhaps it's your eyes. With fully 70 per cent. of us it is an unknown visual defect, which is slowing us up. Don't remain in the "dark." Know that your eyes are as efficient as they should be—and not hampering your mental and physical vitality. Have your eyes examined by an optometrist.

### GREAT SAVING, SAYS PINCHOT

Forester Tells of Fire-Fighting Economy in Pennsylvania Woods.

In a review of the forest fire season during the fall of 1921, Gifford Pinchot, Chief Forester of Pennsylvania, praises the forestry organization of that State and emphasizes the importance of its work. "The people of Pennsylvania," says Mr. Pinchot, "are getting their money's worth from the \$1,000,000 appropriated last spring by the legislature to put down forest fires. Half of the million is being spent during the present fiscal year. This is what is being done with it and here are some of the results: "Fifty new fire towers, most of them 150 feet high, have been erected at the best observation points throughout the State. Every tower was completed and connected by telephone with men on the ground. In addition, a new fire-fighting force of 1,000 men was organized into effective fire-fighting crews before the fire season began. An entire new system of fighting forest fires was pronounced by the United States Forest Service to be the best in existence, was devised and installed. Fire Warden and other fire fighters were equipped with fire tools, among them a new combination axe and hook, superior to anything yet invented. "Before the fall forest fire season began, the department had been organized to meet it. The best way to get an idea of the results accomplished is to compare them with the average fall fire season during the previous years. "The average number of fall forest fires that started during the last five years was 254. In 1921 there were 197. The average area burned over in the five years was 21,454 acres a year. In 1921 it was 4,085 or less than one-fifth. "You cannot keep all fires from starting, but you can handle them promptly and effectively after the first. The best test of a forest fire organization is the average size of the fires. The smaller the size the better the work. From this point of view it is worth noting that the average size of fires in the fall for the previous five years was 8.45 acres, while the average acreage per fire in 1921 was 2.73, or less than a quarter. "If we compare the results in 1921 with the best fall in the previous history of the department, a fall of such exceptional weather conditions that only 81 fires were reported, as against 197 last fall, we find that less than two-thirds of the area was burned over, while the average per fire was only one-fourth. "I am very proud of the men who have brought these results about. They have proved themselves worthy of the confidence the people of the State, through the legislature, have reposed in them. It is no more than fair to say that they are giving the State a dollar's worth of work for every dollar the Department of Forestry is spending. "The job of stopping forest fires is well begun. We have proved that it can be carried through if the next legislature will give us the money to do it. In the meantime, it is some satisfaction to know that the State is not only getting what it paid for, but that increased forest growth will pay it all back.

### EXAMPLES OF BREVITY

"Splendid!" was the terse comment made by Mr. Balfour when the Irish settlement was mentioned to him. This has been quoted by a famous dramatic critic's notice of a comedy called "A Dreadful Night." He gave the name of the play and added "Exactly." Phrasing is not always so easy to come at. Two Scotsmen were left a certain sum provided they put up a monument to their benefactor with a verse inscribed thereon. The monumental mason charged for letters. He suggested— Here lies the corpse Of Thomas Thorpes But the Scotsmen thought for themselves and this was the verse selected: Thorpes' Corpse.

### For Tired Feet

The Original Product  
**BAUME BENGUE**  
Beware of Substitutes

RELIEVES PAIN  
\$1.00 a tube, at your dealer's, or by mail.  
THE LEEHMAN MILES CO. LIMITED, MONTREAL

### NEW FRENCH LEADER

A recent portrait of ex-President Raymond Poincaré, the new Premier of France.

### A PRAYER FOR LANDLORDS.

To the Editor of The Montreal Gazette: Sir,—The undersigned has recently stumbled upon a clipping from an old newspaper, containing the remarkable "Prayer for Landlords," given below, which, according to the editor, was taken from the "Prayer Book of Edward VI," being found among "Sundry Godly Prayers for Divers Purposes." The prayer does not seem to be in either the First or Second Prayer Book of Edward VI, but it bears all the marks of the feudal days of "Old England." Perhaps some local authority at Litchfield may enable you to tell your interested readers from which of the numerous prayer books antedating the present Book of Common Prayer the "Prayer for Landlords" was taken.

While that prayer has disappeared from the liturgies now in general use, it is as modern in its application as it is evidently ancient in origin. It is, therefore, worthy of being reproduced in the public press of every great city at the present time, when our cities are being overcrowded at the expense of the towns, villages and farms; and it is especially appropriate to this season of the year, when, because of the excessive increases in rents now being demanded by some landlords, so many people are now looking forward to the first of next May as a day of great hardship and, in many cases, a day of black despair.

Would that the landlords in every great city might "read, mark, learn, and inwardly digest" the following prayer—and, so to speak, answer that prayer, themselves.

"We heartily pray Thee to send Thy Holy Spirit into the hearts of them that possess the grounds and pastures of the cities, that they, remembering that they, too, are but strangers and pilgrims in this world, having here no dwelling, but but seeking one to come, that they, remembering the short continuance of this life, may be content with that which is sufficient, and not join house to house and land to land, to the impoverishment of others, but may be contented in letting their tenants live this life they may be received into everlasting habitations. Amen."

What a poignant "Prayer for the Times" in which we now live! It is true that the law of "Supply and Demand" is generally referred to as "inevitable." And yet it is not, or should be, the only law governing the fixing of such a matter as rents. With certain commodities, such as the luxuries one can do without, it may be proper for an owner or vendor to charge as much as he can get, in the interaction of supply and demand. But, in the case of the necessities of life, the law of "Supply and Demand" ought surely to be modified by another standard, namely, "What is a reasonable and remunerative one on one's investment?" Land and houses are limited commodities, and a roof over one's head is one of the fundamental necessities of life. In these days of overcrowded cities and the shortage of houses, for a landlord to force the rent up to the maximum of what he can squeeze out of a tenant—far beyond the amount that is necessary to meet the taxes, insurance and repairs, and to leave a reasonable net income on the landlord's investment—is a wicked and wanton denial of that demand for "Social Justice," which, more and more, is coming to be one of the outstanding features and standards of that new civilization, for which the patriotic citizens of every free country are working.

The landlord class is a small in number, and in these days of universal suffrage, the landlords themselves are wise and far-sighted enough to answer that "Prayer for Landlords," the prayer for the people, by the people and for the people, will be forced by the votes of the long-suffering people to enact stern laws for dealing with landlords that are rapacious.

February 6, 1922.

### DEAD MAN'S GLANDS GRAFTED IN CONVICT



EDWIN W. FIELD.

"I'm convinced if I had taken Tanlac two years ago, my troubles first began, I would have been saved a world of suffering," said Ed W. Field, 338 Jefferson St., Milwaukee, Wis. "My case proved that when a man's stomach goes wrong, everything goes wrong with him. The first thing I noticed out of the way was loss of appetite, and next, that no matter how sparingly I ate, I was sure to have an attack of indigestion. I finally got so I couldn't walk a couple of blocks without having to stop and rest, and I was so nervous that often I sat up in a chair all night long.

"Tanlac has made a new man out of me, my stomach is as sound as a dollar, and I feel fine all the time. I am a firm believer in Tanlac because I know it delivers the goods."

NOTE—The International Proprietaries Co., distributors of Tanlac, have on file on their offices at Atlanta, Georgia, over fifty thousand signed statements from representative men and women from every State in the Union and every Province in Canada. Many of these are from prominent people in this city and section and have been previously published in this paper.

Tanlac is sold by The Ross Drug Co., Ltd., and F. W. Munro, and by leading druggists everywhere.

### LORD MAYOR O'NEILL

Of Dublin, who has just been re-elected for the sixth time.

### LOCAL NEWS

A recent issue of the Vancouver Sun contained a life-like photograph of the late Alfred Markham, a former resident of this city. Colonel Markham was recently re-elected president of the Vancouver branch of the Royal Society of St. George.

### SCOTTISH COLLEGE SAVED HER LIFE

Redwood City, Cal., Feb. 9.—The faithfulness and initiative of a Scottish college saved the life of an over-enthusiastic mother. The child wandered from her parents' home, and was not missed until the dog made its appearance in great excitement and commenced barking at the skirts of Mrs. MacAlister, who was working in the yard. "Don't the dog follow me?" she called, to a large pond nearly half a mile away, where she found her child lying on the bank with her clothes drenched. Apparently little Jean had fallen into the pond and had been pulled out by the dog, whose teeth had torn her clothes. The intelligent collie had then started for the house to bring help. The child was revived, and is none the worse for her thrilling experience. Jean and "Don" have been great friends and inseparable companions since the advent of the former to the MacAlister home.

### THOUSANDS WITH BAD COLDS!

Everywhere you meet them—coughing, sneezing, gasping—the host who need Peps, to kill the germs that are taken in as you breathe. As Peps dissolves in the mouth, they give off pleasant yet powerful fumes that are carried with the breath into every corner of the chest and lungs. Germs lodging in the throat and breathing passages are quickly exterminated; inflammation and soreness is soothed and healed and breathing is made easy. The comforting soothing action of Peps is in strong contrast to that of common tablets containing formalin and other crude drugs which irritate and inflame the throat and breathing passages. For coughs, colds, chills, grippe, sore throat, bronchitis, and chest weakness of young and old, Peps are the unique, safe and speedy remedy. 13¢ in Every Home. All dealers 50¢. 25¢ for \$1.00. For SAMPLE send 3¢ stamp to Peps Co., Toronto.

### NOTHING WRONG WITH THE I.O.F.

Insurance Journal Replies to Comments Recently Made at Toronto Meeting.

(Canadian Insurance.) Several correspondents have written us about reports which have lately appeared in the daily papers suggesting that the affairs of the I.O.F. should be investigated. These are the reports of meetings held by the members of that order, who are mostly the older members and whose certificates were subject to considerable liens for loans made by them, some years ago, to place themselves under the old premium or sound insurance rates then collected from them. The present thinking is merely another outburst from the members who originally secured their insurance at inadequate rates and are now getting the amount of insurance they have paid for—no more and no less.

Its affairs are supervised every year by the Dominion Insurance Department just the same as those of every insurance company in Canada. The public can see for itself the strong position of the order from the Blue Book issued by the Superintendent of Insurance. This shows that the I.O.F., at the end of 1920 had total assets of \$44,254,869 to cover liabilities of \$42,462,064. Its surplus of assets above liabilities was over a million and three-quarter dollars, this including a sum of \$1,000,000 reserved for investment fluctuation. Our correspondent therefore, can rest assured that nothing wrong with the affairs of the I.O.F. may be said, and that it is in fact a strong institution on the level premium system. The complaints of the old members are, in fact, the least of the full to the present management, which, in face of enormous difficulties, has in 1920, in the face of the most unenviable conditions, maintained its position, unquestioned strength. So many doubt it is possible that it is rather astonishing that any members should put difficulties in the way of a board of management which has proven itself one of the most brilliant in the history of fraternal insurance in this country.

### PETER C. LARKIN APPOINTED HIGH COMMISSIONER

Toronto, Feb. 9.—P. C. Larkin has been appointed Canadian high commissioner in London, succeeding Sir George Peile, who resigned recently. Mr. Larkin will sail for England next month.

### REV. T. M. JEFFERIES.

Of Oakville, Ont., who will be 100 years old on February 15. He is said to be the oldest Methodist minister on the continent. Coming to Canada from England in 1847, he preached for many years around Kingston, Gananoque, and Hamilton county. The first Orange Lodge in Kingston district was organized by him. In 1874 he was superannuated and took up a small farm near Oakville.

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