NEW YORK MARKET.

MARCH 29th, 1859.

FLOUR—The market for flour is heavy and without change. Sales of 8,300 bbls, at \$5.50 a 5.90 for superfine State; \$6.50 a 6.75 for extra State; \$5.60 a 6.00 for common to good superfine Western; \$6.50 a 6.90 for common to good extra Western; and \$6.60 a 6.80 for shipping brands of common to good extra round hooped Ohio. The market closing cuil. Canadian Flour is quiet. Small sales at \$6.50 to 7.50 for common to choice extras. Rye Flour at \$3.60 a 4.25, with small sales.

WHEAT—The market dull and heavy. Sales of 6,000 bush white Michigan at \$1 60 a 1 62c. Rye dull as 90c. a 93c. Barley quite. Sales of 8,500 bush within the range of 70 a 71c. Corn market firm. Sales market 17,000 bush, at 89½ a 90c. for new yellow Jersey and Southern; 87½ c for white Southern. 90c. was refused for mixed Western. Oats are dull. The range is 56 a 57c. for State; and 60 a 62c. for Western and Canadian.

Provisions—Pork market is dull and heavy. Sales of 1,350 bbls. at \$17 50 tor old mess; \$18 00 a 18 18½ for new mess; and \$13 00 for prime. Beef firm. Sales of 750 bbls at \$6 50 a 7 00 for country prime; \$7 50 a 9 00 for country mess; \$9 50 a 11 50 for repacked Chicago mess; and \$13 a 13 50 for extra mess. Prime Mess Beef dull. Small sales at \$17 a 20. Beef hams steady. Sales small at \$14 50 a 17 50. Bacon is quiet and unchanged. Dressed Hogs are dull. Sales at \$8½ a 8½ c. for heav; corn fed. Cut meats are steady. Only a moderate business doing. Sales of 100 packages at 6¾ a 7c. for shoulders; and 8½ a 9½ c. for hams. Laid dull. Sales at 11½ a 11½ c. Butter quiet, and sales made at 10 a 15c. for Obio; and 15 a 23c. for State. Cheese is dull at 8c a 11½c. for State.

WHISKEY-Market is lower. Sales of 470 bbls. at 27 1c.

Money-In fair demand and rates unchanged.

Sterling Exchange—Rates lower at 109 a 109 a.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TELEGRAPHIC FACTS NOT GENERALLY KNOWN.

So rapid is the transition of the electric current along the line of the telegraph wire, that supposing it were possible to carry the wires eight times around the earth, the transit would occupy but one second of time.

In regard to the consumption of the electric telegraph, it is singular to see how this telegraphic agency is measured by the chemical consumption of zinc and acid. To work 12,000 miles of telegraph about 3,000 zinc cups are used to hold the acid; these weigh about nine thousand pounds, and they undergo decomposition by the galvanic action in about six months, so that 18,000 pounds of zinc are consumed in a year. There are also about 3,600 porcelain cups to contain nitric acid; it requires 4,500 pounds of acid to charge them once, and the charge is renewed every fortnight, making about 12,000 pounds of nitric acid in a year.