

## FRANCE—Continued.

Paris, Revisionist committee give grand banquet, speech prepared by Boulanger read.—April 6.  
 Revolutionary relics, exhibition of, opened in Paris.—April 18.  
 Senate, Boulanger trial, preliminary proceedings, a stormy sitting.—April 12.  
 Senate, trial of Boulanger and associates begun.—April 12.  
 Senate, M. Merlin elected president of commission to conduct trial of Boulanger.—April 13.  
 Senate commission, Boulanger trial, M. Cambon, French Ambassador at Madrid, examined.—April 19.  
 Versailles, banquet at, Boulanger's speech read by Deputy Laguerre.—April 14.  
 Versailles, MM. Laguerre and Herisse arrested on leaving Boulangerist banquet.—April 14.  
 Warrants issued for arrest of General Boulanger, Count Dillon and M. Rochefort.—April 10.  
 Freight Agents, Bethlehem, Pa., meeting of agents of several railroads and reduce lots on anthracite coal.—April 8.  
 Gary, Dak., sand blizzard rages at.—April 2.  
 GERMANY.—Alsations, 149, fined for failing to report for service in German Army.—April 4.  
 Berlin, *Volks Zeitung*, proprietor of, receives permission from Government to resume publication.—April 9.  
 Bismarck issues order defining responsibilities of commanders of warships with respect to requests of consuls abroad.—April 18.  
 Cremation, Berlin police decide it to be illegal, and incineration of corpses is forbidden.—April 6.  
 Emperor opens at Berlin, exhibition of appliances for prevention of accidents.—April 30.  
 Papal Nuncio at Berlin, Emperor William opposes Prince Bismarck's proposal for.—April 20.  
 Prince Bismarck returns thanks to Central Manufacturers' Association for birthday congratulations.—April 2.  
 Puttkamer Dr. Von, summoned to Herrenhaus by German emperor, as a mark of renewed confidence.—April 3.  
 Reichstag, Naval Secretary refers to loss of warships at Samoa, and speaks as to situation there.—April 3.  
 Reichstag adjourns until May 7.—April 12.  
 Schellendorf Count Von, retires from ministry of war, and is succeeded by General Verdz Du Vernois.—April 10.  
 Socialists, Berlin Courts decide that all the recent dispersals of Socialist meetings by the police were illegal.—April 5.  
 Stuttgart, statues of Prince Bismarck and Count Von Moltke unveiled.—April 7.  
 Gloucester, N. I., Public rooms, gambling houses and unlicensed saloons closed by the Mayor.—April 16.  
 Gold, Franklin County, Va., discovery of.—April 23.  
 Gold, Argentine Republic, premium on, reaches 64 per cent.—April 9.  
 Grain vessels, Kingston, Ont., first fleet arrives at.—April 17.  
 Greece, Epirus, violent earthquakes reported in.—April 11.  
 Harrisonburg, Va., blizzard causes extensive damage.—April 6.  
 Hawaii, bark "C. W. Bryant" seized by Government at Honolulu for smuggling opium.—March 23, reported April 13.  
 HAYTI.—Commission appointed by Legitime visits Hippolyte, who expresses himself pleased with terms submitted.—April 3.  
 Hayti, Port Depaix, earthquake, great damage done by.—March 28, reported April 12.  
 Hayti, heavy fighting between St. Marc and Gonaives.—March 28, reported April 12.  
 Legitime gains great victory over Hippolytes forces on March 30th, reported in *Le Moniteur*, official organ of Haytian Government.—April 4.  
 Captain of steamer "Caroline Miller" arrives at New York, and reports that Legitime's forces burn town of Petite Riviere, on 7th instant.—April 23.  
 Hickson Joseph, General Manager Grand Trunk Railway, gives his views on the question of existing freight difficulties to reporter of New York Times.—April 11.  
 Hog Cholera, West Liberty, Va., outbreak of.—April 6.  
 Holland, parliament, Regency asked for by Prime Minister.—April 2.  
 Holland, parliament agrees to the appointment of a regency.—April 3.  
 Homer, Iowa, Marshals sent to make evictions from river lands met by armed mob of settlers and driven from the field.—April 5.  
 Hungary, Diet, Army bill adopted by Upper House.—April 5.  
 Hungary, Southern, visited by terrible storm demolishing many houses.—April 5.  
 Hungary, Szil, wine store keeper, crushed to death in wine press by robbers.—April 7.

Hungary, famine raging at Biezewaag and Bistritz, hundreds dying.—April 19.  
 Illinois legislature, Lower house, Illinois and Michigan canal, bill passed for widening and deepening.—April 11.  
 Illinois House passes Anti-trust bill.—April 18.  
 Immigrants, 400 strolling musicians arrive in New York from Europe.—April 3.  
 IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT.—Commons, Naval proposals of first Lord of the Admiralty approved.—April 1.  
 Commons, Naval proposals, Mr. Childer's motion against financial method rejected.—April 4.  
 Commons, Manitoba guarantee of Bonds to Winnipeg and Hudson Bay Railway, Baron De Worms replies to question of Mr. Beckett.—April 4.  
 Commons, Immigration, President of Local Government Board moves for and obtains select committee of enquiry into.—April 4.  
 Commons, Vaccination, commission appointed to enquire into Vaccination Acts.—April 5.  
 Commons, Scotland local government for, bill providing for, introduced by Lord Advocate.—April 8.  
 Commons, Scottish home rule, motion for, rejected.—April 9.  
 Commons, bill as to courts fixing rents, and as to arrears introduced by Mr. Crilly, M.P. for North Mayo, and rejected.—April 10.  
 Commons, Solicitor General for Ireland denies that Marquis of Londonderry intends to resign office of Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.—April 10.  
 Commons, sugar convention bill introduced by Baron Henry de Worms.—April 11.  
 Commons, Ireland, circular sent to Irish police to collate all secret information regarding the doings of members of National league, debate on.—April 12.  
 Commons budget introduced by Chancellor of the Exchequer.—April 15.  
 Commons, Spirit drinking in India, motion of Samuel Smith, M.P., censuring government for permitting, carried.—April 30.  
 Lords, Earl of Morley, Liberal, elected chairman of committees.—April 4.  
 India, Mr. Crawford, British Commissioner of central division of Bombay presidency, dismissed.—April 17.  
 India, spirit drinking in, motion of Samuel Smith, M.P., in British House of Commons, censuring government for permitting, carried in British House of Commons.—April 30.  
 Indians, Dumont Gabriel arrives at Winnipeg from Batoche, and in interview says claims of Half-Breeds must be settled by Government.—April 24.  
 Indians, Guthrie Oklahoma, rising of, on account of boomers.—April 23.  
 Indians, Chief Beardy of Cree reserve, Duck Lake, death of.—April 18.  
 Indian Troubles, St. Paul, Minn., arrival of Gabriel Dumont in Saskatchewan district causes commotion.—April 15.  
 Indians, Moresley Islands, five seamen of schooner "Koderack" killed by Indians, schooner reaches New Dungeness, W.T.—April 2.  
 Indian troubles, Gabriel Dumont addresses his old followers at Batoche.—April 9.  
 Interstate Commerce commission begins hearing case against Grand Trunk Railway at Washington.—April 4.  
 Interstate Commerce commission, Chairman of, rules in the case of the Chicago and Atlantic Railway, that a road has no authority for making a higher rate over a connecting line than the one actually made by that line.—April 5.  
 Interstate Commerce Commission summons officers of railroad companies in middle and Eastern States to appear before commission on May 3.—April 18.  
 Interstate Commerce Commission decides at Washington that Grand Trunk Railway must obey law's provisions.—April 20.  
 Iowa evictions, Fort Dodge, 17 river land settlers, charged with conspiracy, arrested.—April 5.  
 IRELAND.—Dublin, Mr. Kilbride's appeal against conviction of offences under Crimes Act heard, conviction confirmed.—April 4.  
 Dublin, O'Brien's appeal from sentence heard, sentence reduced.—April 10.  
 Dublin, Libel suit, Stokes against Dublin *Freeman's Journal* results in verdict for plaintiff.—April 10.  
 Falcarragh, 13 families again evicted.—April 20.  
 Falcarragh, Conybeare Mr., M.P., summoned to appear before Court on charge of conspiring to oppose the law.—April 22.  
 Father McFadden's prosecution, Mr. Gladstone writes that Government has incurred very grave responsibility.—April 19.  
 Funicane Mr., M. P., sentence on, under Crimes Act confirmed, on appeal.—April 9.  
 Harrison, a student of Balliol College, Oxford, arrested for supplying food to besieged tenants.—April 17.