Tuesday, December 4, 1906.

uthor of
s of the Morning

CHAPTER III.

"The attempt, and not the deed,
onfounds us."
—Shakespeare, "Macbeth."

nna's father, jogging along comfort-
on the borrowed cob, overtook the
most of the rabble near St. Dun-
s. Anger made him red, and alarm
him white, when he heard the dis-
ed tales of those who sought to en-
en him.
at the daughter and niece of one
held high place in his native county,
whose brother in the city was load-
civic dignities, should be waylaid
he Strand by a number of young
gates aping Rochester's licence,
not to be endured. Therefore, Sir
nas flushed like a turkey, and his
hand, long unaccustomed to more
us weapon than a carving-knife,
ened on the reins in a way that
rised his placid steed.
t it was an equally serious thing
certain youthful hot-heads, led by
air of Yorkshire gallants, one of
m was like unto Gog himself,"
d have stormed the house of the
lish ambassador in order to rescue
two girls. The royal prerogative,
dy in grave dispute, was sadly abus-
this disorder, and Gondomar was
fitted, by diplomatic skill and po-
l acumen, to make the most of the
ent. When Sir Thomas thought of
way in which James, with his dag-
roof doublet unfastened and his
s tied awry, would stamp up and
his council-chamber in maunder-
age, the color fled from his ruddy
s and left him pallid, with drawn
lip.
vertheless, when he reached the
of Alderman Cave, situate on the
side of Draper's Garden, his nat-
dread of the King's wrath soon
to indignation. He found there
ly Anna and Eleanor, but Walter
bray and Roger Sainton, with a
urse of friends and neighbors
n together by news of the outrage.
e old knight's vanity was not proof
st the knowledge of the peril from
the girls were saved. He swore
ly that he had been separated from
by a trick, and admitted that the
did not want him at all. With
in his eyes he thanked the two
men for their timely aid.
ou will be the son of Sir Walter
ray who fell in the great sea fight
st the Spanish Armada," he cried,
g Walter's hand fervently.
s. I scarce remember my father,
but five years old when he died.
my mother taught me to regard all
ards as false men, so I scrupled
ess to take part against Gondo-

ercy-a-gad, she might justly have
thee sterner counsel. Thy father
a brave and proper man. I knew
well. Were there more of the like
these graceless rogues would not
as courtezans the daughters of hon-
lk. And thy friend, if he be not
th come to life, how is he known?"
et me present to your worship
r Roger Sainton, of Wensleydale,
rkshire."
ode he is well named. I warrant
sain (wholesome) and I trow he
eth nearest a ton of any man
hing."
ger, seldom at a loss for a repar-
vented until the laugh raised by Sir
gs's jest had passed.
is an empty tun at this moment,
Honor," said he, glancing plainly
a row of shining tankards which
d a sideboard.
here are those lasses?" shouted the
t, glad of the diversion afforded by
laims of hospitality. "Zounds!
be their defenders athirst and not
on on the table."
truth, Anna and Eleanor, flurried
f their self-possession by the tur-
of the past hour, had escaped to
apartments, whence they sent the
that they were engaged in ex-
ing their out-of-door dresses and
for raiment more suited to the

re were servants in plenty, how-
to bring wine enough for a regi-
and certain city magnates, arriv-
bout this time, were emphatic in
advice that Mowbray and Sainton
not attempt to traverse the
a second time that day in their
for the residence of the North-
nobleman whom Walter meant
t.
bonny tale will have reached his
y ere this," ran their comment.
the pair of you to be haled be-
m after Gondomar has poisoned
ind you were like to lose your
ands within the hour for brawling
streets."
ither Roger nor I broke the
protested Mowbray.
y say that one of you nearly
Lord Dereham's neck," put in a
heriff, "and that will be held a
crime when recited to his Maj-
his crony, Carr (Rochester). No,
lads, bide ye in the city until
me as inquiry shall be made with
cumspection. The King hath a
eart and a sound understanding,
ll wager my chain of office he
not be pleased to hear that his
was used to decoy my worthy gos-
r Thomas Cave, from the com-
f his daughter and niece."
shrewd comment was greeted
lemn nods and winks. The time-
al of Alderman Cave, with the
ence that Gondomar, summoned
ay at Beaujeau's, had ridden furi-
Whitehall, determined Mowbray
ept the safe custody offered to

ually the assemblage dispersed.
was sent to the Swan Inn, by
n Bridge, where the travelers'
nd pack-horses were stabled.
ere supper was served, Walter
rments of livelier hue, and Roger
e to discard his heavy riding coat
g boots for a sober suit of home-

girls were discreetly reserved as
adventure. True, they said that
ility was offered them. For all
uld tell to the contrary the Mar-
Bath and Sir Harry Revel, who
heir names known to them, had
saved them from an affray of

ould I had been there," vowed
George Beeston, who seemed to
the part played in the affair, by
y and his gigantic friend.
ard measure is of little avail
words are drawn," cried Anna.
The hit was, perhaps, unworthy
wonted good nature, for Beeston
to the Linen-drapers' Com-

ddened, but made no reply, and
mas took up the cudgels in his

n George weds thee, Ann, thou
that a linen-draper of the city
able to safeguard his wife than
grel popinjay who flaunts it at
ill."
n in no mind to wed anyone,
said she, "nor do I seek other
on than yours."

(To be Continued.)

To Be Dyspeptic is to Be Miserable

Hopeless, Confused and Depressed in Mind. Forgetful, Irresolute, Drowsy, Languid and Useless.

This disease assumes so many forms that there is scarcely a complaint which it may not resemble in one way or another. Among the most prominent symptoms are constipation, sour stomach, variable appetite, heartburn, water-brash, gas in the stomach and bowels, distress after eating, etc.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

is a positive cure for dyspepsia, and all diseases of the stomach, liver, bowels or blood. It stimulates secretion of the saliva and gastric juices to facilitate digestion, removes acidity, purifies the blood and tones the entire system to full health and vigor.

Mrs. M. A. McNeil, Brock Village, N.S., writes: "I suffered from dyspepsia, loss of appetite and bad blood. I tried everything I could get but to no purpose; then finally started to use Burdock Blood Bitters. From the first day I felt the good effects of the medicine. I can eat anything now without any ill after effects and am strong and well again."

Price $1.00 per bottle or 6 bottles for $5.00

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA

Is the Most Delicious and Refreshing Tea in the world. Perhaps you were shopping or calling today and went home tired out. Do you know that a cup of "SALADA" would have completely refreshed you? There is nothing quite as good as "SALADA" when one is weary, either in mind or body. Lead Packets Only. At All Grocers.

COMMISSIONER IS TO LECTURE HERE

Leading Official of the Salvation Army Will Discuss the Labor Problem

WILL CONFER WITH GOVERNMENT

Hon. R. G. Tatlow Goes to Vancouver to Meet Mr. Coombe and Talk Immigration

"The Labor Problem in Canada," will be the subject of an address by Commissioner Coombe, of the Salvation Army, on Tuesday evening at the St. Andrew's Presbyterian church. In his remarks he will take up the situation, not only in British Columbia, but throughout the Dominion. Before reaching Victoria the commissioner will meet Hon. R. G. Tatlow, minister of agriculture, who has left for Vancouver to preside at a public gathering to be addressed by the distinguished visitor.

While in the Terminal City and subsequently in Victoria, the minister and Commissioner Coombe will confer respecting the labor problem of British Columbia for the purpose of devising some means by which a sufficient number of the desirable class of laborers may be induced to come West. The object of the provincial government, on whose behalf Hon. Mr. Tatlow is acting, is to interest the Salvation Army in the effort to solve the difficulty in which this province is placed owing to the scarcity of workmen.

How System Works

The system by which the organization mentioned is able to bring many thousands of the lower but worthy classes of the Old Country to this colony every year, as explained by Adjutant White, who came West to prepare the way for his superior officer, Commissioner Coombe, is perfect in every detail. It is only three years since the Salvation Army took up the matter of encouraging immigration to Canada. At first they brought out 2,000 people, assisted in the payment of their transportation, and placed them in comparatively remunerative positions. The next year they were able to increase the number to 8,000 and look after their interests in the same thorough manner. Last summer 20,000 settlers were brought across the Atlantic under their supervision and satisfactory employment found for every individual.

Adjutant White states that the previous efforts having been so successful that the Salvation Army was determined to increase the extent of their operations this summer. Early in July they had definitely arranged with different transportation companies for the passage of no less than 25,000 home-seekers from the Old Country to the Dominion in 1906. He had spent some months in England early in the spring, making a selection of those most deserving of assistance.

60,000 Applicants in London

This work, Adjutant White claims, is one of the most important features of the immigration system operated by the Army. There are, he says, some 60,000 applications upon the books in London from people desiring to be helped towards making a home in Canada. Of course, it was impossible, he added, for all these to be handled at once, and it was also unwise to accept everyone asking, because of the likelihood of some of the ne'er-do-well class finding their way among the Army's proteges. For these reasons officials were appointed to investigate the circumstances of every applicant. It was a huge undertaking, but it was done thoroughly. Passage was given to none not properly recommended. The result was that in very few instances had situations been given any incapable of performing the duties devolving upon them to the satisfaction of their employers.

Of the 25,000 who will be brought to the Dominion, Adjutant White says that all will be given positions suitable to them upon arrival. With their tickets they will be handed instructions as to their course upon leaving the steamer. Thus they simply have to board the train and proceed to their destination without inconvenience or loss of time.

B. C. Wants Laborers

Already some eight hundred applications for laborers introduced by the Army had been received by the employers of British Columbia. Doubtless, Adjutant White pointed out, there was room for many more in the West. But the transportation arrangements made it impossible for the number stated for this province to be increased. If, however, the commissioner was able to enter into a satisfactory agreement with the provincial government, many more could be sent to this country. There was no lack of Old Country workmen willing to leave there if given an opportunity. The only difficulty was the question of transportation and accommodation, and if that could be arranged with the government and the Army officials, undoubtedly it would be a feasible plan to turn a large number of desirable settlers towards the extreme west of Canada.

"In carrying out our immigration scheme," remarked Adjutant White, "we look principally to the interests of those who entrust themselves to our care. Before sending them anywhere we convince ourselves that such a place will be the best for their material, social, and moral welfare. We also must be satisfied that they are offered a variety of opportunities for advancement." He went on to say that British Columbia filled all these conditions. More particularly was this province, in his opinion, a place where the settlers, one of an industrious character, was bound to do well because of the wonderful variety of the openings offered. It was his sincere hope that the immigration scheme being considered by the provincial government and the Salvation Army would be adopted and carried through successfully.

SHERIFF SEEKS LYMAN.

Promoter Alleged to Have Been Engaged in Swindling Business.

Goldfields, Nev., Nov. 30.—Dr. J. G. Lyman, a promoter, lately operating under the name of the Union Securities Company of Goldfields in Chicago, New York and elsewhere, is sought by the sheriff of Esmereida county, Nevada, because of charges of fraud brought against him by B. E. Sheftels of Chicago. Dr. Lyman's office is in possession of the authorities, and his secretary, E. R. Lattimer, is under arrest. Sheftels in his complaint alleges that he was induced to buy a large amount of stock in the Boston & Greenwater Mining Company through misrepresentations, the amount of money named in the affidavit being $9,950. Lyman is now supposed to be in Pasadena, Cal., and a warrant has been sent there for service. Lattimer, who was arrested here today and placed under $1500 bonds, says he is an innocent party, as he was employed in the office simply in a clerical capacity, and although secretary of the company, acted as such only perfunctorily.

OWNERS OF IDAHO MINE SELL OUT TO COMPANY

Property Adjoining Center Star in Rossland Camp Will Be Worked

Rossland, B. C., Nov. 30.—The Idaho mine, on Monte Cristo mountain, has just been sold to the Consolidated Mining & Smelting company of Canada, which owns the Centre Star, War Eagle, Iron Mask, as well as other properties in this camp, besides the St. Eugene mine at Moyie, East Kootenay, and the smelter at Trail. Just what the purchase price was is not divulged, but it is understood that the vendors have accepted a greater portion of it in shares of the Consolidated company. The owners were Oliver Durant, now residing at Culpepper, Virginia, and A. H. Tarbett, of Butte, Idaho. This was one of the first claims located in the camp. It adjoins the Centre Star on the east. There is one on the fourth, seventh, Eighth and eleventh levels of the Centre Star, practically to the line of the Idaho, and there is little doubt that the ore bodies extend into the Idaho. Surface assays are even better than they are in the Centre Star. The Idaho will be operated at once by the purchasing corporation.

WRIT SERVED ON HEINZE.

Vancouver, Nov. 30.—Sir Thomas Shaughnessy has commenced suit against A. Heinze to compel him to take possession of one half of the Columbia & Western land grant in East Kootenay, under the terms of agreement of purchase by the C. P. R. The writ was issued several months ago, but not served on Mr. Heinze until a few days ago in Butte.

COMPANY RUNS CARS BUT GETS NO FARES

Peaceful Boycott of Street Railway in the City of Hamilton

Hamilton, Ont., Nov. 30.—Pending the outcome of the arbitration agreed to by both company and men, there is no change today in the street car strike situation. The cars are still being operated by non-union men, and while these are employed, union men will not go on them. No one is patronizing the cars, but they are running undisturbed. It is expected that the arbitration proceedings will occupy about three days.

A GOOD OLD MAN.

Canada loses an old and faithful servant and the cause of prohibition an ardent apostle in the death of Senator Alexander Vidal of Sarnia, Ontario, who went to his rest yesterday, being eighty-seven years of age. Of a distinguished family—his father was a British naval captain with a brilliant record—Mr. Vidal came to Canada in 1834 and has been actively connected with public affairs for over half a century. He sat in the Legislative Council of Canada from 1863 until Confederation, of which he was a strong supporter. He has held a seat in the Senate since 1873. His active connection with the temperance movement dates back to 1840, and he was for many years president of the Dominion Alliance for the Suppression of the Liquor Traffic. In politics he was a Conservative, in religious creed a Presbyterian and in his manner of life a Christian gentleman.—St. John Sun.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

Sitting of Supreme Court for Trial of Civil Cases on Tuesday Next.

There will be a sitting of the Supreme court for the trial of civil causes on Tuesday morning next. The list is made up as follows:

Peirson vs. Hodgson—H. B. Robertson for plaintiff; C. J. Prior for defendant.

McLean vs. Loss Macdonall & Co.—J. H. Lawson for plaintiff; E. Bloomfield and D. G. Macdonell for defendants.

Bornstein vs. Heisterman—F. B. Gregory for plaintiff; J. H. Lawson for defendant.

Yenny et al vs. Vogt et al—F. B. Gregory for plaintiffs; D. G. Marshall for defendants.

Lamb vs. Johnston—W. H. Langley for plaintiff; J. P. Walls for defendant.

Hale vs. Hale—A divorce suit. W. H. Langley for plaintiff.

Levy vs. Levy—A divorce suit. J. P. Walls for plaintiff; H. D. Helmcken, K. C., for defendant.

In chambers yesterday morning Mr. Justice Irving heard a long list of applications.

Letters of administration were granted in the estate of the late James Mitchell on application of S. Child.

R. T. Elliott applied for letters of administration in the estate of James A. Tingley, which were granted.

The will of the late Marcus Bantly was probated on application of S. Perry Mills.

BRADSTREET'S REPORT ON CANADIAN TRADE

Winnipeg and Victoria Enjoy Brisk Business—Bank Clearing Comparisons

New York, Nov. 30.—Bradstreet's tomorrow will say: Varying weather conditions in Canada make for some irregularities in trade, mild weather in the far stretching country trade, while further west, cold weather has stimulated buying.

Montreal and Toronto report trade a little quieter, but Winnipeg and Victoria say it is strong.

All through the Dominion there is complaint that deliveries of cotton, of some kinds of holiday goods, and of hardware, are slow. The car shortage in the West affects grain movements and collections. Despite all this, the country's trade was on the whole very large, and a record year is practically certain.

Failures for the week number 25, as against 27 last week and 25 in this week a year ago.

The following are the weekly bank clearings as compiled by Bradstreet's for the week ending Nov. 29, showing percentage of increase and decrease, as compared with the corresponding week of last year:

Montreal, $31,286,965; increase, 15.8.
Toronto, $27,525,468; increase, 26.3.
Winnipeg, $14,348,664; increase, 28.9.
Ottawa, $3,163,862; increase, 21.5.
Vancouver, $3,353,836; increase, 69.1.
Victoria, $1,028,729; increase, 42.9.
Halifax, $1,761,476; decrease, 1.
Quebec, $1,775,375; increase, 7.
Hamilton, $1,531,628; increase, 1.
St. John, N. B., $1,231,755; increase, 27.1.
London, $1,130,975; increase, 25.6.
Calgary, $1,680,279.
Edmonton, $850,079.

ASK THE CITY TO FINANCE FALL FAIR

This Recommendation Is to Be Made at Meeting of Agricultural Association

The annual meeting of the British Columbia Agricultural association will be held in the city hall on Friday evening. At this meeting the programme for next year will be outlined, and every effort made to secure the best attractions possible. Several matters of great interest to the welfare of the association will be dealt with.

The executive will recommend to the meeting that the corporation be asked to finance the fair in so far as the city is concerned, doing away with the necessity of soliciting subscriptions. The committee realize that it is very important that they should be certain of the amount that will be available; and by the collection system this is an impossibility. In past years the corporation has generally made a grant to the association, and the remainder of the funds have been secured by public subscriptions and a grant from the provincial government.

The committee also recommend that the office of treasurer be done away with and the secretary-treasurership combined. Officers will be elected. Only qualified members of the association will be allowed to vote. Every member of the association is requested to make it a point to be present, as the future plans of the association will largely depend on this meeting.

OLDHAM'S CARGO.

A Libau despatch says the prize court has concluded its examination into the confiscation of the British steamer Oldhamia during the Russo-Japanese war, and has found in favor of the American consignors of the cargo. The Oldhamia was captured by the Russians, May 19, 1905, while bound for Yokohama with a cargo of kerosene. Eight days later she was recaptured by the Japanese and taken to Sasebo where her cargo was sold. The consignors of the cargo, American citizens, and the owners of the vessel, British subjects, in July, 1905, placed their case in the hands of an attorney of St. Petersburg, who was empowered to ask the prize court to act as adjudicator. The cargo of the Oldhamia was valued at $128,000 and was the property of the Standard Oil company.

MYSTERIOUSLY DISAPPEARS.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 30.—Superintendent of Transportation Taylor said today that all efforts to locate Operator Matte, who had charge of the block signal tower at the entrance of the block in which the accident occurred on the Southern railway, had so far failed.

PROPERTY DEMAND KEEPS AGENTS BUSY

Douglas Street Looks Good to People Who Want Business Locations—Rockland Avenue Residence Sells for $17,000

Yesterday was another day of activity for the real estate agents. Although no deals of special importance were announced, there were rumors of several large sales current upon the streets. One of these was to the effect that the property adjoining the Bee Hive saloon on Fort street had been disposed of for a sum mounting well into the thousands. It was also asserted that Dr. Fraser had been offered a considerable sum for his Douglas street residence, but had refused to sell.

The greatest demand at the present time, as far as business holdings are concerned, appears to be for Douglas street lots. Those who are purchasing, it is affirmed, are doing so upon the assumption that that thoroughfare is destined to become the principal business street of the city. They claim that as the community grows in population and, as its business section expands, the principal avenue of trade will gradually change from Government to Douglas street. Those who argued in this way pointed out what has occurred all along the coast. They indicate Vancouver, asserting that as the city has developed, the business has grown away from the waterfront. The same, they claim, has been the case in Seattle, in Portland, and at all the principal cities of the Pacific Coast. This being the case, they believe that the development in Victoria, now practically assured, will be in the same direction.

Among the residential sales of yesterday reported is mentioned the home of Alexis Martin, Rockland avenue. It was purchased by Mrs. (Major) Audain for the sum of $17,000. Judge Lampman also has sold his house on Linden avenue for an amount considerably in excess of the original outlay. The deal was negotiated by Helsterman & Co.

A number of lots have been sold through the latter agency belonging to the Finlayson estate during the past few days. These have been procured for the most part by Northwesterners, and have brought between $600 and $800 a lot, the valuation depending upon the location of the property.

Six acres of property on Oak Bay avenue, running partly through to Cadboro Bay road, has been bought by F. M. Rattenbury. He is paying $1,200 an acre. It is expected that John Scott of Winnipeg will arrive in the city in the near future, when the work of building a handsome new structure between St. Andrews and St. Davids streets, Oak Bay avenue, will be commenced. A portion of the McNeill estate, between Oak Bay and Shoal Bay, has been obtained by Messrs. Rattenbury and Oliver. A number of other smaller transactions have been reported.

An announcement was made by the Colonist the other day to the effect that the block on the corner of Bastion and Wharf streets, occupied by Walter S. Fraser & Co., had been sold. This, perhaps, was a little misleading. The property was bought by the members of the firm mentioned, and not sold by them, as might be inferred

SCOTSMEN HONOR ST. ANDREW'S DAY

Annual Banquet at Sir William Wallace Hall Last Evening a Great Success

The annual banquet under the auspices of the St. Andrew's society was held in Sir William Wallace hall last evening, and a good number of Auld Scotia's sons sat down to a sumptuous repast. The function was opened with a skirl of the bagpipes, Wm. Rosie acting as piper.

Dr. G. L. Milne, president of the society, occupied the chair, being supported on his right by Rev. W. L. Clay, E. B. Paul, M.A., and W. K. Houston; on the left by U. S. Consul Smith and Rev. Dr. Campbell.

After the repast had been done full justice to, the toast list was taken up, and here, too, the bagpipes were in evidence, Piper Major McDonald playing the Pibroch.

President Milne then proposed the health of King Edward, and in so doing said he had been well named "The Peace-maker"; and with President Roosevelt he had much to do with the peace of the world.

After the toast had been duly honored, the president stated that greetings had been sent to the sister societies in Seattle, Toronto, Halifax, Winnipeg, Philadelphia, New Westminster, Portland, Chicago, Vancouver, San Francisco, Montreal, Ottawa, Edmonton, and Calgary. He took occasion to thank the C. P. R. for sending the greetings free of charge, and then called on Robert Jameson to read the replies.

Rossland

Here's tae bonnie Scotland, and tae a' her sons and daughters this nicht.
T. S. GILMOUR.

Vancouver

A toast to the land of the birk and the rowan;
The heather, the whin, and the wee modest gowan,
Wha's braes are sae steight, wha's glens are sae bonnie,
'Mang the lands the warl, she's dearer than ony.
JAS. McGOWN.

Halifax

The North British Society of Halifax sends cordial greetings to their brithers by the Pacific on this the festival of St. Andrews.
GEO. M. CAMPBELL.

Ottawa

John Tamson's bairns frae sea to sea,
This nicht o' nichts are meetin';
To ane and a' where e'er they may me,
Auld Ottawa sends greetins.
J. G. RUTHERFORD.

Portland

Scots in Rose City send greetings. May Scots ever be just whatever they have been and are.
A. H. BIRRILL.

Philadelphia

Thank ye kindly, The St. Andrew's, Philadelphia, extends hearty greetings.
ROBT. B. BEATH.

Calgary

A' weel here, but nae diel amang us.
THOS. BURNS.

Tacoma

Here's a hand, my trusty frien', an' gie's a hand o' thine.
A. S. DRUMMOND.

Vernon

Here's tae ye. Wha's lik' us? Wha daur tramp on the thistle?
JAS. SIMPSON.

Windsor

All hail upon St. Andrew's day,
Although it finds us auld and grey;
We'll sing oor sang fu cantily,
And banish care, wi' laughter rare,
And greetings send to lika friend.
ROBT. BARR.

J. Taylor was then called on for a song, and rendered in fine voice, "Wi' a Hundred Pipers and a' and a'," and for an encore he gave "The March o' the Cameron Men."

Vice-President Riddell proposed the toast of the President of the United States.

U. S. Consul Smith in replying said he had the same fault as had President Roosevelt—he was not a Scotsman; but he was proud to associate with Scotsmen. He liked to associate with fair men, and when the Scottish society did honor to the President by drinking the toast, he knew that they were fair. In his opinion President Roosevelt was the right man in the right place, and was specially fitted for the high office. He thought that if any man was ever fitted by Providence for the presidency it was Theodore Roosevelt. He referred to the withdrawal of the navy from Esquimalt, and said as long as the United States existed there was no need of a naval force at that point, as the United States would always be an ally of Great Britain. (Applause.)

W. D. Kinnaird sang "They're Far Awa'," and, in responding to an encore, "The Wee Cock in the Dell."

The toasts of "The Governor-General of Canada" and "The Lieutenant-Governor of British Columbia" were proposed by Rev. W. L. Clay, who said he took pleasure in proposing the toast, as the two representatives were well entitled to the best wishes of the society. Earl Grey was well fitted for the position, having had much experience in colonial life in India and South Africa, and British Columbians were in a good position to recognize the good qualities of His Excellency. Like President Roosevelt, he had one fault—he was not a Scotsman—but he came very near being one, as he was born in Northumberland. The Lieutenant-Governor, however, was a "Native son Scotsman." He, like President Roosevelt, had a hard row to follow, as he had been compelled to work against public sentiment, because he was well fixed financially. This he considered a serious handicap. He referred to the many public-spirited actions of His Honor since taking office, his efforts in regard to the fight against the dreaded consumption and the endowment of a chair in the university in honor of his father. These actions proved him worthy of his position, and all honor was due him.

R. Hall, M. P. P., in replying, said it was generally the way when a man entered the political arena—he could not come to a banquet, and have a good time "with the boys," without having to reply to a toast. But since he was "in it," he was glad to respond to a toast at the St. Andrew's banquet. He referred to the absence of many who had been active members of the society, but who have now passed the Great Divide. He thought that the Scotsmen should receive the credit of the country of opening up Canada. They were everywhere in evidence in public life in Canada. He thought it was a fortunate thing that Canada had such a man as Earl Grey at the head of affairs, and hoped that the Dominion would always have such leaders. Lieut. Governor Dunsmuir, in his opinion, was well fitted to fill the high position. He was better able than many, both from a business standpoint, and from a social standpoint, and although he had been associated in business enterprises with Mr. Dunsmuir, he had never heard him speak "with his purse in his mouth." He referred to the rapid development of Canada and thought with the action of the C. P. R., British Columbia was on the eve of a great awakening.

Robert Morrison, a recent addition to the Scittish vocalists of the city, made a decided hit in singing "The Auld Scotch Sangs," and received a well-merited encore, to which he responded with "Scotland Yet."

E. B. Paul, M. A., proposed the toast of "The Day and All Who Honor It." In doing so he said the Scotchmen had a lot to be thankful for, though always they were well able to care for themselves.

J. G. Brown, the popular Scottish soloist, added much to the enjoyment of the evening by singing "The McGregor's Gathering," and in response to an encore sang "Far Awa Frae Bonnie Scotland."

"The Land We Left and the Land We Live In," was proposed by Rev. Dr. Campbell. In doing so, he said he did not believe in the advice given by some, "Forget the Old Country." Canada should always occupy first place in the hearts of Scotsmen in Canada, but a warm spot would always remain for Old Scotland.

J. Scott gave several violin selections, which were greatly admired, and Mr. Lumsden rendered "Afton Water" in a very pleasing manner, and was forced to respond to an encore.

The health of the hostess, Mrs. Murray, was proposed by Vice President Riddell, to which she replied in a few well chosen words.

"The Chairman," was proposed by H. D. Helmcken, K. C., and a reply was made by Dr. Milne, after which the banquet terminated by singing "God Save the King," and "Auld Lang Syne."

IMPOSSIBLE TO STOOP OR BEND

SEVERAL DOCTORS COULD DO NO GOOD.

PAIN IN BACK AND KIDNEYS.

People often say, "How are we to know when the kidneys are out of order?"

The location of the kidneys, close as it is to the small of the back, which is not affected materially by other organs, renders the detection of kidney trouble a simple matter.

The note of warning comes from the back. Backache is the signal sent out by the kidneys the minute they become overtaxed. Those who heed the warning when it first comes, usually have but little trouble. The danger lies in delay. A few doses of

Doan's Kidney Pills

taken in time, often saves years of suffering, and in many cases life itself.

They stimulate the action of the kidneys, enabling them to perform their duty perfectly.

Miss S. C. Pye, Ecum Secum, N.S., writes: "For the past three years I have been troubled with a very bad pain in my back and kidneys. It was so bad it was impossible for me to stoop or bend. I had several doctors attend me, but found no relief until I picked up one of your Egyptian Dream Books, and found out about your remarkable remedy, Doan's Kidney Pills. I procured two boxes and their action surprised me for they completely cured me. I don't think they have an equal for kidney trouble."

Doan's Kidney Pills are 50 cents per box or 3 boxes for $1.25 at all dealers or mailed direct on receipt of price by The Doan Kidney Pill Co., Toronto, Ont.

Kootenay Range

Kootenay Steel Ranges
Burn all kinds of fuel

McClary's
London-Toronto
Montreal-Winnipeg
Vancouver-St. John N.B.

Clarke & Pearson, Sole Agents.

THE LATE MAJOR PHIPPS.

The funeral of the late Major Charles Edmund Phipps, who passed away on Thursday, will be held this morning at 10:30 o'clock. Some additional particulars respecting deceased's distinguished military career are now available. He was born in London, Eng., on June 11, 1844, and educated at Wellington college. At the age of seven he was page of honor to the late Queen Victoria, which position he held until he joined the Scottish Guards. He was ensign lieutenant in 1860.

At the death of his father, the late Col. Hon. Sir Charles B. Phipps, K. C. B., keeper of the privy purse to the late Queen Victoria, he exchanged into the 29th Foot, then quartered at Hamilton, Ontario, where he married in June, 1865, Susan Stewart, second daughter of the late Very Rev. J. G. Geddes, dean of Niagara. Returning to England in October of the same year, he attached to the 8th Depot Battalion as instructor of musketry until 1871, when he transferred as captain instructor to the School of Musketry at Hythe, where he remained until he was promoted deputy assistant adjutant-general at Edinburgh under Sir John Douglas and Gen. Ramsay Stewart, in the autumn of 1872. He remained there till 1878, when he, having again exchanged with the rank of major, was obliged to join his regiment, the 18th Royal Irish, then stationed in Ireland, where he remained until he retired on half pay in 1879.

In addition to his military duty, he filled for a number of years positions in the late Queen Victoria's household, first as usher, then as groom-in-waiting, resigning to come to Canada in 1882. In 1888 he was appointed to the position of Dominion lands agent at Cannington Manor, Assinaboia, which position he occupied until 1898, removing to Victoria the following year.

GETTING AND SPENDING.

Mr. J. M. Courtney, who until a short time ago filled the position of deputy minister of finance, has been telling the Canadian Club, at Toronto, that Canada has been spending too much money, that in the time of prosperity it has not been following safe financial lines, and that with its large maturing liabilities it will require all the wisdom of the government to preserve the country's credit. Mr. Courtney, in his reports submitted to Parliament, has been saying much the same thing as this for years past; but has had little heed paid to his warnings. An extravagant minister of finance and an unbusinesslike lot of colleagues think first of all of spending, and last of all of the obligations that over-free spending gives rise to.—Montreal Gazette.

BANK CLEARINGS.

The financial barometer which, in the last analysis, is always consulted in any attempt to compute the actual progress made by a community, insists upon heralding to the world that Victoria is making rapid strides forward in a commercial sense.

The total bank clearings for the month which closed yesterday show an advance of nearly three-quarters of a million over the year previous, and soar far above any other year's record, the figures being:

1906	$4,024,506
1905	3,283,037
1904	3,353,048
1903	3,104,340
1902	2,614,555
1901	2,516,006

In this connection it is to be mentioned that the Monetary Times this week has the following re Canadian clearing house returns. Victoria's figures are as follows:

"November 23, 1905, $590,078; November 15, 1906, $892,339; November 22, 1906, $894,025, and the total increase amounts to 51.6. In commenting on the financial situation the Times says: 'British Columbia is far ahead of the other clearing houses this week, as Vancouver shows an increase over 1905 of 56.6 per cent, and Victoria of 51.6 per cent. Ottawa comes third with its increase of 31.07, the Western metropolis is next with plus 30.3 per cent, and Toronto shows a larger increase than usual over 1905. From Quebec and Halifax come the only returns recording decreases, which in both cases are small."

RETAIL MARKETS.

Meat and Poultry	
Hams, per lb.	22
Bacon, per lb.	25
Beef, per lb.	8 to 15
Pork, dressed, per lb.	12½ to 18
Mutton, per lb.	8 to 18
Veal, dressed, per lb.	12½ to 15
Chickens, spring, lb. live wgt.	22 to 25
Chickens, old, per lb.	20
Turkeys, per lb.	30
Turkeys, local, per lb.	35
Geese, dressed, per lb.	25
Ducks, dressed, per lb.	25
Chicken, spring, lb. live wgt.	15
Spring chicken, dressed, per lb.	25
Chicken, broilers, per lb.	30
Pigeons, dressed, per pair	50
Rabbits, dressed, each	60 to 75
Hare, dressed, each	75

Fish	
Oolachan, salted, per kit	$2.25
Cod, salted, per lb.	12½
Halibut, fresh, per lb.	8 to 10
Halibut, smoked, per lb.	15 to 20
Cod, fresh, per lb.	6 to 8
Flounders, fresh, per lb.	6
Salmon, salt, per lb.	8 to 10
Salmon, fresh, per lb.	10
Salmon, smoked, per lb.	15 to 20
Clams, per lb.	8
Oysters (Olympia, per pint	50
Oyster, Toke Point, doz.	40
Shrimps, per lb.	25 to 35
Herring, kippered	12 to 15

Dairy Produce	
Eggs—	
Eastern, per doz.	30
Fresh island, per doz.	60
Fresh cream, per pint	30
Cheese—	
California cheese, per lb.	25
Canadian cheese, per lb.	20
Cream cheese, local, apiece	10
Butter—	
Manitoba, 14-lb. boxes	$3.75
Manitoba, per lb.	30
Best dairy, per lb.	30
Victoria creamery, per lb.	35
Cowichan creamery, per lb.	35
Delta creamery, per lb.	35
Chilliwack creamery, per lb.	35

Vegetables	
Cabbage, each	5
Onions, 6 lbs. for	25
Potatoes, Island, per sack	$1.25
Potatoes, per 100 lbs.	$1.00
Cauliflower, per head	5 to 10
Carrots, per lb.	3
Artichokes, per lb.	12½
Celery, per bunch	15
Cucumbers, 3 for	10
Tomatoes, per lb.	10
Corn, per doz.	40
Green tomatoes, 6 lbs.	25
Citron, per lb.	3½

Fruit	
Cooking figs	8 to 10
Figs, Smyrna, per lb.	15 to 25
Grapefruit, per doz.	75
Valencia raisins, per lb.	10
Lemons, California, per doz.	50
Cocoanuts, each	10
New cleaned currants	10
Best Sultanas	15
Best Sultanas, Smyrna	20
California Sultanas	15
Table raisins	25, 35, 50
Oranges, per doz.	60
Bananas, per doz.	20 to 35
Peach, per lb.	15
Apples (local) per box	$1.25 to $2.00
Pineapples, each	50
Cranberries, per lb.	10
Melons, each	40 to 50
Peaches, per box	$1.50
Plums, per case	$1.25
Pears, 4 lbs.	25
Prunes, 3 lbs.	25
Hazel Nuts, per lb.	22

Foodstuffs	
Oats, per ton	$30.00
Wheat, per ton	$35.00
Barley, per ton	$30.00
New hay	$14.00 to $16.00
Hay, Island, per ton	$16.00
Hay, Fraser, per ton	$14.00
Straw, per bale	65
Potatoes, Island, 8 lbs.	25
Corn, whole, per ton	$32.00
Corn, cracked, per ton	$35.00
Feed, cornmeal, per ton	$35.00
Oatmeal, per 10 lbs.	40
Rolled oats, per 7-lb. sack	35
Calgary Hungarian, per sack	$1.50
Hungarian, per bl.	$6.50
Royal Household, per sack	$1.55
Pastry Flour—	
Snow Flake, per sack	$1.40
Feed—	
Middlings, per bag 100 lbs.	$1.35
Bran, per 100 lbs.	$1.25
Pork, per lb.	10 to 15
Veal, per lb.	10 to 18
Lamb, per quarter	$1.25 to $1.75

OIL	
Coal oil, Pratt's, per can	$1.50 to $1.65

WHOLESALE MARKETS

Vegetables	
Lettuce (hot house) per crate	$1.00
Beets, per sack	$1.25
Cabbage, per lb.	2
Carrots, per sack	75
Cauliflower, per doz.	$1.25
Parsnips, per sack	$1.25
Silverskin onions, per lb.	1½

Flour	