

## CABLE NEWS.

## FRENCH GAINS.

PARIS, July 9. (Official.) A German counter attack upon the French lines at the Loges farm in the area of this advance was repulsed by the French maintaining their gains. Prisoners were taken to the number of 450, including 14 officers. In the Long Pont region east of Metz Forest the French increased their gains of yesterday and took additional prisoners.

## FRENCH ADVANCE.

PARIS, July 9. French troops early this morning attacked the German lines on a front of about 2 1/2 miles west of Anthelm on the front between Mont Didier and the Oise, penetrating the enemy positions and realising an advance of a mile at certain points the war office announced to-day.

## PENETRATE GERMAN LINES.

PARIS, July 9. Between Mont Didier and the River Oise the French at 5.30 a.m. carried out a local operation west of Anthelm on a front of four kilometres. The French troops supported by tanks penetrated the German lines, captured Fermeport and Frenes des Loges and realised an advance of 1,800 metres at certain points. A counter attack at the Frenes des Loges was repulsed, the French maintaining all their gains. Prisoners were taken to the number of 450, including 14 officers. South of the Aisne the artillery duel continued active throughout the night in the vicinity of Chavigny Farm. The French increased their advance at this point, taking 20 prisoners, including one officer. The artillery of both sides was active west and north of Chateau Thierry, notably in the vicinity of Hill 204. Patrols took prisoners in the Champagne, in the sector of Marquises and in the direction of Butte-Chaumont. There was nothing to report on the remainder of the front.

## ITALIAN CAPTURES.

ROME, July 9. Italian infantry captured the town of Fioal (?) and took important heights; more than 1,300 prisoners were taken in advance.

## PROGRESS IN ALBANIA.

ROME, July 9. The Allied offensive in Albania is continuing, the war office announced to-day, new progress being made along the left wing on the Adriatic coast land, the forces being assisted by British monitors.

## AUSTRIAN ATTACK REPULSED.

ROME, July 9. Austrian troops yesterday again attacked the Italian positions at Corona, between the Brenella Valley and the Brenna, and again met with a repulse, according to to-day's war office statement. There was artillery fighting and activity by the Italian patrols at various points along the remainder of the front.

## BRITISH OFFICIAL.

LONDON, July 9. The text of the statement reads: During the night London troops carried out a successful raid east of Arras capturing a few prisoners and a machine gun. The enemy's artillery has been active against the positions recently captured by British forces there.

## FIGURES PUBLISHED IN GERMANY.

WASHINGTON, July 9. Publication in Swiss papers of the text of Secretary Baker's letter to President Wilson giving the American troops movement to Europe by months caused German authorities to permit its publication in Germany according to a despatch received from Bern.

The Koelnische Zeitung published the letter under the heading "American bluff." The despatch says and comments as follows: "Mr. Baker thinks he will be able to dissipate all doubts about the exactitude of his figures which he recites. It is, however, only the usual American bluff. We know from reliable sources that the figures in question are inordinately exaggerated and in no way correspond to the truth."

## PROTESTS AGAINST FURTHER RESTRICTIONS.

AMSTERDAM, July 9. According to the Vorwärts, Herr von Waldow, President of the German Food Regulation Board, speaking in the Reichstag, Saturday, created a sensation by foreshadowing the imposition of the meatless week in Germany. The harvest assuredly will not fulfill the good prospects of last spring, but thanks to the recent rainfall we may hope for a medium harvest, so that with additions from the east, we will be in a considerably better position than we were last year, he said. In the Reichstag on Saturday Deputy Matzinger, a member of the centre party, protested against any further supplies of grain being sent to Austria. Deputy Wils, a Socialist, declared that further reduction in rations was unbearable. Many people, he said, had no idea of the misery prevailing among the masses. Unemployment was increasing in Berlin and the wages were insufficient to procure the necessary food.

## RAILWAY COLLISION.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., July 9. Two passenger trains on the Nashville-Chattanooga and St. Louis railway collided early to-day near Belle Meade Park on the western suburbs of Nashville. Telephone reports from the scene of the wreck are to the effect that 25 were killed and between 50 and 70 injured. Six passenger coaches in all were demolished and two cars of the third train caught fire and were burned up. Wrecking crews and volunteers worked heroically in the wreckage to rescue the injured.

## DOWLING CASE CONCLUDED.

LONDON, July 9. The court-martial of Corporal Joseph Dowling, who was seized by the British authorities on the Irish coast after landing in a German collapsible boat, was concluded to-day. Corporal Dowling did not give any evidence in his own defence. His attorney, however, argued that the indictment the Corporal offered to his men to join the Irish Brigade while in Germany was to get out of Germany and help his fellow countrymen to fight against Germany. There was no evidence, the attorney said, that the prisoner endeavored to get into communication with any one else after he had landed in Ireland. Dowling's army record, he pointed out, showed that he had served for fourteen years and had never been convicted of any offence.

## GUAM DEVASTATED.

WASHINGTON, July 9. The island of Guam was devastated by a typhoon on July 6, Capt. Roy Smith, Governor of the island and Commandant of the Naval Station, reported to-day to the Navy Department. He said half the inhabitants are destitute, crops have been destroyed and much material damage done. Steps have been taken to feed the destitute.

## NEW FOOD CONTROLLER.

LONDON, July 9. Robert C. Lines, Parliamentary Secretary to the Food Control Department, has been appointed to succeed the late Viscount Rhonda as Food Controller.

Knowing readers fully appreciate our advertisements. Have you seen our Hair Brush, worth 45c.; our price, 15c. W. R. GOOBIE is just opp. Post Office.—jly2,t

Photographs of the United Church of England Sunday School Scholars can be obtained at the Studio of S. H. PARSONS & SONS, corner of Water and Prescott Streets. Photograph can be seen in window of Meehan & Co.—jly10,li

## Freight for South West Coast!

S.S. "PORTIA" will sail for Western Ports about Saturday, 13th instant. Freight will be received for usual Ports of call to-morrow, Thursday.

Bowring Brothers, Limited, Coastal Mail Service.

## To-Day's Messages.

10. A. M.

## UNDER PRESIDENT'S CONTROL.

WASHINGTON, To-day. By a vote of 7 to 3 the Senate Commerce Committee to-day ordered a favorable report without further hearings on the House resolutions, authorizing the President to take over telegraph, telephone, cable and radio lines during the war.

## FIGHTING IN ALBANIA.

VIENNA, To-day. The Entente pressure against the Austrian line in Albania is being continued by forces advancing across the Vovusa, according to the War Office. Fighting is also taking place in the interior, S. W. of Berat.

## AIR SERVICE GOOD WORK.

COPENHAGEN, To-day. July 8.—The air superiority of the Allies on the Austro-Italian front is indicated by the figures made public to-day. For 10 days' offensive of the Austro-Hungarians last June the Allies and American pilots operated 120 chaser planes, destroyed 17 Austrian airplanes and seven observation balloons. The Allies lost 7 airplanes in the enemy lines and 3 balloons, 3 pilots were killed, 6 wounded and 7 are missing; 2 observation photos were taken and 5,000 bombs weighing 70 tons were dropped by the Allies. Italian observation balloons signalled nearly 4,000 positions of enemy artillery and directed the fire of nearly 1,000 guns.

## RUSSIA'S NEW TROUBLES.

PARIS, To-day. (Havas Agency.) Many prominent members of the Kerensky Cabinet were among the alleged leaders of the revolt in Moscow, arrested by the Bolsheviks, according to a despatch received by Paris newspapers. The men taken include Tcheret, former Minister of the Interior, Tchenoff, former Minister of Agriculture, Stekoloff, former Minister of Labor and General Savilkoff, former War Minister. Despatches of German origin report the receipt of a Russian wireless communication announcing that a state of siege had been declared in Moscow, but adding that the Bolsheviks were in complete control of the situation. The message declared the object of the revolutionists was to bring about the abrogation of the Brest Litovsk Peace Treaty. The social revolutionists it was added tried to induce the railway workers to strike but failed.

## AND LIKEWISE SIBERIA'S.

WASHINGTON, To-day. Word reached the State Department to-day from Vladivostok that the Czechs had been quiet since 29th June, when the Czech-Slovak forces completed their task of ousting the bolsheviks and suppressing Red Guards who resisted their control.

## THROUGH GERMAN GLASSES.

LONDON, To-day. A statement attributed by the Cologne Gazette, to a German, described as holding for many years a distinguished position in the far east, and who lately travelled from China to Germany across Siberia, is reprinted in the Times. The German is very contemptuous of General Siminoff's Cassocks, but writes with great respect of the Czech Slovaks, who he says are not destined for the French front but are to be used exclusively against the Russian Bolsheviks. The German says he saw 10,000 Czech Slovaks altogether in Siberia. He described the 10,000 whom he met as splendid material, well fed and clothed, but not armed and no arms were visible even among the officers. He was informed the whole force was commanded by a French General. The subsequent occupation of Omak showed, says the writer, that more Czech-Slovaks had arrived since he passed through Siberia. Regarding the Bolsheviks, the German says their power, which doesn't seem now quite firm, even in Moscow and Petrograd, doesn't exist at all in Siberia. The smallest Soviet does what it likes there and every-

body's first concern is himself. Soviet soldiers search the houses of the bourgeoisie population and seize their property. Hotels also are searched and plundered and nobly has a minute's security. These rascals are criminals who escaped from prison or were released by the Bolsheviks. The authors of the terrible butcheries on the Amur were these criminals. There was absolutely no battle. The people were simply murdered. Some rich merchants shot themselves to escape brutal torture. Educated classes yearn for the day when the Germans will come to create order. A counter revolution is being systematically prepared, when Lenin and Trotsky will disappear.

## WHEAT SHORTAGE.

WASHINGTON, To-day. A reduction of 40,000,000 bushels in the prospective wheat harvest was shown to-day in the Department of Agriculture July forecast, which is 891,000,000 bushels, compared with 931,000,000 bushels forecasted in June.

## WITHOUT HONOR.

COPENHAGEN, To-day. Emperor William has consented to the resignation of Dr. R. von Kuehlmann, the German Foreign Secretary, the Wolff Bureau, of Berlin, says it is reliably reported.

## RIOTING IN TEHRAN.

WASHINGTON, To-day. A despatch received at the State Department from the American Legation at Tehran, Persia, says on account of riots arising from the food shortage and other disturbances, the city has been placed under martial law.

## A NEW RECORD.

WASHINGTON, To-day. Completion of 23 ships of 12,771 deadweight tons in the first week of July, made a total of 283 new vessels built under the direction of the Shipping Board. Their aggregate tonnage is 1,415,022.

## DEFEATED BOLSHIEVSKI.

SHANGHAI, To-day. After disarming the Bolshevik forces at Vladivostok, says a despatch from Vladivostok, dated July 5th, the Czech Slovaks advanced to the westward and defeated a mixed force of Bolshevik and Austro-German prisoners, and occupied Nikolanevak, a naval station on the Amur River. The Bolshevik and Austro-German forces suffered heavy losses. They withdrew to the north along the railway toward Kharboversk the capital of the maritime province.

## NAVAL CASUALTIES.

LONDON, To-day. A British submarine was slightly damaged, and one officer and five men killed, when the craft was attacked by German seaplanes off the east coast of England July 6th, according to an Admiralty report issued to-day.

## REFERS TO THE ABOVE.

AMSTERDAM, To-day. Two British submarines C-35 and C-51 were badly damaged by bombs and machine gun fire during an encounter with German seaplanes, on Saturday afternoon off the mouth of the Thames according to an official statement issued at Berlin.

## WHAT DOES IT MEAN?

AMSTERDAM, To-day. Denying rumors which have been circulated in Austria-Hungary, regarding Empress Zita, the correspondent at Vienna of the TSD, says it is true that the Austrian Empress partly desires peace, and had with proper dignity advocated it, but the rumor that an energetic Austrian offensive against Italy was delayed by her influence is slanderous, as also is the rumor that the Empress was to blame for one or two setbacks which followed the offensive. It is still more slanderous to involve her honor as a woman with imperial statesmanship and the Imperial House. The Empress, whose sensitiveness is well known, suffered not a little under the imputations which have driven her to a sick bed. The slander is more painful as it even assailed the wedded felicity which so distinguished the conduct of the imperial couple, which the non-existent correspondence, which was said to

## TO HELP RUSSIA.

WASHINGTON, To-day. The Entente Governments, through their Embassies in Washington, are now fully advised of the views of the Washington administration as to the best means of carrying out President Wilson's pledge to stand behind Russia. It is understood that a project is taking shape which it is hoped will counteract German influence and lead the people to rehabilitate themselves without exciting distrust of the unselfish motives which lie behind it.

## NOTHING TO REPORT.

LONDON, To-day. On the British front there is nothing of special interest to report, says the official statement to-night.

THE ACID TEST OF COMPARISON.—Our goods and prices have stood it for 12 years. See our Men's Suits, only \$18.50. W. R. GOOBIE is just opp. Post Office.—jly2,t

## Here and There.

When you want Sausages, why get ELLIS; they're the best.

CONCERT.—To-morrow evening the pupils of St. Joseph's School will hold a concert in aid of church funds.

Grand Dance, Star Hall, to-night at 9.30 o'clock. Ladies', 30c.; Double 50c.—jly10,li

SMALLPOX.—There are still five cases of smallpox at Badger Brook, but no deaths have occurred.

When you want Roast Beef, Roast Veal, Roast Mutton, Roast Pork, try ELLIS.

NO WORD FROM SAGONA.—Since leaving Twillingate last week, bound northward, no word has been received from the S.S. Sagona.

Reserve Thursday evening for the Grand Entertainment given by the children of St. Joseph's School at 8.15 p.m.—li

NOTICE.—Owing to weather conditions the St. Andrew's Sunday School Picnic has been postponed until to-morrow.—li

DEAD WHALE SEEN NEAR CAPE SABLE.—A fisherman from the Cape Sable reported seeing a dead whale floating on the water about a half mile off Cape Sable a few days ago. Some parties left last evening to search for the big fish, which the fisherman says is in good condition.

League Football.—(Weather permitting) St. George's Field, this Wednesday evening at 7.15 p.m. sharp, Star vs. Collegians. Admission 5c.; Stand 10c. extra.—jly10,li

ATTENDING NAUTICAL ACADEMY.—A young man named Douglas a native of St. Vincent, B.W.I., who is studying for a mate's ticket at Mr. F. J. Doyle's nautical academy, is making great progress and hopes to remain ashore till he has passed his final exam.

BASEBALL.—St. George's Field this Wednesday afternoon, 3 o'clock. American visitors vs. City. Proceeds W.P.A.

For Coughs and Colds, Sore Throat and Hoarseness use Stafford's Phorator. Price 30c. bottle.—june22,t

## DIED.

On the 9th inst., after a protracted illness, Harry Joseph, fourth son of Nicholas J. and Ellen Murphy, aged 25 years; funeral on Thursday, at 2.30 p.m., from his father's residence, 1 Cummings Street.—R. I. P.

At Topsail, on the 9th inst., after a tedious illness, James O'Brien, aged 81 years, leaving two sons and two daughters to mourn their sad loss; funeral on Thursday, at 2 p.m., from his daughter's residence, Mrs. Alexander Mercer; friends please accept this, the only, intimation.—R. I. P.

IN MEMORIAM. In fond memory of 3140 Pte. Vincent Carew, son of the late Henry and Esther Carew, who was killed in action July 10th, 1917, somewhere in Belgium.—Jesus have mercy on his soul.

**DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS**  
FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASE  
RHEUMATISM  
BRONCHITIS  
DIABETES  
BACILLARIA  
23 THE PROPHET



## Published by Authority.

Upon the recommendation of the Food Control Board, and under the Provisions of the Food Control Act, 1917, and the War Measures Act, His Excellency the Governor in Council has been pleased to approve the following Regulations regarding the Importation, Sale and Consumption of Breadstuffs.

W. W. HALFYARD,  
Colonial Secretary.

Dept. of the Colonial Secretary,  
July 9th, 1918.

- (1) In these Regulations
  - (a) "breadstuffs" shall mean wheat flour, rolled oats, oatmeal, corn-meal of the quality known as granulated or bolted table meal, and corn-flour; and "substitutes" shall mean any or all of the foregoing, except wheat flour.
  - (b) "person" shall mean any individual, firm, partnership, or corporation.
  - (c) "importer" shall mean any person duly licensed by the Food Control Board under these Regulations.
- (2) From and after this date no person shall import any "breadstuffs" into the Dominion unless he shall have first obtained a license so to do from the Food Control Board. Such license shall be issued without charge.
- (3) No importer shall import any such breadstuffs without previously obtaining a permit from the Food Control Board for each and every quantity of breadstuffs he may desire to import.
- (4) Every permit so issued shall authorize him to import wheat flour and substitutes in the proportion of four-fifths of wheat flour, and one-fifth of substitutes.
- (5) Any importer, who, prior to the issue of these Regulations, shall have purchased abroad for import into this Dominion any wheat flour, may be granted by the Board a permit for the importation of the same on an undertaking by him that he will import within two months thereafter substitutes to the extent of twenty per cent. of such imports of wheat flour, and if such person has made contracts with any dealers within this Dominion for the supplying of such wheat flour, or any portion thereof to such dealers, he shall be regarded as satisfying the terms of such contracts if he furnishes four-fifths of the flour on its arrival, and the remainder in the form of substitutes within two months thereafter. The kind and proportion of such substitutes shall be settled by agreement between the parties, and if they find themselves unable so to agree, by the Food Control Board.
- (6) When any importer shall satisfy the Food Control Board that he has not any agency or connection through which he can purchase the required proportion of substitutes to justify the issue of a permit to allow him to import wheat flour, the Food Control Board may, on being satisfied that he has purchased the requisite stock of substitutes through any other person or firm in St. John's, grant him a permit to import such wheat flour.
- (7) The Food Control Board may, at any time, if satisfied that applications for excessive quantities of flour and substitutes are being filled, with the result that the purposes of these Regulations may be defeated, or complications caused with the Canadian or United States Food Control Department, issue permits for only part of the quantities set out in such applications, or decline to issue permits for any such quantities.
- (8) On and after Wednesday, July 10th, 1918—
  - (a) Every merchant, planter, trader, broker, commission agent, provision dealer, grocer, shop-keeper, or any other person, in Newfoundland who shall sell or deliver to any other person any wheat flour, shall only do so in the proportion of not less than one pound of substitutes to every nine pounds of wheat flour; and
  - (b) Every person in Newfoundland who makes for public or private consumption bread, cake, rolls, pastry or other product in which wheat flour is used shall, in making the same, use not less than one pound of substitutes to every nine pounds of wheat flour.
- (9) On and after Monday, August 5th, 1918—
  - (a) Every merchant, planter, trader, broker, commission agent, provision dealer, grocer, shop-keeper, or any other person in Newfoundland who shall sell or deliver to any other person any wheat flour, shall only do so in the proportion of not less than one pound of substitutes to every four pounds of wheat flour.
  - (b) Every person in Newfoundland who makes for public or private consumption bread, rolls, cake, pastry or other product in which wheat flour is used shall, in making the same, use not less than one pound of substitutes to every four pounds of wheat flour.
  - (10) No person selling breadstuffs shall, after this date, offer for sale any wheat flour, unless he also has at all times a sufficient stock of one or other of the substitutes above named to meet the demands of his customers at reasonable prices.
  - (11) Any person authorized by the Newfoundland Food Control Board, or any constable or peace officer, may seize any bread, cake, rolls, pastry or other product in which wheat flour is used, the composition of which is contrary to these regulations, and the same shall be confiscated and disposed of in such manner as the said Board may from time to time direct.
  - (12) Any person violating any of the provisions of these Regulations is guilty of an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction before a magistrate or justice of the peace to a penalty not exceeding one thousand dollars, or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding three months, or to both fine and imprisonment, (one-half the fine shall be paid to the former and the balance to the Food Control Board for the benefit of the Dominion.

## Our Baseball Column.

## PLAGIARISED AND OTHERWISE.

## WANDERERS DEFEAT B.L.S.

The game between the Wanderers and B.L.S. last evening resulted in a win by the former by a score of eight runs to three. The crowd of spectators was somewhat disappointed at the rather poor exhibition on the part of the Irish team. Their batting was very feeble and when they did get the bases they seemed to have "water on the knee." Carow, pitching for them had nine strikeouts and allowed eight bases on balls. McIsaac, the Wanderers' pitcher had four strikeouts and allowed two walks. In the fourth inning a double play was pulled off by McCrindle and Brien of the Wanderers.

## The Umpires were Messrs. Chessman and Ryan and the Scorers Messrs. Channing and Merner.

Practically speaking this defeat puts the B.L.S. out of the prospects for the championship for this season, but still anything may yet happen, and we have only to remind ourselves that last year the "Green and Orange" lost three games and still won out.

## The detailed account of the game, by innings, together with the box score will be published to-morrow.

## GAME THIS AFTERNOON.

A game has been arranged between a City nine and a nine composed of some of our American visitors and will be played this afternoon at three o'clock. As the latter team, according to the line-up has a "near professional" aggregation and our own nine is a pretty strong one, classy ball will likely result.

## The proceeds are for the W.P.A. and a large crowd of fans should attend. The line-up is as follows:—

CITY:	PITCHER:	VISITORS:
Canning and Hall	.....	Ruth
.....	.....	Catcher
Brazie	.....	.....
.....	.....	1st Base
Hiltz	.....	.....
.....	.....	2nd Base
Duggan	.....	.....
.....	.....	3rd Base
Power	.....	.....
.....	.....	Short-stop
McCrindle	.....	.....
.....	.....	Left Field
Quick	.....	.....
.....	.....	Centre Field
Hartnett	.....	.....
.....	.....	Right Field
Doyle	.....	.....
.....	.....	Spares
Cooney	.....	.....
.....	.....	Cobb
Britt	.....	.....
.....	.....	LaLoe
Graco	.....	.....
.....	.....	Wagner
Sinnot	.....	.....
.....	.....	Zimmerman

The admission will be one dime. Come and bring a friend.

## The Evening Telegram is The People's Paper.