

CURB ON HOTELS.

CHICAGO TO PURGE CITY OF VICIOUS HOSTELRIES.

Strict Rules in the Ordinance Are Unchanged After Discussion—Final Vote for Adoption Stands 62 to 4.

Chicago, Dec. 4.—Disreputable hotels were given a hard blow by the city council last night in the passage of a hotel license ordinance which will give the mayor and chief of police a whiphand over resorts which have caused innumerable scandals in Chicago.

Several attempts were made to amend the measure and make it less strict, but the council showed on a roll call just what it thought of the ordinance and the measure went through in the same shape as it was when reported out of the license committee.

The vote on the ordinance was 62 to 4 for passage. There were a number of heated speeches for and against the measure. The small body of aldermen who were fighting against the licensing of the hostleries predicted that an unscrupulous mayor and chief of police could use their power to force the hotel men to obey their commands and that the legitimate hotel keepers would be badly injured in business by the ordinance.

Ald. Scully made a plea for the preservation of the morals of the city. He said that while the license committee was discussing the terms of the measure that it was reported to the members that sixty girls from department stores entered the places of vice within two days.

"The 'swell' hotels in Chicago," said the alderman in reply to Ald. Coughlin, "are the cause of hundreds of divorces. Outrages of a most terrible kind are committed in some of the largest hotels in the city. The members of the committee were told that some of the hotels would be driven out of business if this ordinance was passed. It was said that a number of hotels in Hyde Park would be injured."

"I understand that at some of the Hyde Park hotels the lawns are sprinkled with perfume every morning. However that may be, I want to say that we are not here to legislate for the saloon keepers, but are supposed to look after the interests of the public. We should protect the morals of this city and we will be taking a step in the right direction when we license the hotels."

POLES WANT INDEPENDENCE.

POLISH NATIONAL LEAGUE ON MEMBERS' DUTIES.

Must Support Revolutionists—Work for Poland in Case of War Between Powers—Committee Must Arrange Military Intelligence System.

Breslau, Silesia, Prussia, Jan. 3.—The articles of association of the Polish National League describe the aim of the league as being "to unite all the national resources for the restoration of the independence of Poland." Article 9 demands a union "with those foreign political parties which are in a general political or commercial advantage, without assuming any responsibilities. In States where the Polish people are not admitted to participate in political life the Central Committee of the league is bound to support any revolutionary action tending to change or destroy the Government."

Article 10 reads: "In case of war between the powers that took part in the dismemberment of Poland the league's principal care will be to secure for Poland at the critical moment an important position, and therefore the Central Committee must prepare plans for a military and an administrative organization." The committee must collect accurate information concerning the amount of money in the country available in the event of war and also must arrange a military intelligence system to obtain information regarding the number, equipment, mobilization, quarters and transportation of troops, the plans of fortresses and magazines and all technical secrets."

Gnesen, Prussia, Jan. 3.—The Prussian Government's announcement of the disturbed state of the public mind in Prussia Poland over the school strike and the renewal of the Polish nationalist agitation continues to provoke severe infraction of the police ordinances. The trial began here to-day of a member of the Prussian House of Lords, Von Koscielski, a rich Polish land owner, Von Chazanowski, a member of the lower House of the Prussian Diet, and 20 other persons, who are charged with having taken part in a public meeting in the park of Von Koscielski's estate without the consent of the Government.

All the accused belong to the so-called Polish "88" association, numbering several hundred thousand persons and forming, the prosecution avers, material for mobilizing a future revolutionary army. The "88" assumes to be a gymnastic organization.

PRASE FOR FRENCH PRIESTS.

M. Briand Calls Them Patriotic, Sorely-Tried Men.

Rome, Jan. 3.—The Giornale d'Italia publishes an interview with M. Briand, the French Minister of Education, on the Franco-Vatican conflict. M. Briand describes the clergy of France as patriotic men, and says that the very hard trials they are experiencing to-day imposed upon them by the Pope are causing discontent.

The Vatican is wrong if it considers what is merely tolerance in the French Government to be weakness. The application of the new law is proceeding satisfactorily, M. Briand says, without persecution of the members of the Government or rebellion from the Catholics.

FELONY TO BET.

Radical Legislation Suggested by Governor of Missouri.

Jefferson, Mo., Jan. 3.—A number of amendments are suggested by Governor Folk in his message to the Legislature to-day. Legislative lobbying should be made a crime, he asserts. Governor Folk recommends a law making it a felony to bet on a horse race, legislation to suppress bucket shops, night child labor laws, and prison punishment for violation of the anti-trust laws.



Mrs. Martha Nicholson Blairne

M'GILL'S DEALS.

ONTARIO BANK MONEY BEING ACCOUNTED FOR.

Taking Their Cue From the Advice of Counsel of Marshall, Spader & Co., Other Brokers Desire Their Dealings With Mr. McGill to be Kept Private.

New York, Jan. 3.—Proof that Ontario Bank money was paid out to the accounts of New York brokers at the request of Mr. Charles McGill is found in the statements of the stock market dealings here, now placed in the hands of the Toronto commission for use in the Canadian courts. The dealings of four firms alone, Messrs. Ladenburg, Thalmann & Company, Marshall, Spader & Company, Cuyler, Morgan & Company, and Chas. Head & Company, run up over a million dollars, and these are not all.

The specific amounts are: Ladenburg, Thalmann & Company, \$485,500; Marshall, Spader & Company, \$335,000; Charles Head & Company, \$229,000; and Cuyler, Morgan & Company, \$229,000, the total being \$1,281,500. The Canadian Bankers' Association says that the total is \$1,814,800, and affirms Mr. McGill for that amount.

Sight drafts of the account here and there tell the story of moneys paid out to the former manager of the weekly bank. Recognizing the urgent necessity of finding out just exactly what each item meant, Mr. Corley went over the voluminous brokers' statements. Instances when heavy losses were incurred and some where the dealings netted a profit were reviewed. The investigation lasting nearly the whole of the day. Taking the cue from the advice of the counsel for Marshall, Spader & Company, who declined to make their part of the inquiry public on Wednesday, the brokers petitioned the commission to make their investigation equally private, and representatives of the press were not allowed to be present.

Threads of the stories related behind the closed doors of the apartments on West street, however, were picked up, and it is admitted that a clear account of what transpired is had. The account of Mr. McGill with Cuyler, Morgan & Company interested the commission, who questioned Mr. A. C. Vaughan, the representative, closely in regard to special entries of sight drafts for \$6,000, ranging in sums from \$25 to \$2,500, said to have been personal payments to the former bank manager, Mr. George P. Melick, named in the commission as the representative of Laidman, Thalmann & Company, is in Florida, and the examination of the accounts of the company could not go on in his absence. Mr. McGill had no dealings with the company in the last three years.

Marshall, Spader & Company came forward with their grain account with Mr. McGill. It was in 1904 and lasted about a year, being closed on July 1, carrying the balance over to the general account. The transactions during the year totalled \$90,000, and there was a special transfer to the account of V. C. McGill of \$15,000. The work of the commission will be concluded tomorrow morning with the receipt of a statement of Charles Head & Company. The commission leaves for Toronto tomorrow.

WANTS REPORTERS FOR SLEUTHS.

Cleveland Police Chief Says They Possess All the Requisites.

Cleveland, Jan. 4.—In his annual report Chief of Police Kohler demands a secret detective department as an adjunct to the police force. For this work he recommends "efficient police newspaper reporters." He says: "I have inclined toward such men as have had long training and experience as efficient police newspaper reporters. They are generally well educated, men of good appearance, accustomed to meeting and mingling in all classes of society. They are trained to quick and decisive thought and action, are honest and devoted to their duty and keep everlastingly at their work in hand."

To Cure Toothache. In one minute use NERVOL. Your money back if it fails. 25 cents at all drug stores.



Lieut. Paul S. Pearsall

REPORT THAT THEY ARE ENGAGED.

NEW YEAR'S GREETINGS

FROM AERONAUTS AMONG THE CLOUDS.

Messrs McCoy and Hawley, After Successful Ascent From St. Louis, Tell of Startling the Illinois Farmers During Voyage.

St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 4.—After a highly successful aerial flight of eighty miles, J. C. McCoy and Alan R. Hawley, members of the Aero Club of America, arrived at Union Station this morning, twenty hours after their departure from St. Louis in the big racing balloon, L'Orion. They came from Pearl, Ill., which is thirty-five miles east of Louisiana, Mo.

The aeronauts describe the trip as one of the most beautiful they ever made. They landed at half past four o'clock Tuesday afternoon in a cornfield near Cliffside, Calhoun county, Ill., and then drove and walked over muddy roads to Pearl, a distance of eight miles, arriving there at half past eleven o'clock. Mr. McCoy said: "On Wednesday we passed over St. Louis at an altitude of about 1,000 feet. Soon afterward we ascended above the clouds and remained there for some time. We then ascended to an altitude of 1,800 feet and for two hours hung between upper and lower strata of clouds. We did not see the Mississippi when we crossed it, nor did we see any of the bluffs on the Illinois shore."

"We once saw a party of men hushing corn in a field and decided that it would be a good place to descend. The balloon came to the earth easily and was quickly deflated. We landed on George Retzer's farm. The men in the cornfield were kind to us and rendered us every possible assistance in packing the balloon for shipment."

"During the entire trip we threw overboard three bags of ballast. We started out about eleven. We could easily have stayed up all night if we had prepared for it."

"Along the journey we amused ourselves by shouting 'Happy New Year' from the clouds. We had a big megaphone. We must have frightened some of the natives of Calhoun county out of their wits. No doubt some of them thought the angels were flying through the air and shouting down New Year greetings."

"We did not attain a higher altitude than 1,800 feet, and the coldest weather we encountered was thirty-nine degrees below zero."

"The gas proved to be perfect for ballooning. The test satisfies us that we have made no mistake in selecting St. Louis as the starting point for the great balloon races next fall."

LIVE STOCK AND WOOL.

Year Just Closed Shows a Large Increase in Western Shipments.

Medicine Hat, Jan. 3.—During the year ended December 10, 1906, there have been shipped from Medicine Hat district, 1,321 head of horses, 13,596 cattle, 12,171 sheep and 232,250 pounds of wool. The shipments of horses and cattle exceeded those of last year considerably, especially of the former, and there would easily have been 1,500 more cattle shipped but for the car shortage. In 1905, the shipments were: Horses, 2,720; cattle, 12,925; sheep, 13,424, and wool, 232,233 pounds. This year's imports were: Horses, 1,065; cattle, 545, and sheep, 441.

The fire in the Hub colliery at Gisee Bay is still raging, and water is still being pumped into the mine.

WE KEEP PEOPLE MOVING INWARD AND GOODS MOVING OUTWARD. MOVING PRICES DOWNWARD. IT'S YOUR MOVE.

FINCH BROS' Moving Sale

SHOP WHERE YOUR DOLLAR WILL GO FARTHEST

30c Womem's Ringwood Gloves 19c. 50c Women's Long Ringwoods and Mitts 39c. 75c Long Chiffon and Crepe de Chine Scarfs 49c. 50c Plaid Silk Belts 39c. 35c Beaded Belts 19c. 20c Taffeta Ribbon 12 1/2c. 60c All-wool Check Tweeds 39c. 50c Canadian Yarn 39c. 35c Women's Cashmere Hose 25c. 45c Women's Wool and Cotton Vests 29c. \$2 Comforters \$1.59. 25 and 30c Cashmere Wrapperettes 15c. \$2 Bleached Napkins \$1.19. \$2 Bleached English Table Cloths \$1.39. 75c English Velvets 35c.

MAHDI STILL LIVES.

MAKING PREPARATIONS TO FIGHT THE CHRISTIANS.

Envoy With Message of Hope to Moslems Arrives at Alexandria—Senoussi Confident That Large Army Will Soon Reconquer Egypt, Tunis and Algeria.

New York, Jan. 3.—The Herald has received the following cable despatch from its correspondent at Alexandria: Saleh el Khaidi, President and delegate of the Central Committee of the Islamic Union, who was recently expelled from Tangier and Tunis by the French Government, arrived here from Benghazi to-day, having travelled two months and a half overland by way of Jeddah.

"I have just interviewed Saleh. He declines to divulge the object of his visit, but holds credentials of the head of the Senoussi sect, which enabled him to travel through Tripoli with the greatest facility. He reports that great excitement prevails throughout Cyrenaica owing to news from the Mahdi, who was believed to have died four years ago, is still alive. He showed me a copy of a letter addressed to all Senoussi monasteries, relating that the head of the sect had been seen recently in the guise of a dervish in the neighborhood of Abchea, capital of Wadai."

This letter sends a message of hope to the Senoussi, adding: "The time is approaching when Moslems will be rid of the Christians."

Members of the sect are firmly convinced that their chief is still alive, and will soon leave Kutra at the head of a large army to conquer Algeria, Tunis and Egypt.

IMPERIAL DEFENCE.

The British Government Hopes for Aid From Colonies.

London, Jan. 3.—Invitations to the Colonial Conference were sent this month. The Yorkshire Herald's London correspondent understands that Lord Elgin will make it clear that the British Government will not entertain any proposal for preferential treatment of colonial goods, but the Government hopes the conference will be productive of some practical result regarding contributions by the colonies toward their share in imperial defence.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Cash. The Kind You Have Always Bought. A NOVEL SOLUTION.

Bulgarian Authorities Have New Way of Settling Strife.

Sofia, Bulgaria, Jan. 3.—The train service in Bulgaria is greatly disorganized, owing to a strike of the employees of the railroads. The authorities, however, are hopeful that the usual state of things will be restored to-morrow, as they intend to summon all the striking railroad men to join the colors, all of them belonging to the army reserve, and they will then be drafted into engineer corps and detailed for duty on the railroads.

General Manager McNiell's private car has been sent to St. John for the use of Lord Strathcona, who will arrive by the Empress of Britain to-day. Ernest H. Crosby, the lecturer, author and friend of Tolstoi, is dead at Baltimore.

SHOT SWEETHEART'S BROTHER.

Affray Between Scions of Famed Georgia Families at a Wedding.

LaGrange, Ga., Jan. 4.—Immediately after the wedding of Miss Ellie Ridley and Benjamin Swanson this afternoon, and while the guests were crowding about the couple to offer congratulations, Dr. Frank M. Ridley, jun., a cousin of the bride, was shot and fatally wounded by Attorney Harvey Hill, of Atlanta.

Hill surrendered to the sheriff and was locked up. The shooting grew out of attentions of Hill to Ridley's sister, Miss Mary. It is said that Hill and Miss Ridley became engaged in opposition to the wishes of the Ridley family. Some time ago Dr. Ridley, the girl's father, forbade Hill ever to speak to his daughter again. Miss Mary was at the wedding to-day, and she and Hill engaged in conversation. This enraged Dr. Ridley, jun., who asked Hill what he meant by speaking to his sister. Hot words followed and Ridley knocked Hill down. Hill arose, drew a pistol and shot the young doctor.

The Ridleys are wealthy, and socially belong to the old regime of the South. Harvey Hill is a grandson of the late Benjamin H. Hill, famous as a United States Senator from Georgia, and a son of Solicitor-General C. D. Hill, of the Atlanta Judiciary Circuit. Young Dr. Ridley was recently married to a daughter of the late Gen. John M. Hood, of Baltimore.

POPULAR CONTROL.

The Persian Assembly Will Have Charge of Finances.

Teheran, Jan. 3.—The revised constitution, which was accepted by the National Assembly Tuesday, gives the Assembly control of all financial matters. Matters pertaining to the administration of the provinces may only be discussed by the Assembly. The Assembly can only be dissolved with the consent of the Ministers and two-thirds of the Senate. The Senate is composed of thirty elected and thirty appointed members.

The Shah's Condition.

New York, Jan. 3.—The Herald to-day has the following cable despatch from Teheran: A personage who has just seen the Shah says he sits propped up with cushions most of the time and is in a comatose condition. He had eaten only two eggs in forty-eight hours and is extremely weak.

WINTER TRIP ON LAKE ERIE.

Tug Skylark Leaves Port Colborne for Port Stanley.

Port Colborne, Jan. 3.—Winter navigation was opened at this port to-day by the tug Skylark, Captain Hiscott, owned by Haney & Miller, of Toronto, departing from Port Stanley, light. The tug arrived here in the fall, intending to reach that place, but owing to the severe weather was obliged to under-take to navigate on the lake at this season of the year without the usual guidance of lights, etc.

CRESOLENE ANTISEPTIC TABLETS.

A simple and effective remedy for SORE THROATS AND COUGHS. Your druggist or from us, 10c in stamps. Laxsido, Nizza Co., Limited, Agents, Montreal.

Cow Testing Associations.

Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, Dairy Commissioner's Office.

A good start was made in 1906 with the organization of cow testing associations, but we hope to see a great extension of the movement during the coming year, because there is no other line of effort which offers the same possibilities for increasing the profits of milk production. Judging by results obtained elsewhere and also by the experience of progressive farmers in this country, it would seem to be possible to increase the average production of Canadian herds by at least 2,000 pounds of milk per cow per year, by applying the same rational methods. Such an increase in production would mean an additional revenue from dairying to the farmers of Canada of at least \$30,000,000 a year, without increasing the number of cows kept.

The plans for the improvement of a dairy herd should be laborious and expensive, and should take cognizance of the fact that there are good cows and poor cows, judged by their milk production, in all breeds, and that it does not follow because a cow may have a lengthy pedigree that her performance at the milk pail is up to the mark; that there are "scrub" thoroughbreds as well as common "scrubs." It will require some moral courage to discard the expensive thoroughbred scrub after she has been shown up in her true colors, but that is what should be done. There is only one true standard, and the test must be production. This is not an argument against the thoroughbred animal as such, but rather an attempt to place performance ahead of pedigree. Accuracy is a most important consideration, but unless the record carries with it some account of production, it lacks the only really important feature, and the man looking for superior animals gets no information from it that is of real value to him. He may have personal knowledge of the strain in question, but that is another matter.

Any scheme which has for its object the improvement of our dairy stock must provide for a study, and record, of the performance of the individual cow, as well as deal with the management of the herd, including its care and feeding, and the breeding of animals to replace those which are discarded in the "weeding" process. Individuality can only be determined by the weighing and testing of each cow's milk.

It is quite practicable for individual farmers to test their own herds, and many are doing so, but some form of cooperation makes the work easier and cheaper and at the same time more useful, inasmuch as one member of an association has the information relating to other herds as well as his own.

CHEESE FACTORY AND CREAMERY OWNERS SHOULD BE INTERESTED.

Owners or managers of cheese factories and creameries naturally take an interest in this question and there is no reason why testing of individual cows should not be done by the factory management. Most factories have the necessary appliances (except the sample bottles) and the manager is, or should be, more competent to do the work properly than the average farmer is. It needs no argument to prove that if the patrons of a factory increase the yield of milk from their cows the factory will derive a corresponding benefit. If the efforts which are now made by the owners of most factories to increase their milk supply at the expense of neighboring establishments, were to be directed towards securing an increased yield of milk from the herds already supplying the factories, a more abiding and better general result would be obtained, even from the individual factory standpoint.

COW TESTING ASSOCIATIONS.

It is probable, however, that the most popular plan for getting the testing done will be through the organization of Cow Testing Associations. There are some twenty of these associations already in existence in the provinces of Ontario and Quebec, which have been organized by the members of the Dairy Commissioner's Staff, and the number is increasing almost daily. The organization is being effected in the following basis:

- 1. The organization shall be known as Cow Testing Association.
2. The officers shall consist of a president, a vice-president and a secretary-treasurer. Three other members shall be appointed to act along with the officers as a committee of management.
3. The officers shall be elected to hold office for one year or until their successors are elected.
4. The annual meeting shall be held at the call of the president.
5. Meetings of the committee of management shall be held at the call of the secretary-treasurer. Three members shall form a quorum.
6. Any person who will agree to keep a record of individual cows during the whole milking period, to the extent of weighing the morning's and evening's milk on at least three days every month, and also take a sample for testing, will be admitted to membership. The number of members may be limited at the discretion of the committee of management.
7. The milk will be preserved and a composite sample tested once a month with a Babcock milk tester.
8. Members will be expected to provide themselves with scales, sample bottles, one for each cow and a box for holding the samples.
9. Members shall assume the responsibility of delivering the samples to the place where the testing is to be done, on such days as may be directed by the person in charge of that work.
I am authorized by the Honorable Minister of Agriculture to announce that blank forms will be supplied and that the testing will be done free of charge for the season of 1907 for any regularly organized association; the members of the association to provide their own outfits, and the association to provide a suitable place in which the testing may be done.
A cheese factory or a creamery is a natural centre for an association of this nature. The facilities for testing are available at any properly equipped factory, and the samples can be delivered easily on the regular milk wagons.
I shall be pleased to hear from any person interested in the formation of a cow testing association, and I am authorized to say that whenever it is possible to do so a member of my staff will be sent to attend an organized meeting.—J. A. Ruddick, Dairy Commissioner.