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Reliable Wardrobe

The Athenian

COUNTY OF LEEDS ADVERTISER.

Athens, Leeds County, Ontario, Tuesday, March 5, 1895.

Where you are sure to get the Latest.
Clerical Suits a Specialty
M. J. KEHOE
VOL. XI NO. 7.

DOUGALL, The Tailor
You are thinking about getting a Spring Suit.
Our stock has been replenished with Scotch Tweeds and Worsteds.
Get our prices and see goods before buying.
Suits from \$10 up.
Our motto is to please.

A. H. SWARTS.
Brockville's well-known Furniture Dealer, will make an announcement in this space next week.

BROCKVILLE'S DRY GOODS HOUSE
Toronto's Big Departmental Store is Totally Destroyed.
LOSS WILL BE OVER \$800,000
All Four Corners of Yonge and Queen Streets Destroyed—Several Firemen Injured—Incendiary Suspected—Large Crowds Visit the Scene.
Special Exhibition of
LACE CURTAINS
All next week in our Basement Show Room.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.
Dr. C. M. B. CORNELL, BROCKVILLE
BUSELL STREET, BROCKVILLE
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR.
Dr. Stanley S. Cornell, ATHENS
SPECIALTY, DISEASES OF WOMEN
Office Days:—the afternoons of Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
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PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR.
Grandfather of the late Dr. Harte, Surgeon and Surgeon-General of the Province of Ontario.
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Is this PLAIN ENOUGH?
Our spring consignment of over
400 PAIRS
LACE CURTAINS
direct from a manufacturer in Europe—"All to be retailed at wholesale prices"—will be opened out so as to be easily and conveniently seen; prices all marked in large plain figures. We respectfully invite you to call and look through this immense assortment. You won't be asked to buy.

Dr. R. J. Read
SURGEON DENTIST
MAIN ST., ATHENS
The preservation of the natural teeth and dental diseases affecting the oral cavity a specialty.
Gas administered for extracting.
Dr. F. H. Koyle
Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
At the office of Dr. Cornell, 33 Buell Street, Brockville.
From 9 a.m. to 12 p.m. Telephone 141
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M. A. Everitts,
BARRISTER SOLICITOR, NOTARY PUBLIC, ETC.
Office in Parish Hall, Athens.
Brown & Fraser,
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC.
Office: 101 Main Street, Brockville.
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BARRISTERS, ETC.
BROCKVILLE AND ATHENS
One member of the firm in Athens Tuesday Wednesday and Thursday of every week.
Money to loan on Real Estate Security.
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JEWELERS & OPTICIANS
Telephone 217.
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BARGAINS! BARGAINS!
NEW GOODS, in Curtain Poles, all sizes, all lengths.
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Dunham Block, Opposite Court House Ave.

Money to Loan
On real estate security, only at lowest rates of interest, on the terms favorable to the borrower. Correspondence solicited. Office and residence, opposite the Reporter Office.
JOHN CAWLEY
The Gamble House,
ATHENS.
THIS FINE NEW BRICK HOTEL HAS been elegantly furnished throughout in the latest styles. Every attention given to the wants of guests. Good yards and stables.
FRED PIERCE, Prop.

Two Order Clothing
From M. White & Co., because they know they are sure to get fit, style and durability. You follow their example and the result will be satisfactory. The object of the tailor is to give his customer the most fashionable and well-fitting clothes. We have also well-fitting suits in the latest styles and patterns in the latest styles and patterns. Give us a call and see what we can do for you.
M. WHITE & CO.
Merchant Tailors and Gents' Furnishers, opposite the market.
BROCKVILLE ONTARIO

SOCIETIES
Farmersville Lodge
No. 177
A. O. U. W.
Meets 1st and 3rd Tuesdays of each month in Lamb's Hall, Central Block, Main St., Athens. VISITORS WELCOME
C. O. C. F.
Addison Lodge No. 156 Canadian Order of Cheesons Friends meet in the Temple Hall, Addison, Ont. Motto: Friendship, Aid, Protection.
GEO. W. A. ANDERSON, C. C.
C. J. GILROY, R. S.
I. O. F.
Court G. A. Hall, No. 878, Independent Order of Foresters, meet in Bings Hall, G. A. Hall, and in the afternoon in Temperance Hall, King St., Addison. All qualified visiting brethren welcome.
S. Y. BROWN, M. W.
CLARENCE HAWKS, Rec.

TERSE TALK
FOR BUSY BUYERS
We have been busy for the last week or two calling attention to the superiority of our Staple Department, and the Dress Goods have been forgotten. The plain fabrics in staple weaves such as
Blue Serge, Black Serge, Alma Cloths, Camel's Hair, Soleil,
Surah Serge, Whip Cord, Diagonal, Henriettas, Ftc., Etc.
in prices ranging in 50 cents to \$1. The stock is wonderfully complete. Don't forget to visit this store when in need of a new gown.
LEWIS & PATTERSON
BROCKVILLE, ONTARIO.
P. S.—Buy the P. N. Corset, the most perfect-fitting Corset in the trade.

THE OLD ADAGE
It Takes Nine Tailors to Make a Man may be true as far as the tailors are concerned, but
McLAUGHLIN THE BARBER
can cut your hair and shave you, shampoo and curl your moustache so beautifully that you will hardly know yourself when he gets through his job.
Next door to Armstrong House
100,000 DEACON AND CALF SKINS
HIGHEST CASH PRICE AT THE BROCKVILLE TANNERY.
A. G. McORADY SONS

The Last Week of C. M. BABCOCK'S Stock Taking Sale
Goods turned into money rather than put on stock book. All Ready-made Mantles at half price. All Millinery at half price. A choice lot of French Pattern Dresses at half price. Great bargains in Ladies', Gents' and Children's Wool Underwear. See them. The best goods in Underwear in Brockville. Great bargains in all lines until the end of the month. Come and see for yourselves.
C. M. BABCOCK.
TELEPHONE 197
COAL! COAL! COAL!
HARD AND SOFT COAL.
Do as others are doing—write or call on us.
A large supply of genuine Cumberland Blacksmith's Coal. Also in stock, a large supply of Drain Pipe and connections. Satisfaction guaranteed.
A. S. AULT & CO. Office: King Street, Brockville

SCORED AT THIRD TIME
Toronto's Big Departmental Store is Totally Destroyed.
LOSS WILL BE OVER \$800,000
All Four Corners of Yonge and Queen Streets Destroyed—Several Firemen Injured—Incendiary Suspected—Large Crowds Visit the Scene.
Toronto, March 4.—For the third time within two months Toronto has been visited by a most disastrous conflagration. At 12.30 Sunday morning a third fire was started, this time at the corner of Yonge and Queen streets, the central feature of it being the magnificent new departmental store of Robert Simpson, which was burned to the ground, building and stock being a total loss. Numerous buildings around Simpson's store and the total loss will amount to between \$800,000 and \$900,000. The insurance will probably reach two-thirds of this amount. The origin of the fire is a mystery, but there is a grave reason to be given it was incendiary in character. Simpson's store was a three-story building standing on the south-east corner of Yonge and Queen streets. It was put up last summer and a portion of the carpentering work was hardly finished. Four of the floors were stocked and two empty. The building was worth \$1,200,000. It contained about \$800,000. The fire started in the rear of Simpson's and the flames spread with great rapidity. A general alarm was rung at 12.35 and the full force of the fire brigade was soon on the scene. By one o'clock the flames had spread to the east of the main building and the fire threatened to engulf several blocks. The steam fire engine was in action and gave valuable aid. The water pressure was good and the firemen could not pretend to cope with the flames at the top of the high Simpson building. Wall after wall fell and myriads of sparks were scattered over the southern portion of the city.

The clothing store of F. Jamieson, north-west corner of Queen and Yonge, was soon a total ruin, with all its contents, Sutcliffe & Sons, millinery and dry goods, immediately north of Jamieson's on Yonge, was gutted with the total loss of stock. G. Thomson, books and stationery, north-west corner of Yonge and Queen, was half burned, and south of Simpson's on Yonge, the jewelry store of J. H. Thomson, was gutted. The front was not much hurt. Nell C. Love, druggist, next door south, suffered slightly.

Over Jamieson's store opposite Simpson's was what is known as Agricultural hall, the property of the Ontario Agricultural and Arts Association. It was a very valuable collection of records of cattle pedigrees and other official stock-keeping records which could not be replaced. All were a total loss with the building. Further west on the same side of Queen street was the store of J. H. Thomson, which was gutted; next came the Queen street front of the T. G. & Co.'s great departmental store, which was but little injured. Across Yonge street the fire again did great damage.

At the north-east corner stood the Henderson block, occupied by J. Bonner, gentlemen's furnishings, and Miss M. E. Brady, milliner. Both were burned out. The C. F. Adams Co. came next north, and the roof of this place was badly burned, and their stock greatly injured by water.

At the south-east corner of Yonge and Queen streets stood the Bank of Montreal building. This escaped damage in the lower part, but F. J. Brown, with a large stock of furniture, was burned out, and Milne & Co., next to the bank, was burned out, and C. M. Henderson, adjoining, also lost everything. Dunfield & Co., gentlemen's furnishings, and the Tremont Hotel, further south, were about three-quarters burned, with a loss of \$250,000.

Around on Queen street east again the Pythian Hall was somewhat damaged but fortunately escaped serious injury. The two floors of the fire after the Simpson building had gone were the questions as to whether Eaton's great store would be saved, and the burning of Knox street, which stood next to Simpson's on Queen on the south side. A fire brand lit on the stocks of the middle at 1.45 o'clock and burned steadily for nearly an hour without making any great headway. The firemen could not reach it, and it was a foregone conclusion the people would go in an hour or two. Thousands of people stood around watching the blazing of the fire. A fireman tried to climb up, carrying an extinguisher, but was unsuccessful in the attempt. About a quarter after 3 o'clock the stepladder fell over into the street, the bell having fallen into a few minutes earlier. With regard to Eaton's the store would undoubtedly have been burned but for the aid rendered the fire being so specially drilled brigade of Eaton's employees. They were on the spot, and, with strenuous exertions playing on the roof and front of their building the fire was prevented from spreading to it. It was about 3.15 before the fire was fully under control. Three firemen were injured somewhat seriously by falling walls and otherwise, but none fatally. Chief Graham sustained a sprained ankle.

The losses are estimated to be roughly about as follows: Simpson, on building, \$1,200,000; on stock, \$800,000; on insurance, on building \$100,000; on stock \$250,000. F. Jamieson, loss on stock \$125,000; on insurance, on building \$50,000; on stock \$100,000. J. P. Brown, \$25,000; on insurance, \$15,000. Miss M. E. Brady, \$50,000; on insurance, \$20,000. J. Bonner, \$50,000 on stock; insurance, \$4,000. Pythian hall, loss \$100,000.

The fire spread to St. Michael's hospital and the Metropolitan church, but only for a moment, being fortunately quickly extinguished. The scene of the fire yesterday and today visited by probably 100,000 people. The congregation of Knox church services in the school room, and there being still all day a flicker of fire in the tower of the church, which is not, however, considered likely to spread.

Trials of the Hendershotts.
Toronto, Feb. 28.—The trial of William D. Weller and John Hendershott, charged with the murder of the latter's nephew, W. H. Hendershott, will be commenced on Tuesday at the High Court, where they will be held in St. Thomas. B. B. Oaker, Q.C., will prosecute. Over one hundred witnesses have been summoned for the Crown and forty for the defense.

Ontario Point Burglar Sentenced.
OTTAWA, March 1.—Chas. Morton, the Ontario Point burglar, was sentenced at the Hull police court to two years and a month imprisonment in St. Vincent de Paul penitentiary. Morton is the burglar who was shot in the leg and captured while attempting to break into a store in the general store of F. Smith, of Gaitheau Point, two or three weeks ago.

TOPICS OF A WEEK.
The Important Events in a Few Words For Busy Readers.
Branford will petition for a free postal delivery.
The health disestablishment bill passed its first reading without a division on Thursday.
Mr. Arthur Thurlwell, a Lobo Township farmer, cut his throat in a fit of despondency on Thursday.
Branford City Council has recommended a resolution of the council on March 12.
The Canadian Retail Furniture Association has been formed north of John Hoodless of Hamilton as President.
The bye-election to fill the vacancy in Hamilton caused by the passing of Mr. Meun will be held March 12.
Vice-Admiral Buller, C.B., has been appointed to the command of the China station, relieving Vice-Admiral Fremantle.
The Manitoba Legislature on Thursday night passed a motion to cut off all Government house expenditure after this year.
Mr. Gilkinson of Kingsville was thrown off his 'bus on the M.C.R. track at Main street on Wednesday, and killed by a passing train.
The Royal Humane Society will present Mr. Frederick H. Jones, of Hamilton with a honorary testimonial for saving a drowning companion.
Mr. William Bay, of Royston park, Owen Sound, one of the early settlers of that district, died at his home on Wednesday aged eighty.
Mr. Pencher, one of the editors of the Paris Journal des Debats, was killed on Friday in a sword duel by M. Lachastelle, an officer of marine.
The water will be let out of the Corra Canal on March 16 to allow of a large amount of manure being laid before the opening of navigation.
George Magee, colored, met death on the scaffold in the gaol yard at Frankfort, Ky., on Friday for the murder of Charles Thomas, a fellow convict.
Dress reform was the theme of Wednesday discussion at the National Council of Women, sitting in Washington. The usual protests were entered against cumbersome, constricted waists, and high-heeled shoes.

PROVINCIAL FINANCES
Mr. Harcourt Gives an Account of His Stewardship.
SURPLUS OF OVER FIVE MILLION
A Spirited Debate in Which Government and Opposition Speakers and the Patron Leader Took Part.
The Opposition Party.
See a Synopsis.
TORONTO, March 1.—The Provincial budget was presented in the Legislature yesterday. The House was crowded when Hon. Richard Harcourt rose to deliver his annual financial statement of the affairs of the Province of Ontario. He promised to be brief and to make his statement in a clear and unpartisan spirit. He began by quoting these figures:
ASSETS OF THE PROVINCE, \$5,394,915.97.
LIABILITIES, \$2,075.33.
Surplus of assets after deducting liabilities presently payable, \$3,318,940.64.
The receipts for 1894 were given as follows:
Subsidy \$1,116,872.80
Specific grant 81,950.00
Interest on capital held and "debits" by the Dominion to Ontario 310,000.00
Interest on investments 2,270.97
Legislation 1,072,822.29
Algebra taxes 2,108.62
Law 84,807.36
Licenses 277,300.14
Education Department 48,000.00
Public Institutions revenue 29,274.03
Casual revenue 232,094.64
Income tax 6,000.00
Mercer Retortory—capital 40.00
Drainage works assessments 12,975.00
Drainage debentures 4,000.14
T. H. & B. road 7,301.21
Brewers' Licenses (R.S.O. cap. 194, sec. 51) 54,208.89
Total \$3,433,162.69

The expenditure for 1894 was made up as follows:
Civil government \$ 240,474.10
Legislation 142,962.22
Administration of justice 418,463.63
T. H. & B. road 684,509.80
Public institutions maintenance 76,953.92
Public Institutions 81,104.84
Agriculture 181,484.21
Hospitals and charities 182,022.20
Public works 21,141.00
Public buildings 205,124.21
Public works 111,188.38
Colonization roads 116,872.28
Charges Crown lands 11,412.36
Miscellaneous 20,819.85
Debt 19,011.27
Miscellaneous (Title) 25,800.00
Railway aid certificate 74,200.00
Annuity 107,829.82
Brockville Asylum 37,000.00
Land 1894 502.17
(special) bought, \$106,696.12, less distributed, \$13,519.64, 3,106.48
Total \$3,842,505.23

The estimated receipts for 1895 were placed at \$3,140,372, notwithstanding the fact that the estimate called for an expenditure of \$5,401,905.
The receipts from liquor licenses have been constantly reduced. In 1873 one license cost \$200, and the population, while in 1880 it required 645 of a population to receive a license. In 1888 there were 4,707 licenses, and the population was 2,274, though the population had largely increased. There were 150 licenses in Toronto for every 1,508 of the population. In Montreal there were 82 licenses, or for every 840 of population. He thought that the question as to whether brewers should be required to pay for licenses. The matter was before the courts, yet, he probably be settled during the year. Two-thirds of the money that would come from this source would go to the municipalities. He thought that the law which had been passed, calling upon the heirs of estates to pay for a licence, was a very good one. Last year it had been estimated that the amount of revenue that the Government would receive from this source would be \$70,000, but the actual receipts were during 1894 \$190,751. He predicted that in 1895 this amount would largely increase. He promised that all money received from these duties would be set apart and expended for the maintenance of the houses for deaf mutes and institutions for the blind. He thought that within three months of the opening of the year these duties would be sufficient in amount to defray all the expenses of hospitals and all other public institutions. He promised that he would propose to raise a revenue from these successive duties a cry had been raised that the Government was making an effort to accumulate. The experience of similar legislation in England and throughout Europe had proved exactly what had been demonstrated in Ontario, namely, that while the Government was successful in raising a revenue from a source that was not a burden, it continued to grow rich. The Province of Quebec received last year from the same source \$140,000. New York State from the same source last year received \$1,085,234, or one-tenth the total revenue of the State. The largest sum received from any estate during 1894 came from the county of Perth. The sum of \$12,200 was received from the estate of an unmarried man. One-sixth of all the revenues of the province since Confederation had been spent for the maintenance of the public institutions. The per capita cost in Ontario for 1894 of inmates in public institutions, including salaries of officers and maintenance of the institutions, was \$127.28, while in New York State the per capita cost for similar institutions was \$184.77. The salaries of all officials in the American institutions were very much larger than those paid to Canadian holding similar offices. He pointed out that though the Government had increased the grant year by year for education, agriculture, hospitals, charities, and large sums upon the erection of the Brockville asylum, the Government had still been unable to reduce materially each year the total expenditure. Last year they had spent \$27,000 less for all purposes than they did in 1893. The total receipts during 1894 exceeded the total expenditures by \$373,989, notwithstanding the fact that the heavy special expenditure of \$25,000 had been made for rebuilding Toronto University and \$90,000 to retire railway aid on the condition that the Government should purchase buildings and the Brockville asylum.

Referring to the increased expenditure under the head of the maintenance of the public institutions, he pointed out that the business had been rapidly growing, more reports were printed, and the cost of printing bills had increased. He claimed that, after paying all debts at present payable, the surplus at the end of 1894 was \$5,394,915. He expected to receive during 1895 as revenue from Crown lands \$235,000, from liquor licenses \$280,000, and from succession duties \$175,000. He expected to expend \$3,842,505, or \$350,000 less.

Death of a Prominent Jap.
HAMILTON, March 1.—Joshiro C. Saito, a Japanese artist of great ability, who has been living at Dundas since last spring studying and painting Canadian scenery in that vicinity, died here after an illness of two months. Mr. Saito was an intelligent and exceedingly gentlemanly and cultured man, very interesting articles to the press on the strength and prospects of his country in the struggle with China and his predictions have been largely fulfilled. His father was colonel in the Japanese army and was killed in an engagement. Deceased was well known and highly thought of by members of the profession in this country. He was less than last year. The year 1895 was commenced with a credit balance in the banks of \$60,074 in cash.

Mr. Marten's Criticism.
Mr. Marten, upon stating to reply was greeted with applause. He complained that a greater time had not been allowed the members to consider the public accounts before being called upon to answer the statement of the provincial treasurer. He thought that an unfair advantage had been taken by the treasurer when he only gave 30 hours time to look into the accounts, while he had months to review them. He thought the best of the treasurer of Ontario one of the best in Canada. All he had to do was to receive a cheque for over a million dollars every year from the Dominion Government and another million from the sale of lands. The balance was but a small amount, and but little effort of the brain or body was required to collect it. It was not difficult to collect money called for an expenditure of \$5,401,905.

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Poor Digestion.
Leads to nervousness, fretfulness, peevishness, chronic dyspepsia and great misery. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the remedy. It tones the stomach, creates an appetite, and gives a relish to food. It makes pure blood and gives healthy action to all the organs of the body. Take Hood's for Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures.
Hood's PILLS become the favorite cathartic with every one who tries them. 25c.

THE PATRON LEADER SPEAKS.
Mr. Harcourt resumed the debate on the budget when the House met in the evening. There was no applause when the hon. member arose. He said that he considered the effort of the Provincial Treasurer a grand one. The speaker of the House, the Treasurer and the Government credit. He thought, however, that the Treasurer should not have used in comparison the expenses of the State of New York against those of Ontario, since the population of New York State was 10,000,000 while in Ontario we had but 2,000,000 of a population. The Treasurer had said that our expenses were but half those of New York State. According to population the expenses of Ontario should be but one-third those of New York. He blamed the Government for not having reduced the salaries of officials, since within the past fifteen years the cost of living in Ontario had been constantly decreasing. Wages were less and prices were less. Why then should Government officials continue to have their salaries increased? He had been anxious to hear Mr. Marten's speech, but when it was delivered he found that it was simply a rehash of speeches he had been delivering during the past three years. He agreed with Mr. Marten that the Government should be a leader of the Opposition that all supplies should be purchased by tender and contract, since the Government was to be as the patrons did, but direct from the manufacturer. He also agreed with Mr. Marten that the Government was not doing enough for public schools. He thought that the fifth form should be in every school.
He regretted that Hon. Mr. Dryden had referred to Mr. Marten as he had done at London, but he regretted more that Mr. Marten had seen fit to drag a perfectly personal matter before the House.
Messrs. Mackenzie and Cosens continued the debate, and the House adjourned at ten o'clock.