

NRS. GORDON WRIGHT'S ELECTED PRESIDENT

Mrs. Asa Gordon a Close Second in Election
for Presidency of Dominion W. C. T. U.
— Mrs. Wright Undecided at First
Whether to Accept or Not, Finally De-
cides to Do So

Mrs. Gordon Wright of London, Ontario, yesterday afternoon was elected president of the Dominion W. C. T. U. Mrs. Asa Gordon was Mrs. Wright's nearest opponent, the vote standing 24 to 20. There was a question concerning the legality of the vote there being two more ballots cast than the number of qualified voters. For a time Mrs. Wright was doubtful if she would accept office, but was finally declared elected. The election of officers was not completed yesterday. It will be continued today, when balloting for the officers of the "Y's." secretary and editor of the official organ will take place. Several new officers were elected yesterday. Mrs. T. H. Bullock of this city is among the new officers, having been elected treasurer.

The elections occupied the greater part of yesterday's session. Several reports were presented at both business sessions. In the afternoon paper on Women's Suffrage by Miss Musgrave of Nova Scotia was heard by a large number of delegates and visitors.

From five to seven o'clock last evening the delegates were entertained at the residence of Mrs. W. H. Miles, 16 High street, who was "at home" to them. The evening was taken up by a special meeting for the "Y's."

ELECTION RESULTS.
The results of yesterday's election were as follows:
Hon. president, Mrs. Anne O. Ruth-
erford, Toronto, Ont.; president, Mrs. G. R. Wright, London, Ont.; vice-pres-
ident-at-large, Mrs. J. M. MacLellan,
Calgary, Alberta; corresponding secre-
tary, Mrs. E. A. Stewart, Toronto; re-
cording secretary, Mrs. R. W. MacLellan,
Montreal; treasurer, Mrs. T. H. Bullock,
St. John.

Mrs. Bascam was nominated for the office of corresponding secretary but declined the nomination. Mrs. Chisholm led on the first ballot for the vice-presidency but lost on the second ballot. All the ladies who were elected to office briefly thanked the convention for the honor bestowed upon them.

During the afternoon Miss Musgrave read her paper on Women's Suffrage. She was presented with a bouquet by the St. John branch of the Women's Suffrage Association. A telegram from the National W. C. T. U. convention of the United States was received. It asked that there be united action to abolish the "time saloon" on the boundary. No action was taken.

**AMERNO GIVES AN
EXCELLENT PERFORMANCE**
Hypnotism and Vaudeville Program at
the Opera House—Horo All
This Week.

Amermo, the famous hypnotist, and his vaudeville company opened a week's engagement at the Opera House last night with an excellent and varied entertainment. Amermo himself was, of course, the leading feature of the program and his performance justified his claims as one of the leading entertainers in this line. The company consisted of a number of well-known artists, and their performance was a notable feature of the tests which were made.

The supporting company of vaudeville artists are very good in their various acts. Among the more noticeable were the Moxleys, a clever singing and dancing team. Prince Wentworth, the trick violinist. The company puts on an excellent show and deserves a larger patronage than it received last night. The program will be entirely changed for this evening's programme.

DEATHS
P. A. NANNERY.
P. A. Nannery, the well known actor died yesterday in New York. Mr. Nannery was born in West St. John and was for many years a resident of this city. He has many friends here who will learn of his death with sincere regret. For a long time Mr. Nannery has made his home in New York.

JAMES CLARKE.
James Clarke, of Milford, died on Sunday aged 61 years, and leaving a large family. In addition to his wife, he is survived by one son, James, at home, and seven daughters. Mrs. G. W. Gifford, of Milford; Mrs. D. M. Yule, of Somerville, Mass.; Mrs. G. Herbert, of Brookline, Mass.; Mrs. G. Wallace, of Milford; Miss Alice, of Somerville, Mass.; Miss Gussie and Miss Annie, of Milford. Mr. Clarke in his early life was a prominent actor. He rowed with the Neptune crew for a long time, and was one of the oarsmen when they took second place on the Charles River, Boston.

FRANK SMITH.
SMITH, STEPHEN, Nov. 1.—Frank Smith, one of our best known citizens, passed away this morning at half-past four, his death resulting from pneumonia. He had been engaged in the business of a bookbinder and was highly esteemed by a large number

New Zealand, the Australian Commonwealth and Colorado. Civilization, she said, was filled with injustice, the greatest instance being the denial to women of the right to defend their property and children by the ballot. The laws concerning marriage and education she characterized as one-sided and could be rectified only by women. Speaking of the "brave, persevering sisters in England" the suffragettes, Miss Musgrave regretted that she was not over there where she could see the anti-suffragettes like Mrs. Humphrey Ward and Lady Paget knew nothing of the suffering borne by their unfortunate sisters of the lower classes. Miss Hargrave also made an attack on capital punishment and militarism, which she professed to believe was threatening the country.

Mrs. Whitman, of Canoe, N. S., reported in the afternoon on work among the sailors, fishermen and lighthouse keepers, stating that great attention was needed in the work. New Brunswick and Quebec had been in the fore in the work, but Ontario showed lack of interest. The urged more systematic contribution.

A solo by Miss Thompson added to the enjoyment of the afternoon's session. Miss Eleanor reported on "Work Among Young People's Societies." The work, she thought, was not advancing as it should. During the course of the evening she referred to the use of alcoholic liquors at social functions. Discussion ensued on this topic and also on bridge. Some members thought the W. C. T. U. should take a stand on both questions. One lady, speaking of the bridge question, said that the W. C. T. U. existed to prevent the liquor traffic, and not to comment on social organization. Her remark was greeted with applause.

No action was taken concerning the matters and adjournment was made at 5:30 p. m.

At Mrs. Miles' reception the "Y's" secretary, Mrs. E. G. Waycott, was presented with a bouquet of white chrysanthemums.

In the morning the reports of the Unfranchised Women Department was read by Mrs. Stevens.

Mrs. MacLellan reported for the Loyalty Temperance Legion. A telegram from the National W. C. T. U. convention of the United States was received. It asked that there be united action to abolish the "time saloon" on the boundary. No action was taken.

of friends. He was about sixty-seven years of age and is survived by a widow, two sons and two daughters. Albert of Washington state, Edward of Winnipeg, who arrived in the noon train today, Mrs. A. J. Upham, Stephen and Miss Christine, who is visiting her brother in Winnipeg.

**GOMPERS MAY SPEND
A YEAR IN PRISON**
Sentence of Columbia Court
Is Upheld

**Court of Appeals Confirms Decision in
Contempt Case Arising Out of
Famous Boycott.**

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—The district court of appeals today affirmed the degree of the supreme court of the district of Columbia adjudging President Samuel Gompers, Secretary Frank Morrison and Vice-President John Mitchell, of the American Federation of Labor, guilty of contempt of court in the Buck Stove and Range case.

Chief Justice Sheppard dissented from the opinion of the court on constitutional grounds. The court held that the fundamental issue was whether the constitutional agencies of government should be obeyed or defied. The mere fact that the defendants were the officers of organized labor in America, said the court, "lent importance to the case and added to the gravity of the situation but it should not be permitted to influence the result." "If an organization of citizens, however large," the court held, "may disobey the mandates of the court the same reasoning would render them subject to individual influence. Both are subject to the law and neither are above it. If a citizen, though he may honestly believe that his rights have been invaded, may deem it wise to what extent he will obey the mandates of the court and the requirements of the law as interpreted by the court instead of pursuing the ordinary course of appeal not only the courts but the government itself would become powerless and be reduced to a state of anarchy."

The action of the supreme court of the district of Columbia in sentencing Samuel Gompers, Mitchell and Morrison to twelve, nine and six months' imprisonment in jail respectively was the result of their failure to obey the order of the court directing them to desist from placing the Buck Stove and Range Company, of St. Louis, on their unfair list in the prosecution of a boycott against the corporation.

DUTIES OF THE DOMINION POLICE FORCE IMPORTANT IN PUBLIC AFFAIRS OF CANADA

Sketch of Notable Organization Dating Back to Pre-Confederation Days—Splendid Body of Men Under Commissioner Sherwood Charged With the Protection of Country's Public Buildings and Works and the Safety of Distinguished Visitors.

OTTAWA, Nov. 1.—One of the many interesting features that strike the visitor to the public service and departmental buildings in the Capital is the tall guard post that stands erect at the entrance of each. It is a symbol of the Dominion Police Force of Canada, a body of men created by the governments of Upper and Lower Canada before the Confederation for the routine work of taking care of the country's buildings and assets at the seat of government, and in times of stress, danger or excitement to keep watch over the public works throughout the country.

At the threshold of every departmental structure one of these men is to be met at any hour of the day or night. Uniformed in blue, with a spiked helmet adorned with the Dominion coat of arms, trousers with a wide red stripe, and a red and white band around his left arm—the distinguishing mark that he is on duty—he stands straight, strong and stalwart.

When one catches a glimpse of the Dominion policeman on duty in the day time he has to be a mine of information for visitors, directing the way to the various offices and keeping his eye clear for suspicious characters.

The strength of the force is nominally fifty-eight men. During the time of the South African war when a desperate attempt was made to blow up the Welland canal locks special forces were engaged to protect the government works and the temporary strength of the force being 125.

The history of the Dominion police, as stated, dates back a number of years before Confederation. The force was at first two commissioners, C. J. Courso, afterwards Judge Courso, and Gilbert McKelvey. The first ruled in Lower Canada and the latter in the Dominion of the latter was in Upper Canada. When the Province of Manitoba was taken over from the Hudson Bay Company, Mr. McKelvey was sent to Winnipeg as assistant commissioner of police by General Bannard, C. M. G.

General Bannard was succeeded in office by Mr. August Keefe, who died in 1888.

The present head of the Dominion police force is Colonel A. P. Sherwood, C.M.G., M.V.O., A.D.C., commander of the 8th Infantry brigade and one of the foremost citizens of the Capital. He comes of good old English stock. His father was an emigrant settler of Carleton county. Colonel Sherwood began his official career as deputy sheriff during the early days of the Dominion, later filling the office of chief of police for the city of Ottawa. In 1882 he was made superintendent of the Dominion force, and three years later he was elevated to his present position. His chief assistants are Inspectors Dennis Hogan and James Parkin.

Mr. Parkin, formerly chief of police in the Capital, has been in the routine work of the men. He was appointed inspector ten years ago, and a former member of the city police force. Mr. Parkin, formerly of the Canadian secret service branch of the Dominion force, and has been a member of it for many years. Many important cases have been successfully brought to a conclusion by the work of the police force.

Guard work, of course, is the main duty of the majority of the men. Sixty duty guarding the gold and silver vaults of the government. At Rideau Hall, the residence of the Governor-General, four men are continually on duty while during the regular sessions of the House of Commons a like number are always on the watch. The archives, the militia stores, the outlying public buildings and other points claim supervision of the constabulary. A regular mail service is in operation all day. Hours of delivery and collection are kept with the regularity of clockwork. All letters are signed for when taken from a box, and the person receiving is also required to sign, making the system a complete registered one.

Not a little of the arduous out-of-town work by the older men on the force is done among the outlying Indian posts and reserves. Single hand and alone journeys of probably a thousand miles into the frozen north of the force, into the very heart of a semi-civilized tribe, an important arrest made and law order enforced. The extradition of fugitives from justice from foreign countries is also looked after, desperate criminals being returned to their own countries by the special men of the force. Protection to members of the royal family is the more important assignments which the police have to look after.

The ticket-of-leave system is operating at present under the supervision of the Dominion police. When a convict is released from any of the penitentiaries the secretary of state notifies the commissioner of police. All such convicts when released report to the chief of police or sheriff of the county in which they reside. The majority report at least once a month during the period of their parole and the reports are forwarded on to the Dominion force, thus making the parole system come directly under the Dominion force.

THE HEADQUARTERS.
The office of Commissioner Sherwood is located in the West block on Parliament Hill. The suite of rooms here do not by their interior disclose the fact that they are the headquarters of the commissioner of the Dominion police. The office is a simple, business-like. The offices of the inspectors, sergeants and the secret service branch are located in the East block. There are also a number of well equipped, but as well illustrated by the length of time it took to identify the various officers of the force, a very necessary adjunct to be still in an identification bureau for crooks, where the barometer and finger print systems may be installed. With these a complete record of all criminals who have been through Canadian penitentiaries could be secured, and would prove of the greatest convenience and assistance in the administration of this valuable public service branch. It is expected that this department will be added to the facilities of the force in the near future. One member, Constable Foster, has been in charge of study of this branch of criminology. While on trips to London and while on the force, he has been in charge of the exhibition of Canadian gold and silver coins. He has been in charge of the improvement of himself in this regard, and he has been in charge of the improvement of himself in this regard, and he has been in charge of the improvement of himself in this regard.

One of the biggest tasks ever given to the commissioner of Dominion police was the capture of the Prince and Princess of Wales during their visit to Canada eight years ago. He came of good old English stock. He visited the Quebec territory. The personal safety of the royal pair has entrusted to Col. Sherwood and his staff. During their journey across Canada the first visit. It was a period of anxiety for all concerned. The Dominion force, as a whole, was great vigilance had to be exercised by the officers travelling on the several special trains which carried the party. The commissioner of the Dominion force, as a whole, was great vigilance had to be exercised by the officers travelling on the several special trains which carried the party.

SOME BIG CASES.
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**WHOLE TOWN SCARED
BY A DESPERADO**

ORANGEVILLE, Nov. 2.—The desperate attack by Bob Cook on Constable James Halbert on Saturday night was discussed at the meeting of the town council tonight, and a substantial reward was offered for Cook's capture. For years Cook has defied the police here and elsewhere. He now regards himself as invincible. Owing to the desperate character of the man, it is feared his capture may not be effected without bloodshed. Cook was seen in town yesterday and is believed to be still in the vicinity, as he has several relatives in this neighborhood. The provincial authorities have been communicated with as it is believed their officers would have better chance to effect his capture.

**FOR OUT DOOR WORK
IN THE WETTEST WEATHER
NOTHING EQUALS
TOWERS'
WATERPROOF
GARMENTS
THEY LOOK WELL
WEAR WELL
AND WILL NOT LEAK
RETAILS EVERYWHERE
TOWERS' CANADIAN CLOTHING CO. TORONTO, CAN.**

government of the country. Notable among these are the prosecution of the charges of conspiracy against Hon. Thomas McCreedy and N. K. Connolly in 1898, in connection with the Quebec harbor works, the Lachine bridge scandal, the St. Louis affair, and other cases of embezzlement.

The personnel of the men who comprise the force is interesting. The majority of them are ex-soldiers or ex-police men, and not a few are men who served their country through the South African war. On the breasts of many of the uniforms may be seen the battle ribbon which tells of the number of engagements in which the wearer has taken part.

For his services in connection with the guardianship of the Prince and Princess of Wales during their trip through Canada in 1901, Col. Sherwood was created a companion of the Order of St. Michael and St. George. Several times his name has been mentioned in the Canada Gazette for notable commissions accomplished. In 1893 and 1897 he was entrusted by the government with special duties in the Behring Sea arbitration. In addition to his excellent police record, Col. Sherwood has a distinguished military career. He was commander of the Forty-third D. C. O. R. and is at present the officer commanding the Eighth Infantry brigade.

**BODY OF MISSING
BOY FOUND BY DOG**

Lad Wandered Away From His Home at Forestville on September 30.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., Nov. 1.—A bird dog, while retrieving a pheasant, today found the body of five year old Arthur Lonsdale, who had been missing from his home at Forestville since September 30.

The lad was found lying in the middle of a laurel bush, about two miles from his home. Both shoes were worn from his feet and his clothing was torn to shreds. It is believed from the condition of the wearing apparel that the boy was alive for several days after his disappearance.

Hundreds of men and boys searched the mountains for two weeks without being able to find any trace of the missing child, although they had been in the locality where the dead body was found. Death was due to exposure.

**SQUAW ASKS DIVORCE;
NAMES TWO OTHERS**

Raises Novel Point in Ind on Jurisprudence by Filing Cross-Suit—Demand for Alimony.

LEWISTOWN, Idaho, Nov. 1.—Della Moses, a comely squaw, raises a novel point in legal jurisprudence in a cross-complaint, filed in the district court, where her husband, James Moses, Jr., a wealthy Indian, formerly a member of the New Perches tribe, recently made application for a divorce, charging desertion.

Mrs. Moses sets out in her bill that when an American Indian severs his tribal relations, takes a position as a citizen and is given the privilege of transacting his own business, he assumes a duty and responsibility, also that he must be governed by the laws of the state in which he resides.

She also asks for alimony for the support of herself and two minor children. She alleges desertion and non-support, and charges that two young squaws robbed her of her husband more than a year ago.

Della and James were married in 1902 and lived together happily until the summer of 1908, when, she states in the complaint, Susie Kooklets and Ruth, Indians named as co-defendants, came to her husband's life. This is the first suit of its kind to be filed in the courts of Idaho, or, in fact, in any state in the Northwest.

**SEVENTEEN VICTIMS
BURIED YESTERDAY**

Many Attended the Funeral Services

Impressive Ceremony—The Bodies of the Hestia Victims Interred at Yarmouth.

YARMOUTH, N. S., Nov. 1.—Seventeen of the bodies of those lost in the wreck of the ill-fated Hestia, were buried at Yarmouth today and another will be buried tomorrow. The name of the man found at Port Maitland on Sunday morning was James Welsh. Another body which has been identified as Alex. Dumigan, came ashore at Bullerwell's Point yesterday. Second Engineer Morgan and Seaman McKenzie, two of the survivors, together with Mr. Schofield, representing Robert Reford & Co., have been here since Friday night identifying the bodies and making arrangements for the funeral.

The services this p. m. were conducted by Rev. Dr. Hill, pastor of St. John's Presbyterian Church, and were of a most impressive character. The body of Capt. Newman was the only one taken to the church. The others were placed in two graves in the Mountain cemetery, one of which contained the bodies of thirteen of the dead, Captain Newman, First Officer McNair, Chief Engineer Munn and Third Engineer Best were buried together in a private interment.

The services at the church were attended by a large number of people and many followed the remains to their last resting place. Among them were Mayor Kelley and members of the town council, B. B. Law, M.P., E. H. Armstrong, M.P., Hon. George Ashdown, United States Consul General Fleming, and other prominent citizens.

The officers of the D. A. R. steamed in port attended in a body and there were many shipping masters in the cortege. The pall-bearers were Captains J. E. Murphy, George Cann, J. W. Anderson and S. E. Messenger.

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The services at the church were attended by a large number of people and many followed the remains to their last resting place. Among them were Mayor Kelley and members of the town council, B. B. Law, M.P., E. H. Armstrong, M.P., Hon. George Ashdown, United States Consul General Fleming, and other prominent citizens.

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COLLEGE DECIDES TO ABOLISH ATHLETICS

Action Follows Another Fatal Football Accident

California Tennis Players in Australia—Harvard's Delegates to Byrne's Funeral—Aeronautic Pilots Organize

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 1.—The students of the Medico-Chemical College to the number of 500 held a mass meeting this afternoon and decided to abolish all athletics at the institution because of the death yesterday of Michael Burke, a member of the college football team, who was injured on Saturday in a game with the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy.

SYDNEY, N. S. W., Nov. 2.—Maurice McLoughlin and Melville H. Long, the California tennis players, who are to contest here for the Dwight F. Davis international challenge cup, have arrived. They were heartily welcomed by the New South Wales and Queensland Tennis Associations. The Americans will not take part in the Victoria tournament but will put in steady practice at Sydney until the tournament is on. Both men are in good condition and confident of taking back the trophy to the United States.

**KING MENELIK OF
ABYSSINIA DYING**

Leader of Masonic Order in Mexico is Dead

T. P. O'Connor in Chicago—Denies Change of Control of B. and A. Ry.—Internal Revenue Receipts of U. S. Show Enormous Increase

ADDIS ABABA, Abyssinia, Nov. 1.—It is reported that King Menelik, who was stricken with apoplexy, is seriously ill and the end is expected soon.

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 1.—John C. Moorhead, grand master of the Mason