1918

Standard Stock Feed

CTION has been taken by the Agricultural Section of the Or-Agricultural Section of the Or-mittee to build up a reserve of standard stock feed in Ontario that will be sufficient to carry the farmers through the coming winter. At a meeting of the committee on Wednesday of last week a contract was en-tered into with James Richardson & Sons, of Kingston, to purchase all the oil cake, cotton seed meal, velvet bean oil case, cotton seed mean, vervet bean meal and the other ingredients neces-sary for the manufacture of these feeds. The concentrates are to be purchased in the United States, under an arrangement entered into some time ago with the United States Food Administration. About half a million dollars will be expended in this way.

Manufacture of the standard hog

and dairy feeds commenced last month James Richardson & Sons will now purchase all the ingredients ne-cessary for the immediate manufac-ture of these feeds, and will distribute them to the millers. In addition to this, the Government agents will buy ins, its obverament agents will only up all the oil cake, cotton seed meal, etc., available to build up a reserve that will meet the needs of the farmers next winter when transportation difficulties are at their worst, according to an announcement of Dr. G. C. Creelman, Commissioner of Agricul-

For Hog and Cattle Feeds.

A contract was closed by the com-mittee with the Campbell Milling Company, with mills at Toronto and Peter boro', for the supply of practically unlimited quantities of the standard has and cattle feeds. Although nine mills in the province signed contracts with the committee to manufacture these feeds, the Campbell Milling Company is the only one that has compiled with all the requirements. At present the company has practi-cally 1,500 tons of the feeds available for immediate shipment. The hog feed is available to the farmers at \$57 a ton in carload lots in bags to Onpoints, and the dairy feed at

The committee also appointed Mr. The columntee also appointed Mr. Thomas Renton, of James Richardson & Sons, of Kingston, as inspector of the mills manufacturing the feeds, Mr. Renton will inspect the equipment, the books and the manufactured article, and also check up the monthly returns of the companies. The manufacturers are limited to \$5 a ton profit.

A Year with United Grain Growers, Ltd.

(Continued from page 8.)

Sawmills, Limited, a subsidiary company owned entirely by the United Grain Growers, is now doing business. The company has erected a modern sawmill in Northern British Columbia, having a capacity of 75,000 feet per day of ten hours, with shingle and lath mill in conjunction, so that all kinds of orders will in future be filled from the company's own mills, situated on the main line of the G. T. P. at Hutton

A Farm Lands Department.

Another activity which was undertaken since the amalgamation was the exact since the amargamation was the organization of another subsidiary company, known as United Grain Growers' Securities Co., Limited, with the object of doing a straight commission business only in the sale of farm lands, Valuation and detail reports are made through carefully selected local agents throughout the three provinces, the aim of the company being to give both buyer and seller a reliable ser-vice, such as is possible through the

complete organization of the company. Still another activity of this comany is that which is now known as United Grain Growers (B.C.), Limited, owning an elevator and warehouse at New Westminster, B.C., and serving needs of the farmers of British Columbia by means of eleven branches the mainland and Vancouver

The aim of the officers of the company is to give complete service and satisfaction, by means of promptness, complyeness of protection and finan-cial savings to its shareholders and customers, and that this aim is being realized can be shown by the state-ment that in eleven years the number ment that in eleven years the number of shareholders has grown to over 36,000, the subscribed capital to over \$2,000,000, the paid-up capital to over \$2,000,000, the paid-up capital to over \$2,000,000. Surely a sufficent answer to a query sometimes made that a query sometimes made that a company wand, operated and concompany owned, operated and con-trolled by farmers cannot succeed.

Ontario Wool Prices

HERE were 720,000 lbs. of wool in the lot which Ontario sheep raisers shipped to Gueiph under the cooperative plan for grading and

The prices received for the wool were as follows: Fine medium wool were as follows: Fine medium combing, 76½c; medium combing, 76½c; nedium clothing, 73½c; low medium combing, 73½c; low combing, 67c; coarse, 60%c; burry and seed, 42c; cotts, 50c; dead, 50c; grey and blank, 43c; tagged 15½c.

42c; cotts, 59c; dead, 59c; grey and black, 41c; tagged, 16½c. Selling charges amounting to ap-proximately 3½, will be subtracted from these prices when cheques are mailed to the shippers. The growth from 280,000 lbs. last year to 720,000 lbs. handled under the

cooperative scheme this year will be a great encouragement to the Ontario Sheep Breeders' Association and their secretary, Mr. R. W. Wade, who have been responsible for initiating this scheme

We respectfully request our readers to write the circulation department about our premiums for new subscribers.

An Incorporated Cow

HIS is the story of an incorporated The cow was kept and owned

by a man in Rockwood.

He used what milk he could, and sold the balance to two neighbors. The big milk companies objected. They said he was virtually operating a dairy. They complained to the health department, and demanded that he be made to come. he be made to comply with all health

regulations governing dairies.

It would have required the expenditure of several hundred dollars.

So he went to his two neighbors and

"Let us incorporate my cow. You each take stock in her. I will retain a majority of stock. I will keep and feed and milk the cow."

They agreed to it. And thus was created Spokane's first incorporated cow.—Spokane, Wash., Press.

