## Cbe Fome mission Journal.

A record of Mistionary, Sumlyy School and Colportage urk. Published semi-monthly by the Cummittee of the Home Nisstion Boart of New Brunswick.
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Tuv. Hose. Misstos formsal.,
${ }^{4}$ buck Street, Sto John, N, B,
should be aldressed to
REV. J.H. HIGHES,
Cartetor, EB John.

## Terms,

50 Cents a Year

## Health Column.

## Dun't For The Nurserg.

Don't hang eurtains around the cot. Children need plenty of air, especially when sleeping.

Don't place the cot in a position where the light will fall on the child's eyes; nor in a draught.

Don't make up the baby's led on the floor. The air is most pernicious near the floor, and purest in the middle of the room.

Don't forget that children's clothing should be warm, but light.
Dou't forget to remove the chidd to a eat, with a hair mattrass, when it old enough to leave the cradle.

Don't neglect to air the children's bed clothes very day, taking them in about noon.
Don't allow a child to sleep with an elder peroun: its rest will be less disturbed, and more beneficial alone.

Don't neglect any of the foregoing hints.

## Breathe Throtgh Tue Nose.

The hygienic mother of the present day sees 0 it that her children keep ther mouths closed when asleep and at all other times when not necessary for the purposes of eating. drinking of talking.
The evils of breathing through the mouth cannot be too strongly dwelt upon.
In the first place the invisible dust which contantly floats in the air is drawn in directly to the lungs, injuring hereby the delicate metnbranes of the entire breathing apparatus.
Catarrhal tronble frequently results simply from this careless habit of breathing. not to mention more serious disorders which are quite iable to enste.
Another evil resulting from this practice is the bubecoming and foolish expression given to the face by habitually going about with the lips part.

When a child is allowed to sleep in this mathner, the habit becomes an extremely difficult one no break during the waking hours as well
The entire personal appearance may be greatly disfigured by carelessness in this particular.
By breathing through the nose the air is both warmed and purified before it reaches the lungs The notrils ast as a sort sieve, allowing only pure air to pass beyond their domains.
A sudden blast of icy ais taken through the mouth and reaching directly the lungs, is often provocative of cold and even pneumonia.
Teachers of physical culture insist that their pupils shall keep the mouth closed during all physical exercise. Every athlete will vouch for it that he keeps his wind longer by breathing through the nose. Just so soon as he begins to breathe through the open mouth he loses gronnd. His mouth becomes dry and parched and i sharp pain in his chest soon forces him to desist the pain in his
exercise.

Breathe through the nose," is a maxim which cannot be too often or too emphatically repeated.

## Nutrition and Psychic Life.

Nutrition is the basis of modern physiology of all psychic life. Food is the first instinet of the soul. It has been computed that from one-half to three-fourths of all the world's energy goes to the seeking for food. The first fact to be considered is that every cell in the body has its own hiunger, probably wanting something, differing,
however slightly, from all the rest. It takes out what it wants from the blood. So that what we call hanger is a fat-off echo of the sum of the hungers of the individual cells, like the soar of distant waves from the deep.
The brain is an organ of digestion and its activity is just as necessary for health as that of the moscles. There the chemical clanges are most active. The blood goes into the brain micher and comes out poorer than in any other part of the body.

We live not alunt by what we digest, but by what we digest in a higher plane. It is a universal law that with nutrition goes happiness. The appetite, the joy of being alive, gives rise to all art and the higher developments of the mind. If people cannot eat and assimilate food they cannot be educated. Along with loss of appetite goes loss of love for work. To be weak is to be miserable. All diseases are self-starvation. They originate in fatigue which is unsatisfied cell-hunger.

The necessity of judicious, whoksome food is paramount. Yon can educate a long time by externals and not accomplish as mnch as good feeding will accomplish by itself. Chiddren must be supplied with plenty of nutriment if they are to develop healthy, etther in body of mind.
G. Stanlify Hall.

## Temperance Column.

## "it's Breaking My Heart."

The newspapers never reported a more pitiful story than the following: A wretched mother dropped dead about four weeks ago at the feet of a son who had been a burden and a sorrow to her. This son, who was thirty years old, instead of helping his mother, spent his wages for whiskey. At last the mother concluded that committing him as a habitual drunkard might lead to his reformation. She was called to the witness-stand to swear to the complaint, sut the strain was too great for her, and she fell dead with the words on her lips: "It's breaking my heart!" No orator, living or dead. ever delivered a temperance lecture equal to this in pathos and eloquence.

## A Conclusive Argument.

A noted temperance lecturer once visited the shop of a hatter, and asked him to give something to "the cause." The shopman coldly replied that he had no interest in it.

I am sorry to hear that," he said, "for it shows me that you are not acquainted with your own business.
"If you are more familiar with the businens than I am," said the man, with some
"Well," said the lecturer, "you deal in hats, and intend to make a litule money on every hat yot sell?"'

## "Certainly."

Whatever makes mell content to wear old. wornout hats does your craft an injury?':
"Yes."
Well sir, if you and I were to walk out along the wharves, and through the streets and lanes of this city, we should see scores of men wearing on their heads old, miserable slouched hats, which ought years ago to have been thrown into the fire. Now, why dont those men come at once and buy of you?'
'That is not a difficult question to answer," said the shopman. "They are too poor to buy hats.'

What has more influence than liquor in emptying their pockets, and not only that, but injuring their self-respect to such an extent that they are willing to wear old clothes?"'
'Nothing,"' said the man, hastily. "Here is some money for your cause!',-Ram's Horn.

## A Tomahawk Well Used

An Indian chief, seeing that his young men were being weakened and ruined by the "firewater'' which was brought by the white traders, forbade that any more liquor be brought within his limits.

A Frenchman dared to come and bring a keg of whiskey, and was about to draw it, when the
chief discovered the violation of his prohilditory law.

The old man drew his tomahawk from his lxit. cut the hoops from the keg, spilled the whiskey on the earth, then turned to the trader, and holding the tomahawk over his head, said: "Go home, you dog. If you bring the fire-water again, I'll split not only the keg, but yonr head, too. The xpeech was short but sufficient.

## An Easy Start.

Dr. Lobb tells the story of a man who stoed at a bar pleading for a glass of tiquor. The bartender refused him, having been warned not to sell him any. \#e tried to bribe the man to supply him. but the bar-tender was firm. "Yon have had delirimm tremens," he said, "and I dare not sell to vou." The man was angry, and he stepped aside sullenly to make room for two young mett. who gave their order and received their drink without demur.
The first man was annoyed, and he said to the bar-tender: "Yon would do less harm by giving me the liquor than giving it to them. I am ruined, lody and soul, and it can make no diffesence to, me now how much 1 drink; but those ence to me now how will be ruined by it, as I have been. When I was of their age you sold me liquor freely evough. Now, after I have been drinking for years, yot refuse me and you tuin someone else." Then turning to the young man, he said: "Keep od thus, and in a few years you will be like me."

## Let it Rest.

Ah! how many hearts on the brink of anxiety and disquietude, by this simple sentence, have been made calm and happy

Some proceeding has wounded us, by its want of tact; let it rest, no one will think of it again.

A harsh or mojust sentence irritates as; let it rest; wheever may have given vent to it, will be pleased to see it is forgotten.

A painful scandal is about to estrange us from an uld friend; let it rest, and thus preserve ous charity and peace of mind.

A suspicicus lack is on the point of cooling our affections; let it rest; and our look of trust will restore confidence.

Fancy! we who are so careful to remove the briass from our pathway, for fear they should wound, yet take pleasure in collecting and piercing our hearts with the thorns that meet us in our daily intercourse with one another. How childish and u.reasonable we are!-Gold Dust.

## "Tempted Liike as we Ere."

It is a great comfort and encouragement in ont trials and temptations to know that Christ hasuffered the like, and has overcome. It is told that "at the seige of Mons during the glorious career of Marlborough, the Duke of Argyle joined an attacking corps when it was on the point of shrinking from the contest; and, pushing among them, open-breasted, he exclaimed, "You among them, open-breasthers, it have no concealed armor, i am equally exposed with you. I require none to go where I shall refuse to venture. Re member, you fight for the liberties of Europe and the glory of your nation, which shall never suffer by my behavior; and I hope the char acter of a Briton is as dear to every one of you." " So it is with our Leader. It is not only of the grave that we may all say that we
go through no darker rooms
Than Christ passed through before.

A recent writer justly remarks that every human being, in essentials, is pretty much like every other human being-depressed. if not crushed, by adversity, depreciation, or want of encouragement, repelled by unkindness, active or passive, pleased by praise, spurred to fresh endeavor by appreciation, won by friendship.
Those who are found blessing God under their losses, will find God blessing them after their losses.

