## PART TWO.

#### NEW SOUTH WALES.

#### CHAPTER II.

### FOUNDATION OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

PAGE

A Colony in New South Wales Determined upon in 1787, by Viscount Sydney, Secretary of State for the Colonies. -A Fleet Sails from England, May, 1787.-Arrives in Botany Bay, January, 1788.—A more Unsuitable Site for a New Settlement could Hardly have been Chosen .-Captain Arthur Phillip, R. N., Governor, Determines to Explore the Coast.—He Reaches Port Jackson.—Its Surroundings.—Sydney Cove Decided on as the Site for the Colony.—The Colonists Meet a French Exploration Party.-A Flag-staff Erected and a Union Jack run up at Sydney Cove.-An Attempt to Raise Wheat Fails. -The Little Community on the Brink of Starvation. - Another Batch of Colonists .- Ships Sent to Cape Colony and Bataviato Procure Provisions.—The Colony Snatched from the very Brink of Destruction by Famine. -Other Difficulties with which the Colonists were Beset.—Attempts of Convicts to Escape from the Colony. -Captain Phillip an Ideal Governor of a Penal Colony..

# CHAPTER III. NEW SOUTH WALES AS A PENAL COLONY.

Captain Hunter Succeeds Phillip as Governor.—Erings out a Number of Free Settlers.—Farming Becomes a Success.—Population in 1800 over 6,000.—Discovery of Coal.—The Discovery of Bass Strait.—Philip Gidley King the Next Governor.—Constitution of the New South Wales Corps.—The Officers Become Importers of Rum.—Even Set up Private Stills.—The Importers' Indignation with King.—A Serious Mutiny among the Prisoners.—The Initiation of Wool-Growing by John Macarthur.—King Succeeded in 1806 by William Bligh.—Given Strictest Injunction to Stopthe Trade in Spirits.