BENEFITS OF PROHIBITION POINTED OUT BY SPEAKERS

Those Present at Yesterday's Sessions of W. C. T. U. Convention Hear Good Speeches — Women Urged to Register—President Gives Able Address.

Much interest is being taken in the sessions of the Provincial W. C. T. U. now being held and yesterday's meetings were well attended. In the morning Mrs. David Hutchinson led the devotional exercises. Mrs. Bates and Mrs. R. D. Christie led in prayer. Mrs. Hutchinson spoke on spiritual blessings.

A report on flower and relief work was read by Mrs. R. B. Gerrard, Campbellton, showed that a great deal of work had been done.

Mrs. J. J. Colter presented a report on militia showing that in centres where soldiers were located or had landed from overseas the soldier lads had been well looked after.

Mrs. James McWha, Sussex, read a report on the Ribbon Bulletin.

An interesting discussion followed the reading of the report. Mrs. A. C. M. Lawson, Fredericton, and Mrs. Hipwell and others taking part. It was resolved that the union take space in the Bulletin for publication of items.

Mrs. R. D. Christie, Y. secretary, presented an encouraging report.

Mrs. O'Neill, Dorchester, closed with Bible reading. She asked the prayers of members for sisters across the water who are making a special effort for prohibition at the present time.

Mrs. Mary Humphrey, Sackville, gave an interesting reading on David and his friends.

Mrs. J. J. Colter delivered the final prayer.

Afternoon Session.

In the afternoon the devotional service was led by Mrs. J. J. Colter who took the lesson from Habbakuk, drawing attention to the great advance of women's work.

A paper on the Evangelistic Department was read by Mrs. D. J. Bruce, and in the discussion which followed Mrs. Bates, Mrs. D. Hipwell, Mrs. Seymour, Mrs. Lawson and Mrs. Finness took part.

The Provincial President, Mrs. Hetherington, of Riverside, Albert county, then gave her address. She reviewed conditions throughout the world, stating that Dr. C. W. Saleeby asserts that the first year of the great war cost 80,000 lives of soldiers and sailors, but during every year of peace alcohol takes at least 50,000 lives. "Drink used up as much tonnage as the Germans sunk with all their submarines. Drink during the war killed more men than all the German submarines put together."

In Ireland the temperance cause is receiving attention.

The premier of Iceland states that prohibition there is a great success and will not be revoked. In Arabia, the new ruler, Hussan, has prohibited all alcohol liquors throughout his domain and will not permit any intoxicants to enter its borders.

In all parts of South Africa, gatherings have been held recently, where resolutions were adopted in favor of prohibition.

In the United States statutory national prohibition went into effect July 1st, 1919, and constitutional prohibition becomes operative January 16th, 1920. The Inebriate Ward of the Philadelphia General Hospital closed its doors in July. The Boston police department records of July, 1919, under the prohibition show a reduction in suicides of 80 per cent. as compared with July, 1918. Lowell has closed up its jail because of the lack of prisoners. The prophisied increase in the number of drug addicts has not come true in Boston, according to the report of Health Commissioner Woodward. Kansas, with a population of 1,800,000, has had prohibition for thirty-five years.

Mrs. Hetherington praised the work of Rev. W. D. Wilson. She spoke of the evils of beer drinking and cigarette smoking, saying that all criminals are cigarette smokers.

The report of the corresponding secretary, Mrs. R. B. Gerrard, showed that there are 18 unions with an enrollment of 585 active members and 44 honorary members—five lost by death. 309 meetings have been held, 10 public, 50 parlour, 38 pledges signed; 169,000 pages of literature and many bundles distributed. Seven unions observed Temperance Sunday, nine the Day of Prayer; nine the Frances Willard Day; 238 copies of the Bulletin are taken; $620.02 collected.

The treasurer, Mrs. Lawson, reported after all disbursements a balance was in hand of $333.39. Mrs. Lawson was thanked by a hearty vote for her report.

The President moved the following resolution:

"Resolved, That our Provincial W. C. T. U.'s, now in session ask the government to suppliment the prohibitory legislation now in operation by putting into operation the amendments passed at the last session of the House, dealing with extracts, essences and tonics."

Mrs. Corbett gave an address on C. W. C. A. Work.

Evening Session.

Rev. F. E. Boothroyd led the devotions. The President then introduced Rev. Dr. Hutchinson, who spoke on the liquor question. He said the liquor traffic was the greatest enemy of the home, the church and the native land. He congratulated the W. C. T. U. on the fine work they were doing and the measure of success attained. It was a powerful influence for good and an universal organization.

Notwithstanding all that was said against prohibition, he stated that in his own experience he knew that prohibition did prohibit. But that now is a time of crisis, and that no good reason can be shown why we should return to the license system. Women must help the cause of prohibition by exercising the suffrage.

A solo "Come Unto Me" was beautifully rendered by Miss Turner.

Rev. F. E. Boothroyd presented greetings from Rev. Mr. Marshall. In his address Mr. Boothroyd urged the great necessity of women registering and fully explained the procedure. He foresaw a hard fight at the taking of the referendum, as it will be a fight against monetary interests and men's appetites with formidable enemies.

The speaker said that Union Government, both sides of politics, the United Farmers, the Railwaymen, merchants and churches were all in favor of prohibition, but the liquor party is out against it with all the devilish ingenuity of the Hun. He compared the statement "More liquor sold today" and others to the poison gas of the Germans. He admitted that a certain per cent. of the law was broken, but he also knew that a much larger per cent. of the same law is kept. Mr. Boothroyd asked the question "Did you ever hear the liquor party mention the children?" They dare not, for they have no thought for the little ones.

If prohibition can be only held in force for a few years, the future of boys and girls will be safe. He urged that there be no compromise on wines and beer, as wine has 15 per cent. of alcohol and beer 5.

After the singing of the hymn "Work For The Night is Coming," Rev. Neil McLaughlin pronounced the benediction.

The following members were present:

Officers of Provincial Union.

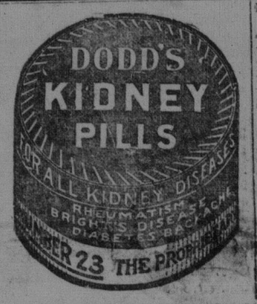
Mrs. L. R. Hetherington, President.
Mrs. J. S. Perry, vice-president.
Mrs. A. C. M. Lawson, treasurer.
Mrs. R. B. Gerrard, correspondent secretary.
Mrs. Jas. McWha, L. T. L. secretary
Mrs. R. D. Christie, T. secretary.

Superintendents.

Mrs. J. J. Colter, provincial superintendent of militia.
Mrs. Mary Seymour, evangelistic superintendent.
Mrs. M. L. Stevenson, parlour meetings superintendent.
Mrs. D. J. Bruce, press superintendent.
Mrs. S. A. Finness, county president.

Delegates.

Mrs. J. Retallick, Mrs. L. J. Fullerton, Mrs. T. M. Todd, Miss Amy A. Patterson, Mrs. Norman McKay, Mrs. M. E. Humphrey, Mrs. T. B. Hillman, Mrs. John Flemming, Mrs. D. C. Gallan, Mrs. Scott, Mrs. Bates, Mrs. Chas. Wilcox, Mrs. John R. Ferguson, Mrs. Jas. Kelly, Mrs. Harry Hayward, Mrs. Mabel Bonnell, Mrs. David Hipwell, Mrs. E. M. ONeill, Mrs. A. E. Damer, Mrs. W. L. Grimmer, Mrs. W. H. Keys, Mrs. W. J. Linton.



It's An Advantage to

BUY FINE FURS

During Our Great Exhibition Sale

EVERY effort has been directed to make the most complete showing of the new fur styles and to price them with the minimum margin of profit, bringing the maximum savings to you.

For our exhibit in Fredericton last week we had on order many exclusive imported models. Some of these have only arrived. These with many new articles, just completed in our factory, will be shown for the first time in St. John Thursday, September 25. Every article in our store has been specially priced for this Fall opening.

Hudson Seal Coat, 42x40, with Alaska Sable Collar and Cuffs	$525—$440
Hudson Seal Coat, 36x36, Squirrel Collar and Cuffs	550— 465
Hudson Seal Dolman, new large Crush Collar	575— 500
Hudson Seal Coat, 34x36, Plucked Otter Collar and Cuffs	525— 440
Hudson Seal Dolman (a New York model)	750— 650
Hudson Seal Coat, Taupe Squirrel large Shawl Collar	550— 450
Hudson Seal Coatee, special Paris model	550— 460
Raccoon Coat, 36x45, Striped 3-Row Border	360— 315
Persian Lamb Coat (finest Bean Curl), 38x36, Self Trimmed	500— 440
Russian Black Pony Coat, Black Lynx Collar and Cuffs	160— 143
Scotch Mole Coatee, Georgette Crepe lining	180— 160
Scotch Mole Scarf	145— 131
Scotch Mole Coatee, with Kolinsky Collar, beautifully lined	350— 316
Kolinsky Cape, New York model	200— 175

H. MONT. JONES, LIMITED

The Only Exclusive Furriers in the Maritime Provinces

TO PUT CO-OPERATION PLAN INTO EFFECT

Canadian Cottons, Ltd., Cornwall and York Cotton Mills Co., Ltd. Start Co-Operation Plan Next Month — Letter Sent to Workers.

The Canadian Cottons, Ltd., Cornwall and York Cotton Mills Company will commence a co-operation plan next month.

The following letter is sent to the workers:

To the Workers:

The combined management of Canadian Cottons, Limited, and Cornwall and York Cotton Mills Company, Limited, wishes to place before the companies' workers a frank statement of serious conditions facing this important industry in Canada today, confidently feeling that by so doing they can depend on the whole-hearted co-operation of the workers in helping them to best meet these conditions.

There is at present obtainable a large volume of European and other foreign business, as well as an increasing demand at home, by participating in which Canadian industry would be greatly benefitted. Our Companies are totally unable to participate in this business owing to greatly reduced production.

Some reduction in product as a result of the shorter working hours recently put into effect was naturally expected. The chief cause of the small production today is, however, idle machinery, caused in some instances by a shortage of workers, but more particularly by irregular attendance of many workers now on the pay roll.

The Companies' earnings based upon present limited production are only sufficient to meet operating expenses, depreciation, necessary renewals and war taxes, and at the same time, in the case of Canadian Cottons, Limited, to give the shareholders a reasonable return on their investment. The earnings of Cornwall and York Cotton Mills Co., Limited, have not been sufficient to provide for one cent of return to shareholders for nearly ten years. The management, therefore, while deciding to put into immediate effect another moderate increase in wages—averaging about 5 per cent.—is not in a position to do all that it would like to do for the workers.

However, after much serious thought and consultation with the Mill Managers, brought together at Montreal for this purpose, a plan has been worked out which the companies' executive feel confident will increase production, and which will at the same time enable the workers to further participate on a partnership basis in the benefits that will accrue from such increase.

During the past year the woven production at St. John mills has only been, in round figures 66 per cent. of the rated capacity of the looms installed, while under proper conditions it might easily have been 80 per cent. to 85 per cent. With this in view, it has been arranged that the company and its workers will share equally in the profits accruing from all increased production, and in direct ratio to such increase. Dating from October 1st next the company will pay to operatives at the end of each succeeding three months' period, a sum equal to 1 per cent of each operatives wages for every 1 per cent. increase of production obtained over and above the present average of 66 per cent. For example, if production is increased to 76 per cent of possible efficiency—that is by 10 per cent—each worker will receive the additional sum of 10 per cent. of regular wages earned, and so on. In order that operatives may at all times keep in touch with the production figures, same will be posted week by week on the usual notice boards as soon as compiled. The amount of wages earned under this partnership plan may, if so wished, be re-invested with the company, and upon all money so deposited the company will pay interest at the same rate as the shareholders of Canadian Cottons, Limited, receive in dividends upon the common stock of the company—at present 6 per cent.—and should the dividend rate at any time be increased this increased rate would be paid upon such money re-invested. Employees will have the privilege of withdrawing part or all of such deposits at any time, with accrued interest.

The management is convinced that by loyal and unselfish co-operation a very material increase in production can be effected. Increased diligence on the part of every worker is essential in order to attain the desired results. Regular attendance at work is an absolute necessity. For this reason the management consider it only fair to the steady workers that, in order to participate in the proposed plan the operative must have worked at least 92 1-2 per cent. of the full working time during the three months' payment period.

A portion of the machinery is, as already stated, at present standing idle and producing nothing, due to either a shortage of operatives or to their absence from work. The management believes that with the help and co-operation of our present workers 100 per cent. of our machinery can be kept constantly in operation through regular attendance; by discouraging the absence from work of their fellow-workers and sometimes by inducing a friend to take up work in the mill if there are openings available. The increase in product that would result from such a condition can be readily imagined and also the consequent benefit to the workers and to the company under this sharing plan.

Please give all this your very earnest thought. Let us all pull together and there need be no fears as to the results.

Our companies have already led the way in the Textile industry in Canada in the matter of shorter working hours. The companies' executive now confidently expect that this further new departure will be received by all workers as another evidence of goodwill and appreciation of their loyal efforts.

A. O. DASON,
Managing Director.

BABY HAD DIARRHOEA WAS GIVEN UP.

DR. FOWLER'S EXTRACT OF WILD STRAWBERRY CURED HER.

Mothers should look well after their children during the hot summer months, as this is the time of year when the young ones are liable to all kinds of bowel complaints.

If your children have any looseness of the bowels do not experiment with new and untried remedies. Get one having stood the test of time. Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry has been on the market for the past 74 years. Don't accept a substitute and perhaps endanger your child's life.

Mrs. Willis Coupland, Sundridge, Ont., writes:—"About four years ago my little girl, then a baby two months old, took diarrhoea. I took her to the doctor, but to no avail. After he had given her up, I read of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry and immediately got a bottle. Within two days she was improving fast. I cannot ever praise it enough. I hope some poor sufferers will see this letter and lead them to a friend indeed."

Price 35 cents. Put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

ANXIETY OVER THE SCHOONER TRURO QUEEN

Now Over Forty Days Out from Liverpool to Halifax.

Halifax, Sept. 25.—The tern schooner Truro Queen, built and owned by McKay & McLean, of Economy, launched a year ago, and which made her first trip to Buenos Ayres, thence to Liverpool, is now over forty days out from Liverpool to Halifax. She was bound to this port for deals, and there is some anxiety regarding her.

STOMACH TROUBLES ARE DUE TO ACIDITY

Tells Safe, Certain, Speedy Relief For Acid Indigestion.

So-called stomach troubles, such as indigestion, gas, sourness, stomach-ache and inability to retain food are in probably nine cases out of ten, simply evidence that excessive secretion of acid is taking place in the stomach, causing the formation of gas and acid indigestion.

Gas distends the stomach and causes that full, oppressive, burning feeling sometimes known as heartburn, while the acid irritates and inflames the delicate lining of the stomach. The trouble lies entirely in the excess development or secretion of acid.

To stop or prevent this souring of the food contents of the stomach and to neutralize the acid, and make it bland and harmless, a teaspoonful of bisurated magnesia, a good and effective corrector of acid stomach, should be taken in a quarter of a glass of hot or cold water after eating or whenever gas, sourness or acidity is felt. This sweetens the stomach and neutralizes the acidity in a few moments and is a perfectly harmless and inexpensive remedy to use.

An antiacid, such as bisurated magnesia, which can be obtained from any druggist in either powder or tablet form enables the stomach to do its work properly without the aid of artificial digestents. Magnesia comes in several forms, so be certain to ask for and take only Bisurated Magnesia, which is especially prepared for the above purpose.

Many People Call To See If It's True

Mrs. Tindal's Recovery Creates Big Surprise—"Tanlac Is Most Wonderful Medicine in the World.

"My recovery since taking Tanlac has been so remarkable that many people who heard about it didn't believe it, and called on me to see if it was true," was the statement made by Mrs. Melvin Tindal, of Glasford, Illinois, when he called at Suttiff & Case's Drug Store, in Peoria, Ill., a few days ago.

"I couldn't get Tanlac in Glasford, and I've come twenty miles over here to Peoria to get it," continued Mrs. Tindal, "I'm as well and happy as when I was a girl, and my work taking care of five children and a seven room house is just like play for me now.

"Not a single day passed for twelve years that I didn't suffer. I had stomach trouble so bad that nearly everything I would eat soured on my stomach and caused gas to form and rise up around my heart so I thought it was going to stop my heart. I suffered intense pain from cramps in my stomach, and after every meal I would belch for hours. I fell off in weight until I looked like a skeleton almost and could hardly drag myself around. I was actually ashamed of my appearance. I was so nervous that life was a burden to me for just any little noise out of the ordinary almost drove me frantic. I seldom had a good night's sleep, and often I was disturbed with bad dreams. About every other day I had an awful nervous headache, and my head would ache and throb terribly, and I would stagger if I tried to get up and walk across the room. I tried every known treatment, and I got so I thought it was no need to take any more medicine, for it didn't do me a particle of good.

"But I'm thankful for a good friend of mine and for Tanlac, for at last I was shown the right road to recovery, and I'm pointing out this road to other people, and several already have gone that way and found health, too. I can hardly believe it when I look at myself—the way this Tanlac had helped me has been nothing short of remarkable. I'm enjoying health now, after twelve years of misery, and I give Tanlac the whole credit. I've taken eight bottles and never have a sign of stomach trouble, indigestion, or with gas forming and effecting my heart. My nerves are calm, and those nervous headaches have stopped troubling me. My appetite is wonderful, I eat just anything I want and have gained twenty-four pounds. I sleep like a child and when I get up I feel fine. I simply don't know what it is to have an ache or pain, and I tell you I'm happy to be that way. Tanlac is the most wonderful thing in the world, and I want you to publish this statement and let the people know what this medicine will do."

Tanlac is sold in St. John by Ross Drug Co., and F. W. Munro under the personal direction of a special Tanlac representative.—Advt.

The Right Man.

"I hear you don't believe in the Ten Commandments," said the orderly to the swagger private.

"Not one, sir," was the reply.

"What! Not the rule about keeping the Sabbath?

"No, sir."

"Good. You're the very man I've been looking for to scrub out the canteen."

Fall Suits
Fall Overcoats
Fall Raincoats

Recent arrivals of these have made the selection available for you very attractive. The latest models of course and plenty for the man who prefers the regular styles that vary least from season. Early selections are prudent as deliveries are slow, goods coming in small lots at a time.

Suits, $25 to $65.
Fall Overcoats, $20 to $50
Fall Raincoats, $12 to $35

Gilmour's, 68 King St.

DEATHS.

TURNBULL—At her residence, 83 Queen Street, on the evening of the 25th instant, Ellen S. Turnbull, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. William T. Turnbull. (Digby and Annapolis papers please copy.) Funeral from her late residence Saturday at three o'clock daylight time.

POSLAM STOPS FIERY STING OF ECZEMA

"Just what my skin needed," will be your conviction after Poslam has been spread gently over your itching eczema.

Unless you have ever tried Poslam you haven't the faintest idea how surely it works — how quickly it soothes and smoothes out all skin ailments. You don't know its control over the fiery pangs of eczema or stubborn acne and other blemishes.

Put Poslam to the test. Pick out the hardest spot you have—and next morning look to see improvements. Thousands have done this to their lasting satisfaction.

Sold everywhere. For free sample write to Emergency Laboratories, 243 West 47th St., New York City.

THE WEATHER

Maritime—Moderate to fresh westerly winds, local showers at first, then fair.

Washington, Sept. 25—Northern New England: Fair Friday except showers in Northeastern Maine; Saturday fair. Fresh southwest to west winds diminishing by Friday night.

PILES Do not suffer another day with Itching, Bleeding, or Protruding Piles. No surgical operation required. Dr. Chase's Ointment will relieve you at once and as certainly cure you. 60c. a box; all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. Sample box free if you mention this paper and enclose 2c. stamp to pay postage.

Fit-Reform Waistline Effect

delights its proud possessor, not only in its distinctive design, but in its superfine quality throughout.

In the strictest interpretation of the term, the Fit-Reform Waistline Effect is a dress style; it is also an utility style; and is an ideal style for business.

Made up in effective patterns in tweeds and vicunas—these elegant Fit-Reform styles will delight the good taste of every man who appreciates distinction in dress.

Come in and see the new fall styles in Fit-Reform Suits and Overcoats. 337

Fit-Reform

HUNT'S CLOTHING STORE,
17-19 CHARLOTTE STREET.

POLICE RESERVE BRONX WHEN AND TENA

Meeting in School House to Lively Opening When man—Parade Through turbance.

New York, Sept. 25.— Landlo met tenants last night in Morris H School and the Bronx and their t ...tele was so decidedly rough tha hurry call was sent for reserves f the Morrisania police station.

The meeting started in orderly der the auspices of the Mayor's C mittee on Rent Profiteering. Its nounced intention was to hear c plaints of tenants against landlord

It has been said that the mee was to be held in the Bronx Boro Hall, but so great was the throng accusers that adjournment was m to the high school building.

But after more than 3,000 irate nts and angry landlords had stor into the auditorium and all wa their say at one and the same t there was no more order. Corne O'Brien, chairman of the assembl was working hard to restore p when one man climbed upon the form and struck him twice in the f

Mr. O'Brien, who was chosen c man in the absence of Captain C smith, of the Mayor's committee, was unable to attend because hearing which he conducted in

BRITAIN SAID TO A S

British employers are rapidly proaching a complete realization radical changes, amounting almo socialization, are essential in thei dustrial system, asserts Walter Pa Nevin, a member of the commis sion abroad by the National Civic eration to investigate post-war c tions among the Allies, in a re made public Wednesday.

Mr. Nevin, who for years was eral counsel of the National Ass tion of Manufacturers, devoted ticular attention to the effect of lic opinion upon labor disputes, found it far more potent in Eng owing to concentration of popula than in the United States. He pressed the opinion, however, tha current industrial struggles thro out the United Kingdom would tinue until higher, more spiritua pulses changed their present en materialistic basis. Commenting on what phase of existing condit he says:

"As an aspiration toward a perfect form of industrial develop and equilibrium, the words 'indu democracy' are quite felicitous warranted. Every one knows tha tory conditions in England until paratively recently were a nat and criminal disgrace.

Basis Too Materialistic.

"The deep, underlying defect i entire scheme of modern indust that it is functioning upon a w materialistic basis. The spiritu not there; and until it is, unti forces of a higher, spiritual im begin to permeate the body and i trial, one fails to see whence the for higher development will co this vast turmoil of industry no manent basis can possibly be ev without appeal to and exercise o spiritual instinct. This is the battle, even if its outlines are no erally seen or understood."

Mr. Nevin's article, entitled Opinion and Labor in Great Brita part of the commission's gener port to the National Civic Feder Another section, also made Wednesday, comprise an artic The Housing and Land Proble Great Britain, by Albert Farwell is, a textile manufacturer of B who found a substantial basis fo complaints of British workingme garding housing. The governme seeking, however, to remedy

BE SUSPICIOUS OF TENDER GU

Be suspicious of any tenderne bleeding of the gums. This is usu the first stage of Pyorrhea—an sidious disease of the gums that stroys the teeth and underm bodily health.

Gradually the gums become spo They inflame, then shrink, thus posing the unenameled tooth to the ravages of decay. Tiny o ings in the gums form gateways disease germs to enter the sys Medical science has traced many to these infecting germs in the weakened by Pyorrhea.

They are now known to be a quent cause of indigestion, anae rheumatism and other serious ditions.

So watch carefully for that tenderness or bleeding of the gu Try Forhan's immediately. It tively prevents Pyorrhea (Riggs' ease) if used in time and used sistently.

And in preventing Pyorrhea guards against other ills.

Forhan's (For the Gums) cl teeth scientifically as well. B your teeth with it. It keeps the t white and clean.

If gum-shrinkage has already se start using Forhan's and consu dentist immediately for special t ment.

35c and 60c tubes. All Drug FORHAN'S, LTD., Montreal.

Forhan's FOR THE GUM