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TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 29, 1913.

PROBS.—SHOWERY

PRICE TWO CENTS

RADIO TELEGRAPH BILL ADOPTED BY COMMONS

Hon. Mr. Hazen's Measure to Safeguard Travel by Steamers

MUCH DISCUSSION ON OTTAWA MINT

How Gold Coinage of Canada Has Increased Since Establishment of Mint—Reserve Should be in Canadian Gold.

Ottawa, April 28.—The House of Commons did a great deal of business today. The expenditure allowed to the mint was increased to \$110,000 to keep pace with the increased business done by that institution. The gold and silver marking bill was passed. A resolution further regulating the western grain trade was passed, and Mr. Hazen's radio telegraph bill was passed. The House then also supply of the customs estimates.

In question time Mr. Lemieux asked if it was true that a large quantity of small arm ammunition manufactured in the arsenal at Quebec, was lately found to be defective.

Hon. Sam Hughes said that the matter was being investigated and that he would not care to make a statement until he had received a report.

More Money for the Mint.

The first piece of business done was the passing of the finance minister's resolution increasing the maintenance allowance of the mint from \$75,000 to \$110,000 a year. Last year, he said, \$95,000 had been spent. It was the occasion of a general discussion on the question of the gold and silver coinage of Canada and various cognate questions.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier asked where the gold and silver minted is obtained. Mr. White, in the course of his reply, said that the most of the gold minted into coins comes from the Yukon, but some of it is procured by Nova Scotia and Ontario. In 1912, he said, the amount of gold minted had been \$1,477,000, and for the first three months of the present year \$223,000. In 1908, when the mint was established, silver to the value of \$9,000,000 had been minted. In 1912 the figure had risen to \$1,300,000.

Mr. White said it was true, as Sir Wilfrid Laurier had stated, that the great bulk of the Yukon gold has gone to the United States. Last autumn a representation made by Dr. Thompson, Yukon, the charge for assaying at Vancouver had been abandoned.

Mr. White gave figures regarding the refining of gold done at the mint, as follows:

1908—219 ounces, 1909—5,779 ounces, 1910—65,000 ounces, 1911—89,000 ounces, 1912—105,069 ounces.
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Gold bullion sold to manufacturers increased from a value of \$9,000 in 1910 to \$296,000 in 1912.

Canada's Gold Production.

Hon. Mr. White pointed out that in the past manufacturers had been compelled to secure their gold bullion from the United States. The government was anxious that Canadian manufacturers instead of sending their gold to New York to be refined should refine it in Ottawa, thus making the Canadian mint as useful as possible.

Mr. White stated that the gold production of Canada is about ten million dollars a year. The consumption of gold in the arts is about \$2,100,000, of which about a million is imported. Sir Wilfrid Laurier said that Canadian gold and silver should be used to a greater extent in Canada.

Mr. Alkens urged that American gold coinage be no longer legal tender in Canada.

Interchangeable Gold.

Dr. Thompson (Yukon), said that all the Yukon gold should come to Ottawa. All the gold reserve of the country should be held in Canadian gold. He also suggested that the gold coin of the United States and Canada should be interchangeable; at present United States gold coins are legal tender in Canada, but Canadian gold coins are not legal tender in the United States.

Mr. Perley put through the gold and silver marking bill, a senate measure. This is a highly technical bill designed to regulate the use of the precious metals by manufacturers; if a maker stamps articles of jewelry with any description they must be correct, but he may leave the articles unstamped. Certain American manufacturers dishonestly reproduce well known Canadian hall marks, and this is one of the practices aimed at by the bill. The act is to come into force on January 1, 1914.

Grain Inspectors.

The house next took up Mr. Perley's resolution regarding amendments to the Canadian grain act. The object is to provide, by way of fees and otherwise, for the salary of grain inspectors at mill. It was passed at six o'clock after some discussion by western members.

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CONSERVATIVES WIN BOTH ALBERTA SEATS.

MacLeod, Alb., April 28.—According to the final official count in the provincial election in this constituency, Premier Sifton was defeated by Robert Patterson by 31 votes.

Edmonton, Alb., April 28.—Results received from Alexandria show the Conservatives, which were recently thought to be uncertain; Rocky Mountain, majority, 81; MacLeod, majority, 31; Innisfail, majority, 8.

In the two latter there will be a recount before a judge.

MILLIONS TO BE SPENT ON C.P.R. SYSTEM

Sir Thomas Shaughnessy Says Expenditure Will Reach One Hundred Millions—Will Not Involve London Loan.

Montreal, April 28.—Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, president of the C.P.R., sent the following cable from London this morning to the Montreal office of R. M. Haier, the New York stock broker:

"Since my arrival in England my attention has been drawn to a recently published cable message to the effect that the company contemplate an expenditure of \$50,000,000 in Canada in laying double tracks, constructing branch lines, and putting a tunnel through the Rocky Mountains which will provide an alternative route with a much easier grade than now exists and will enable the railway through published capital, because all our financial resources are being worked by electricity, if required."

"That report can only refer to the first and second stages of the project, our contemplated expenditure over the whole system during the next few years will be more like \$100,000,000 exclusive of new rolling stock."

"This will not involve another appeal to the London money market for fresh capital, because all our financial arrangements have already been made. Referring to a published statement that the new shipping agreement with the Canadian government provided for the construction of ships capable of being used as mail steamers in peace and armed cruisers in war, Sir Thomas says: 'This is all mere speculation, or an attempt at anticipatory speculation of some possible future scheme. As this contract is for one year only it must be obvious that nothing so costly and comprehensive as a fleet of mail steamers armored and equipped for use as cruisers forming a part of a scheme of imperial naval defence for the North Atlantic can be embraced within that agreement. It is only a small contract.'"

BUDGET PROBABLY SOME TIME NEXT WEEK

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, April 28.—It is expected that Hon. W. T. White will bring down his budget some time during the second week in May. His financial statement will be a breaker of records. The tariff changes will not be numerous although some will be made necessary in connection with the West Indian trade agreement.

LEFT HIS WEDDING GIFTS IN BOND SOONER THAN PAY DUTY

How Sir Wilfrid Peck of Devonshire, England, Got Ahead of New York Customs Officials—Will Collect the Presents When He Returns.

New York, April 28.—Customs inspectors seized \$10,000 worth of wedding gifts today and sent them to the public stores, because Sir Wilfrid Peck, of Seaton, Devonshire, England, refused to pay 45 per cent duty on them. They were intended for Miss Edwina Thornburgh of St. Louis, who is to become Sir Wilfrid's bride on May 7th, and consisted of gold and silver plate from his relatives and friends in London and Europe.

Sir Wilfrid was hunting in India, when he received a cablegram from Miss Thornburgh naming the day. He caught the first liner from Calcutta

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Situation is Still Very Doubtful.

CONCENTRATION OF FORCES REPORTED

Servia, Bulgaria and Greece Await Only Peace with Turkey to Clash with One Another.

London, April 28.—The mystery surrounding events in the Balkans is becoming deepened. No further news has been received of Essad Pasha's exploit in Albania. The situation at Saloniki is difficult to understand. The reports from Saloniki of current date confirm the report that orders were given for the Bulgars to evacuate all places occupied by the Greeks, but later these orders were countermanded and that official attempts were being made to pretend they were never given.

A Bucharest despatch dated April 28, to the Daily Telegraph, expresses the firm conviction that immediately peace is signed between the allies and Turkey, a new war will commence between Servia, Bulgaria and Greece.

Troops in Readiness.

A Bulgarian correspondent says that large concentrations of opposing troops are in readiness for these new campaigns, and adds that he has heard from reliable sources that considerable fighting has already occurred, and that three important engagements were fought during the past week, concerning which the greatest secrecy has been maintained. He describes fighting with heavy losses on both sides between Bulgarians and Servians to the northeast of Monastir on the Servian attack, between the Greeks and Bulgarians for a week in the vicinity of Nigrita, Seres and Salona.

The Daily Telegraph calls attention to the fact that whereas a few weeks ago the Servians were endeavoring to capture David Pasha's army, these operations appear to have ceased and suggests that the cessation of the Servian attack is connected with Essad Pasha's coup.

Looks Like Trouble.

London, April 28.—A Vienna despatch to the Chronicle says: "News has reached here that Crown Prince Danilo is marching northward with the Montenegrin army in connection with the preparations which are being made to resist an Austrian attack on Cetinje. All the heights dominating the road from Cetinje to the Montenegrin frontier are being held by strong Montenegrin forces supported by Servian troops are taking up positions in the mountains."

"Montenegro has been furnished by Servia with sufficient provisions for the Montenegrin army to last three months."

A despatch to the Daily Mail from Trieste says that 80,000 Austrian troops are assembled near the Montenegrin frontier.

The Mail correspondent at Graz, Austria, says it is stated that Austria is planning for Tuesday a military attack on the Montenegrin frontier. Troops will be sent in transports to Southern Albania. Meanwhile troop trains crowded with rifles from the Austrian Alps are proceeding to the south.

SEVERE EARTHQUAKE SHOCKS IN MONTREAL AND OTTAWA

Sir Thomas Shaughnessy's Ceiling Bore Brunt of Damage in Montreal—Ottawa Feels Tremors—Northern New York Has It Too.

Ottawa, April 28.—A well defined earthquake of fifteen seconds duration was felt here tonight, but so far as is known no damage resulted. The tremors were felt in all sections of the city. A report gained currency that the big telescope of the observatory had collapsed with the dome of the building, and officials rushed to the experimental farm, where the observatory is located.

Observers tested the machinery and found it working to perfection. "The tremors were exceedingly well defined and distinct," stated Dr. King, Dominion astronomer, "and I am sure we will have a splendid record when the seismograph film is developed in the morning."

In Montreal.

Montreal, April 28.—Montreal was shaken by an earthquake at half past seven o'clock this evening. The shock was particularly violent in the northern and western sections of the city, and Westmount where houses swayed and furniture rattled for several seconds, though no damage is thus far reported other than the cracking of Sir St. Lawrence County.

Waterbury, N. Y., April 28.—An earthquake shock occurred in the middle of St. Lawrence Valley at 7:30 o'clock tonight. The shock lasted for ten seconds. Reports from Potsdam and Gouverneur, state that the shock was felt there.

The shock was accompanied by a high wind and storm on the St. Lawrence.

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PORT ARTHUR GRATEFUL TO MR. HAZEN

Mayor of City Thanks Minister of Marine for Prompt Action in Having Ice Barrier Broken Up.

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Ottawa, April 28.—Hon. J. D. Hazen, Minister of Marine and Fisheries, is in receipt of a letter from Mayor Oliver of Port Arthur extending to the minister the thanks of the city for his prompt action in having the ice broken between the Soo and White Fish Bay. Part of the letter reads as follows:

"It is undoubtedly true that we could not have had navigation open for a week or two yet had it not been for your action. The first boats came in here yesterday, one loaded with coal, the other with a quantity of lumber, and several light that will leave here with wheat today, thus making room for some of the many cars of wheat now in the yards and so on West relieving the

BRYAN ISSUES DIPLOMATIC WARNING TO CALIFORNIA

Declares Passage of Proposed Land Law Would Be Against Wishes of Washington Government—Japanese Opinion Favors Definite Settlement.

Sacramento, Calif., April 28.—California, in the fullness of her right as a state, may enact a rigid land law barring Orientals from ownership, but such action would be against the earnest wishes of the national administration.

This is the substance of the message William Jennings Bryan, Secretary of State, and personal representative of President Wilson, delivered today to a secret conference attended only by Governor Johnson, Lieutenant

MONTENEGRO'S DEMAND AND POWERS OFFER.



The dotted section of the above map shows the territorial reconquest which the Powers offer to Montenegro if she gives up Scutari. The lined section shows the territory that Montenegro demands.

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DUCHESS OF CONNAUGHT'S CONDITION UNFAVORABLE.

London, April 28.—A bulletin issued this evening by the surgeons in attendance on the Duchess of Connaught, wife of the Governor General of Canada, who underwent an operation for intestinal trouble on April 10, states that intestinal obstructions have not occurred, and that another operation is necessary.

SHI KAI OPPOSED FOR PRESIDENT

Several Chinese Assemblies Hostile to Him and May Form Separate Union—Dictatorship May be Result.

Peking, April 28.—Several provincial assemblies and governors, who support has been withheld already from the Peking government, especially the southern provinces, have become so hostile that they are likely to form a separate union until an acceptable form of the republic has been elected.

It is reliably reported that Dr. Sun Yat Sen, who is a member of the Kwo-Ming-Tang, or democratic party, has announced that provisional president Yuan Shi Kai will not be elected president.

The majority of foreign observers here express the belief in like manner with the bankers and legislators of Great Britain, France, Germany, Russia and Japan that Yuan Shi Kai is the greatest element of strength in the country and will succeed in bringing about a dictatorship which they declare is also possible for China. It is believed in these quarters that his methods will consist of intrigue and robbery, and not in the employment of force. The opposition, however, is, it is pointed out, enormous, as is indicated by the great majority of the democratic party in the senate which was elected by the provincial assemblies. It is therefore said in these circles that although Yuan Shi Kai may succeed in dominating the situation, it is unlikely that he will be able to institute reforms or establish a progressive era while retaining his power by force.

ALBERTA HAS RECORD FOR EARLY SEEDING.

Lethbridge, Alta., April 28.—Seeding a practically finished in Southern Alberta and by May 1st, there will be very little to be done. The southern section of the province has established an early seedling record this year, with the first seeding of wheat in the morning at 9:30 o'clock.

POLICE JUDGE HELD FOR BIGAMY.

Oshawa, Ont., April 28.—W. J. Watson, police magistrate of this town, who was placed under arrest last night on a charge of bigamy laid by his first wife, was admitted to bail today in two sureties of \$15,000 each. F. Smith, of the Oshawa Canning Co., and T. B. Mitchell, becoming his bondsmen. No evidence was taken and the case was adjourned until Thursday morning at 9:30 o'clock.

DIES VERY SUDDENLY.

Special to The Standard.

Moncton, April 28.—Mrs. Benjamin Lutes, aged 67, died very suddenly at her home in Lakewood, five miles from Moncton this afternoon. While her husband and son were preparing to attend the funeral of a neighbor, Mrs. Lutes fell from the chair in which she was sitting and almost immediately expired. Death is supposed to be due to heart failure.

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Great Demonstration in Amherst for Sir Charles Tupper

VETERAN DELIVERS ELOQUENT ADDRESS

Reviewed Parade of 2,000 School Children and was Guest of Honor at Big Reception—Telegrams Received.

Amherst, N. S., April 28.—All roads in Cumberland County led to Amherst today.

When this busy industrial centre undertakes any project its success is assured. The demonstration to Sir Charles Tupper was no exception to the rule. The programme was a magnificent success and a pleasant and unique part of it was that Liberals vied with Conservatives in paying honor and tribute to this great statesman. Party feuds and factions were forgotten and the man's great achievements for Canada and the Empire alone remembered. Never was a more spontaneous tribute paid to a living Canadian statesman. In the motor placed at his disposal Sir Charles reviewed a procession of two thousand Amherst school children and then passed through their ranks acknowledging to the children and to the thousands of citizens who lined the streets. Following him came a procession of seventy-five motor cars, which Sir Charles also reviewed. A patriotic concert at which Rev. Dr. A. Steele was the soloist in the historical address was one of the features of the afternoon's programme. The winter fair and auditorium was filled to its utmost capacity. H. J. Logan, ex-M. P., presided at the gathering, and when he came on the platform with Sir Charles there were rounds of cheers.

Mr. Logan in opening gave a short address. Addresses were presented to Sir Charles by Warden C. J. Purdy of Cumberland County, Mayor Sprinhill, Town Clerk D. McLeod of Sprinhill, Mayor Spicer of Parrsboro and Mayor Ross of Oxford.

Cheers for Sir Charles.

When the venerable statesman rose the cheering broke out afresh. He spoke for about twenty minutes and was followed with intense interest. He expressed his deep gratitude to the people, not to the Conservative party alone, but to the people of his native town for the magnificent reception tendered to him. The southern section of the province has established an early seedling record this year, with the first seeding of wheat in the morning at 9:30 o'clock.

He had the great honor of being elected twelve times in Cumberland in thirty-one years. He was a very happy fortune to pursue such a course in politics as to afterwards receive the support of five of the twelve men who opposed him.

He emphasized the fact that the most important qualification of a public man is to regard public affairs and the affairs of his country more important than himself. He referred to the procession of children which he witnessed and said that it gave much pleasure to him to see such fruit of the legislation which he assisted in placing upon the statute books of Nova Scotia in the form of the Free School Act 1864.

He would be doing an injustice to his own feelings if he did not say that the government of Nova Scotia had taken up that measure and the subject of education in general in a manner that reflected the highest honor and credit.

He dealt with the work of Sir John McDonald, Sir George Cartier, and also of the part played by Darcy McIvor and closed his remarks by saying that he mentioned these things to show that when selecting men to represent the country it is best to choose those who think the public affairs and the affairs of the country more important than themselves.

Congratulating Telegrams.

Telegrams came from all over Canada congratulating Sir Charles. One of these was a resolution adopted unanimously by the legislature of Nova Scotia, and another was from C. E. Tanner, leader of the opposition, which was as follows:

"You will express to Sir Charles Tupper, on behalf of the Liberal Conservative members of the legislature, our regret that we were unable to leave the house today for the purpose of joining in the reception to him at Amherst. We desire further to place on record our high appreciation of his many years of honorable and distinguished public life, and our admiration for him as one of the great leaders of the Liberal Conservative party and heartily congratulate him on his success."

Cumberland, has tendered him.

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