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THE SEMI-WEEKLY SUN.

ST. JOHN, N. B., NOVEMBER 11, 1905

LONG LIVE THE KING.

(From Thursday's Daily Sun.)-

King Edward VII, is sixty-four years old, which is above the average age of his predecessors at the time of their death. Of the thirty-five sovereigns whose names appear on the list of kings and queens between the Norman Conquest and the accession of the present king, only twelve passed the age which His Majesty has now reached. taken at the coroner's inquest is fre-Six of these are the rulers of the House of Hanover who successively preceded very incomplete. The verdict is usualhim. Every one of this house who ly a statement of an obvious fact well is too much reason to believe that the of the reasons for this doctor's prescame to the throne lived to 67 or over, known to everybody before the inquiry Holy Synod looks on these slaughters ence the night he tried to save the one in five passed the age of 64, and only cially careful to avoid throwing blame ers get off without serious punishment. Elizabeth reached the age of three on any person for any fatality, and It is evidently not a serious offense in score and ten. Henry I. died at 67, usually ends its verdict with the state-Henry III. at 65, Edward I, at 68, Ed- ment that there was no fault anyward III. at 65, and Elizabeth at 70. | where. The verdict gives the immedi-James II. died in exile at 68, but he was ate occasion of the accident but seldom only 53 when he ceased to reign. Six deals with any ultimate cause. When of the sovereigns between the time of a train runs off the track and kills the William the Conqueror and the Coni- engineer it does not require a jury to monwealth might have died much older than they did if they had not been under the engine. The jury might killed, and perhaps the lives of others

No doubt the conditions of life in public man at three score is in his prime. It is not at all likely that William the Conqueror at sixty could endure one-half the physical exertion which his successor now on the throne vanced age. It would perhaps be found, if the test could be applied, that King Edward the Seventh could perto those of Richard the First. These iron-cased warriors of former years gained much reputation in their lifetime by comparison with others of the same trade, and they inherited much glory after their death by favor of and writers of fiction. that their strength and life disappeared comparatively early. We know by the size of their armor that they were rather below than above the size of ordinary Englishmen of the present day. On the whole, we may co that the kings of recent years are equal to their predecessors even in those qualities which their elders cultivated as specialties.

But however that may be, we have king who is admirably suited by character and capacity to the position which he is called to occupy, and to the time in which he lives. It is a source of joy to the people of this realm that His Majesty has every reason to expect many years of life and

## HEARST AND TAMMANY.

would be expected to make good his undertaking to secure a complete inceedings. If his statements are correct, he has suffered personal wrong. and a public offense has been committed. Natural inclination and public duty point in the same direction. If Tammany has stolen this election. Mr. Hearst will make many new friends by exposing and punishing the frauds, though the prolonged quarrel tion should ruin his chances for the

SIR JAMES GOWAN

The only Canadian reported as reeiving birthday honors is the venerable Senator Gowan, now in his ninetieth year. Sir James Gowan was born in Ireland in 1815. He came to Canada in 1832, and when a law student served as a volunteer in the rebellion of 1837, taking part in the engagement at Gallows Hill. Called to the har in 1839, he practiced at Barrie for four years, when he was made county court judge of Simcoe, at the age of twenty-eight. He was then the youngest judge in the empire. The result of this early apnointment was that when after the unusually long period of forty-one years' judicial service, he took his pension Judge Gowan was not considered too old to go to the senate. He has now filled a period of more than twenty years as a legislator, during the greater part of which period has was chairman of an important judicial committee. Probably Senator Gowan has been a boards of reference than any other man in Ontario. He assisted in several consolidations and codifications of the laws, and was one of the commissioners who investigated the Pacific scan-Gowan is a fine type of the old-fash ioned, high-minded gentleman, and is a man of whom all speak well.

THE LADY LAWYER.

to be received as an attorney-at-law. A great injustice would otherwise be done to this lady, who has been adrequired. One expects that lawyers lady, can be admitted under the exbe necessary to change the rules in order that she may be admitted. It is than other roads. not to be supposed that the legal profession or any other vocation in this province, will be closed to ladies who are competent to do the work belonging to them.

THE CORONER'S JURY. Judge Hall of Montreal has reached the conclusion that the grand jury has outlived its usefulness. He says that magistrates are much better qualified than the average grand jury to say whether an accused person should be put on trial. An examination of the verdicts given by coroners' juries during recent years is calculated to raise the question whether that institution has any further value. The evidence quently useful, though it is often discover that the man was crushed serve some useful purpose by not remain on the rails. The same reticence or unwillingness noticed in case of inquests following fatal It is never the fault of any person when a hunter kills another hunter. supposing him to be a rabbit, or when and drinks it. The blow which kills a to have been struck unwittingly. Now since this class of conclusion may be said to be foregone, why should there be a coroner's jury? The coroner alone could in ten cases out of

necessary he could say that it was nobecy's fault. A BOSTON INCIDENT.

The endorsement of Mayor Weaver by the people of Philadelphia and of District Attorney Jerome in New York had their counterpart in a smaller way in the election of John B. Moran as district attorney of Suffolk county. Massachusetts. Boston is the princishown no disposition to take up these charges. Mr. Moran intimates that his himself. But Mr. Sughrue was again the democratic party candidate. He was endorsed by the republicans, and is said to have been supported by the bar association. Mr. Moran, like Mr. Jerome, nominated himself. He was on no ticket, and was opposed by both party machines. While nearly the whole press of New York supported Mr. Jerome, Mr. Moran had the help of only one Boston newspaper. Yet Mr. Moran is elected by a majority of 4,152 over Mr. Sughrue. This is what Mr. Moran now undertakes to

The Fenway graft will be investi-

gated The door of the grand jury will be open at all times to evidence of crime. I shall take official notice of every offense brought to my attention. ort of New York in the next electory of legislators and jurors. I will investigate gas corporation

bery of legislators I will investigate pay City Hall The illegal medical places will be driven from the city. The Haight & Freese case will be in

restigated. I will be merciful and considerate to unfortunate victims of environment

NOT OVER-STATIONED

ished elsewhere in this issue that Senator McMullen was mistaken in his as sertion about Intercolonial stations As a matter of fact the Intercolonial stations are no closer together than those of other Canadian railways running through similar country. It is true, as has frequently been mentioned, that stations are near together between St. John and Rothesay, but these are local or suburban stopping places which the fast trains pass at full speed. Between Coldbrook and Rothesay, a distance of 5.7 miles there are four stops, or five runs, making each run one mile and one-seventh. There are no such short runs in the neighborhood of Halifax, or anywhere else on the line. Compare this most thickly stationed piece surgeon will probably be brought into of the Intercolonial with the portion of the Canadian Pacific between South Bay and Lingley. In that distance of ten miles there are ten runs or spaces between stations, so that they are only one mile apart. We notice the same It is agreed that Miss French ought thing on the C. P. R. line between Montreal and Ottawa, where it passes the popular summer resorts. There is mitted as a law student, and who has another at the 10th, and others at the a stop at the 9th mile from Montreal. passed the examinations, and com- 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 17th, 19th and 21st pleted all the terms of study that are miles. There is a Grand Trunk route from Chicago to Valparaiso with 37 and courts shall not break their own 26 are in the last 19 miles, so that they laws. There is, apparently, some room do not average three-quarters of a mile for doubt whether this lady, or any apart. Between Toronto and Hamilton Brantford to Tilsonburg 14 in 35 miles isting rules. The question seems to But the fairest comparison is that be not whether Miss French shall be- covering long routes, and the table come an attorney, but whether it will printed today shows that the Intercolonial is not more expensively stationed

THE NATION IS RESPONSIBLE.

The massacre of Jews in Russian cities is not the crime of the mob: There is no doubt that the local authorities are responsible for these outrages. They occur at times when and in places where the soldiers and the police have full control. On many occasions it has been found that soldiers were the perpetrators of the murders. Hebrew women have been killed by soldiers' bayonets in their own houses or while trying to escape. Local officers he know of her death until several days seem to have been frequently the instigators of the offenses. The police authorities are said to the first to circulate the word that the Jews are contemplating some wrong to the community. There tain that the murderers and plundermost cities in southern Russia to the house.

This order of things must be bad for Russia. How long a time does M. Witte and Emperor Nicholas suppose

THE BRITISH UNEMPLOYED.

While the free trade statisticians of Great Britain are producing figures to show that their country is enjoying starving unemployed is pressing more and more strongly upon the attention tation supported by members of parliament, waited upon Mr. Balfour and asked him as leader of the government to provide some remedy relief for the unhappy con-

dition of the working classes. The question is of such national importance that the prime minister referred to it the physical cause of death, and if in his Guildhall speech yesterday, though topics of merely local interest are not often discussed at the Lord Mayor's table. The problem of the unemployed will probably be solved by sending large numbers of them to coun tries which are not blessed with a free trade policy.

WELL SPARED.

M. Pobedonostseff, the venerable re actionary who has been holding back the woman the police of that city have the wheels of progress in Russia for pal part of Suffolk county. There are many years, is doubtless honest in saycharges of corruption and graft in ing that he has been a faithful servant Boston, some of them relating to con- of the state. That has been the view tracts on the Fenway. Michael J. of many tyrants and obstructors in all Sughrue, the present district attorney, countries and ages. But this wellwho sought re-election, is said to have meaning despot, who retires from the a long departed period in the history of the world. Russia will have much opponent is something of a grafter disorder and many trials in the new course that is to be pursued, and these will be much greater because of the faithful but mistaken services of the late procurator of the holy synod.

> There is a great difference between the Canadian member of parliament and the candidate for seats. The mem favor of the pensions and increased inder nities. The candidates are unanimously opposed to these measures.

> The revolt in Russia's Black Sea fleet few months ago has been followed by a like occurrence in the north. It appears that Russia has neither army nor navy on which any reliance can be

TORONTO, Nov. 9.—The Jews in this city, incensed at Russian atrocities, inations Sunday and adopt a memorial to King Edward asking His Majesty's

**OPERATION** 

It will be seen by the statement pub- A Second Doctor Called in. Say Police.

> Said to be a Warm Friend of Dr. McLeod's-Mary S. Dean Still

> > Eludes Officers.

(Boston Globe.)

Another young doctor of excellent standing and reputed to be a capable the Susanna Geary case. He may not be charged as one of the principals, but it is likely that he will

appear, at least, as a witness. The connection which this physician has with the case of Miss Geary, the Shepherd King dancer, is alleged to be as one of the surgeons who performed the operation of laporotomy a few days before the girl died, the operation being undertaken as a desperate means to save her life.

It is not claimed this doctor was present at the dismemberment of the body. or that he knows anything about the case beyond what he has been told since the body was disposed of.

The fact of this doctor's probable participation in the abdominal operation came to the Globe the day Dr. Percy D. McLeod was arrested. At that time t appeared probable that he had been called in to treat Miss Geary when peritonitis developed to a critical point. however, that this physician was not the first regular practitioner summoned, that he was not the doctor in charge of the case. But when the heroic operation was decided on by the physician in charge, alleged by the police to have been McLeod, this physician was taken to the house at 68 Win-

throp street, Roxbury, to assist. This man, according to the information received, did all he could to save the girl's life. After the operation there seemed to be a chance of Miss Geary's recovery, although a slender one. This second physician left the house after the operation and was not called in afterward. Miss Geary lived four days after that operation. The doctor was not present when she died, nor did

afterward. That he did later learn the fate of the girl and the disposition of the body there is little doubt.

The doctor in question has, it is alleged, treated other patients convalescing in the Winthrop street house. Friendship is said to have been one girl's life. He and Dr. McLeod have been intimate for several years. This physician lives in Roxbury and

in an emergency it would not take him long to go from his office to the house where Miss Geary died. It was not this doctor's duty to sign a death certificate, that being the business of the physician in charge who treated Miss Geary before and after he and the other performed the operation. But he knew the character of

ed in peritonitis, knew it was a criminal one, and he was under as great obligation as was the physician in charge to notify the authorities. As far as known, only two occupants of the house at 68 Winthrop street knew of the presence of this second dector at the operation. is Mary S. Dean, in charge of the

the initial operation which had result-

house, and the other is the physician in charge of the case. The Roxbury doctor's name was not tor Watts by William E. Howard or Louis W. Crawford in New York. Nelther Howard nor Crawford knew of the Roxbury physician's connection

with the case, and evidently were not

The Roxbury physician is attending to his practice as usual. He was questioned vesterday about his connection with the case. He denied that he knew anything about the operation on Miss Geary, and said he was not called in consultation to attend her or any other patient at 68 Winthrop street He admitted that he and Mr. Mc-Leod had been warm friends for years and had consulted each other about

their patients.

Supt. Pierce and Chief Inspector Watts waited in vain last night for word from Halifax, N. S., regarding under surveillance, suspecting she is the Boston police have a warrant.

WOODSTOCK LADY DIES AT OLD AGE.

WOODSTOCK, N. B., Nov. 9 .- Mrs. here today at the advanced age of upwards of eighty. She had been ill for of the late Robert Donaldson, who for many years was the proprietor of the inge Hotel, and who will be well remembered by the older people of the province who used to visit Woodstock. Mrs. Donaldson was much respected, being of a particularly kind and charitable disposition. She leaves a son, George, and two daughters, Mrs. Jas. W. Foster, and Ida, unmarried. The funeral will be in St. Luke's Church tonorrow afternoon at 2.30 o'clock.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought

BLACKMAIL CASE ON TRIAL IN SUSSEX.

SUSSEX, Nov. 8.—The case against Wm. Babkirk, charged with attempt ing to extort money from Wm. J. Mc-Ewen under threat, was begun before Magistrate Morison this morning. F. L. Fairweather acted for the prosecuion and Ora P. King for the defense Babkirk is accused of demanding \$300 from Sussex liquor dealers, stating that if they did not pay up he would inform on them.

Wm. J. McEwan was the first wit-He told of a conversation with Babkirk when Thomas Brown, William McArthur and Thomas Borden were

Witness continued and said they too McArthuc along as a witness of what Babkirk would say in case he proposed anything illegal to witness. Mr. King-"And you were to use this as evidence in your case?"
Witness—"Wel—l—yes."

Mr. King-"Then you deliberately laid a plot with the others to entrap Babkirk and prevent him laying in-Mr. Fairweather objected to this, and

claimed the plotting was on the other

The question was allowed by the magistrate and the witness assented. To Mr. King-I thought it impossible to stop the informant from giving evidence, and I just went to the bridge to see the man. Those cases have no been tried out against me. Four summonses were served on me. I do not remember the dates of the violation. Mr. King-"Did you sell the accuse spirituous liquors on the 24th of Sep-

Mr. Fairweather objected to this. Mr. King said the whole case might rest upon this; an action for perjury might result. The consciousness of ar illegal action would cause the witness to see defendant.

At the afternoon session Thomas Borden and McArthur were examined. The former swore that Evan Kyle came to his house and said he was sent by Mr. Babkirk to see what was going to be done about the Scott Act cases. He said that Mr. Babkirk had sent him down "to tell us he would take \$300 to get out and to stav out." Those were his very words, said the witness.

The Babkirk blackmail case at Sussex is to go to a higher court. Yesterday morning Stipendiary Morrison ed the case on the ground that malice had not been shown. He de clared that the meeting between both sides at the rear of the butter fac tory had been pre-arranged, and intiother. Ora P. King, M. P. P., representing the defendant, addressed the court at length, previous to the deck sion being rendered. F. L. Fairwea ther, for McEwan, the plaintiff, replied, and when the decision was rendered, gave notice that he would appeal the case to the January sitting of the supreme court. McEwan was bound over in the sum of \$500 to appear at the court when the case comes up for a hearing.

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* Sackville.

SACKVILLE, Nov. 7.-The death of Mrs Robert Kaie of Midgic occurred on Saturday, paralysis being the immediate cause of her death. Deceased was 64 years old. She is survived by a Isaac George, Ellsworth, Trueman and Elmer; the daughters, Mrs. Geo. Townshend, Mrs. Edward Algers, Bertha and Cynthia. She also leaves mother 90 years old. Deceased's maiden name was Wheaton. She was a very estimable person. Not only her immediate relatives but the commen ity suffer a distinct loss in her death. The funeral was held yesterday and was very largely attended. Rev. E. L. Steeves conducted the service, which was very impressive. There were a number of floral tributes, among them a handsome pillow from the family.

Interment took place at Midgic ceme-The death of the infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Estabrook, Upper Sackville, occurred on Sunday. The uneral was held yesterday; interment

at Midgic. Frances, the three year old daughte f Mr. and Mrs. Edward Latter, passed away yesterday at Montreal, where she was taken about three weeks ago for surgical aid. Mrs. F. McDougall of Moncton is the

guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Miss Jean Etter of Shubenacadie is spending a month with Mrs. D. Cam-

Miss Minnie Barnes of Truro is the guest of Mrs. Amos Ogden. Rev. Geo. Steel goes to Albert Co. for Sunday, where he will assist in the dedication of a new Methodish church at Curryville.

Rev. Dr. Stewart gave an interest ng and instructive address to a large congregation at Upper Sackville on Sunday at 3 p. m. The topics were Scriptures, Sabbath, and the Sanctuary, and concluded with a few timely remarks on temperance and

Mrs. A. D. McCully of Summerside. P. E. I., is the guest of her father, John Rawcatt

SACKVILLE, N. B., Nov. 8.- Rev. and Mrs. B. N. Nobles entertained about 75 friends last evening. Music Robert Donaldson died at her home and games furnished the amusement for the pleasant occasion. Very accept able vocal solos were rendered by Miss some months past. She was the widow Dorcas Johnson, Miss Churchill and Mr. Stillwell. Chas, Lockhart and bride of Moncton

are spending a few days in town.

Medley Siddall of Winnipeg arrived home yesterday. He will be in town about a week At a meeting of the W. M. S. yester-

day, Dr. Baker, of the ladies' college, gave an interesting account of a visit she paid at the Rescue Home, Van-couver, during her summer vacation. Sackville was visited yesterday by ts first flurry of snow for the season, The firemen were called out this mor ning to extinguish a fire in the house of John Ford, Squire street. No seri-

us damage was done. The marriage of John A. Humphrie and Mary D. Fawcett was solemnized at the home of the bride's father, John Fawcett, this morning. Rev. George Steel was the officiating clergyman The happy couple took the noon train The town council met last evening.

Many Persons Have Catarrh of Kidneys, Or Catarrh of Bladder and Don't Know It.

President Newhof and War Correspondent Richards Were Promptly Cured By Pe-ru-na.

Mr. C. B. Newhof, 10 Delamare street, Albany, N. Y., President Monteflore

"Since my advanced age I find that I have been frequently troubled with urinary ailments. The bladder seemed irritated, and my physician said that it was catarrh caused by a protracted cold which would be difficult to over-come on account of my advanced years. I took Peruna, hardly daring to believe that I would be helped, but I found to my relief that I soon began to mend. The irritation gradually subsided and the urinary difficulties passed away. I have enjoyed excellent health now for the past seven months. I enjoy meals, sleep soundly, and am as well as I was twenty years ago. I give all praise to Peruna." -- C. B. Newhot.

Suffered From Catarrh of Kidneys. Threatened With Nervous Collapse,

Cured by Pe-ru-na. Mr. F. B. Richards, 609 E Street, N. W., Washington, D. C., War Correspondent, writes: "Exactly six years ago I was ordered to Cuba as staff correspondent of the New York Sun. I was in charge of a Sun Dispatch boat through the Spanish American War. The effect of the tropical climate and the nervous strain showed plainly on my return to the states. Lassitude, depression to the verge of melancholia, and incessant kidney trouble made me practically an invalid. This undesirable condition continued, despite the best of treatment.

Finally a brother newspaper man, who like myself had served in the war, induced me to give a faithful trial to Peruna. I did so. In a short time the lassitude left me, my kidneys resumed a healty condition, and a complete cure was effected. I cannot too strongly recommend Peruna to those suffering with kidney trouble. To-day I am able to work as hard as at any time in my life, and the examiner for a leading insurance company pronounced me an "A risk."

In Poor Health Over Four Years. Pe-ru-na Only Remedy of Real Benefit. Mr. John Nimmo, 215 Lippincott St.,

Toronto, Can., a prominent merchant of that city and also a member of the and gradually eliminates eatarrh by re-Masonic order, writes: for over four years. When I caught a been used off and on for twenty years.

"I have been in poor health generally a multitude of homes where Peruna has bad cold last winter it settled in the Such a thing could not be possible if bladder and kidneys, causing serious Peruna contained any drugs of a nartrouble. I took two greatly advertised cotic nature.

Suffered From Gatarrh of Bladder

kidney remedies without getting the desired results. Peruna is the only remedy which was really of any benefit to me. I have not had a trace of kidney trouble nor a cold in my system.

Pe-ru-na Contains No Narcotics. One reason why Peruna has found permanent use in so many homes is that it contains no narcotics of any kind. Peruna is perfectly harmless. It can be used any length of time without acquiring a drug habit. Peruna does not produce temporary results. It is permanent in its effect.

It has no bad effect upon the system moving the cause of catarrh. There are

BARRISTERS FAVOR MISS FRENCH.

She Will Probably Be Admitted to Bar-Judicature Act Approved by the Profession.

FREDERICTON, N. B., Nov. 8-A Brunswick Barristers' Society held large family. The sons are Edward, this evening in the supreme court room, for two hours the society discussed the case of Miss French, in regard to her admission as attorney. The Attorney-general favored her admission and Recorder Skinner expressed similar views. Messrs. Phinney Teed and Allen said they could not agree. Messrs, Barry, Carter, Laforest and others spoke along the same line as the first speakers. The case comes up before the court on Friday. The attorney general stated that he had two matters to bring before the society. The government had asked

the opinion of the profession throughout the province as to the desirability of introducing a judicature act. The great majority had replied in favor, but before the government took any action it would like the opinion of the society. Another matter engaging the attention of the government was the administration of justices' courts. The administration was not satisfactory, and it was thought that it would plan to overcome this difficulty by putting the jurisdiction with the county court judges. The procedure would be just as cheap. A judge could visit each of the parishes in his jurisdiction, say once a month, and hear cases, It might be that one or two more county judges might have to be appointed, but the result would be satisfactory. of court could be appointed to issue processes, the fees would be about the same except that the fees to a magistrate would be saved. The plan was a general one, and had not been worked out in detail.

The society seemed to look with much favor upon both the judicature act and the proposed change in regard to justices' courts, and it was decided to tion for market gardeners during the consider these matters at another meeting of the society to be held in St. John at a later date.

FREDERICTON CURLERS NEW POLICY

FREDERICTON, N. B., Nov. 9-A the curling club meeting last night wart, W. A. McKee, Wm. Alger, Robt. Vandine and W. R. Dunbar were elected members. Father Hannigan was elected chaplain while A. S. McFarlane, S. D. Simmons, J. H. Hawthorne and G. Y. Dibble were appointed the managing committee. It was decided hereafter to have the managing committee select rinks for foreign matches instead of allowing skips the club to do the work. It is claimed that better results will follow as stronger rinks can be picked.

CONDON'S NEW LORD MAYOR.

LONDON, Nov. 9-With the timenored ceremonies, Alderman Walter Vaughan Morgan was inaugurated An importer of Russian sugar ask Lord Mayor of London today in suc- that the tariff be arranged so as to give cession to Sir John Pound. The new him a chance to sell his wares in Can-Lord Mayor then drove through the ada. The commissions streets to the law courts where he took Friday afternoon.

the oath. The various associations of the city took part and the route was lined by immense crowds of people. Among the floats was one illustrating beace which was draped with immense American flags, a tribute to President n the far east.

MANY INTERESTS ASK MORE PROTECTION

Tobacco and Liquor Men. Cotton Dealers and Sewing Machine Makers Before the Tariff Commission.

MONTREAL, Nov. 8 .- Many important interests were heard at today's session of the tariff inquiry. The Canadian Cigar Makers' Association was first heard. They wanted the duty on raw leaf tobacco reduced to \$6 per thousand cigars. It is now about \$8. They complained that an additional taxation placed on the industry in 1897 is affecting consumption and seriously hampering the industry. Only prosper ten cent cigars had saved it from ruin. Low taxation would make Canadians, as it had made the people of the United States, a nation of cigar smokers. More labor is required in the cigar industry in proportion to the value of the output than in any other industry. The tobacco manufacturers asked that they be given free liquorices, glycerine and spirits and that the sale for raw

The shirt and collar men said they had suffered severely from American and Austrian competition, and in consequence had not been able to increase for ad valorem and specific duty, which Hon. Mr. Fielding figured out as being

The Montreal Piano Dealers' Association stated that there were no cheap or high grade pianos manufactured in Canada. All were of medium grade. these classes of instruments should be placed at twenty per cent. F. D. Monk, M. P., asked for protec-

The Montreal Wholesale Dry Goods Association asked that the full British British woollen goods not manufactured

terests. Briefly they stated that taking of one season with another they could not hope, even under the most favorable conditions to retain their siness under a duty of 16 per cent. They asked for an increase of duty on greys and whites of five per cent. Given this they would do their best to keep their mills in operation the year around, and thus render it easier for of efficient labor.

The evening session was largely devoted to three Canadian sewing m chine makers, who complained that the cheap grade of machine upon which the manufacturer did not dare place his name was being sold to Canadian deal-Canadian market. They asked that a prohibitive duty be placed upon this industry was represented as being in a crease of duty from 25 to 35 per cent. Is

requested. ada. The commission meets here again Recent

please ca Sun Prin

George, a long i most fai vant, enje daughters brother ternity and ian Churc

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Rev. T temper Presbyte o'clock. with th and we out. Bellevi

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