

TELEGRAPH NEWS.

New York, Nov. 26.
A despatch from Ottawa says the militia department has received orders from Commanders of Volunteer Corps at Toronto, Montreal, and elsewhere to serve in any expedition organized to suppress the Red River insurrection.

It is believed in official circles that the Dominion Parliament will meet on the 17th of February.

Eight Spanish ships of war, including two of the largest ironclads, are under orders to rendezvous in New York harbor.

London, Nov. 26.
The London Times recommends the Spaniards, now seeking for a King, to recall the Prince of Asturias, rescued him from the influence of his mother, the late Queen, and train him for the station.

It is said that the British Government intends to send strong reinforcements to Ireland.

Quebec, Nov. 27.
The harbor is full of ice.

Four vessels and the Provincial and Gulf port steamer have all gone into winter quarters.

The steamers and the mail steamer "Peruvian" have yet to leave for sea.

The steamers plying between here and Montreal have been laid up.

The St. Lawrence canal is closed.

Gold 125.

Paris, Nov. 27th.
M. Lescage, Chief Engineer of the Suez Canal, has publicly declared the unfavorable reports which have recently been circulated about the great enterprise.

The Spanish Government has announced its intention to restore the Constitutional guarantees.

London, Nov. 28.
The Paris Patrie of today makes the following statement:

The ultimatum recently sent to the Khedive by the Sultan admits of no discussion.

If the Viceroy of Egypt does not comply with its demand he will be deposed, and his brother, Mustapha Pasha, recognized in his place.

There are hopes, however, that the affair will be settled by the advice of the European powers.

The Ecumenical Council will open at Rome 25th December.

More violent Fenian demonstrations have occurred in Ireland.

New York, Nov. 29.
Gold opened at 122 1/2.

London, Nov. 29.
Two steamers, each 2,400 tons burthen, have passed through the Suez Canal.

The troubles in Spain between the republicans and monarchists still continue.

The French Senate and Corps Legislatif met to-day, when the Emperor made a speech in which he said that he was ready to grant reforms.

He was satisfied with the condition of the country, spoke of the advance in public spirit and opinion all over the world, and referred to the Suez Canal, speaking of the Emperor as absent on account of its opening.

In closing, he hoped that the chamber would carry out the spirit of the new constitution.

New York, Nov. 29.
The managers of the Luman Line of Liverpool and New York Steamships have concluded an arrangement by which the steamers which now touch at Halifax on their way to New York will call at Boston on and after January next.

Gold fell to 121 1/2, but closed with a slight reaction.

New York, Nov. 30.
Gold 122 1/2.

RECIPROCITY.—Hon. James G. Blaine, Speaker of the National House of Representatives, has written a letter to a Maine gentleman on the subject of a reciprocity treaty with Canada.

He says, from a conversation he recently had with Secretary Fish, he is convinced the State Department has no idea of negotiating such a treaty.

The matter properly belongs to the House of Representatives, in virtue of its constitutional right of originating all revenue bills.

He trusts, that the day is far distant when the people of Maine will be again afflicted with "the burden of what, by way of gain, is called reciprocity treaty."

Such a treaty," says Mr. Blaine, "simply proposes that we in Maine shall pay our full share of national taxation in all its forms, and that then our varied products of field and forest and flock shall have in the markets of the United States the free competition of similar products of the British Provinces, whose people pay none of these taxes."

With regard to the argument for reciprocity founded on the shipping interest, it is sufficient to reply to the fact that that interest, for the last three years, has been more depressed on the St. Lawrence and the St. John than on the Kennebec and Penobscot.

The argument, indeed, is only put forward by those who maintain that absolute free trade would benefit the navigation interest, which Mr. Blaine regards as preposterous.

He concludes by saying that the former reciprocity treaty which terminated in 1865 cost Maine many millions of dollars, and a new treaty would prove still more injurious in a similar period of time.

If the British Provinces desire the advantage of our markets, let them seek it through the easily opened door of annexation. But so long as they remain a foreign Dominion, their habit must pay through our customs at least duties enough to equalize their burden with that which is placed on our own people through the medium of the Internal Revenue.

That looks like a bit of political "buncombe."

The Dominion Government are not working on question of Reciprocity—they have done that they intend and should the United

States require a Reciprocity Treaty, they can treat with the Government at Ottawa. Better trade relations with the States would be acceptable, even profitable; but the Dominion can move along very well without a new Reciprocity Treaty.

The United States have driven us as they did the South, into erecting manufactories for ourselves, and we are already reaping the reward of our enterprise by using and consuming our own manufactured articles, which are somewhat cheaper than can be purchased in the United States.

We have our coal and iron which they want, and we build vessels cheaper than they can. The application for a new Treaty must come from the Americans.

[From the New Glasgow Chronicle.]

WHAT A CONTRAST.—The following significant paragraphs we clip from the Windsor Mail of Thursday:

The "Church Chronicle" takes Rev. Mr. Scott, Armstrong and Hill, of St. John, all of the Episcopal Church, to task for appearing on the platform of the Young Men's Christian Association at St. John. Now, says the editor, can ministers who have testified to the Apostolic Church, acknowledge as Christians those outside the pale of that Church.

Pere Hyacinthe, a representative man of a large section in the Roman Catholic Church, writes in a letter addressed to an American friend, "I never did and never could believe that those large Christian communities outside the pale of the Roman Catholic Church have been disinherited of the Holy Ghost."

The STANDARD OFFICE is removed to Bailey's Building, Water Street, opposite the store of C. Bradley, Esq. Entrance from North side of building.

On Monday evening last, a large and interesting meeting was held in Russell's Hall, for the purpose of forming a Young Men's Christian Association. Rev. P. Keay, was called to the chair, and Mr. Wm Snodgrass requested to act as Secretary.

The meeting was opened with prayer by Rev. Mr. Pitblado. Several addresses were made and views expressed upon the advisability and benefit of an Association. Thirty persons became members. The following is a copy of the proceedings furnished by the Secretary. The election was a harmonious one:—

At a meeting held in Russell's Hall on Monday evening, Nov. 29th, for the purpose of forming a Young Men's Christian Association. The Rev. P. Keay was called to the chair, and Mr. Wm. Snodgrass requested to act as Secretary.

The object of the meeting was explained by Rev. Mr. Keay, and the manner of forming the proposed Association by Rev. Mr. Pitblado. It was resolved that those present form a Society to be called "The St. Andrews Young Men's Christian Association."

A number of persons then became members of the Association. The following persons were then elected office bearers for the ensuing year.

James Stoop, President.
Dr. Valentine, Vice do.
W. M. Snodgrass, Secretary.
C. C. Bridges, Treasurer.

Resolved—That Rev. Messrs. Bill, Keay, and Pitblado be a committee of Management, with power to add to their number.

Resolved—That the committee of Management be requested to call upon the Rev. Messrs. Keay and Pitblado, and request their co-operation in carrying on the work of the Association.

Resolved—That the Secretary inform the Ministers in the Parish of this Association and that they are chosen honorary members of the Association.

Rev. Mr. Keay having vacated the chair, and the President having taken the same, a vote of thanks was unanimously passed to the Rev. gentleman for the interest he had taken in organizing the Association and for his able and efficient conduct in the chair.

W. M. SNODGRASS,
Secretary.

New School Bill.

We have a copy of Mr. King's School Bill which we have hastily glanced over, and cannot therefore pronounce upon its merits. We may state however that there are some sections which are a decided improvement upon the present Act, and others which will not accomplish the good intended by the mover of the bill, simply from the fact of the incompetency of those to whom the selections are entrusted.

The truth is, a School Act is the most difficult of all legislative enactments to perfect; everyone in or out of the Legislature appears to have his own peculiar views, and how to reconcile and harmonize them, is a work of such magnitude and difficulty, that it would be fruitless to attempt it.

As we said, Mr. King's bill is a decided improvement upon the present Act, one feature or provision with reference to the "mode of support" requires that:

13. The Sessions of each County shall, annually, at the time of ordering, and levying, and collecting other County rates, order, and levy, and collect, as hereinafter provided, a sum of money towards the payment of the salaries of School Teachers, which, clear of all costs, shall be sufficient to yield an amount equal to one dollar for every child in the County of the age of six years and under six years, according to the census next preceding the ordering and levying of such rates; such amounts to be increased at the discretion of the Sessions. And the Clerk of the Peace shall forthwith notify the Superintendent of the amount so ordered to be levied, and when the same shall have been collected, of the amount so collected. And in the event of any County failing to levy such rate and pay over the same, as hereinafter provided, the Schools of such County shall not be entitled to receive any portion of the Legislative Grant.

14. The assessment so ordered, shall be levied in the manner following, that is to say: an equal tax of twenty-five cents shall be assessed and levied upon the poll of every male inhabitant of the County of the age of twenty-one years and upwards, and the balance of such sum so required, as aforesaid, shall be levied and collected in the same manner as other County and Parish rates.

The provisions of the Bill are divided under the following heads:—

Preliminary. Board of Education, Superintendent's duties. Inspectors. Mode of Support. School District. Trustees' election and duties. Duties and qualifications of Teachers. Superior Schools. Libraries. Miscellaneous. Schools City of St. John and Fredericton.

The fourteenth paragraph of this section is as follows:—

"The Board of Commissioners is authorized, with the sanction of the Common Council, to operate with the governing body of any School on such terms as to the Board seem right, but any such arrangement shall be annual in its nature, and shall be determinable by effluxion of time or on breach of conditions. And in such cases the Board may make allowance to such Schools out of the funds under its control. But no public funds shall be granted in support of any School unless the same be a free School and conducted in every respect in conformity with this Act."

The Bill provides for compulsory taxation, but not for attendance of pupils; and the reading of the Scriptures is neither forbidden or required.

RAILWAY TO RIVER DU LOUP.—This project—a continuation of the N. B. & C. Railway, is being freely canvassed and is received with favor by the press and public. It is the revival of a line projected some years ago, and for which a company was at the time formed in London, but which afterwards fell through, from the numerous discouragements which the N. B. & C. R. met with during its construction. We have in our possession the prospectus which was issued about ten years ago, and will endeavor to publish it in our next issue, and we hail with pleasure the revival of the scheme by Mr. H. G. C. Kitchum, C. E., whose prospectus has appeared in some of our exchanges. Once get that line under contract, and we will soon have a "Frontier Intercolonial" which will be in operation and connecting with the lines to Woodstock, Fredericton, St. Stephen, St. John and St. Andrews. Its importance cannot be overestimated; St. John then, with its many advantages will be the grand terminus and shipping port for the upper Provinces, during the fall and winter.

The Young Men's Christian Associations of Portland Bangor, hold regular Sabbath services in the jails of those cities. Is not this a strong argument in favor of these Christian societies. Let others go and do likewise.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE for December has been received. The following are the contents:—

Frederick the Great,—with ten illustrations, Beasts, Birds, and Fish.—Burt G. Wilder, with eighteen illustrations. A Passing Wish.—Alice Cary. The Fisherman's Daughter.—Mary N. Prescott. Dolly.—Nora Perry. The University Rowing Match.—W. Blake, with eighteen illustrations. A Brave Lady.—By the Author of "John Halifax, Gentleman,"—with two illustrations. My Enemy's Daughter (concluded).—Justin McCarthy. A Mistake.—Annie Thomas. Horse taming in Hawaii.—Dr. N. B. Emerson. Ecumenical Councils.—Eugene Lawrence. The Old Fairy Joanna.—Frank Lee Benedict. Border Reminiscences.—R. B. Marcy. By the Way side.—Elizabeth Akers Allen. In Clover.—W. G. Linton. Editor's Easy Chair. Editor's Literary Record. Editor's Scientific Record. Editor's Drawer.

GOOD HEALTH.—The December number of this interesting and useful magazine is received. The contents are as varied as they are valuable, and are written in a clear and convincing style. It should have a place in every household. Only \$2 per annum. Published by Alexander Moore, Boston.

FROZE OVER.—The river at Fredericton froze over on Friday night, the 26th, and the fall of snow has greatly assisted in thickening the water to such an extent that we may look for its close in a few days if the present weather continues for a few days.—[News.]

RED RIVER.—The New York papers publish the following despatch from Chicago:—

CHICAGO, Nov. 24.—The latest intelligence from the Red River insurrection is that the leaders of the rebellion have taken possession of the stores of the Hudson Bay Company, from which daily rations are issued.

D. Brower, the publisher of the "Norwegian Pioneer," at Winnipeg, has been arrested for refusing to print a proclamation for the insurgents, and the printers were forced by an armed guard to put the proclamation in press. The proclamation has been posted in various parts of the settlements. Papers are required from all persons, and the mails are not allowed to leave without close scrutiny.

In the meantime, Governor McDougall remains at his quarters at Dakota. Fort Gary and the whole country is in possession of the rebels. The object of the rebels is not to throw off allegiance to the Queen, but to oppose annexation to Canada.

THE "BOTTLE" CARTRIDGE.—The director-general of the Ordnance and the committee of inventions at Woolwich have under trial a bottle-shaped cartridge designed by Colonel Boxer. It is intended, if successful, to supersede the ordinary cartridge, which cartridge being several inches in length is very liable to injury. The main principle of the invention is to enlarge the chamber of the rifle without interfering with the diameter of the barrel.

The cartridge is, therefore, in the shape of a bottle, the apex or neck containing the bullet, while the base consists of the powder, which, being concentrated more than in the elongated cartridge, is theoretically supposed to possess the property of more rapid ignition and consequent increase of force. All the advantages which attach to a "low trajectory" are, therefore, claimed for the invention, which is not so new as is generally supposed, having been introduced some years since in America. We have had by us for the last five years copper-cased bottle-shaped cartridges for the Spencer repeating rifle.—[Mechanics Magazine.]

Operations have been commenced on No. 11 section of the Intercolonial Railway between Amherst and the New Brunswick boundary. The railway crosses at Hantsport, in Nova Scotia, have been acting in a most outrageous manner, attacking and beating the inhabitants, and in some cases breaking into the houses and smashing things generally.

BODY FOUND.—The remains of a woman were found last evening in an old lumber camp on Mr. Dean's land near Piserico, by a man named Quigg. The body is very much decomposed, but the flesh is still upon the bones. The camp has not been used for three years, and is almost three miles from any habitation. The clothing is all in the camp, and the hair is perfect, showing that it was done up in the fashionable water-fall style. Coroner Robinson was notified of the discovery this morning. No woman that we can hear of has been missed from the neighborhood.—[Globe.]

THE BODY'S BELIEVER.—The unusual duration and severity of our Northern winters of course exercise the worst effect over the delicate, infirm, and aged, rendering them exceedingly liable to pulmonary disorders; and on the first approach of such complaints, Dr. Wilson's Pulmonary Cherry Balsam should be taken to avert the ill consequences of such a trying season. Nothing beyond this is necessary for any invalid to root out the most confirmed cough, and enjoy lasting good health. Your poor weak lungs will be strengthened and purified and able to resist the insidious attacks of consumption by means of this never-failing preparation.

The ingredients used in compounding Dr. Wilson's Family Anti-bilious Pills embrace the choicest known remedies in the whole herbal kingdom for the various complaints arising from derangement of the liver and imperfect action of the vital organs. Thousands of persons suffer from this cause, which brings on acidity of the stomach; some complain of dyspepsia, indigestion, dizziness, loss of appetite, and a host of symptoms which all come from the same complaint, the irregular action of the liver. These pills have a surprising effect in restoring all the vital organs to a healthy action. The blood is purified, and the circulation becomes free, because the vital source of health, the liver, is enabled to do its whole duty.

Dr. Dow's Sturgeon Oil Liniment, for horses and for the cure of all diseases of man or beast that requires external application, and for contracted cords and muscles, strengthens weak limbs, &c., prepared by the highest medical authority, and will cure in ninety nine cases out of the hundred any of the above complaints. They have been used by farmers, livery-men, stage proprietors, and others with the most marked and decided success.

It has not been deemed necessary to add any certificates to the value of Clark's Derby Condition Powders. Actual experiment and very general use has settled, beyond all controversy, the many and substantial benefits animals derive from their use, and as time still further brings them into general circulation and esteem, it will only add to the popularity they now enjoy.

Chicago proposes to keep a large building heated through the night to shelter the homeless poor.

At Bocabee, on the 29th ult., after a short illness, Mr. Matthew Bell, son of Mr. John Bell, aged 36 years. He was much respected by all who knew him, and returned but about four weeks from Minnesota, where he resided for the last two years.

At Bocabee Ridge, on the 27th ult., John Cressy, aged 24 years, son of Mr. John Cressy.

Ship News

PORT OF ST. ANDREWS

ARRIVED.

Nov. 20. Brig Emily Comer, Thompson, Lancaster, Coal and Salt, R. Glenn.

Matilda, Stinson, St. Stephen, gen cargo goods.

22. Schr. Sparkler, Cole, Bangor, Express goods.

26. Investigator, Holt, St. John, Mdza, Richmond.

27. Juniata, Seelye, St. George, ballast.

CLARED.

Nov. 19. Schr. Olive Matilda, Kilpatrick, Boston, 2,000 sleepers, 90,000 shingles.

Harrie, Waycott, Portland, 229 knees, 244,000 shingles, Brown, 900 sleepers, R. Ross.

24. Sparkler, Cole, Bangor, ballast.

26. Investigator, Holt, Indian Island, Deal, board, &c.

27. Juniata, Seelye, Red Beach, 200,000 shingles.

Boston, Nov. 27. arrd.—Schr. Esther, Maloney, Leppanux; Utica, Maloney, St. Andrews.

Cleared, Germ, Ash, St. George.

28th, arrd.—Brig Florence, Clark, St. George, schr Olive Matilda, Kilpatrick, St. Andrews.

NOTICE.

Real Estate at Public Auction.

To be sold at Public Auction, on Saturday, the 28th day of January next, at eleven o'clock A. M., in front of the Customs House in Saint George, in the County of Charlotte:

ALL that certain piece or parcel of Land situate, lying, and being in the Parish of St. George, with the buildings thereon, at present occupied by the undersigned, having a front of 522 feet on the Street road, so called, being premises conveyed to the late Edmund Billings by John Kidd and others, by deed dated 25th February, 1867.

Also, A certain piece of Land situate in the Parish of St. George, near the Wetmore wharf, so called, having a front of 165 feet on the River Magazine, and extending back 370 more or less, together with the beach privilege in front, purchased by the said Edmund Billings of A. J. Wetmore, as by the deed dated 25th February, 1867, will appear.

Also, All that certain lot of Land lying between the Red River Road, so called, and the Magazine, and on which stood the house of the said Edmund Billings which was destroyed by fire, being in the Town of St. George aforesaid.

Also, The undivided moiety or half part of the two tracts hereafter described.—The first known as the "Maple Valley Lot," containing one hundred and twenty Acres more or less, purchased by the said Edmund Billings & Joseph Meating of Isaac Knight, as by the deed dated 18th February 1863 will appear.

The second tract being a gore or three cornered lot, lying between lands owned by Isaac Knight, and lands formerly owned by Edward Seelye, as by the deed dated 18th February 1863 will appear.

Also, By Public Auction, on Friday, the 27th day of January next, at eleven o'clock A. M., on the premises, in St. Andrews: "All Town Lot No. 88, in Block Letter A. in Morris' Division of the Town of Saint Andrews, being a corner Lot, near the Custom House, Saint Andrews."

The said properties being sold for the payment of the debts of the late Edmund Billings of Saint George, in the said County of Charlotte, deceased, in consequence of a deficiency of the personal Estate of the deceased for that purpose, pursuant to a Licence obtained from the Probate Court for the said County of Charlotte.

Terms of Sale.—One third down on day of sale. Balance in 3 and 6 months, with interest secured by approved joint notes or mortgage on the premises.

For further particulars apply to Benj. R. Stevenson, Esq., Solicitor for Estate.

Dated 30th November, A. D. 1869.

ELIZABETH BILLINGS, Administratrix.

NOVEMBER 22nd, 1869.

NUTMEGS, CRUSHED SUGAR, TEA, &c.

Ex "Choice" from London via Saint John.

10 cases No. 1 Lined Nutmegs.

10 bbls Refined Crushed Sugar.

20 chests Congou Tea.

55 cases best Stout Porter.

30 do best Pale Ale.

20 cwt best Ground White Paint.

30 hds.

15 gr. casks. Best Pale Green, &c.

Nov. 24, 1869. J. W. STREET.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

THE House and premises opposite Kennedy's Hotel, near the Railway Station and Steamboat Landing. The Building is adapted for a hotel, with parlors, kitchen and dormitories; there is also a good store. On the premises are a Barn and woodshed, and also an excellent spring of water. For particulars apply at the STANDARD OFFICE.

St. Andrews, Nov. 24, 1869.

H. W. VALENTINE, M. D.

RESPECTFULLY informs the Inhabitants of St. Andrews and vicinity, that he has taken the house on Water Street, immediately below the Dry Goods Establishment of Odell & Turner, where he may be found by those who require his professional services.

Office in same building.

Nov. 17. [Courier 4 ins]

F. T. GREATHHEAD, Accountant, (Commission) and Forwarding Agent.

Has received the appointment of Agent of some of the principal English and American Life, Fire, Marine and Accident Insurance Offices.

All descriptions of Insurance promptly effected. Prospectuses &c. on application at his office, MARKET WHARF, St. Andrews.

IN THE SUPREME COURT IN EQUITY

Between John Johnson and James Johnson, Plaintiffs; and James J. Adams, John Morrison, John Key, John W. Young, Jonathan Allison, John B. Campbell, John D. Nash, William M. Grey, Thomas Watson, T. Cases Bay Copper Mining Company, F. Edmund Putnam and Edmund Putnam, Defendants.

Before His Honor Mr. Justice WELDON.

The Fifteenth day of November, A. D. 1869.

As the above named Defendants, The Cases Bay Copper Mining Company and the said James J. Adams, John W. Young, Jonathan Allison, John B. Campbell, John D. Nash and William M. Grey as Directors of the said Cases Bay Copper Mining Company, and the said Edmund Putnam and Edmund Putnam, their and every of them, laborers, servants and agents.

YOU, each of you, are hereby strictly joined and commanded under the penalty of One Thousand Pounds to be levied on you or your lands, tenements and chattels, and of imprisonment, to do and perform the following and absolutely to enter upon the lands, tenements and chattels in the first and third paragraphs of the Bill of Complaint in this cause comprising the said Cases Bay Copper Mining Company, and the said Edmund Putnam and Edmund Putnam, their and every of them, laborers, servants and agents.

One Thousand Pounds to be levied on you or your lands, tenements and chattels, and of imprisonment, to do and perform the following and absolutely to enter upon the lands, tenements and chattels in the first and third paragraphs of the Bill of Complaint in this cause comprising the said Cases Bay Copper Mining Company, and the said Edmund Putnam and Edmund Putnam, their and every of them, laborers, servants and agents.

Yours, &c.

JOHN B. CAMPBELL, J. D. NASH, W. M. GREY, T. WATSON, F. EDMUND PUTNAM, and EDMUND PUTNAM, Defendants.

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