

Berlin Is a Bonanza For Americans, But—

Already the Germans Are Taking Measures to Thwart the Commercial "Raider," and the Hotels Are Planning High Rates.

(Edward T. Heyn in New York Evening Post.) Taxes are very high and practically everything is taxed in restaurants, where formerly bread cost nothing, a charge is now made for every piece. An innovation which might well be followed in America and other countries is that tipping has been greatly reduced. In both hotels and restaurants an additional ten per cent is added to the bill to cover this item, and a guest is not expected to give tips. People in Berlin look very serious. One rarely sees a smile. They are, however, well dressed, and one would not know from their outward appearance that they had suffered so much from a long and terrible war. Every one seems to be busy. There are said to be fewer people out of work in the whole country than there are in the City of New York. On the other hand, while the living conditions of the wage earners have much improved and wages are higher, in certain sections of Berlin great poverty prevails. I was told that many government and official employees and those living on small incomes are in dire need. A friend of mine, formerly wealthy, complained that his janitor was earning more than he did. Discussing the war with people of all sorts and conditions, I found absolutely no ill feeling expressed against Americans and English. Only the French are cordially hated, because the Germans feel that France desires to crush Germany economically. The majority of persons with whom I talked said that, contrary to the opinion they heard of as prevailing in America, the restoration of the monarchy is out of the question. The Hohenzollerns would not come back, and the former Kaiser is severely criticized, even by Conservatives and Junkers, for having fled to Holland. It is true that Berlin and other German cities are overcrowded with foreigners who have come to Germany because it is cheap or because they are refugees from their own country. This is especially true of Russians, who are living in Berlin in large numbers and have their own newspapers, theatres, and cabarets. Russia is heard in all parts of the city. Prices in Germany, when figured at change, especially in American dollars, are ridiculously low. I entertained a friend in a first-class restaurant, and the cost of several courses with wine cost 12 marks—about five cents. A similar meal in New York would have cost at least \$10. For fifty cents you can get a very good meal in any beer restaurant. American women will find Germany an ideal place for shopping, and especially the large department stores. I made purchases in Berlin, but what I did buy was worth while. I bought a silk dress for ninety-five cents which in America would have cost at least \$3. However, the German government is very tight when large quantities of goods are ordered. The baggage of all persons entering Germany is carefully examined and frequently goods are seized. This is especially done to prevent persons from neighboring countries from making commercial deals, considering Germany an open market for their goods. Royal Box for \$3. The prices of tickets for theatres, concerts, and other places of amusement are high that the majority of Germans are unable to buy them. A young friend of mine in New York is a German by birth, but now an American citizen, last year visited his family in Dresden. He visited his family, to the former royal opera, and occupied box seats once beginning to the deposed King of Saxony, or at \$3. His father at first hesitated to accept the invitation, as he feared that a income tax would be raised as a result of his son's American extravagance. Wages have risen enormously, but still they do not cover the high cost of living and the high taxes. Even those who are forced by necessity to rent rooms are compelled to do so by law, as Berlin and other German cities are overcrowded and apartments are very difficult to obtain.

IMPROVING THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS

(Woodstock Press) Town Manager Armstrong, in his monthly report to the Town Council on Monday evening, April 10th, referring to the school question, said:— I find that our school board, in common with all the other school boards of the province, has found its necessary expenditures increasing each year. Information obtained from the various towns in the province shows that in almost all cases the towns will be called upon this year for increased amounts for school purposes. In view of these matters the closest cooperation should exist between the County Council, the Town Council and School Board, and if possible avoid the situation which apparently occurs this year when both the county and school board have in the same year decided to pay off accumulated overdrafts, thus causing a considerable increase in town taxes. In Alberta the problem of schools and the consequent feeling that the public school curriculum was over-crowded and results for money expended not what they might be, has led to active steps being taken to provide a remedy. A representative committee of men and women from all parts of the province was appointed to consider the question of revising the curriculum. This general committee was assisted and advised by a professional committee of teachers. An interim report has already been submitted, and the essential and dominant suggestion is that the school courses be greatly simplified so that the fundamental subjects be made the basis of promotion, and be given the greater attention that secondary subjects be combined, thus saving a great deal of overlapping in teaching, and doing away with too much detail. Several columns are giving prominence to this same problem. Our information, as obtained from eight of the leading municipalities in New Brunswick, shows that the cost per pupil, per year, runs from \$23 to \$30 and that the average number of pupils per teacher from 38 to 48. The results obtained from our school curriculum cannot be measured directly in the terms of dollars and cents, but in view of the rising cost, which, if continued, will eventually result in a heavy burden to the taxpayer, it would seem urgent to give broad consideration to this educational matter, and to determine whether or not we are attempting too much, and not obtaining a full measure of results for money expended. The report which will be made in Alberta within a few weeks should be well worth studying.

THESE BABIES ARE WELL NOW

Remarkable effect of Dr. Caldwell's Laxative Syrup Pepsin on constipated babies. The experienced mother quickly associates the baby's crying with constipation, biliousness, feverishness or sour stomach, and knows that a mild laxative will soon relieve the trouble. Half a teaspoonful of Dr. Caldwell's Laxative Syrup Pepsin will work wonders with a crying, peevish baby. It is just a vegetable compound of Egyptian Senna and simple laxative herbs with pepsin that all druggists sell under the name of Dr. Caldwell's Laxative Syrup Pepsin. It has the largest sale in the world, and a dose costs less than a cent! Mrs. E. Smith, 9 Harris St., Guelph, Ont., says Dr. Caldwell's Laxative Syrup Pepsin is just the remedy her little girl needs and she will never be without it. Mrs. A. F. Litigow, 889 Northcote Ave., Montreal, and Mrs. Whalley, 966 Alexander Av., Winnipeg, both use Syrup Pepsin for their babies and recommend it to all mothers. Mrs. Whalley writes her baby was

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Pimples, blackheads and boils—fresh yeast rids you of them

It is well known that pimples and blackheads (acne) and boils are often caused by errors of diet. Fleischmann's Yeast is now being recommended for these embarrassing and painful skin troubles because fresh yeast corrects the errors of diet which cause them. The surgeon of one important New York hospital states: "I have used yeast extensively and found it invaluable in curing boils." When 17 cases of pimples were treated with Fleischmann's Yeast at hospitals in New York and Philadelphia the results were remarkable. A typical case was a young man who had suffered from pimples for three years. He ate three cakes of Fleischmann's Yeast daily. In five weeks the eruption had cleared completely. If you are troubled with pimples or boils, begin at once to correct your diet. Get a box of Fleischmann's fresh yeast daily before or between meals. Besureit's Fleischmann's Yeast—the familiar tin-foil package with the yellow label. Place a standing order with your grocer for Fleischmann's Yeast.

CORNS

Stop their pain in one minute—by removing the cause! Just put on one of Dr. Scholl's protective Zino-pads. So easy, yet so effective, that you can be free of your corns immediately. The only treatment of its kind. Zino-pads are thin, antiseptic, waterproof and absolutely safe! Get a box today. At your druggist's or shoe dealer. Siles for corns, callouses, bunions.

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Put one on—the pain is gone!



Gouard's Oriental Cream

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3,000 WILD GESE ARE IN SANCTUARY

Twenty-five Return Out of 110 Tagged by Jack Miner—H. C. Groat Interested.

Three thousand wild geese, honking their way north from Florida to Hudson Bay, Labrador and the fringe of the Barren Lands, are stopping off at Jack Miner's famous bird sanctuary near Kingsville, Ont. Jack is particularly pleased, as they have never been so numerous and never so confiding. Visitors have been able to approach the large open pond in the sanctuary without disturbing these wildest of wild birds, and one mother goose has taken the opportunity of laying seven eggs close to his house. Of the hundred and ten wild geese who were tagged by Jack last year, twenty-five are with him again. Fifty-seven were known to have been shot in the far north, as the tags were returned to him by the hunters. Each of these tags carries on one side the request to return it to Kingsville, and on the other a verse from the Scriptures, so that every hunter who kills a bird gets, as Jack says, something good for his soul whether he needs it or not. In recognition of his efforts to protect wild life in Canada, Jack has just received a visit from a party of those interested in game preservation who brought with them a beautiful bouquet of roses for Mrs. Jack Miner. The party included Mr. J. B. Harkin, commissioner of Dominion Government Parks, Ottawa; Mr. Busby, chief inspector of customs, Ottawa; Col. Dr. Clark, assistant deputy minister of health, Ottawa; Mr. Cawdon, superintendent of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, Ottawa; Mr. Coolican, superintendent of post offices, western division, Ottawa; Mr. Ross, chief constable, Ottawa; Mr. W. B. Taylor, editor of Rod and Gun, Woodstock, Ont.; Col. Sir Hugh Cabot, dean of the faculty of medicine, Ann Arbor, Mich.; Dr. Busby, Ann Arbor, Mich.; Claude Secord, Bramford, Ont.; O. S. Chlo, inspector of customs; Mr. Belanger, chief of police, C. P. R.; Mr. Jackson, auditor of claims, C. P. R.; Mr. J. M. Gibbon, general publicity agent, C. P. R.; Mr. Rankin, department of colonization and develop-

HALIFAX WILL BE BLAZE OF LIGHT

This Outlook if City Electrician's Plan is Adopted by the Council.

(Halifax Chronicle.) No longer will Halifaxians be afraid to go home in the dark. City Electrician Durling has completed a plan, the purpose of which is to supply Halifax with a modern street lighting system to replace the present system, which will give the city three times the number of lamps at present in use, and which is highly thought of by local electrical experts. Should the council endorse the plan, the city will be illuminated in a way which is confident will prove effective, then the sufferings of Halifax taxpayers borne so patiently and uncomplainingly for many years will be rewarded. The plans call for underground wiring with ornamental standards and the 554 lamps now in use will be replaced by 1708 lamps producing more light with less consumption of juice. The business districts will, of course, carry more illumination than other parts of the city and will be equipped with lamps of 1000 candle power placed on ornamental standards about 100 feet apart. The residential section will be equipped with 600 and 4000 candle power lamps placed on standards at a distance of 225 feet apart and the plan is so arranged that one principal and much travelled thoroughfare, leading to the west and south and north ends of the city will carry extra illumination, which will enable residents of side streets to reach a brightly illuminated street within a few minutes after leaving their homes, and will enable them to traverse well-lighted streets without danger of hold-ups right into the heart of the business districts. Under the system outlined by the city electrician an illuminated plan of which can be seen at the City Hall, the city will be lighted with one million and a half candle power as against 900,000 candle power at present. The approximate load will be 227,000 kw. It is proposed to use 107 lamps of 1,000 candle power, eighty-seven of 600 candle power, 294 of 400 candle power, 1,182 of 250 candle power, twenty-two of 100 candle power, and sixty-two of sixty candle power. Light Main Thoroughfares. On Gottingen street will be placed lamps of 1,000 candle power, on ornamental standards with underground wiring. This will create the business section of the city a brilliantly lighted thoroughfare. The same power lamps will be used also on Barrington street from Buckingham to Spring Garden Road, from Barrington to South Park streets. Lamps of 600 candle power underground wiring, with ornamental standards, will be used on Spring Garden from Barrington to South Park streets, the Hydrostone business district, Gottingen street, from Falkland to Cogswell streets, on Cogswell, Jacob, Argyle and all the residential sections, with the exception of a few locations of lesser importance on which lamps of 250 candle power will be used. The railway bridges will be lighted with lamps of sixty candle power, and several lamps of 600 candle power will be placed on the Commons. Young Avenue and the Hydrostone residential will be lighted with 250 candle power lamps on ornamental standards with underground wiring.

SLASHED IN ROW OVER GIRL

Chaufeur Is Cut Across Neck—Man With Razor Is Held. Detective O'Leary of the Police Narcotic Division went to Long Island City, New York, to make an arrest in a narcotic case. As he was walking along the bridge plaza he saw a man chasing another and shouting: "He's killed me! He's killed me!" The first man had a bloody razor in his hand; the second had a gash across his throat. O'Leary pursued the first man into a barber shop. The proprietor banged the door and locked it, then he fled. O'Leary drew his pistol and threatened to shoot through the window, whereupon the barber opened the door. Then the man with the razor flourished his weapon and promised to give the detective the same medicine he had given the other man, but O'Leary put an end to his resistance by knocking him down with a blow on the jaw. The prisoner identified himself as James de Sanc, nineteen years old, an electric welder. The other man was taken to the Long Island City Hospital. He said he was Joseph Gowdy, a chauffeur. According to the police, the men had quarrelled over a girl.

Piles

are usually due to straining when constipated. Nujol being a lubricant keeps the food waste soft and therefore prevents straining. Doctors prescribe Nujol because it not only soothes the suffering of piles but relieves the irritation, brings comfort and helps to remove them. Nujol is a lubricant—not a medicine or laxative—so cannot gripe. Try it today.

Nujol For Constipation

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BICYCLE RACES TO BE HELD HERE

(Canadian Press Despatch) Toronto, April 16—Robert Falconer, vice-president of the Canadian Wheelmen's Association, will start on a trip

down through the maritime provinces on June 1 on which trip he is going to do considerable boosting for the bicycle game. Plans already are underway for the promotion of race meets in Fredericton, St. John, Halifax and Summerside (P. E. I.), with possibly a race meeting in Yarmouth.

A SYDNEY MYSTERY. North Sydney, N. S., April 16—Late Saturday afternoon the body of a female infant, which had been clandestinely buried, was found in Lakeside cemetery by Miss Brower while she was digging some earth to fix up the graves in a lot. There were no signs of four play on the body.



Bill Says: "Cycling Has Street Cars or Walking Beaten a Mile"

"I THINK both you fellows are missing a good thing. "Day after day you pay out your good money, Tom, for the 'sport' of hanging on to a strap in an overcrowded street car, having your feet tramped on and filling your lungs full of stale air. "Now you're talking, Bill!" "Yes, and when you're grousing something terrible yesterday, Jim, about your long, tiresome walk. You were late and got docked. I started ten minutes later and had lots of time. "Why, my bike and I have the laugh on both you fellows all the time. We miss all those maddening street car delays and jamming. We spin along home while you're waiting on street corners or trudging along. Cycling has both street cars and walking beaten a mile. "Well, wheeling is very fine with a Real Bike Like Yours I wish I could afford one like it, Bill. "Why, Tom, the money you're throwing away in street car fares, and the shoe leather you're wear-

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