SATURDAY MORNING

THE TORONTO WORLD

PRICE OF FUSES **CUT BY BRITAIN**

More Interesting Revelations at Inquiry Proceeding in Ottawa.

SPIES TAKING NOTES?

Continued From Page 1.

Points Brought Out. The record of the day may thus be summarized: 1. Contract was offered in evi-dence by and between General Sir Sam Hughes as the representative of the British government and the members of the shell committee as

Wallace Nesbitt, K.C., Warnrenched in St. ed That German Agents reen, Are Fir-Are Watchful.

il 28, 11.35 p.m.—A the situation in Dub-clergyman who got ity by motor to Bel-The Daily Telegraph yman said there was be seen in the streets rebels had entrenched Stephen's Green over Stephen's Green ove Vednesday morning sly with unable to discover firing at. en's Green are Stephen's Green are try, judges and lead-officials, while at one een is the Shelburno ints of which are all 's. At the head of Dublin's fashionable whels' had erected had erected ublin Castie.

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<text><text><text><text><text><text><text> to there were few s struggle. The en-ed up. It was here arliest fatalities oc-man on duty at the ard the sentry in-not dead. fot dead. y from St. Stephen's

nan had to proceed treet, whence it was quays. There was Four Courts, which hands of the rebels, inside wearing their ospital close by had vrecked and the in-oner in the unner in the upper

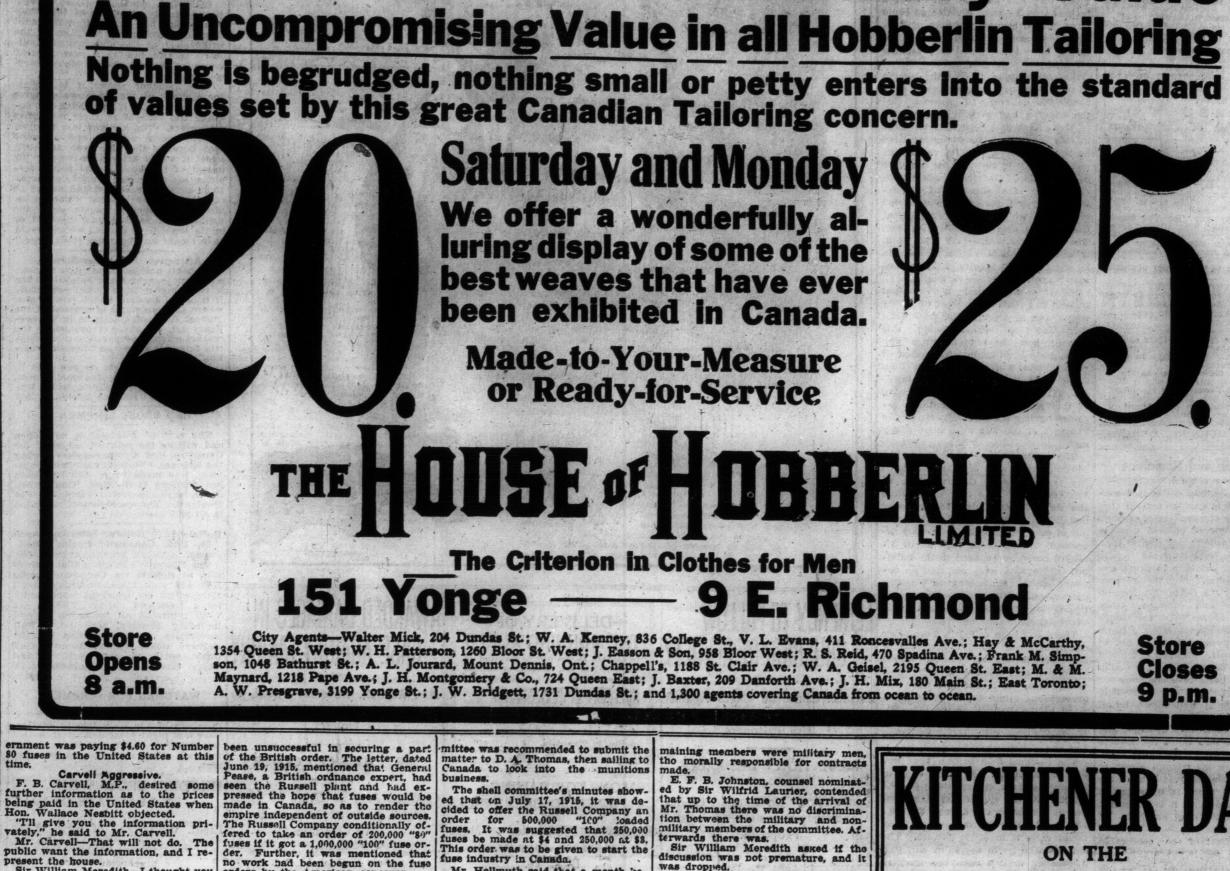
postoffice a green. flag floated to the were still in poswas a scene of deswalks littered with een looted and their

way in large quancultous route, th e city unmolested. Belfast turned back

or cars which were

ROBATED

The



-The House of Hobberlin, Limited --- The House of High-grade Tailoring-

There's an Extraordinary Value

and life insurat \$2950. His widow, his daughter, Agnes ceive half the estate, lied on April 16, left to his wife, Eleanor will made at Barrie.

bella Smyth, who Surrey, Eng., Sept. admitted to ancilhe Brazilian stock, ch form part of the

Blotches y Peeled Off

with any cutaneous plan to use paint, else to cover it up. phasizes the defect asier to remove th ordinary mercolize itly, the wax w ckles, pinples, mo s. sallowness, re-face eruption. Th sorbed a little eac orbed, a little eac soft, youthful an h is brought wholi aggist for one ound is use this like yo ove in morning wit any who have trie treatment repar treatment repor

rinkles or furrows. y dissolving 1 oz. pint witch hazel, effective,



relatives. RONTO 7th TO

all Gas.

EIN

Ammunition Company on June 19, 1915, obtained an order for 2,500,000 fuses. Two-thirds of the fuses were graze fuses and the contract price was \$4 per fuse. The balance was for time fuses and the contract price was \$4.50 per fuse. All the fuses were to be de-livered by April 30, 1916. public want the information, and I re-

tract for non-delivery, but finally ex-tended the time of delivery until Aug. 1 next, upon the company agreeing to make the balance of the graze fuses for \$2.35 per fuse intsead of \$4. Col. Carnegie explained that the cut in the price was not so graze the cut

in the price was not so great as ap-peared. He testified that after the con-tract in June 19, 1915, was entered into

It was agreed that the company might deliver the graze fuses unloaded at \$3.72 instead of \$4 per fuse. Even upon this showing, however, the im-perial munitions board effected a sav-ing of \$1.38 a fuse, which amounts to \$1,038,000.

\$1,038,000. The additional order for 600,000 time fuses at \$4.30 instead of \$4.50 repre-sented no real reduction in price, ac-cording to Col. Carnegie. He explain-ed that the time fuse for which the shell committee agreed to pay \$4.50 was a "No. \$0, mark 7," while the shell for which the imparial munifices heavily

was a "No. 80, mark 7," while the shell for which the imperial munitions board agreed to pay \$4.30 is fuse "No. 80, mark 5." Asked as to the difference in value of these iwo fuses, Col. Carnegie said from the manufacturer's standpoint he would think the difference would be about a dollar, but that it was certain-ue as then 25 cents per fuse

ly no less than 25 cents per fuse.

board wanted was to get the fuses. The American Ammunition Company was now equipped to turn them out and there would be great delay in try-ing to find a new contractor. The ad-ditional order was given to them as a maiter of encurarement. The com-

maiter of encouragement. The com-pany had been beset with many diffi-

culties in the manufacture of the No. 80 fuse and had lost 13,000 fuses before

hey delivered the 2000. He accounted

for the great cut to which the comsubmitted in the price of graze by saying that the new order

was a compensation and was an ex-tension of time. The new contract for

600,000 fuses had to be read in con-

nection with the contract modifying the original order given by the shell

At this point E. F. B. Johnston in

did not desire to make any attack upon the imperial munitions board. He was

Mr. Heilmuth proceeded to question Col. Carnegie upon his statement that a Number 50 fuse was easily worth \$4.60. If that were true why was the imperial munifions beard with the

imperial munitions board making a contract with the Russell Motor Com-

the same fuse and only pay-

witness said that the contract

Why Prices Differed. Mr. Hellmuth

shell committee.

ng \$2.75?

concerned with the doings of the

Hellmuth pointed out in reply that the witness in the box had been a member of the shell committee, but he was also a member of the imperial

way.

formed the royal commission that he

present the house. Sir William Meredith—I thought you Up to the 13th inst. the company had epresented Mr. Kyte. Mr. Carvell-Mr. Kyte and the oponly delivered 2000 time, fuses, out of the \$33,334 time fuses they were bound to deliver by the end of this month. They had done somewhat better with

Mr. Nesbitt-Well, I'll furnish inforthe graze fuses, having at that time delivered 650,000. Threatened Cancellation. The imperial munitions board reatened to cancel the entire con-

Mr. Nesolit-Well, 111 furnish infor-mation to you and Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Mr. Carvell-I'll not accept that. Sir William Meredith-The discus-sion between counsel must cease. If either of you gentlemen have any-thing to say address the commission. Mr. Hellmuth then wanted to know what facilities the American America Gen. Drain's Offer. Letters from General J. A. Drain offering to handle fuse orders were filed. Col. Carnegie said the shell committee gave Gen. Drain no con-tracts, tho he understood the Ameriwhat facilities the American Ammucan artillery company with which he was connected had got British orders thru Morgan & Co. nition Company had for manufactur-

ing. Col. Carnegie said that the company had a loading plant in Fallsboro, Dela-ware. The mechanical parts were ware. The mechanical parts were A confidential advice from the Bank ware. The mechanical parts were manufactured by sub-contractors. The of Montreal, certifying that the guar-antees for advance cash payments to American Ammunition Company merely assembled the mechanical parts at their plant and did the loading. the American Ammunition and Inter-national Fuse Companies was pro-

vided by a substantial concern was placed in the record. The Sub-contractors. Further questioned by Mr. Hellmuth witness said he bad seen the Fallsboro Col. Carnegie, in answer to a question by Mr. Hellmuth, said that when the shell committee handed over its plant, but not in operation. He did not know how many men were emaffairs to the imperial munitions board there was a balance left be-tween what the British government ployed, but the building was about 400 feet by 150, and contained loading presses and other machinery. had been willing to pay on orders let thru the Canadian body and what was actually paid out.

presses and other machinery. In reply to a question by Mr. Hell-muth, Col. Carnegie said that the sub-contractors included the Oliver Type-writer Company of Woodstock, Illinois, the Canadian Detroit Lubricating Com-pany of Walkerville, Ontario, and the Ames Steel and Gauge Company of Boston, and the Barnes-Beer Company. Germans Watch the Enquiry. Here Hon. Wallace Nesbitt inter-rupted. The witness, he said, was giving information for which the ene-Referred to Thomas. Telegrams filed showed that on June 20, when the war office was asked if the 1,000,000 fuse order could be let to the Russell Company, the shell com-

fuses if it got a 1,000,000 "100" fuse or-der. Further, it was mentioned that

no work had been begun on the fuse orders by the American concerns. Col. Carnegie said the contracts were signed that day. He understood Gen. Fease agreed the Russell Company could make up the "100" fuse, but not the more intricate "80."

giving information for which the ene-my was on the lookout.

Mr. Hellmuth: Nonsense. Mr. Nesbitt: No it is not nonsense. stick of dynamite may be stuck in

Nr. Hellmuth wanted to know why the imperial munitions board had given an order for 600,000 more fuses to the American Ammunition Com-pany when that company seemed un-able to deliver those already ordered. Col. Carengie said that what the any of these factories. Mr. Justice Duff: Perhaps they will blow up this court room. Mr. Nesbitt: I am quite serious.

Carnegie Re-Examined.

Do Not Use Harsh Purgatives-There are two men in this room now taking notes who have no interest in A Tonic is All You

taking notes who have he discussion, altho Mr. Nesbit stated, privately, that he had been advised by the militia offi-cer that there were two men in the court room who might be German and a feeling of depression? Pimples or eruptions may appear on the skin,

or eruptions may appear on the skin, or there may be twinges of rheuma-Sweeping Denial. Mr. Hellmuth then asked Carnegie when he first heard of there being tism or neuralgia. Any of these indi-cate that the blood is out of order-that the indoor life of winter has left any commission expected or promised in connection with the fuse contracts. its mark upon you and may easily de-Col. Carnegie: On March 28, 1915, Do not dose yourself with purgawhen I read it in Hansard.

Replying to further questions, Col. Carnegie sweepingly denied all knowi-edge of any commission, rake-off or graft of any kind. graft of any kind. "Did you ever suspect any," asked Sir William Meredith. Sir William Meredith.

Sir William Meredith. "Never," returned Col. Carnegie im-pressively. He never had any inti-mation or suspicion on or before June 19, 1915, or at any other time that any commission was expected or anticipated by Allison, Bassick, Cad-well, Yoakum, Lignanati or any other well, Yoakum, Lignanati or any other well the discrete stream of the s

pressed men, women and children bright, active and strong. L. R. Whitman, Harmony Mills, N.S., says: person. He had never seen Lignanti nor communicated with him in any The commission then adjourned until Monday afternoon.

Whitman, Harmony Mills, N.S., says: "As a tonic and strength builder I con-sider Dr. Williams' Pink Pills wonder-ful. My whole system was badly run down, and although I faithfully took a tonic given me by my doctor I could note no improvement. Then I began Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and was soon restored to uw olditime health I can At the morning session Col. Carne-gie was again examined in regard to the letting of the British fuse orders for \$23,009,000 to the American Amruu-nition and International Fuse Companrestored to my old-time health. I can most heartily endorse this medicine." Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for The witness said that the contract for time fuses with the Russell Com-pany had not yet been concluded. The price of \$2.75 was for the unloaded shell, and the loading was worth \$1.50 mitted a letter written by the Russell Motor Company of Teronto, which had Sold by all medicin mail at 50 cents a box \$2.50 from the Dr. W Motor Company of Teronto, which had

sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont. da themasylves morally as agents of tha war office, not mere contractors. and, therefore, must be considered as a pub-lic administrative body. Four meni-iers of the committee were entitled to make shells at a profit, while the re-

plained

A cable from the war office asking for copies of all contracts made by the shell committee was read by Mr. Hell-muth, and, explaining it, ho said the war office contended, apparently, that the committee could not enter into the committee could not onter into contracts at prices fixed on its own

discretion. The committee had treat-ed themselves morally as agents of the

that up to the time of the arrival of Mr. Thomas there was no discrimina-tion between the military and non-military members of the committee. Af-terwards there was. Sir William Meredith asked if the discussion was not premature, and it

Mr. Hellmuth explained that Gen. Hughes acted for the British secretary of state for war when he entered into the contract with the shell committee. Mr. Hellmuth said that a month be-fore Col. Carnegie had advised letting the American Ammunition Company a committee was found justifying itself u little later in letting the Russell Co. a contract at less money to start an FORESTERS' CONTEST industry here. He would suggest that there must he a reason for the re-markable difference between the con-tracts and that Col. Carnegie should evaluate

ENDED LAST NIGHT So remember when you're asked to Lakeview Lodge Succeeded

Winning the Silver Trophy.

Russell Company Accepted. Col. Carnegie said that butween the time of the letting of the American contract and the offer to the Russell Company Gen. Pease had visited Am-Last night concluded the contest of the exemplification of the initiatory cricen plants and found out that the fuses could be made for less than \$4. They had no order from the wer office degree among I. O. O. F. lodges included in district No. 84. The lodges to give out, but were willing to stretch a point and give the Russell Company of the society which entered the contest were: Lakeview, Sovereign, J.

an order at an average of \$3.50. At the same time an order like that offered to the Russell Company was let in Eng-land to one of the greatest factories there at \$3.60 each. Lest were: Lakeview, Sovereign, J. B. King, Floral, Fairview, Glendale, United and Primrose. After careful judgment on the part of A. Moore, J. H. Nichols and J. Carter, it was dejudgment on the part of A. Moore, J. H. Nichols and J. Carter, it was de-

On July 22 the Russell Company accided that Lakeview Lodge, No. 272, cepted the order, the evidence irought out showed. A letter from the com-pany on July 28 asked for introductions after which a supper was given by the unsuccessful lodges. The annual euchre and dance of St. Cecilia's parish was held in the Mato American firms making certain parts of the fuses and asked a number

of questions about their manufacture. It was further stated certain parts would be made by other Canadian and American firms. sonic Temple, Annette street, last night. The committee in charge was: Mr. and Mrs. F. O'Donnell, Mr. and Mrs. T. Tracy, Mr. and Mrs. Ed. T. 'The shell committee recommended the Russell Company to the American Ammunition Company for permission to watch the fuse-making process.

Hickey, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Burke, Mr. and Mrs. A. Morrow, Miss G. Mc-Nulty, Miss G. Young, Jos. Burke, J. Barry and T. Jos. Ingoldsby.

Thomas' Approval. Col. Carnegie said the shell com-mittee had let the fuse contracts in FOR THE SPRING mittee had let the fuse contracts in the States to help out with their pro-mise to the British government of providing complete rounds. Mr. Thomás, when he arrived, agreed the committee had done wisely and also approved of the Russell contract, made before he arrived. Mr. Thomas also agreed with the committee about prices paid. prices paid.

similar fuse order at \$4, and he

xplain.

A copy of the contract between the Russell Company and the shell com-mittee, signed Aug. 17, indicated that the order was to be completed by May 81, 1916.

On Sept. 3 the war office asked by cable if the shell committee was sure number eighty fuse could be pro-duced in Canada, as only three firms had succeeded in manufacturing it in England. A report on the progress of contracts was asked for.

The shell committee replied with the assurance that the eighty fuse could be made in Canada, but the initial difficulty would be very great. Col. Carnegie said steps had been taken to get machinery for the fuses, but he could not say whether any actual manufacturing had taken place.

An Administrative Body. The war office cable about manu-facturing No. 80 fuses in Canada was sent in reply to a request from the shell committee to be allowed to start this work in Canada, Col. Carnegie ex-

BANQUE DE CREDIT WINS JUDGMENT AT OSGOODE be awarded the silver cup. The pres-entation was made by Bro. J. Plenty, Sum of Three Hundred and Ninety Thousand Francs to Be

pay

ON THE

Fourth of May

Paid in Canadian Money.

Mr. Justice Lennox, at Osgoode Hall, yesterday gave judgment in favor of the Banque Nationale de Credit in its action against Rudolph Saengar and August Rentschler for the sum of x390,106.19 francs, to be paid in Canadian money at 18 cents to the franc, or \$68,597.57, inter-est at 5 per cent. from March 8, 1916, and costs.

Nulty, Miss G. Young, Jos. Burke, J. Barry and T. Jos. Ingoldsby. FEW FOLKS HAVE GRAY HAIR NOW The program of the second secon

in the narr. Our granditurer indu-up a mixture of Sage Tea and Sulphur to keep her locks dark and beautiful, and thousands of women and men who value that even color, that beautiful dark shade of hair which is so at-The appellate division list for May 1 is: Jones v. Bateman, Ontario Bank v. O'Reilley and Gatto v. McCulloch. tractive, use only this old-time **REAL ESTATE AGENT**

recipe. Nowadays we get this famous mix-CHARGED WITH FRAUD

ture improved by the addition of other ingredients by asking at any drug store for a 50-cent bottle of "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound," which Sought by Police for Two

Sage and Sulphur Compound," which darkens the hair so naturally, so even-ly, that nobody can possibly tell it has been applied. You just dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. By morning the gray hair disappears; but what delights the ladies with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound, is that, besides beautifully darkening the hair after a few applications, it also brings back the gloss and lustre and gives it an appearance of abundance. Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Com-pound is a delightful toilet requisite to impart color and a youthful appearance

Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Com-pound is a delightful toilet requisite to impart color and a youthful appearance to the hair. It is not intended for the cure, mitigation or prevention of di-sease.

Don't answer "NO" and walk away. CITIZENS' RECRUITING LEAGUE HELD RECRUITING MEETINGS. The 126th Battalion paraded Dundas street last evening and held brief recruiting meetings at the various street corners. They spent half an hour in the Beaver Theatre, where Major Williamson was the chief speaker. Later in the evening the soldiers were en-tertained by the ladies' auxiliary of St. John's Church.

APRIL 29 1916



Tells why everyone should drink hot water with phosphate In it before breakfast.

Headache of any kind. is caused by Headache of any kind, is caused by auto-intoxication—which means self-polsoning. Liver and bowel poisons called toxins, sucked into the blood, through the lymph ducts, excite the heart, which pumps the blood so fast that it congests in the smaller arteries and value of the head producing violent and veins of the head producing violent, throbbing pain and distress, called headache. You become nervous, despondent, sick, feverish and miserable your meals sour and almost nauseate you. Then you resort to acetanilide, aspirin or the bromides which tempor-arily relieve but do not rid the blood

of these irritating toxins. A glass of hot water with a tea-poonful of limestone phosphate in it. drunk before breakfast for awhile, will drunk before breakfast for awhile, will not only wash away these poisons from your system and cure you of headache but will cleanse, purify and freshen the entire alimentary canal. Ask your pharmacist for a quarter-pound of limestone phosphate. It is inexpensive, harmless as sugar, and almost tasteless, except for a sourish twinge which is not unpleasant. If you aren't feeling your best, if tongue is coated or you wake up with had taste. foul breath or have colds. bad taste, foul breath or have colds, indigestion, billousness, constipation or sour acid stomach, begin the phos-phated hot water cure to rid your

system of toxins and poisons. Results are quick and it is claimed that those who continue to flush out the stomach, 'liver and bowels every morning never have any headache or know a miserable moment.