

that London University will become a teaching body, and that the former isolation of the "faculties" in France will probably soon be remedied by grouping them into universities.

He attributed much of the recent progress of the biological sciences to the enlightened policy of State assistance to the scientific side of medical education, and called attention to the fact that these disciplines, which were at one time treated entirely as preliminary to the study of medicine, now rank equal with the other subjects of the philosophical faculty as a means of mental training.

The English universities have adapted themselves to modern requirements in this way, and include in the arts curriculum not only physics but also chemistry, and the various branches of biology, including anatomy and physiology.

Pathology and therapeutics remain as the special branches for cultivation within the medical faculty. On them the art of medicine is founded, but they themselves rest on the fundamental sciences of the primary course.

Professor Wright counselled the first-year students, therefore, to devote themselves to physics, chemistry, and biology, as affording the best foundation for their future studies. He also further counselled them to cultivate friendships outside their own faculty, so that the undergraduate life of the university might be thus cemented into a harmonious whole