

ARTICLE IV

Equality of Treatment

Any person who is or who has been subject to the legislation of a Party, and the dependants and survivors of such a person, shall be subject to the obligations of the legislation of the other Party and shall be eligible for the benefits of that legislation under the same conditions as citizens of the latter Party. The preceding shall also apply to a citizen of the first Party who has never been subject to the legislation of that Party, and to the dependants and survivors of such a citizen.

ARTICLE V

Export of Benefits

1. Unless otherwise provided in this Agreement, benefits acquired by a person described in Article III under the legislation of one Party, including benefits acquired by virtue of this Agreement, shall not be subject to any reduction, modification, suspension, cancellation or confiscation by reason only of the fact that the beneficiary resides in the territory of the other Party, and they shall be payable in the territory of the other Party.

2. Benefits payable under this Agreement to a person who is or who has been subject to the legislation of both Parties, or to the dependants or survivors of such a person, shall be paid in the territory of a third State.

PART II

PROVISIONS CONCERNING THE APPLICABLE LEGISLATION

ARTICLE VI

1. Subject to the following provisions of this Article,
 - (a) an employed person who works in the territory of one Party shall, in respect of that work, be subject only to the legislation of that Party, and
 - (b) a self-employed person who ordinarily resides in the territory of one Party and who works for his or her own account in the territory of the other Party or in the territories of both Parties shall, in respect of that work, be subject only to the legislation of the former Party.

2. An employed person who is covered under the legislation of one Party and who performs services in the territory of the other Party for the same employer shall, in respect of those services, be subject only to the legislation of the former Party as though those services were performed in its territory. In the case of an assignment, this coverage may not be maintained for more than twenty-four months without the prior consent of the competent authorities of both Parties.