of the "Trinity Medical School," with the ostensible view of affiliating, like the Toronto School of Medicine, with the University of Toronto.

What the immediate causes are which have led to this step, it is not our province to enquire, and if the new School wishes simply to transfer its undivided allegiance to the University of Toronto, like the Toronto School of Medicine, we presume no one will interfere to prevent; but, if the object be to secure by Act of Parliament the privilege of sending up its students to compete for scholarships and medals at both Universities, and thus over-ride the statutes and conditions that may be established by the Senate and Convocation, we think the proposal should meet with the strenuous opposition of the Government and all friends of the Toronto University. It is impossible to serve two masters, and it will be found equally so for an affiliated School to be true to two Universities.

There is a great difference between sending up a large class to compete for prizes and scholarships, and sending up a large class for the degree; the former has been done before, the latter may be done by-and-bye.

With reference to the other three University Medical Schools, no magic wand has yet been able to "awake them to glory again," but from the ruins of the Queen's College Medical Faculty the Royal College of Surgeons, of Kingston, arose (Phænix like) as an independent School, free from those elements of discord which had proved fatal to its predecessor, and bids fair for a long and prosperous career.

Whether there is something in the mental constitution of Ontario incompatible with the healthy working of a Medical School in close connection with a University, or whether all former Schools have been established on an unsound basis, we hardly dare say; but there is something decidedly invigorating in the atmosphere of an independent School—something better calculated to draw out a man's energies, and to develop his latent talent, than is to be found in a School in which, however diligently men may work, they must ever feel they occupy a subordinate position, and where

they are liable at any moment to be over-ruled in any efforts they may propose for the advancement of the institution.

A good deal, however, depends upon the character of the elements out of which a medical faculty is constructed, as to whether it will have a long and harmonious existence or a short and ignominious career. Each one should feel that the success of the School depends upon his individual exertions, and no labour in connection with his school work should be irksome. Each man's habits should be such as to ensure his capacity for the performance of his duties at all times; and all should be willing to "bear and forbear" with regard to little peculiarities of temper and manner in their colleagues. A feeling of mutual respect and confidence should pervade the whole staff, and an intelligent industry should prompt every man to keep himself thoroughly abreast of the times in his own special department, at least:

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Mr. W. Smith, of London, Ont., is our authorized collector and canvasser for this Province. We have no doubt that this arrangement will be convenient to many, who too often, through press of business or mere neglect, omit to forward their annual subscription. It will be impossible for the collector to visit everyone throughout Ontario. We trust that no one will wait for a call from him, but that many will at once send us the amount due. Our thanks are given to those who have promptly paid up.

Personal.—We hear that Dr. Hillary, of Uxbridge, is about to leave for Jamaica, there to take up his residence.

All physicians in Texas, under the new law, are required to appear before the county board of examiners, appointed by the District Court, and stand an examination in chemistry, anatomy, physiology, and materia medica, before they can have legal assistance in collecting their bills.